MISP and Decaying of Indicators

MISP AND DECAYING OF INDICATORS
AN INDICATOR SCORING METHOD AND ONGOING IMPLE

TEAM CIRCI



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INFO@CIRCL.LU

APRIL 15, 2024



-Expiring IOCs: Why and How?

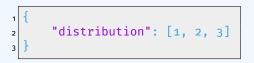
EXPIRING IOCS: WHY AND HOW?

Indicators - Problem Statement

- Sharing information about threats is crucial
- Organisations are sharing more and more

Contribution by unique organisation (Orgc.name) on MISPPriv:

Date	Unique Org
2013	17
2014	43
2015	82
2016	105
2017	118
2018	125
2019-10	135



MISP and Decaying of Indicators

Expiring IOCs: Why and How?

Indicators - Problem Statement



INDICATORS - PROBLEM STATEMENT

- Various users and organisations can share data via MISP, multiple parties can be involved
 - ► Trust, data quality and time-to-live issues
 - ► Each user/organisation has **different use-cases** and interests
 - Conflicting interests such as operational security, attribution,... (depends on the user)
 - → Can be partially solved with *Taxonomies*

MISP and Decaying of Indicators Expiring IOCs: Why and How?

-Indicators - Problem Statement

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INDICATORS - PROBLEM STATEMENT

- Various users and organisations can share data via MISP, multiple parties can be involved
 - ► Trust, data quality and time-to-live issues
 - ► Each user/organisation has **different use-cases** and interests
 - Conflicting interests such as operational security, attribution,... (depends on the user)
 - \rightarrow Can be partially solved with *Taxonomies*
- Attributes can be shared in large quantities (more than 7.3 million on MISPPRIV)
 - Partial info about their freshness (Sightings)
 - Partial info about their **validity** (last update)
 - → Can be partially solved with our *Decaying model*

MISP and Decaying of Indicators Expiring IOCs: Why and How?

2024-04-

-Indicators - Problem Statement

➤ Partial info about their freshness (Sighting.

Partial info about their validity (last update)

REQUIREMENTS TO ENJOY THE DECAYING FEATURE IN MISP

- Starting from MISP 2.4.116, the decaying feature is available
- Don't forget to update the decay models and enable the ones you want
- The decaying feature has no impact on the information in MISP, it's just an overlay to be used in the user-interface and API
- Decay strongly relies on Taxonomies and Sightings, don't forget to review their configuration

MISP and Decaying of Indicators Expiring IOCs: Why and How? # Starting from MISP 2.4.116, the decaying feature is available

-Requirements to enjoy the decaying feature in MISP

SIGHTINGS - REFRESHER

Sightings add temporal context to indicators. A user, script or an IDS can extend the information related to indicators by reporting back to MISP that an indicator has been seen, or that an indicator can be considered as a false-positive

- Sightings give more credibility/visibility to indicators
- This information can be used to **prioritise and decay** indicators



MISP and Decaying of Indicators
Expiring IOCs: Why and How?
Sightings - Refresher

SIGNITINGS - REFEESHER

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the context of the context o

ORGANISATIONS OPT-IN - SETTING A LEVEL OF CONFIDENCE

MISP is a peer-to-peer system, information passes through multiple instances.

- **Producers can add context** (such as tags from *Taxonomies*, *Galaxies*) about their asserted confidence or the reliability of the data
- Consumers can have **different levels of trust** in the producers and/or analysts themselves
- Users might have other contextual needs
 - → Achieved thanks to *Taxonomies*

MISP and Decaying of Indicators Expiring IOCs: Why and How?

-Organisations opt-in - setting a level of confidence

RGANISATIONS OPT-IN - SETTING A LEVEL OF INFIDENCE

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TAXONOMIES - REFRESHER (1)

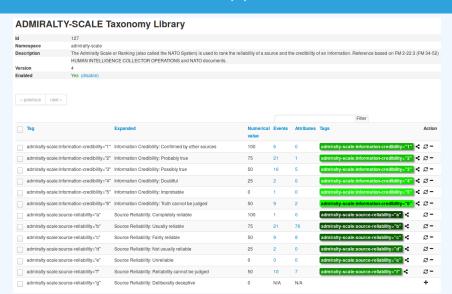
Taxonomies « previous 1 2 next » Description Version Enabled Required Active Tags Actions Workflow support language is a common language to support intelligence analysts to perform their analysis on data and information. 5/5 - o i vocabulaire-des-probabilites-estimatives Ce vocabulaire attribue des valeurs en pourcentage à certains énoncés de probabilité 179 threats-to-dns An overview of some of the known attacks related to DNS as described by Torabi, S., + 🕢 🗑 Boukhtouta, A., Assi, C., & Debbabi, M. (2018) in Detecting Internet Abuse by Analyzing Passive DNS Traffic: A Survey of Implemented Systems. IEEE Communications Surveys & Tutorials, 1-1, doi:10.1109/comst.2018.2849614 targeted-threat-index The Targeted Threat Index is a metric for assigning an overall threat ranking score to email 2 - @ i messages that deliver malware to a victim's computer. The TTI metric was first introduced at SecTor 2013 by Seth Hardy as part of the talk "RATastrophe: Monitoring a Malware Menagerie" along with Katie Kleemola and Greg Wiseman

- Tagging is a simple way to attach a classification to an *Event* or an *Attribute*
- Classification must be globally used to be efficient

MISP and Decaying of Indicators
Expiring IOCs: Why and How?
Taxonomies - Refresher (1)

Tagging is a simple way to attach a classification to an Event Cardinal may be deficient.

TAXONOMIES - REFRESHER (2)



→ Cherry-pick allowed *Tags*

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2024-04-15

Taxonomies - Refresher (2)



TAXONOMIES - REFRESHER (3)

- Some taxonomies have numerical_value
 - → Can be used to prioritise Attributes

Description	value
Completely reliable	100
Usually reliable	75
Fairly reliable	50
Not usually reliable	25
Unreliable	0
Reliability cannot be judged	50 ?
Deliberatly deceptive	0?

Description	Value	
Confirmed by other sources	100	
Probably true	75	
Possibly true	50	
Doubtful	25	
Improbable	0	
Truth cannot be judged	50 ?	

MISP and Decaying of Indicators

Expiring IOCs: Why and How?

Taxonomies - Refresher (3)

Scoring Indicators: Our solution

score(Attribute) = base score(Attribute, Model) • decay(Model, time)

Where.

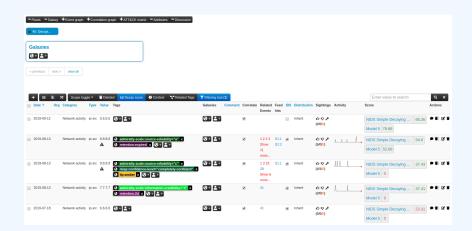
- \blacksquare score \in $[0, +\infty]$
- \blacksquare base score \in [0, 100]
- decay is a function defined by model's parameters controlling decay speed
- Attribute Contains Attribute's values and metadata (Taxonomies, Galaxies, ...)
- Model Contains the *Model*'s configuration

MISP and Decaying of Indicators Expiring IOCs: Why and How? -Scoring Indicators: Our solution

■ Model Contains the Model's configuration

CURRENT IMPLEMENTATION IN MISP

IMPLEMENTATION IN MISP: Event/view



- Decay score toggle button
 - ► Shows Score for each *Models* associated to the *Attribute* type

MISP and Decaying of Indicators

—Current implementation in MISP

—Implementation in MISP: Event/view



IMPLEMENTATION IN MISP: API RESULT

/attributes/restSearch

```
"Attribute": [
    "category": "Network activity",
    "type": "ip-src",
    "to_ids": true,
    "timestamp": "1565703507",
    "value": "8.8.8.8",
    "decay score": [
        "score": 54.475223849544456,
        "decayed": false,
        "DecayingModel": {
          "id": "85",
          "name": "NIDS Simple Decaying Model"
```

MISP and Decaying of Indicators

Current implementation in MISP

Implementation in MISP: API result

Attribute/vertharch

Tanipar/vertharch

Tanipar/ver

IMPLEMENTATION IN MISP: PLAYING WITH MODELS

- Automatic scoring based on default values
- **User-friendly UI** to manually set *Model* configuration (lifetime, decay, etc.)
- **Simulation** tool
- Interaction through the API
- Opportunity to create your **own** formula or algorithm

MISP and Decaying of Indicators

Current implementation in MISP

Implementation in MISP: Playing with Models

indicators

indicators

continued an default on the state of the

DECAYING MODELS IN DEPTH

Scoring Indicators: base_score (1)

When scoring indicators¹, multiple parameters² can be taken into account. The **base score** is calculated with the following in mind:

- Data reliability, credibility, analyst skills, custom prioritisation tags (economical-impact), etc.
- Trust in the source

$$base_score = \omega_{tq} \cdot tags + \omega_{sc} \cdot source_confidence$$

Where,

$$\omega_{sc} + \omega_{ta} = 1$$

MISP and Decaying of Indicators

Decaying Models in Depth

Scoring Indicators: base_score (1)

¹Paper available: https://arxiv.org/pdf/1803.11052

²at a variable extent as required

Scoring Indicators: base_score (2)

Current implentation ignores source_confidence:

$$\rightarrow$$
 base_score = tags

	Computation			
Tag	Eff. Ratio		numerical_value	Result
admiralty-scale:source-reliability="Completely reliable"	0.50	*	100.00	50.00
phishing:psychological-acceptability="high"	0.50	*	75.00	37.50
				87.50

ightarrow The base_score can be use to prioritize attribute based on their attached context and source

MISP and Decaying of Indicators

Decaying Models in Depth

Scoring Indicators: base_score (2)



SCORING INDICATORS: DECAY SPEED (1)

score(Attribute) = base score(Attribute, Model) • decay(Model, time)

The decay is calculated using:

- The lifetime of the indicator
 - ► May vary depending on the indicator type
 - ► short for an IP, long for an hash
- The decay rate, or speed at which an attribute loses score over time
- The time elapsed since the latest update or sighting

MISP and Decaying of Indicators

Decaying Models in Depth

Scoring Indicators: decay speed (1)

RING INDICATORS: DECAY SPEED (1)

re(minute) = base_score(minute, mint) * decay(mint, decay is calculated using:

- The decay is calculated using:

 # The lifetime of the indicator
- May vary depending on the indicator:
 short for an IP, long for an hash
- The decay rate, or speed at which an attribute loses so over time
 - m The time elapsed since the latest update or sighting

SCORING INDICATORS: PUTTING IT ALL TOGHETHER

ightarrow decay rate is **re-initialized upon sighting** addition, or said differently, the score is reset to its base score as new *sightings* are applied.

$$score = base_score \cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{t}{\tau}\right)^{\frac{1}{\delta}}\right)$$

- $au au = ext{lifetime}$
- \bullet $\delta = \text{decay speed}$

IMPLEMENTATION IN MISP: MODELS DEFINITION

$$\Rightarrow$$
 score = base_score $\cdot \left(1 - \left(\frac{t}{\tau}\right)^{\frac{1}{\delta}}\right)$

Models are an instanciation of the formula where elements can be defined:

- Parameters: lifetime, decay rate, threshold
- base score
- default base score
- formula
- associate Attribute types
- creator organisation

MISP and Decaying of Indicators -Decaying Models in Depth -Implementation in MISP: Models definition

 associate Attribute type m creator organisation

IMPLEMENTATION IN MISP: MODELS TYPES

MISP and Decaying of Indicators Decaying Models in Depth

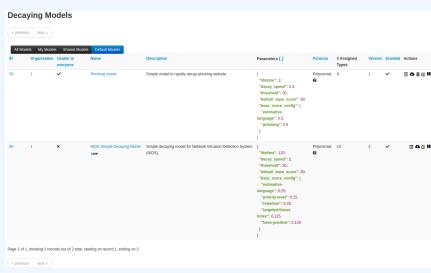
-Implementation in MISP: Models Types

Multiple model types are available

- **Default Models**: Models created and shared by the community. Available from misp-decaying-models repository³.
 - ightharpoonup Not editable
- Organisation Models: Models created by a user belonging to an organisation
 - ► These models can be hidden or shared to other organisation
 - ightharpoonup ightharpoonup Editable

³https://github.com/MISP/misp-decaying-models.git

IMPLEMENTATION IN MISP: INDEX



View, update, add, create, delete, enable, export, import

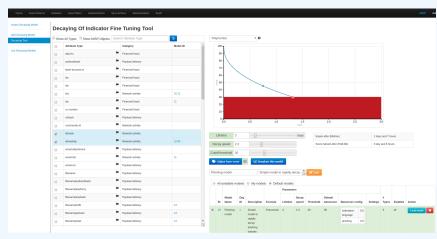
MISP and Decaying of Indicators

Decaying Models in Depth

-Implementation in MISP: Index



IMPLEMENTATION IN MISP: FINE TUNING TOOL



Create, modify, visualise, perform mapping

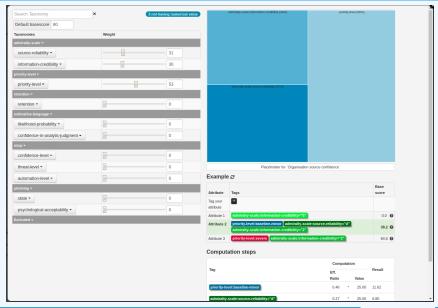
MISP and Decaying of Indicators

└─Decaying Models in Depth

-Implementation in MISP: Fine tuning tool



IMPLEMENTATION IN MISP: base_score TOOL



MISP and Decaying of Indicators

Decaying Models in Depth

-Implementation in MISP: base_score tool



IMPLEMENTATION IN MISP: SIMULATION TOOL

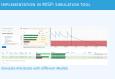


Simulate Attributes with different Models

MISP and Decaying of Indicators

Decaying Models in Depth

-Implementation in MISP: simulation tool



IMPLEMENTATION IN MISP: API QUERY BODY

/attributes/restSearch

```
"includeDecayScore": 1,
"includeFullModel": 0,
"excludeDecayed": 0,
"decayingModel": [85],
"modelOverrides": {
    "threshold": 30
}
"score": 30,
}
```

MISP and Decaying of Indicators

Decaying Models in Depth

—Implementation in MISP: API query body

AMPLEMENTATION IN MISP. APP OUTER BODY

/attributes/resitherech

-fun handributes/resitherech

-

CREATING A NEW DECAY ALGORITHM (1)

The current architecture allows users to create their **own** formulae.

- 1. Create a new file \$filename in app/Model/DecayingModelsFormulas/
- 2. Extend the Base class as defined in DecayingModelBase
- 3. Implement the two mandatory functions computeScore and isDecayed using your own formula/algorithm
- 4. Create a Model and set the formula field to \$filename

Use cases:

- Add support for **more feature** (expiration taxonomy)
- Query external services then influence the score
- Completely **different approach** (i.e streaming algorithm)

MISP and Decaying of Indicators

Decaying Models in Depth

-Creating a new decay algorithm (1)

The current architecture allows users to create their on

CREATING A NEW DECAY ALGORITHM (2)

```
1 <?php
include_once 'Base.php';
4 class Polynomial extends DecayingModelBase
      public const DESCRIPTION = 'The description of your new
      decaying algorithm';
      public function computeScore($model, $attribute, $base_score,
      $elapsed time)
         // algorithm returning a numerical score
      public function isDecayed($model, $attribute, $score)
          // algorithm returning a boolean stating
          // if the attribute is expired or not
18
```

MISP and Decaying of Indicators

Decaying Models in Depth

Creating a new decay algorithm (2)

Control of the Control of Control

DECAYING MODELS 2.0

- Improved support of Sightings
 - ► False positive Sightings should somehow reduce the score
 - Expiration Sightings should mark the attribute as decayed
- Potential *Model* improvements
 - Instead of resetting the score to base score once a Sighting is set, the score should be increased additively (based on a defined coefficient); thus prioritizing surges rather than infrequent Sightings
 - ► Take into account related *Tags* or *Correlations* when computing score
- Increase Taxonomy coverage
 - ► Users should be able to manually override the numerical value of *Tags*
- For specific type, take into account data from other services
 - ► Could fetch data from BGP ranking, Virus Total, Passive X for IP/domain/... and adapt the score

MISP and Decaying of Indicators Decaying Models in Depth

Decaying Models 2.0

- Improved support of Sightings
- Potential Model improvements

- Increase Toxonomy coverage