C programing Assignment 1

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C programming

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28 Aug, 2025

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Q1. The main() function is the entry point of every C program. It tells the compiler where execution

begins and usually returns an integer to indicate program success.

Q2. Declaration tells the compiler about a variable and reserves memory (e.g., int x;).

Initialization

assigns an initial value (e.g., int x = 10;).

- Q3. See src file for code: program prompts user for name and displays greeting.
- **Q4.** Data types in C: int (e.g., int age = 20), float (float pi = 3.14), double (double num = 3.14159),

char (char grade = 'A'), void (no value).

- **Q5.** Type conversions: Implicit (done by compiler, e.g., int x=5; float y=x;). Explicit (done by programmer using cast, e.g., float y=(float)x/2).
- **Q6.** See src file for code: program calculates area of rectangle.
- Q7. scanf() reads formatted input from user. Example: int age; scanf("%d", &age;);
- **Q8.** See src file for code: converts Celsius to Fahrenheit.
- **Q9.** See src file for code: converts days to weeks and days.
- **Q10.** See src file for code: swaps two variables using temp.
- **Q11.** Expression: x = (x + 1) * 3 10;
- **Q12.** Expression: (a > b) && (c!= 0);
- **Q13.** Expression: (num % 2 == 0) && (num % 3 == 0);
- **Q14.** Expression: x = x + y; y = x y; x = x y;
- **Q15.** Expression: (num > 0) && (num % 2 == 0);

- **Q16.** Expression: (x + y) / 2.0;
- **Q17.** Expression: (ch >= 'A' && ch <= 'Z');
- **Q18.** Expression: (a*a + b*b + c*c);
- **Q19.** Expression: (a == b) && (b != c);
- **Q20.** Expression: (num % 3 == 0) \parallel (num % 5 == 0);
- **Q21.** Expression: temp = x; x = y; y = z; z = temp;
- **Q22.** Expression: (int)(0.5 + sqrt(a + b));
- **Q23.** Expression: (num > 0) && ((num & (num 1)) == 0);
- **Q24.** Expression: ((int)(sqrt(num)) * (int)(sqrt(num)) == num);