

Ch07-Tuples

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1 Tuples

- <http://openbookproject.net/thinkcs/python/english3e/tuples.html>
- containers used for grouping data values surrounded with parenthesis
- data values in tuples are called elements/items/members
- two major operations done with tuples are:
 1. packing (creating tuples)
 2. unpacking (storing data into individual variables)

```
[1]: year_born = ("Paris Hilton", 1981) # tuple packing
```

```
[2]: print(year_born)
```

```
('Paris Hilton', 1981)
```

```
[11]: star = "Paris", 'J', 'Hilton', 1981, 32, 1.2 # tuple packing
```

```
[12]: star
```

```
[12]: ('Paris', 'J', 'Hilton', 1981, 32, 1.2)
```

```
[13]: type(star)
```

```
[13]: tuple
```

```
[14]: # tuple assignment
      fname, mi, lname, year, age, income = star # tuple unpacking;
      # no. of variables must match no. tuple values
```

```
[9]: fname
```

```
[9]: 'Paris'
```

```
[10]: lname
```

```
[10]: 'Hilton'
```

```
[11]: print(income)
```

1.2

```
[12]: # swap values of two variables
      a = 100
      b = 200
      a, b = b, a
```

```
[13]: print(a, b)
```

200 100

1.1 Member access

- each member of tuple can be accessed using [index] operator
- index is 0 based or starts from 0

```
[1]: name = ('John', 'A.', 'Smith')
```

```
[3]: print(name[0], name[1], name[2])
```

John A. Smith

1.2 len built-in function

- gives the length (no. of elements) of tuple

```
[4]: len(name)
```

```
[4]: 3
```

1.3 Tuple membership

- **in** and **not in** boolean operators let's you check for membership

```
[7]: 'John' in name
```

```
[7]: True
```

```
[8]: 'B.' in name
```

```
[8]: False
```

```
[9]: 'Jake' not in name
```

```
[9]: True
```

1.4 Tuples can be returned from a function

```
[29]: def maxAndMin(a, b, c, d, e):  
    myMax = a #max(a, b, c, d, e)  
    if myMax < b:  
        myMax = b  
    if myMax < c:  
        myMax = c  
    if myMax < d:  
        myMax = d  
    if myMax < e:  
        myMax = e  
    values = [a, b, c, d, e]  
    myMin = min(values)  
    return (myMax, myMin)
```

```
[30]: ab = maxAndMin(10, 20, 5, 100, 34)  
print('max =', ab[0], 'min=', ab[1])
```

max = 100 min= 5

1.5 Tuples are immutable

- can't change tuple in-place or update its elements similar to string

```
[5]: a = (1, 2, 3)  
print(a[0])
```

1

```
[6]: a[0] = 100
```

```
↳ -----  
TypeError                                Traceback (most recent call↳  
↳last)
```

```
<ipython-input-6-b6d7a4db9a51> in <module>()  
----> 1 a[0] = 100
```

TypeError: 'tuple' object does not support item assignment