

Chemistry

## **Kuwait University**

Office of Assistant Vice President for Evaluation and Measurement

**Student Name** 

# **Academic Aptitude Tests**

Version

1 Hour

			A	
	Civil ID No.		4	-
Instructions:		<b>-</b> 1.		
1. The aptitude te	ests consist of three tests.			
<u>Test</u>	Number of Questions <u>Time</u>			
English	85	1	l Hour	
<b>Mathematics</b>	20 (No Calculator)	1	l Hour	

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2. Mark all your answers on the Answer Sheet and in the proper section. On your answer sheet as shown

- 3. Verify all personal and test data on answer sheet and don't make any changes unless approved by the proctor.
- 4. Write down your name and Civil ID# on the test booklet.
- 5. Copy the test's version on your answer sheet.

below, using a pencil, darkenthe proper circle.

- 6. Follow the proctor's instruction during the test.
- 7. During testing, be quite and avoid any cheating situation.
- 8. Observe the allocated and the announced time for each test.

English Test Page 1

#### **Chemistry Test**

### **Gram Atomic Mass (g/mol)**:

Hydrogen (H) = 1.0 Carbon (C) = 12.0 Oxygen (O) = 16.0 Sodium (Na) = 23.0

## **Atomic Number**:

 $\begin{array}{lll} \text{Hydrogen (H)} & = & 1 \\ \text{Carbon (C)} & = & 6 \\ \text{Oxygen (O)} & = & 8 \end{array}$ 

# **Physical Constant:**

Ion product constant for water ( $K_w$ ) at 25 °C = 1.00 x 10<sup>-14</sup>

Avogadro's number  $(N_A) = 6.02 \times 10^{23} / \text{ mole}$ 

Chemistry Test Page 2

1.	Che	inicarry pure water is classified as:		
	(a) (b)	Element Compound	(c) (d)	Homogeneous mixture Heterogeneous mixture
2.	The	name of the compound having the chemica	al forn	nula (NH <sub>4</sub> NO <sub>2</sub> ) is:
	(a) (b)	Ammonium nitrite Ammonium nitrate	(c) (d)	Ammonia nitrate Ammonia hydrogen nitrite
3.	Fron	n the following statements, select the one t	hat spe	ecifies a chemical property.
	(a) (b) (c) (d)	Naphthalene sublimes at room temperatu Water freezes at 0 °C Ether evaporates at room temperature Sulfur burns in air	re	
4.	Whi	ch of the following is a pair of covalent co	mpour	ads?
	(a) (b)	Cl <sub>2</sub> (g) and Na <sub>2</sub> CO <sub>3</sub> (s) I <sub>2</sub> (s) and NaCl(s)	(c) (d)	$H_2O(l)$ and $CO_2(g)$ $KCl(s)$ and $N_2(g)$
5.		e molar solubility of silver ion [Ag <sup>+</sup> ] in a sa 2CrO <sub>4</sub> ) can be expressed as:	iturate	d solution of silver chromate
	(a) (b)	$(2s)^2$ mol/L $(2s)$ mol/L	(c) (d)	(s²) mol/L (s) mol/L
6.	Aqu	eous ammonia solution (NH <sub>3</sub> (aq)) is:		
	(a) (b)	Weakly acidic Strongly acidic	(c) (d)	Weakly basic Strongly basic
7.	Whi	ch of the following is a non-electrolyte?		
	(a) (b)	NaCl (molten) C <sub>12</sub> H <sub>22</sub> O <sub>11</sub> (sugar)	(c) (d)	$H_2SO_4(aq)$ $Ca(OH)_2(aq)$
8.	Brör	nsted-Lowry acid is defined as:		
	(a) (b)	Proton donor Proton acceptor	(c) (d)	Electron pair donor Electron pair acceptor
9.	Benz	zyl acetate (CH <sub>3</sub> COOCH <sub>2</sub> C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>5</sub> ) has jasmin	e sme	II. Benzyl acetate is:
	(a) (b)	Aldehyde Ketone	(c) (d)	Alcohol Ester

Chemistry Test Page 3

10.	Atoms in chemical compounds are held to	ogether by	
	(a) Moles	(c) Bonds	

(d)

Neutrons

11.  $Cu(s) + S(s) \longrightarrow CuS(s)$ 

The above reaction is an example of a.....

- (a) decomposition reaction
- (b) combustion reaction

**Protons** 

(b)

- (c) neutralization reaction
- (d) combination reaction
- 12. Oxidation- reduction reactions occur as a result of transfer of ......
  - (a) One electron or more(b) One ion or more(c) One proton or more(d) One neutron or more
- 13. Which of the following organic compounds contains single covalent bonds, in addition to one covalent triple bond between two carbon atoms?
  - (a)  $C_4H_8$  (c)  $C_2H_6$  (d)  $C_2H_6O$
- 14. Which of the following electronic configurations is correct?
  - (a)  $1s^22s^22p^73s^1$  (c)  $1s^22s^22p^63s^2$  (d)  $1s^22s^22p^8$
- 15. A solution that is obtained by mixing equal volumes having the same concentration, of aqueous solutions of a weak acid and the salt of the acid, is known as:
  - (a) Heterogenueous solution(b) Amphoteric solution(c) Colloidal solution(d) Buffer solution

16. 
$$\mathbf{m} Mg_3N_2(s) + \mathbf{p} HCl(aq) \longrightarrow \mathbf{q} MgCl_2(aq) + \mathbf{r} NH_4Cl(aq)$$

When the equation of the above chemical reaction is balanced, the values of the coefficients  $(\mathbf{m}, \mathbf{p}, \mathbf{q}, \mathbf{r})$  are:

m r 2 3 (a) 6 6 3 (b) 4 2 8 3 2 (c) 1

(d)

17. 
$$2SClF_5(g) + H_2(g) = S_2F_{10}(g) + 2HCl(g)$$

What is the equilibrium constant expression for the above equilibrium system?

- (a)  $K_p = P_{S2F10} \cdot P_{HCI}^2 / P_{SCIF5}^2 \cdot P_{H2}$ (b)  $K_p = P_{SCIF5}^2 \cdot P_{H2} / P_{S2F10} \cdot P_{HCI}^2$

- (c)  $K_c = P_{S2F10} \cdot P_{HCl} / P_{SClF5} \cdot P_{H2}$ (d)  $K_c = P_{S2F10} \cdot P_{HCl}^2 \cdot P_{SClF5}^2 \cdot P_{H2}$
- In which of the following pairs do the <u>underlined</u> atoms have the same oxidation 18. numbers?
  - (a)  $K_2Cr_2O_7$  and  $Cr_2O_3$

 $Mg_2P_2O_3$  and  $H_3PO_4$ (c)

KMnO<sub>4</sub> and NaHSO<sub>4</sub> (b)

- $P_2O_5$  and  $K_3PO_4$ (d)
- 19. What is the percentage by mass of water (H<sub>2</sub>O) in one mole of potassium aluminum sulfate (alum) (KAl(SO<sub>4</sub>)<sub>2</sub>.12H<sub>2</sub>O)? [molar mass of potassium aluminum sulfate (alum) (KAl( $SO_4$ )<sub>2</sub>.12H<sub>2</sub>O) = 474.3 g / mole]
  - 3.80 % (a)

(c) 25.0 %

(b) 45.5 %

- (d) 75.0 %
- Diethyl ether is a liquid which has a density of 0.714 g / cm<sup>3</sup>; what is the volume 20. (in cm<sup>3</sup>) of the liquid needed to provide 0.750 mole of the ether? [molar mass of diethyl ether = 74.0 g/mol]
  - $77.7 \text{ cm}^3$ (a)

(c) 81.6 cm<sup>3</sup> (d) 62.4 cm<sup>3</sup>

 $39.7 \text{ cm}^3$ (b)

- What is the hydrogen ion concentration  $[H^+]$  of a 1.25 x  $10^{-2}$  M of potassium 21. hydroxide solution (KOH)?
  - 8.00 x10<sup>-13</sup> M (a)

(c) 1.00 x10<sup>-14</sup> M (d) 1.25 x10<sup>-12</sup> M

 $1.00 \text{ x} 10^{-7} \text{ M}$ (b)

- 22. A sample of the compound (Na<sub>2</sub>B<sub>4</sub>O<sub>7</sub>.10H<sub>2</sub>O) contains 0.3478 g of sodium (Na). What is the mass of this sample? [molar mass of the compound ( $Na_2B_4O_7.10H_2O$ ) = 381.4 g/mol]

0.3478 g(a)

2.884 g

0.3814 g(b)

1.442 g (d)

A solution is prepared by dissolving 20.75 g of zinc sulfate (ZnSO<sub>4</sub>) in a 23. sufficient quantity of water to produce 500 cm<sup>3</sup> of solution. Calculate the molarity of this solution?

[molar mass of zinc sulfate  $(ZnSO_4) = 161.5 \text{ g/mol}$ ]

0.257 M (a)

0.208 M (c)

0.0642 M (b)

- (d) 0.162 M
- 24. What is the number of moles of carbon (C) present in 7.25 g of the compound  $(Ni(C_4H_7O_2N_2)_2)$ ?

[molar mass of  $(Ni(C_4H_7O_2N_2)_2) = 288.92$  g/mol].

(a) 0.0251 mol (c) 0.100 mol

0.201 mol (b)

- 0.351 mol (d)
- What is the total number of nitrogen atoms (N) present in 2.05 g of dinitrogen 25. oxide  $(N_2O)$ ?

[molar mass of dinitrogen oxide  $(N_2O) = 44.0 \text{ g/mol}$ ]

(a)  $6.02 \times 10^{23}$  atoms (b)  $2.05 \times 10^{22}$  atoms

(c)  $2.80 \times 10^{22}$  atoms (d)  $5.61 \times 10^{22}$  atoms

Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's# Answers
2- 3- 4- 5- 6- 7- 8- 9- 11- 12- 13- 14- 15- 16- 17-	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	20 - 21 - 22 - 23 - 24 - 25 - 26 - 27 - 28 - 29 - 30 - 31 - 32 - 33 - 34 -	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	38 - 39 - 40 - 41 - 42 - 43 - 45 - 46 - 47 - 48 - 49 - 50 - 51 - 52 -	00000000000000000000000000000000000000	56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70		73 - A B C D 74 - A B C D 75 - A B C D 76 - A B C D 77 - A B C D 78 - A B C D 79 - A B C D 80 - A B C D 81 - A B C D 82 - A B C D 83 - A B C D 84 - A B C D 85 - A B C D

Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers
J 5#	Allsweis	Q 5#	Allsweis	Q 5#	Allsweis	Q 5#	Allsweis
1 -	ABCD	6 -	ABCD	11 -	ABCD	16 -	A B C O
	ABCD	7 -	ABCD	12 -	ABCD	17 -	A B © 0
	ABCD		ABCD	13 -	ABCD	18 -	A B C O
4 -	ABCO		ABCO	14 -	ABCO	19 -	A B C O
	A B C D		ABCO		ABCD	20 -	A B C O

Answers - Chemistry Exam							ات اختبار الكيمياء					
Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers			
2 - 3 - 4 -	A @ C D A B C @ A B @ D A @ C D	7 - 8 - 9 -		12 - 13 - 14 -	A B C D A B C D A B C D A B C D	17 - 18 - 19 -	A B © 0 B C 0 A B C 0 A B C 0	22 - 23 - 24 -	● 8 C D A 8 ● D ● 8 C D A ● C D A 8 C ●			

Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers	Q's#	Answers
1 -	A B C D	11 -	A B © 0	21 -	A B C D	31 -	A B C O	41 -	ABCO	51 -	ABCC
2 -	A B C O	12 -	ABCD	22 -	A B C O	32 -	ABCO	42 -	A B C D	52 -	AB CO
3 -	A B C D	13 -	ABCD	23 -	ABCD	33 -	A B C D	43 -	ABCD	53 -	A B C 0
4 -	ABCO	14 -	A B C D	24 -	ABCO	34 -	A B C D	44 -	A B © 0	54 -	A B C C
5 -	A B © D	15 -	ABCD	25 -	A B C D	35 -	ABCO	45 -	ABCD	55 -	(A) (B) (C) (D
6 -	ABCO	16 -	ABCD	26 -	ABCO	36 -	@@@@	46 -	A B C D	56 -	A B C D
7 -	ABCO	17 -	(A (B (C (D)	27 -	A 8 C D	37 -	(A) (B) (C)	47 -	A B C D	57 -	ABCO
8 -	ABCO	18 -	ABCD	28 -	ABCO	38 -	ABCO	48 -	ABCO	58 -	AB CO
9 -	ABCO	19 -	ABCD	29 -	ABCO	39 -	ABCO	49 -	A B C O	59 -	ABCO
	A B C O		ABCD		ABCO		A B C O	50 -	A B C D	60 -	ABCO