1. We use the notation as in the class. You are given $A, \vec{b}, \vec{c}, \vec{x}_B, B$ and B^{-1} .

$$[A|I] = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_4 & x_5 \\ 2 & 1 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 1 & 2 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \qquad \vec{b} = \begin{bmatrix} 4 \\ 3 \\ 1 \end{bmatrix}, \qquad \vec{x}_B = \begin{bmatrix} x_3 \\ x_1 \\ x_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\vec{c}^T = \begin{bmatrix} x_1 & x_2 & x_3 & x_4 & x_5 \\ 3 & 2 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}, \quad B = \begin{bmatrix} x_3 & x_1 & x_2 \\ 1 & 2 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}, \qquad B^{-1} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 3 \\ 0 & 1 & -2 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Let \vec{x}^* be the basic solution of the corresponding primal dictionary, and let \vec{y}^* be the corresponding dual basic solution (i.e. the basic solution of the corresponding dual dictionary).

- (a) Find $x_1^*, x_2^*, x_3^*, x_4^*, x_5^*$ and $y_1^*, y_2^*, y_3^*, y_4^*, y_5^*$.
- (b) Is \vec{x}^* optimal? To earn credit, you have to justify your answer.
- 2. Exercise 11.3 (Warning: The notation \vec{x} and \vec{y} are the reverse the notation used in lectures. Also the payoff matrix used in the question is the payoff matrix for the column player unlike the convention used in class).
- 3. Find the value of the zero-sum game given by the following payoff matrix for the row player and determine all optimal strategies for both players:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 3 \\ 2 & 2 \end{bmatrix}.$$