File Input/Output

C Programming

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File I/O

- Facts and figures and information can be permanently stored on storage device.
- Each file have data (contents) and metadata (information).
- File IO can enable read/write file data.
- File Input Output
 - Low Level File IO
 - Explicit Buffer Management. Use File Handle.
 - High Level File IO
 - Auto Buffer Management. Use File Pointer.



Types of File – Library Functions

Text File

- I/O Operations can be performed on text file using
- Unformatted Functions
 - fgetc Helps to read a character one byte data from text file.
 - fputc Helps to write a character byte data to a file.
 - fgets Helps to read buffer size data from file.
 - fputs Helps to write buffer size data to a file.

Formatted Functions

- fscanf Helps to read different type of data from file.
- fprintf Helps to write different type of data to a file.



Types of File – Library Functions

Binary File

- I/O Operations can be performed on text file using
 - fread Helps to read binary data from a file
 - fwrite Helps to write data to a file in binary format
 - fopen loads file in specified mode for I/O operations.
 - fclose unloads file which is associated to file pointer.
 - fseek helps to reposition file pointer from SEEK_SET,SEEK_CUR,SEEK_END
 - SEEK_SET = 0, SEEK_CUR=1, SEEK_END=2
 - rewind helps to reposition file pointer at the 0 offset position
 - ftell helps to understand current file offset position



I/O Modes

- File can be opened for Input Output process in different modes:
- w loads file in write mode. If file does not exist create new one and if already exists then overwrites existing one.
- w+ loads file for write and read.
- r loads file for reading purpose.
- r+ loads file for read and write purpose.
- a loads file to write in append mode. If file does not exist creates new one.
- a+ loads file to read and write in append mode



• However character b can be appended if file is to be open in binary mode. www.sunbeaminfo.com



Thank you!

