

Billowing Hydrogen

Simulating Turbulence in HII Regions

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HII Regions

- ▶ What is an HII Region?
- ▶ Physical Traits
 - ▶ Powered by hot stars
 - ▶ Can range from AU to parsecs
 - ▶ A type of nebulae



Image of an HII region, the Trifid Nebula.

Nebula image: M20 — Trifid Nebula HII Region in Sagittarius 6° from Kaus Borealis (top of the teapot)
taken by R Jay GaBany

Emissions

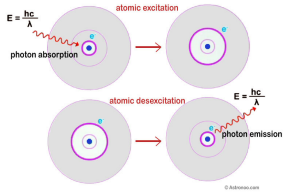
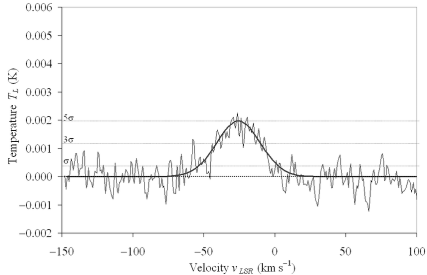


Image 2: Process in which radio recombination lines are created.

Radio recombination lines: <https://astronoo.com/images/lumiere/absorption-et-emission.jpg>

- ▶ A way we observe HII regions
- ▶ Why use radio?
- ▶ Radio recombination lines (RRLs)

Emissions



Typical radio recombination line spectrum. 1051 erg less: the Galactic H II region OA 184 - Scientific Figure on ResearchGate. Available from:

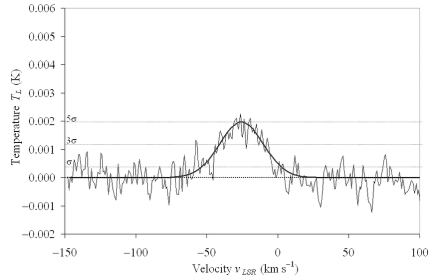
https://www.researchgate.net/figure/Radio-recombination-line-emission-from-OA-184-This-is-a-composite-spectrum-of-seven_fig1_44090151

[accessed 17 Nov 2025]

- ▶ A way we observe HII regions
- ▶ Why use radio?
- ▶ Radio recombination lines (RRLs)

Radio Imaging

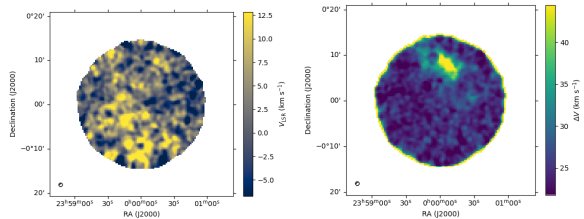
- ▶ Multiple frequencies
- ▶ Doppler shift
- ▶ Velocity compared to Local Standard of Rest (VLSR)
- ▶ Velocity line width



Radio recombination line to discuss how velocity is mapped.

Radio Imaging

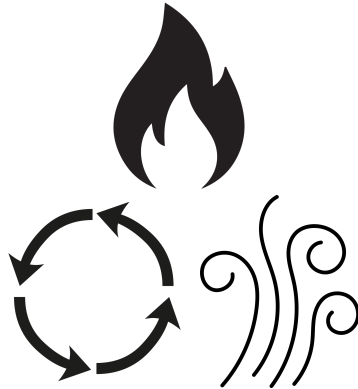
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First and second moment maps of an HII region.

Emission Line-Broadening

- ▶ Thermal motion
- ▶ Bulk motion
 - ▶ Outflow
 - ▶ Expansion
 - ▶ Rotation
- ▶ Turbulence



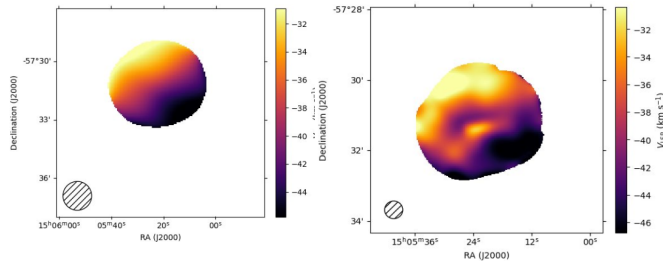
Fire Image Source Here

Cycle: <https://www.vecteezy.com/png/18723264-roundabout-directional-arrow-sign-on-transparent-background>

Wind: <https://www.vecteezy.com/png/22183351-hand-drawn-doodle-vaporize-icon>

Motivations

- ▶ Previous work had shown what looked like rotation
- ▶ Later observations show a more complex story
- ▶ Can turbulence explain this behavior?



Showing the how the same object can act differently based on the beam width.

Turbulence

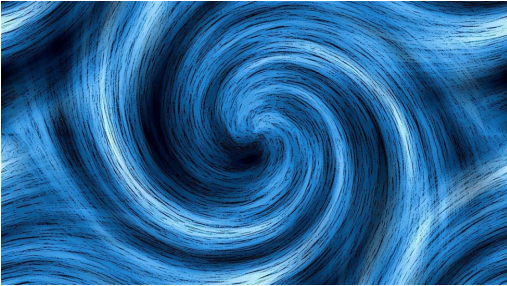


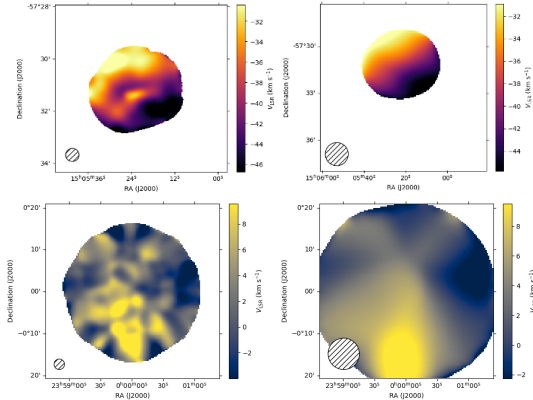
Image attribution: <https://www.advancedsciencenews.com/wp-content/uploads/2023/07/swirl-g52ac5d4ac.1280.jpg>

- ▶ Hard to model
- ▶ Not well understood
- ▶ But can be predicted to a degree!

Project Goals

- ▶ Simulate turbulence in HII regions
- ▶ Test different turbulence parameters
- ▶ Compare to reality

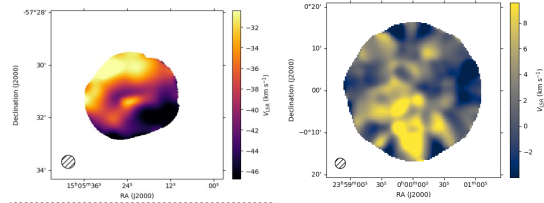
Results



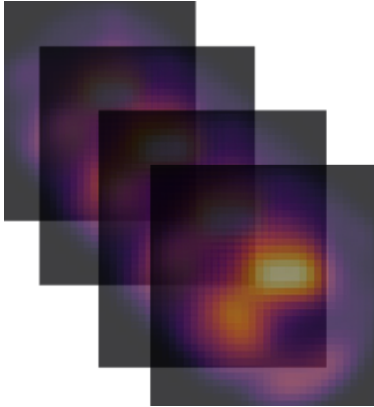
Comparing the effects of a higher resolution on the first moment map.

Results

- ▶ Similarity to reality
 - ▶ Turbulence looking like angular momentum
 - ▶ Similar velocity scales



Future Work

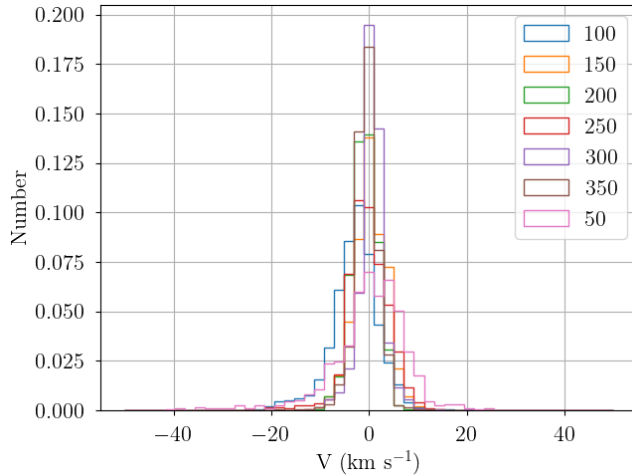


- ▶ Comparing with more radio data
- ▶ Develop new analyses

Pipeline

- ▶ Generate and truncate turbostat data
 - ▶ Creates cubes to represent density and velocity in 3d space
- ▶ Calculate emission measure for each physical "voxel" of HII region
- ▶ Calculate RRL strength for each pixel
 - ▶ Gaussian treating velocity cube as line centers
 - ▶ Add free-free emission afterwards

Resolution Dependence



Demonstrating that the resolution dependence is negligible past 300 pixels.