the project is the one expected. Also, check that 'git clone' is used in an empty folder. - Check carefully that no malicious aliases was used to fool you and make you evaluate something that is not the content of the official repository. - To avoid any surprises and if applicable, review together any scripts used to facilitate the grading (scripts for testing or automation). - If you have not completed the assignment you are going to evaluate, you have to read the entire subject prior to starting the evaluation process. - Use the available flags to report an empty repository, a non-functioning program, a Norm error, cheating, and so forth. In these cases, the evaluation process ends and the final grade is 0, or -42 in case of cheating. However, except for cheating, student are strongly encouraged to review together the work that was turned in, in order to identify any mistakes that shouldn't be repeated in the future. - Remember that for the duration of the defense, no segfault, no other unexpected, premature, uncontrolled or unexpected termination of the program, else the final grade is 0. Use the appropriate flag. You should never have to edit any file except the configuration file if it exists. If you want to edit a file, take the time to explicit the reasons with the evaluated student and make sure both of you are okay with this. - You must also verify the absence of memory leaks. Any memory allocated on the heap must be properly freed before the end of execution. You are allowed to use any of the different tools available on the computer, such as leaks, valgrind, or e_fence. In case of memory leaks, tick the appropriate flag. **Attachments** __ subject.pdf **Mandatory Part** Compile • Use "make -n" to see if compilation use "-Wall -Wextra -Werror". If not, select the "invalid compilation" flag. • minishell compiles without any errors. If not, select the flag. The Makefile must not re-link. If not, select the flag. \times No ✓ Yes Simple Command & global variables • Execute a simple command with an absolute path like /bin/ls, or any other command without any options. How many global variables are used? Why? Ask the evaluated student to give you a concrete example of why it feels mandatory or logical. Test an empty command. · Test only spaces or tabs. • If something crashes, select the "crash" flag. • If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag. \times No ✓ Yes **Arguments** • Execute a simple command with an absolute path like /bin/ls, or any other command with arguments but without any quotes or double quotes. Repeat multiple times with different commands and arguments. • If something crashes, select the "crash" flag. If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag. ✓ Yes \times No echo Execute the echo command with or without arguments, or the -n option. Repeat multiple times with different arguments.

Introduction

done seriously.

student or group.

Guidelines

Please comply with the following rules:

problems that may have been identified.

- Remain polite, courteous, respectful and constructive throughout the

- Identify with the student or group whose work is evaluated the possible

- You must consider that there might be some differences in how your peers

functionalities. Always keep an open mind and grade them as honestly as

- Only grade the work that was turned in the Git repository of the evaluated

- Double-check that the Git repository belongs to the student(s). Ensure that

possible. The pedagogy is useful only and only if the peer-evaluation is

evaluation process. The well-being of the community depends on it.

dysfunctions in their project. Take the time to discuss and debate the

might have understood the project's instructions and the scope of its

Return value of a process • Execute a simple command with an absolute path like /bin/ls, or any other command with arguments but Check the printed value. You can do the same in bash in order to compare the results.

Signals

exit

 If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag. ✓ Yes

ctrl-C in an empty prompt should display a new line with a new prompt.

ctrl-D in an empty prompt should quit minishell --> RELAUNCH!

• ctrl-D in a prompt after you wrote some stuff should not do anything.

ctrl-\ in a prompt after you wrote some stuff should not do anything.

• Repeat multiple times with different commands and arguments. Try some wrong commands like '/bin/ls

If something crashes, select the "crash" flag.

✓ Yes

Execute exit command with or without arguments.

✓ Yes

Repeat multiple times with different arguments.

• If something crashes, select the "crash" flag.

Don't forget to relaunch the minishell

filethatdoesntexist'

• Try anything like expr \$? + \$?

If something crashes, select the "crash" flag.

• ctrl-\ in an empty prompt should not do anything.

Repeat multiple times using different commands.

✓ Yes

If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag.

If something crashes, select the "crash" flag.

• If something crashes, select the "crash" flag.

Single Quotes

env

unset

cd

pwd

• Try empty arguments.

echo '\$USER' must print "\$USER".

Nothing should be interpreted.

✓ Yes

Execute commands with single quotes as arguments.

✓ Yes

✓ Yes

Export environment variables, create new ones and replace old ones.

Check if env shows you the current environment variables.

Try environment variables, whitespaces, pipes, redirection in the single quotes.

• If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag.

• If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag.

without any quotes and double quotes. Then execute echo \$?

 \times No

 Try ctrl-C after running a blocking command like cat without arguments or grep "something". • Try ctrl-\ after running a blocking command like cat without arguments or grep "something". Try ctrl-D after running a blocking command like cat without arguments or grep "something".

ctrl-C in a prompt after you wrote some stuff should display a new line with a new prompt.

• The buffer should be clean too. Press "Enter" to make sure nothing from the previous line is executed.

Double Quotes • Execute a simple command with arguments and, this time, use also double quotes (you should try to include whitespaces too). Try a command like: echo "cat lol.c | cat > lol.c" • Try anything except \$.

If something doesn't work, select the "incomplete work" flag.

 ✓ Yes export Export environment variables, create new ones and replace old ones.

Use unset to remove some of them.

· Check the result with env.

• Use the command pwd.

Relative Path

Environment path

Redirection

Pipes

Check the result with env.

 Use the command cd to move the working directory and check if you are in the right directory with /bin/ls Repeat multiple times with working and not working cd Also, try '.' and '..' as arguments.

✓ Yes

Repeat multiple times in different directories.

✓ Yes

Execute commands but this time use a relative path.

✓ Yes

Repeat multiple times in different directories with a complex relative path (lots of ..).

Execute commands but this time without any path (ls, wc, awk and so forth).

Set the \$PATH to a multiple directory value (directory 1:directory 2) and ensure that directories are checked in

Repeat multiple times with different commands and arguments and sometimes change > with >>

Unset the \$PATH and ensure commands are not working anymore.

✓ Yes

order from left to right. ✓ Yes

Execute commands with redirections < and/or >

· Check if multiple tries of the same redirections fail.

✓ Yes

Test << redirection (it doesn't have to update the history).

Execute commands with pipes like 'cat file | grep bla | more'

Repeat multiple times with different commands and arguments.

Try some wrong commands like 'ls filethatdoesntexist | grep bla | more'

Can we navigate through history using Up and Down? Can we retry some command?

• Execute commands that should not work like 'dsbksdgbksdghsd'. Ensure minishell doesn't crash and prints an

Evaluate the bonus part if, and only if, the mandatory part has been entirely and perfectly done, and the error

Go Crazy and history • Type a command line, then use ctrl-C and press "Enter". The buffer should be clean and there should be

'cat | cat | ls' should behave in a "normal way".

Have fun with that beautiful minishell and enjoy it!

✓ Yes

Try to execute a long command with a ton of arguments.

✓ Yes

Try to mix pipes and redirections.

nothing left to execute.

error.

Bonus

Environment variables Execute echo with some environment variables (\$variable) as arguments. Check that \$ is interpreted as an environment variable. • Check that double quotes interpolate \$.

echo "\$USER" should print the value of the USER variable.

✓ Yes

Check that USER exists. Otherwise, set it.

management handles unexpected or bad usage. In case all the mandatory points were not passed during the defense, bonus points must be totally ignored. And, Or Use &&, | | and parenthesis with commands and ensure minishell behaves the same way bash does.

echo "'\$USER'" should print the value of the USER variable.

✓ Yes

✓ Yes

- Wildcard Use wildcards in arguments in the current working directory. ✓ Yes
- Surprise! (or not...) Set the USER environment variable.

echo ""\$USER"' should print "\$USER".