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January 12, 2019

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Outline

1. Motivation

1.1. The Basic Problem That We Studied

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What Are Prime Numbers? I

Definition: Prime number

A *prime number* is a number that has exactly two divisors.

What Are Prime Numbers? II

Example:

- 2 is prime (two divisors: 1 and 2).
- 3 is prime (two divisors: 1 and 3).
- 4 is not prime (three divisors: 1, 2, and 4).

Theorem: Prime numbers

There is no largest prime number.

Proof:

1. Suppose *p* were the largest prime number.

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- **1.** Suppose *p* were the largest prime number.
- **2.** Let q be the product of the first p numbers.

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- **1.** Suppose *p* were the largest prime number.
- **2.** Let *q* be the product of the first *p* numbers.
- **3.** Then q + 1 is not divisible by any of them.
- **4.** But q + 1 is greater than 1, thus divisible by some prime number not in the first p numbers.

The proof used *reductio ad absurdum*.

What's Still To Do?

- Answered Questions
 - How many primes are there?
- Open Questions
 - Is every even number the sum of two primes?

An Algorithm For Finding Prime Numbers. I

An Algorithm For Finding Prime Numbers. II

FindPrimeNumbers

```
Input: an integer n > 1.
Let A be an array of Boolean values, indexed by
   integers 2 to n,
initially all set to true.
for i = 2, 3, 4, \ldots, not exceeding \frac{1}{3}
  if A[i] is true:
    for j = i2, i2+i, i2+2i, i2+3i, ..., not
       exceeding n:
      A[j] := false.
```

Output: all i such that A[i] is true.

Euclid There Is No Largest Prime Number 1

It's me, Euclid



Figure: It's me, Euclid [1]

References I

- [1] URL: https: //upload.wikimedia.org/wikipedia/commons/3/30/Euklidvon-Alexandria_1.jpg (visited on 10/22/2018).
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- [4] William Labov. Sociolinguistic Patterns. Philadelphia: University of Pennsylvania Press, 1972.