## 23311 Software Engineering 1

BEHAVIORAL	SRTUCTURAL	CREATIONAL
Chain of Responsibility	Adaptor	Abstract Factory
Command	Bridge	Builder
Interpreter	Composite	Factory Method
Iterator	Decorator	Prototype
Mediator	Façade	Singleton
Memento	Flyweight	
Observer	Proxy	
State		
Strategy		
Template Method		
Visitor		

**Strategy Pattern (Behavioural)** provide a set of objects that hold alternative algorithms to solve a problem. Strategy could not be changed at runtime. New strategy could be easily added. Common behaviours may be defined in the interface.

**State Pattern (Behavioural)** provide a set of objects that hold algorithms for different states. Adding a new state requires adding a new class. State-specific behaviour defined in each class.

**Composite Pattern (Structural)** provide a uniform base and then implement the base through multiple classes. Should be considered when data or code resembles to a tree. It has three levels – *component* (element), *composite* (folder), and *leaf* (file)

**Adapter (Structural)** provide a class that utilises another class to provide a richer functionality compared to the original class (*adoptee*).

**Factory Method (Creational)** provides a way for creating objects that has the same base and is useful when a lot of classes share a same base. It separates the object creation (by this method) from the creation interface (pre-defined and as parameters).

**Singleton Pattern (Creational)** provides a globally unique and accessible class. It is possible to do an antipattern and make it not suit these properties but having its functions and contents as-is.

**Immediately after making a change to a code**, it is needed to search throughout the code base for similar codes and change accordingly.