Data Types, Type Modifiers, Format Specifiers, Escape Sequence Characters, size of, Type casting





Data Types, Variables & Constants

- C allows computations to be performed on various types of data (facts and figures).
 - Numerical: Whole numbers, Real numbers
 - · Character: Single character, Strings
- Fixed data values are said to be constants.
 - 12, -45, 0, 2.3, 76.9, 1.23456e+2, 'A', "Sunbeam", etc.
- Memory location identified with some name whose nature is modifiable is called as variable.
 - Variable must be declared before its use in the program.
 - As per need, variable have some data type.
- Simple C data types are: char, int, float, double
 - Data type represents amount of space assigned to the variable.
 - It also defines internal storage of the data.



Data Types, Variables & Constants

C Basic	32-bit		64-bit	
Data Types	СРИ		CPU	
	Size (bytes)	Range	Size (bytes)	Range
char	1	-128 to 127	1	-128 to 127
short	2	-32,768 to 32,767	2	-32,768 to 32,767
int	4	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	4	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647
long	4	-2,147,483,648 to 2,147,483,647	8	- 9,223,372,036,854,775,808- 9,223,372,036,854,775,807
long long	8	9,223,372,036,854,775,808- 9,223,372,036,854,775,807	8	9,223,372,036,854,775,808- 9,223,372,036,854,775,807
float	4	3.4E +/- 38	4	3.4E +/- 38
double	8	1.7E +/- 308	8	1.7E +/- 308



printf()

 Arbitrary strings and variable values can be printed using printf() function. Use following format specifiers to format data in specific type

```
%d
             - to format data in signed integer
%u
             - to format data in unsigned int
%с
             - to format data in character
%f
             - to format data in float
%s
             - to format data in string
%ld
             - to format data in long integer
%x
             - to format data in hexadecimal
%o
             - to format data in octal
```

- Examples:
 - printf("Hello PreCAT @ Sunbeam");
 - printf("%d", roll number);
 - printf("%d %lf %c", number, basic_salary, letter);
 - printf("Book price is %lf", price);



Escape Sequence character \

- Can be used with string
- Escapes the meaning of followed by character

List of Escape Sequence characters available in C:

- \n Helps to add new line
- \r Helps to add carriage return. Moves carriage to the beginning of same line
- \t Adds horizontal tab space
- \b Moves carriage I character back
- \a Adds beep/alert
- \f Adds form feed
- \v Adds vertical tab space. Result can be seen on printer



Data Types

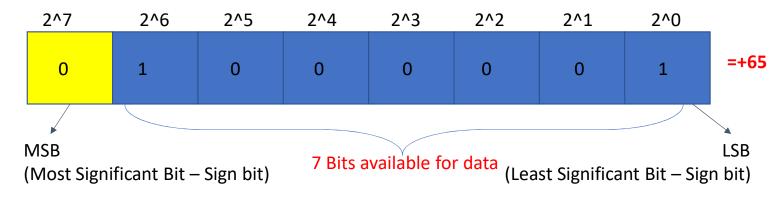
- Data type defines storage space and format of variable.
- Primitive types
 - char
 - int
 - float
 - double
- Integer types can be signed/unsigned
- Derived types
 - Array
 - Pointer
 - Function

- Type Modifiers
 - signed
 - unsigned
 - short
 - long
- User defined types
 - struct
 - union
 - Enum
- void type represent no value.

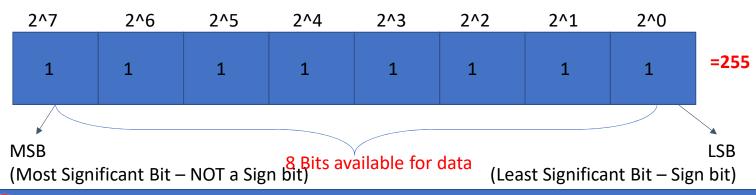


signed character / unsigned char

Signed Character



unsigned Character





Data Types, Variables & Constants

- Variable examples
 - int number = 10;
 - double basic salary = 20000.0;
 - char letter = 'A';
 - int roll number;
 - roll number = 20;
 - double price = 200.0;
 - price = 300.0;
- Constant examples
 - -23, 1L, 34U, 3UL, 0x41, 0101,
 - 1.234f, 1.234567e+2, ...
 - 'A', '\101', '\x41'
 - "SunBeam", "A\101\x41"
- Each variable is assigned some memory location.
- Size of data type of given variable or constant is found by sizeof() operator.



Typecasting

- Implicit Typecasting
 - e.g. int num = 45.67; //double type value is narrowed down to integer
- Explicit Typecasting
 - e.g float fval = (float)5 / 3;



sizeof

- Is operator
- Processed at Compile Time
- Determines memory require by operand type



- GIT Bash Installation
 - Refer pdf shared







Thank you!

Smita Kadam – email - smita@sunbeaminfo.com

