

MAG003 - Álgebra Linear

Prova P1 - 19 de outubro de 2022

NOME DO ALUNO: MARCELO HENRIQUE SANTANA SOPA

RA DO ALUNO: 0051352211012

INSTRUÇÕES

1. Preencha o cabeçalho acima.
2. A prova deve ser feita com consulta a uma folha de papel a4 com o conteúdo livre.
3. O fonte desenvolvido deverá ser apenas na linguagem Haskell.
4. Responda cada questão no espaço correspondente (mesma folha)

DURACÃO DA PROVA: 3 horas e 30 minutos

1.(2.5 pontos) Considere as bases do \mathbb{R} -espaço vetorial \mathbb{R}^3 , $A = \{(4, 2, 0), (1, -1, 1), (5, 3, 3)\}$ e $B = \{(1, -2, 1), (1, 5, 2), (1, 0, 1)\}$. Exiba as matrizes de mudança de base $M_{B \rightarrow A}$ e $M_{A \rightarrow B}$. Escreva também os vetores abaixo nas bases indicadas:

• $M_{A \rightarrow B}$

$$\begin{aligned} & \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4 & 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad l_1 \leftarrow \frac{1}{4} \cdot l_1 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad l_2 \leftarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot l_2 \\ & \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 1 & \frac{-1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad l_2 \leftarrow l_2 - l_1 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & \frac{-3}{2} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{-5}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad l_2 \leftarrow \frac{4}{3} \cdot l_2 \\ & \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{-1}{3} & \frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad l_3 \leftarrow l_3 - l_2 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{-1}{3} & \frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{10}{3} & \frac{-2}{3} \end{array} \right] \quad l_3 \leftarrow \frac{3}{10} \cdot l_3 \\ & \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{-1}{3} & \frac{5}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{-1}{5} \end{array} \right] \quad l_2 \leftarrow l_2 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot l_3 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{8}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{-1}{5} \end{array} \right] \quad l_1 \leftarrow l_1 - \frac{5}{4} \cdot l_3 \\ & \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & 0 & \frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{8}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{-1}{5} \end{array} \right] \quad l_1 \leftarrow l_1 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot l_2 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{10} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{8}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{-1}{5} \end{array} \right] \quad S = \{(x = \frac{1}{10}, y = \frac{8}{5}, z = \frac{-1}{5})\} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4 & 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{array} \right] l_1 \leftarrow \frac{1}{4} \cdot l_1 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{array} \right] l_2 \leftarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot l_2 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 2 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & \frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{array} \right] l_2 \leftarrow l_2 - 1 \cdot l_1 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 1 & -\frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{9}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{array} \right] l_2 \leftarrow -\frac{4}{3} \cdot l_2 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 2 \end{array} \right] l_3 \leftarrow l_3 - 1 \cdot l_2 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{10}{3} & 5 \end{array} \right] l_3 \leftarrow \frac{3}{10} \cdot l_3 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & -3 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} \end{array} \right] l_2 \leftarrow l_2 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot l_3 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} \end{array} \right] l_1 \leftarrow l_1 - \frac{5}{4} \cdot l_3 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & 0 & -\frac{13}{8} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} \end{array} \right] l_1 \leftarrow l_1 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot l_2 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -\frac{5}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{3}{2} \end{array} \right] \mathbf{S} = \{(x = -1, y = -\frac{5}{2}, z = \frac{3}{2})\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 4 & 1 & 5 & 1 \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right] l_1 \leftarrow \frac{1}{4} \cdot l_1 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 2 & -1 & 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right] l_2 \leftarrow \frac{1}{2} \cdot l_2 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 2 & -\frac{1}{2} & \frac{3}{2} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right] l_2 \leftarrow l_2 - 1 \cdot l_1 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 2 & -\frac{3}{4} & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right] l_2 \leftarrow \frac{-4}{3} \cdot l_2 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 1 \end{array} \right] l_3 \leftarrow l_3 - 1 \cdot l_2 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{10}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \end{array} \right] l_3 \leftarrow \frac{3}{10} \cdot l_3 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{1}{3} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{5} \end{array} \right] l_2 \leftarrow l_2 + \frac{1}{3} \cdot l_3 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{5}{4} & \frac{1}{4} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{5} \end{array} \right] l_1 \leftarrow l_1 - \frac{5}{4} \cdot l_3 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & \frac{1}{4} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{5} \\ 1 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{5} \end{array} \right] l_1 \leftarrow l_1 - \frac{1}{4} \cdot l_2 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{1}{10} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{2}{5} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{1}{5} \end{array} \right] \mathbf{S} = \{(x = -\frac{1}{10}, y = \frac{2}{5}, z = \frac{1}{5})\}
\end{aligned}$$

• $M_{B \rightarrow A}$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 & 2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad l_2 \leftarrow l_2 - \frac{1}{2} \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 1 & -\frac{5}{2} & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad l_2 \leftarrow l_2 - l_1 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & -\frac{7}{2} & -1 & -5 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad l_3 \leftarrow l_3 - l_1 \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & -\frac{7}{2} & -1 & -5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \end{array} \right] \quad l_2 \leftarrow -\frac{2}{7} \cdot l_2 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{7} & \frac{10}{7} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \end{array} \right] \quad l_3 \leftarrow -\frac{7}{2} \cdot l_3 \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{2}{7} & \frac{10}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 19 \end{array} \right] \quad l_2 \leftarrow l_2 - \frac{2}{7} \cdot l_3 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 4 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 19 \end{array} \right] \quad l_1 \leftarrow l_1 - l_3 \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 0 & -15 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 19 \end{array} \right] \quad l_1 \leftarrow l_1 - l_2 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 11 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 19 \end{array} \right] \quad \mathbf{S} = \{(x = 11, y = -4, z = 19)\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 & -1 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad l_2 \leftarrow l_2 - 1 \cdot l_1 \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 1 \end{array} \right] \quad l_3 \leftarrow l_3 - 1 \cdot l_1 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 4 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad l_2 \leftarrow \frac{1}{4} \cdot l_2 \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \end{array} \right] \quad l_3 \leftarrow l_3 - 1 \cdot l_2 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{2} \end{array} \right] \quad l_3 \leftarrow 4 \cdot l_3 \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \quad l_2 \leftarrow l_2 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot l_3 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \quad l_1 \leftarrow l_1 - 1 \cdot l_3 \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & -1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \end{array} \right] \quad \mathbf{S} = \{(x = -1, y = 0, z = 2)\}
\end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 1 & 5 & 0 & 3 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] l_2 \leftarrow l_2 - 1 \cdot l_1 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 & -2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 & 3 \end{array} \right] l_3 \leftarrow l_3 - 1 \cdot l_1 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 4 & -1 & -2 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \end{array} \right] l_2 \leftarrow \frac{1}{4} \cdot l_2 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \end{array} \right] l_3 \leftarrow l_3 - 1 \cdot l_2 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{3}{2} \end{array} \right] l_3 \leftarrow 4 \cdot l_3 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & -\frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{2} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -6 \end{array} \right] l_2 \leftarrow l_2 + \frac{1}{4} \cdot l_3 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 1 & 5 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -6 \end{array} \right] l_1 \leftarrow l_1 - 1 \cdot l_3 \quad \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 1 & 0 & 11 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -6 \end{array} \right] l_1 \leftarrow l_1 - 1 \cdot l_2 \\
& \left[\begin{array}{ccc|c} 1 & 0 & 0 & 13 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -6 \end{array} \right] \mathbf{S} = \{(x = 11, y = -2, z = -6)\}
\end{aligned}$$

- $\mathbf{v} = (0, 1, 2)_A \text{ em } B$
- $\mathbf{v} = (1, 3, -1)_B \text{ em } A$

2. (2.5 pontos) Considere os conjuntos $S = \{(1, 1, 1, 1, 1), (2, 0, -1, 1, 3), (3, 1, 0, 2, 4), (2, 2, 5, 8, -1), (0, 1, 0, 2, 3)\}$.

(a) S é li ou ld?

Resposta: É ld, pois não há um "C"(constante) que multiplicada a um vetor resulte na combinação linear de outros vetores.

(b) S forma uma base do \mathbb{R} -espaço vetorial \mathbb{R}^5 ?

Resposta: Um conjunto deve ser linermente independente e o conjunto S desrespeita esse axioma das bases de um espaço vetorial.

3. (2.5 pontos)

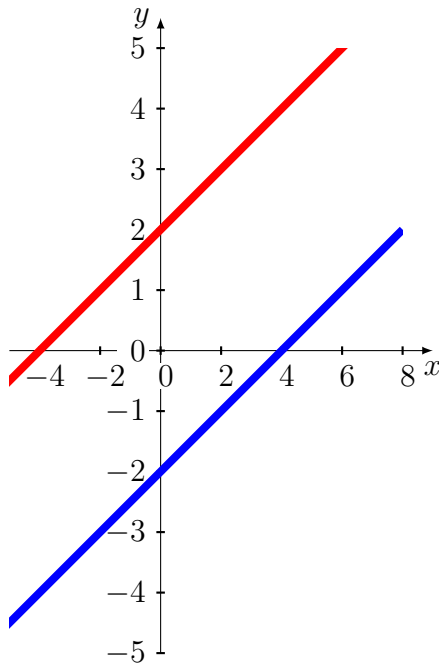
• Considere o conjunto $\mathbb{W} = \{(x, y, z, w, t, u) \mid x, y, z, w, t, u \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x + y + w + z + t + u = 0 \wedge w + t - x = 0\} \subseteq \mathbb{R}^6$. Mostre que o conjunto \mathbb{W} é um subespaço do \mathbb{R} -espaço vetorial \mathbb{R}^6 .

• O conjunto $\mathbb{W} = \{(x, y, z) \mid x, y \in \mathbb{R} \wedge x - z = 1 \wedge y + x = 0\}$ é um espaço vetorial de \mathbb{R}^3 ? Esboce graficamente W .

Resposta: $0 \in \mathbb{W}$

"(0,0,0)", mas $0 - 0 (x - z) \neq 1$, ao contrário da condição do conjunto. Logo, não é subespaço de \mathbb{R}^3 .

Graficamente:



Invente seu subespaço vetorial qualquer \mathbb{R}^n com $n \geq 2$. Mostre que o conjunto apresentado é um subespaço vetorial. Não vale usar nenhum exemplo da aula ou da prova.

Resposta:

$$A = (a, b, c) | a + b + c = 0$$

•Axioma do elemento neutro:

$$(0, 0, 0) = (0 + 0 + 0) = 0$$

•Associatividade $v + w \in A$

$$v = (a_1 + b_1 + c_1) \quad w = (a_2 + b_2 + c_2)$$

$$= (a_1 + a_2, b_1 + b_2, c_1 + c_2)$$

$$a_1 + a_2 + b_1 + b_2 + c_1 + c_2 = 0$$

Logo, $v + w \in A$

•Multiplicação por escalar:

$$k \cdot v$$

$$= k \cdot (a_1, b_1, c_1)$$

$$= (k \cdot a_1, k \cdot b_1, k \cdot c_1)$$

$$= k \cdot a_1 + k \cdot b_1 + k \cdot c_1 = k \cdot (a_1 + b_1 + c_1) = 0$$

$$k \cdot 0 = 0$$

Logo, A é subespaço vetorial de \mathbb{R}^3

4. Mostre que o conjunto $\{(1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1, 1), (1, 0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0), (2, 2, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1), (1, 0, 0, 1, 2, 1, 1), (2, 0, 2, 0, 2, 0, 2), (1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1), (3, 0, 2, 0, 2, 1, 2)\}$ forma uma base para o \mathbb{R} -espaço vetorial \mathbb{R}^7 . Escreva o vetor $(0, 1, 1, 1, 1, 0, 1)$ nesta base.