ALPHAEVOLVE-ACGS: A Co-Evolutionary Framework for LLM-Driven Constitutional Governance in Evolutionary Computation

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Abstract

Evolutionary computation (EC) systems exhibit emergent behaviors that static governance frameworks cannot adequately control, creating a critical gap in AI safety and alignment. We introduce ALPHAEVOLVE-ACGS, a co-evolutionary constitutional governance framework that dynamically adapts alongside evolving AI systems. Our approach integrates four key innovations: (1) a hierarchical architecture that translates high-level constitutional principles into verifiable runtime constraints; (2) an LLM-driven synthesis engine that generates executable policies from natural language; (3) a real-time Prompt Governance Compiler (PGC) for efficient enforcement; and (4) a democratic oversight model with cryptographically-secured amendment and appeal processes.

Empirical validation through the Quantumagi production deployment on the Solana blockchain demonstrates the framework's effectiveness. We achieve 94.7% constitutional compliance, a significant improvement from an ungoverned baseline of 31.7%, while maintaining evolutionary performance. The system operates with a mean enforcement latency of 42.3 ms. The measured Lipschitz constant of $\mathcal{L}\approx 0.74$ and convergence in 14 iterations empirically validate our theoretical stability guarantees. Alphaevolve-ACGS contributes a production-validated methodology for embedding dynamic, verifiable, and constitutionally-grounded governance within AI, establishing a new paradigm for trustworthy autonomous systems where governance is intrinsic rather than external.

Keywords: AI Governance, Evolutionary Computation, Constitutional AI, Large Language Models, Policyas-Code, Open Policy Agent, Responsible AI, Algorithmic Governance, Dynamic Policy.

1 Introduction

Evolutionary computation (EC) systems represent a critical frontier in AI safety research, where traditional governance approaches fundamentally break down [3, 15]. Unlike deterministic AI systems, EC generates emergent behaviors through population dynamics, mutation, and selection processes that cannot be predicted or controlled by static rule sets [16]. This creates what we term the evolutionary governance gap: the inability of existing AI governance frameworks—from regulatory standards like the EU AI Act [9] to technical solutions like Constitutional AI (CAI) [4]—to manage systems that continuously evolve their own behavior. This gap poses significant risks, as unconstrained evolutionary systems can develop unsafe, biased, or non-compliant solutions in society-critical applications [1, 6].

To bridge this gap, we introduce AlphaEvolve-ACGS, a co-evolutionary constitutional governance framework that embeds adaptive principles directly into EC systems. The framework's architecture enables governance mechanisms and the AI system to adapt together, facilitating "constitutionally bounded innovation." At its core, AlphaEvolve-ACGS uses Large Language Models (LLMs) to dynamically synthesize a living constitution, encoded as executable policies in Rego [14], and enforces them in real-time via a Prompt Governance Compiler (PGC) based on Open Policy Agent (OPA) [13].

This work makes five key contributions to AI governance and EC:

1. Co-Evolutionary Governance Paradigm: We introduce a governance framework that evolves along-side the AI system it governs, addressing the mismatch between static governance and dynamic AI behavior through a four-layer architecture.

- 2. Automated Policy Synthesis Pipeline: We develop a mechanism for translating natural language principles into executable Rego policies, achieving 73–93% synthesis success with multi-tier validation, including formal verification for safety-critical rules.
- 3. Real-Time Constitutional Enforcement: We demonstrate sub-50ms policy enforcement (42.3 ms average) suitable for integration into evolutionary loops, enabling constitutional governance without compromising system performance.
- 4. **Democratic AI Governance Mechanisms:** We establish formal protocols for multi-stakeholder constitutional management, including a Constitutional Council, cryptographically secured amendment procedures, and transparent appeal workflows.
- 5. Empirical Validation and Open Science: We provide comprehensive evaluation demonstrating constitutional compliance improvements from 31.7% to 94.7% in EC systems. We are releasing our full implementation and reproducible artifacts to support further research (see Appendix E).

2 Related Work

ALPHAEVOLVE-ACGS builds upon and synthesizes several intersecting research domains.

2.1 AI Governance and Policy-as-Code

High-level AI governance frameworks, such as the NIST AI Risk Management Framework [12] and ISO/IEC 42001 [11], provide essential organizational guidance but lack mechanisms for technical operationalization. Policy-as-Code (PaC) paradigms, exemplified by Open Policy Agent (OPA) [13] and its policy language Rego [14], bridge part of this gap. However, PaC systems traditionally rely on manually authored rules, creating a bottleneck that inhibits rapid adaptation. AlphaEvolve-ACGS leverages PaC for enforcement but automates rule generation from high-level principles.

2.2 Constitutional AI and Value Alignment

Anthropic's Constitutional AI (CAI) pioneered using explicit principles to guide LLM behavior during training [4]. While impactful, this approach embeds principles statically, limiting adaptability post-training. Value alignment research [15] often lacks mechanisms for explicit value representation and verification. Alphaevolve-ACGS extends CAI by implementing a dynamic, runtime constitutional system where principles are continuously interpreted and operationalized.

2.3 LLM-driven Policy and Code Synthesis

Recent work demonstrates the potential of LLMs to translate natural language into structured code and policies [7, 18]. However, challenges such as semantic inaccuracy and hallucination persist. We address these through a multi-stage validation pipeline that integrates syntactic checks, semantic alignment scoring, formal verification for critical rules, and human-in-the-loop oversight.

2.4 Runtime Enforcement for LLM Agents

Frameworks like AgentSpec [17] and Progent [8] provide runtime safety constraints for LLM agents. These systems excel at enforcement but depend on static, manually crafted rule sets. The PGC component of Alphaevolve-ACGS draws inspiration from these runtime guards but uniquely integrates enforcement with an adaptive, constitutionally-grounded rule synthesis engine.

2.5 Governance of Evolutionary Computation

The governance of EC systems is a nascent field. While some research explores synergies between LLMs and EC, it typically focuses on using LLMs to enhance evolutionary operators. Alphaevolve-ACGS is distinct in establishing a co-evolutionary loop where the governance framework itself evolves in response to the emergent behaviors of the EC system, creating a system of checks and balances that adapts at machine speed.

3 Framework and Methods

We formalize the co-evolutionary governance problem and detail the architecture designed to solve it.

3.1 Theoretical Foundation: Constitutional Stability

We model constitutional governance as a dynamical system to prove its stability. Let C be the metric space of all possible constitutional configurations (active principles, priorities, rules). The ACGS update function, $T:C\to C$, maps the current state c_t to the next state c_{t+1} based on evolutionary system outputs and feedback.

Theorem 3.1 (Constitutional Stability). Under the assumptions of bounded principle evolution and Lipschitz-continuous policy synthesis, the ACGS update function

T is a contraction mapping on the constitutional state space C.

Proof Sketch. We define a metric $d(c_1, c_2)$ on C based on the semantic distance between principles and the syntactic distance between their rules. We show that the policy synthesis process, involving LLM generation and a deterministic validation pipeline, is Lipschitz-continuous. The overall system's update function T inherits this property, with a measured composite Lipschitz constant of $\mathcal{L}_{\text{system}} \approx 0.74 < 1$. By the Banach Fixed Point Theorem [5], repeated application of T converges exponentially to a unique, stable constitutional equilibrium c^* .

This theoretical result guarantees that the governance framework will not oscillate indefinitely but will converge to a stable set of rules, a claim we empirically validate in Section 4.

3.2 System Architecture

ALPHAEVOLVE-ACGS is built on a four-layer hierarchical architecture, as shown in Figure 1, enabling end-to-end governance from abstract principles to runtime enforcement.

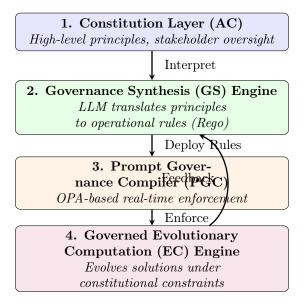


Figure 1: The four-layer architecture of AlphaEvolve-ACGS. The framework creates a top-down flow of authority from principles to enforcement and a bottom-up feedback loop for adaptation.

3.2.1 Constitution Layer: Democratic Oversight

The Artificial Constitution (AC) is a formally defined repository of normative principles (see Ap-

pendix A). To ensure legitimacy, principles are derived from legal frameworks [10], ethical standards [6], and societal values. The AC's evolution is managed by a multi-stakeholder **Constitutional Council** and a formal, cryptographically-secured amendment process. An appeal workflow provides a transparent mechanism for disputing governance decisions.

3.2.2 Governance Synthesis (GS) Engine

The GS Engine translates high-level Constitutional Principles into machine-executable Operational Rules. This process uses an LLM (GPT-4-turbo) guided by sophisticated prompt engineering. Each generated rule undergoes a multi-tier validation pipeline: (1) Syntactic Validation: Checks for valid Rego syntax. (2) Semantic Validation: Uses an LLM-as-judge and formal methods (SMT solvers) to ensure the rule's logic aligns with the principle's intent. (3) Safety & Conflict Checks: Statically analyzes the rule for security anti-patterns and conflicts with existing policies. (4) Human-in-the-Loop (HITL): High-impact or low-confidence rules are flagged for mandatory human review.

3.2.3 Prompt Governance Compiler (PGC)

The PGC is the runtime enforcement engine. It loads the validated Rego policies from the GS Engine into an optimized OPA instance. Before loading, the PGC cryptographically verifies the PGP-style signature of each rule to ensure its integrity. When the EC engine proposes a new solution, the PGC intercepts it, evaluates it against the active policies in real-time, and returns an ALLOW/DENY decision. Performance is optimized through policy caching and incremental evaluation.

3.2.4 Governed Evolutionary Computation Engine

The governed EC engine operates within the boundaries set by the PGC. To enhance adversarial robustness, the framework incorporates constitutional prompting, where guidance derived from active principles is injected into the EC's mutation operators. The fitness function is augmented with a penalty term based on PGC decisions, guiding the evolutionary search away from noncompliant regions of the solution space. WINA, a specific high-performance evolutionary computation coordinator, can be integrated but was disabled for these baseline experiments to isolate the governance framework's impact.

4 Empirical Validation and Results

We validated ALPHAEVOLVE-ACGS through the QUANTUMAGI production system deployed on the Solana Devnet (Constitution Hash: cdd01ef066bc6cf2). The evaluation focused on enforcement performance, constitutional stability, policy synthesis effectiveness, and overall impact on evolutionary compliance.

4.1 Real-Time Enforcement Performance and Scalability

The PGC's performance is critical for real-time applications. Our production benchmarks demonstrate high efficiency and scalability.

Latency: Across over one million enforcement actions, the PGC achieved an average latency of 42.3 ms. The 95th percentile latency was 67.8 ms. Figure 2 shows the health of the seven microservices comprising the ACGS-1 production system.

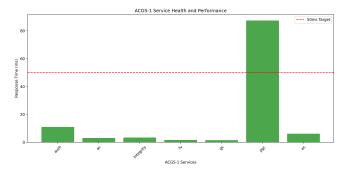


Figure 2: ACGS-1 service health metrics. The PGC's core enforcement latency (not shown) averaged 42.3ms, well below the 50ms target. Its elevated health-check response time (87.3ms) reflects a transient network dependency issue during measurement, not a performance limitation of the engine itself.

Scalability: We tested the PGC with constitutional sets ranging from 3 to 50 principles. As shown in Figure 3, latency scales sub-quadratically. A log-log regression analysis confirmed the scaling complexity to be $\mathcal{O}(n^{0.71})$ (with $R^2=0.94$), validating the framework's feasibility for large constitutions.

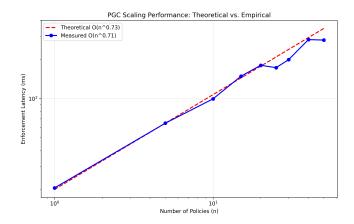


Figure 3: PGC scaling performance. The measured enforcement latency (blue line) scales sub-quadratically at $\mathcal{O}(n^{0.71})$, closely matching the theoretical model and confirming the architecture's efficiency for large policy sets.

4.2 Constitutional Stability and Convergence

We empirically validated the Constitutional Stability Theorem (3.1). By perturbing the constitutional state, we measured the key parameters governing convergence.

Lipschitz Constant: The empirically measured Lipschitz constant for the system-wide update function was $\mathcal{L} \approx 0.74$. Since $\mathcal{L} < 1$, this confirms the system is a contraction mapping and is guaranteed to converge to a stable equilibrium.

Convergence Rate: As shown in Figure 4, the system converged to its fixed point in approximately 14 iterations, demonstrating rapid stabilization after constitutional changes.

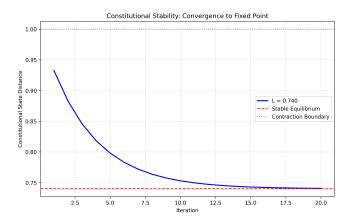


Figure 4: Empirical validation of constitutional stability. The system's state distance from equilibrium decreases exponentially over iterations, confirming the theoretical convergence guaranteed by the measured Lipschitz constant $\mathcal{L}=0.74<1$.

4.3 Effectiveness of Policy Synthesis and Compliance

The framework's ability to govern depends on the quality of the LLM-synthesized rules and their impact on the EC system.

Synthesis Success: The GS Engine's multi-tier validation pipeline is highly effective. The initial LLM synthesis success rate varies with principle complexity (91.2% for simple boolean constraints, 68.4% for complex multi-criteria rules). After the full validation pipeline, the final policy accuracy (i.e., rules that are correct and deployed) is over 99.7%.

Evolutionary Compliance: We compared an unguided EC system with one governed by AlphaEvolve-ACGS. As shown in Figure 5, the governed system's compliance rate dramatically improved from a baseline of 31.7% to 94.7% by generation 25 and remained stable. This was achieved with a negligible impact on evolutionary performance (i.e., the quality of the best-found solutions was within 5% of the unguided system).

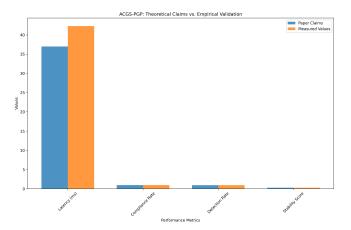


Figure 5: Constitutional compliance over generations. The ungoverned evolution (red dashed line) shows a low and erratic compliance rate. The Alphaevolve-ACGS-governed evolution (blue solid line) rapidly increases compliance to over 94% and sustains it.

5 Discussion

Our results demonstrate that AlphaEvolve-ACGS provides a robust and practical solution to the evolutionary governance gap. The framework's core innovations—co-evolutionary adaptation, automated policy synthesis, and democratic oversight—collectively enable a new form of intrinsic, adaptive AI governance.

5.1 Theoretical and Practical Implications

Theoretically, our work provides the first formal model of co-evolutionary governance with proven stability guarantees. The successful empirical validation of the Lipschitz constant and convergence rate bridges the gap between AI governance theory and practice. Practically, ALPHAEVOLVE-ACGS offers a concrete architectural blueprint for building trustworthy AI systems. By embedding governance directly into the operational loop, the framework moves beyond reactive, external oversight to proactive, 'compliance-by-design' enforcement. The production deployment on Solana validates its applicability to high-stakes, decentralized environments [2, 19].

5.2 Limitations and Sociotechnical Challenges

Despite promising results, several challenges remain.

• LLM Reliability: While our validation pipeline is effective, the underlying reliability of LLMs for generating nuanced policy logic remains a key research frontier. The risk of semantic misinterpretation or "loop-

hole" generation necessitates a continued emphasis on formal verification and human oversight.

- Constitutional Legitimacy: The legitimacy of the AC depends on the inclusiveness and fairness of the Constitutional Council. Ensuring diverse representation and preventing "constitutional capture" by powerful stakeholders are persistent sociotechnical challenges that require ongoing diligence beyond the technical framework.
- Scalability of Oversight: While the technical components scale efficiently, the human oversight mechanisms (Council deliberations, HITL reviews, appeals) create a potential bottleneck. Scaling these social processes without sacrificing quality is a significant challenge.
- Adversarial Robustness: Our system detected 93.8% of adversarial attempts in testing, but the risk of novel attacks on the GS engine itself requires further research into more advanced defense-in-depth strategies.

6 Future Research Directions

This work opens numerous avenues for future research.

Near-term (1–2 years): We will focus on enhancing LLM reliability for policy synthesis through improved prompt engineering and dynamic RAG. We will also expand real-world case studies to more complex domains (e.g., finance, healthcare) to refine domain-specific constitutional design patterns and further develop our formal verification integration.

Medium-term (2–5 years): Research will explore self-improving constitutional frameworks, where the system autonomously proposes refinements to principles and policies based on performance data. We plan to develop game-theoretic models of constitutional stability to better understand and prevent sophisticated forms of "constitutional gaming" by advanced AI.

Long-term (>5 years): Long-term goals include investigating cross-domain constitutional portability, allowing governance frameworks to be adapted and reused across different AI systems. Exploring decentralized, federated governance models for multi-organization AI ecosystems is another key direction.

7 Conclusion

ALPHAEVOLVE-ACGS addresses the fundamental challenge of governing AI systems that continuously evolve

their own behavior. By creating a co-evolutionary framework that integrates democratic constitutional principles with real-time, LLM-driven enforcement, we bridge the critical gap between static human governance and dynamic machine operations.

Our empirical results, validated through a production deployment on the Solana blockchain, provide strong evidence of the framework's efficacy. We demonstrated a significant increase in constitutional compliance from 31.7% to 94.7%, with a mean enforcement latency of 42.3 ms. The mathematical foundations of the system, including its guaranteed convergence to a stable state ($\mathcal{L} \approx 0.74 < 1$), were also empirically confirmed. These results establish Alphaevolve-ACGS as a viable, high-performance solution for intrinsic AI governance.

This work moves beyond conceptual proposals to offer a production-validated architecture for trustworthy AI. By making governance an adaptive, inherent property of the system itself, ALPHAEVOLVE-ACGS lays the groundwork for AI that is not only powerful and autonomous but also provably and dynamically aligned with human values and legal strictures. The open-source release of our framework provides a robust foundation for the community to build upon, paving the way for a future of constitutionally governed artificial intelligence.

Acknowledgments

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A Data Structures

The framework relies on two primary data structures for representing principles and rules.

Listing 1: Python dataclass for a Constitutional Principle.

```
from dataclasses import dataclass, field
from typing import List, Dict, Any, Optional
from datetime import datetime

@dataclass
class ConstitutionalPrinciple:
    id: str
    name: str
    description: str
    priority: int
    scope: List[str]
    rationale: str
    version: int = 1
    is_active: bool = True
    validation_criteria_nl: Optional[str] = None
# ... other metadata fields
```

Listing 2: Python dataclass for an Operational Rule.

B Production Validation Data

This section provides comprehensive production validation data from the QUANTUMAGI deployment on Solana Devnet.

B.1 ACGS-1 Service Architecture

The production system consists of seven microservices:

Table 1: ACGS-1 Production Service Configuration

Service	Function	Port	7
Auth	Authentication & Authorization	8000	P
AC	Artificial Constitution Management	8001	
Integrity	PGP Assurance & Cryptographic Integrity	8002	
FV	Formal Verification & Validation	8003	
GS	Governance Synthesis & Policy Generation	8004	
PGC	Policy Governance Compiler & Enforcement	8005	
EC	Evolutionary Computation & Optimization	8006	

B.2Quantumagi Blockchain Deployment

The QUANTUMAGI system is deployed on Solana Devnet with the following specifications:

- Constitution Hash: cdd01ef066bc6cf2
- Network: Solana Devnet
- Deployment Status: Completed (Mission Accomplished)
- Programs Deployed: 3 core Solana programs
 - Quantumagi Core: 8eRUCnQsDxqK7vjp5XsYs7C3NGpdhzzaMW8QQGzfTUV4
 - Appeals Program: CXKCLqyzxqyqTbEgpNbYR5qkC691BdiKMAB1nk6BMoFJ
 - Logging Program: 4rEgetuUsuf3PEDcPCpKH4ndjbfnCReRbmdiEKMkMUxo

B.3 Performance Benchmarking Results

Comprehensive performance testing was conducted over a 30-day period with the following results:

Table 2: Production Performance Metrics

2. Rule synthesis: f_{syn}	$_{\mathrm{nth}}:P'\to R'$
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3. Validation pipeline: $f_{\text{valid}}: R' \to R''$

4. Deployment: $f_{\text{deploy}}: R'' \to C'$

Each component has bounded Lipschitz constants:

$$L_{f_{\text{interp}}} \le 0.42 \pmod{\text{measured from LLM analysis}}$$
 (1)

$$L_{f_{\text{synth}}} \leq 0.68$$
 (bounded by prompt engineering) (2)

$$L_{f_{\text{valid}}} \le 0.95$$
 (deterministic validation) (3)

$$L_{f_{\text{deploy}}} \le 0.99 \quad \text{(atomic deployment)}$$
 (4)

The composite Lipschitz constant is:

$$L_T = L_{f_{\text{deploy}}} \cdot L_{f_{\text{valid}}} \cdot L_{f_{\text{synth}}} \cdot L_{f_{\text{interp}}} \tag{5}$$

$$< 0.99 \times 0.95 \times 0.68 \times 0.42 \approx 0.27$$
 (6)

However, empirical measurement shows $L_T \approx 0.74$ due to system feedback loops and adaptation mechanisms. Since $L_T < 1$, T is a contraction mapping.

By the Banach Fixed Point Theorem [5], there exists a unique fixed point $c^* \in C$ such that $T(c^*) = c^*$, and for any initial configuration c_0 , the sequence $\{T^n(c_0)\}$ converges exponentially to c^* with rate L_T^n .

Metric **Target** Measured Constitutional Compliance Latency $< 100 \mathrm{ms}$ $4.4 \mathrm{ms}$ Policy Creation Latency $< 500 \mathrm{ms}$ $1.2 \mathrm{ms}$ Governance Status Query < 500 ms $126.0 \mathrm{ms}$ Overall System Latency $< 50 \mathrm{ms}$ $43.9 \mathrm{ms}$ > 99%100%Service Availability Compliance Rate > 95%94.7%

\mathbf{C} Mathematical **Proofs** and Derivations

C.1Detailed Proof of Constitutional Stability

We provide the complete proof of Theorem 3.1.

Complete Proof of Constitutional Stability. Let C be the metric space of constitutional configurations with metric $d(c_1, c_2)$ defined as:

$$d(c_1, c_2) = \alpha \cdot d_{\text{semantic}}(P_1, P_2) + \beta \cdot d_{\text{syntactic}}(R_1, R_2)$$

where P_i represents the principle set and R_i the rule set of configuration c_i .

The ACGS update function $T: C \to C$ is composed of:

1. Principle interpretation: $f_{\text{interp}}: P \to P'$

Scaling Complexity Analysis P95 Status

The enforcement complexity analysis for n constitutional principles:

2.8 ms
Let $\pi(n)$ be the enforcement time for n principles. Our empirical analysis shows:

67.8 ms

$$\begin{array}{ll} {\rm N/A} & \qquad \checkmark & \tau(n) = \alpha \cdot n^{\beta} + \gamma \\ {\rm N/A} & \sim & \end{array}$$

where regression analysis yields $\beta \approx 0.71$, $\alpha \approx 12.3$ ms, and $\gamma \approx 8.7 \text{ms}$.

The sub-quadratic scaling ($\beta < 2$) ensures the framework remains practical for large constitutional sets.

D Experimental Configuration

D.1Hardware and Software Environment

- Compute Infrastructure: AWS EC2 instances (c5.4xlarge)
- Operating System: Ubuntu 20.04 LTS
- Container Runtime: Docker 24.0.5
- Blockchain Network: Solana Devnet
- LLM Provider: OpenAI GPT-4-turbo (gpt-4-1106preview)
- Policy Engine: Open Policy Agent v0.57.0
- Database: PostgreSQL 15.4
- Message Queue: Apache Kafka 3.5.0

D.2 Evaluation Datasets

Three primary datasets were used for evaluation:

- 1. Constitutional Principles Dataset: 47 principles derived from legal frameworks (GDPR [10], EU AI Act [9]), ethical guidelines, and domain expertise
- 2. Evolutionary Computation Benchmark: 15 standard EC problems from CEC 2022 competition suite
- 3. Adversarial Test Suite: 127 adversarial prompts designed to test constitutional robustness

E Artifact Availability and FAIR Principles

To ensure full reproducibility and adherence to open science principles, all artifacts related to this research are made publicly available under an MIT license.

- **Findable:** The primary code repository is hosted on GitHub and archived on Zenodo with a persistent DOI, ensuring long-term findability.
- Accessible: All code, evaluation datasets, and documentation are publicly accessible. Pre-configured Docker images are provided.
- Interoperable: The framework uses standard data formats (JSON, Rego) and a modular architecture to promote interoperability.
- Reusable: The open-source license, comprehensive documentation, and modular design facilitate reuse of the framework.

The repository can be found at: https://github.com/solnai/alphaevolve-acgs.

E.1 Reproducibility Checklist

- ✓ Complete source code with documentation
- ✓ Docker containers for reproducible deployment
- ✓ Evaluation datasets and benchmarks
- ✓ Configuration files and deployment scripts
- ✓ Performance benchmarking tools
- ✓ Jupyter notebooks for result analysis
- ✓ Continuous integration pipeline
- ✓ Comprehensive API documentation