

SkyAware UI/UX Design & Component Breakdown

I. Overall Design Philosophy

- **Aesthetic:** Clean, professional, and trustworthy (NASA-inspired). Use of dark mode (optional, but good for hackathon) or a light, high-contrast palette.
- **Color Palette:** Dominated by NASA blue/dark grey, with the **AQI color scale** (Green, Yellow, Orange, Red, Purple, Maroon) as the primary way to communicate risk.
- **Mobile-First:** The map is the main focus, with interactive widgets that can be expanded or collapsed on mobile screens.
- **Actionable:** Data is immediately translated into clear health advice (e.g., instead of just "155," it says "155 - Unhealthy: Avoid strenuous outdoor activity").

II. Main Screen: Home/Map View (Component Breakdown)

The Home/Map View is the landing page. On mobile, the widgets should be collapsible cards stacked on the map. On desktop, they should be fixed-position sidebars or top bars.

A. Navigation & Header Components

Component Name	Design Description	Data Source / Logic	Responsibility
Header/Navbar	Fixed at the top. Contains the "SkyAware" logo (NASA-style font), and links to /learn (Educational Mode) and "My Profile" (simulated).	Static links.	Saul / Hawa
Alert Banner (Simulated)	A dismissible, high-contrast bar at the very top (e.g., orange/red) that appears if the forecast for the saved location is Unhealthy.	Logic from Sawaneh's API alert check.	Saul

Location Search Bar	Prominent input field below the header. Includes a "Use My Location" button (GPS icon).	User input →to→ Triggers API call for new AQI/Forecast data.	Saul / Hassan
---------------------	---	---	---------------

B. Map Visualization Component

Component Name	Design Description	Data Source / Logic	Responsibility
Mapbox GL Component	Full-screen component displaying North America. Default zoom centered on the user's location.	Static, high-performance Mapbox integration.	Saul
TEMPO Overlay Layer (Critical)	A semi-transparent layer over the map. Colors are dictated by the AQI scale based on NO2 Or O3 concentration. The transparency allows landscape features to be seen.	Data from GCP Cloud Storage via /api/tempo_grid (Omar/Sawaneh).	Saul / Omar
Ground Station Markers	Small, circular markers (AQI color-coded) showing ground station locations. Hover/click reveals a small pop-up with the official EPA AQI value.	Data from EPA AirNow API via /api/current_aqi.	Saul / Hassan
AQI Legend	A small, fixed sidebar/widget on the map that shows the AQI color scale (0-50, 51-100, etc.) and its corresponding health name.	Static data based on EPA standards.	Saul

C. Information & Forecast Widgets

Component Name	Design Description	Data Source / Logic	Responsibility
Current AQI Card	A large, central card showing the current location, the large AQI number (color-coded), and the dominant pollutant.	Data from <code>/api/current_aqi</code> (Sawaneh/Hassan).	Saul
Health Advice Card	Immediately below the AQI number. Displays a concise text like "Good: Air quality is satisfactory, and air pollution poses little or no risk."	Logic implemented by Sawaneh in the API.	Saul
Validation Card	A small card for the "trust" feature. Displays two values: <i>Satellite (TEMPO)</i> vs. <i>Ground (EPA)</i> .	Data from <code>/api/current_aqi</code> comparison logic.	Hassan / Saul
72-Hour Forecast Component	A collapsible panel/card showing the forecast. Contains a chart with the hourly prediction and the 3-day max summary.	Data from <code>/api/forecast</code> (Omar/Sawaneh). Uses Chart.js/D3.js.	Hassan

III. Educational Mode View (/learn)

This view should be clean, text-heavy, and non-interactive, designed to deliver information clearly.

Component Name	Design Description	Data Source / Logic	Responsibility
Intro/TEMPO Section	Explains What is TEMPO? (High-level, not technical) and why it's useful (hourly, hyper-local monitoring).	Content written by Ebrima/Hawa .	Hawa
Pollutant Explainer Cards	2-3 cards (Ozone, NO2, maybe PM2.5) detailing: The source, the health impact, and the AQI level where it becomes a problem.	Content written by Ebrima/Hawa .	Hawa
Citations Footer	A clear section citing NASA and EPA for the data and the WHO for health context.	Static text based on challenge requirements.	Ebrima / Hawa

IV. Component Development Checklist (Saul & Hassan)

The following components must be built in Next.js/React.

Component	Responsibility	Notes
Layout.js	Saul	Houses Header/Navbar, global AlertBanner, and CitationsFooter. Ensures mobile responsiveness.
MapboxMap.js	Saul	Handles the Mapbox initialization, base layer, and map controls.
TempoOverlayLayer.js	Saul	<i>Critical:</i> Logic for fetching the GeoJSON/Raster link and rendering the color-coded layer on Mapbox.
GroundStationMarker.js	Hassan	Logic for rendering markers and the click/hover pop-up with EPA data.
CurrentAQICard.js	Hassan	Displays the main AQI number, Health Advice, and location. Fetches from <code>/api/current_aqi</code> .
ValidationBar.js	Hassan	Shows the Satellite vs. Ground comparison.
ForecastChart.js	Hassan	The chart visualization for the 72-hour forecast data.
LearnPage.js	Hawa	The main container for the Educational Mode content.