## BlockMRS Design

(A) = application layer

Any time you need to encrypt with a public key, it means create a new public-private key pair.

## 1. Update your own data

- 1. Create master record, or find existing master record and update
- 2. Encrypt file with public key
- 3. Store to IPFS
- 4. Get hash from IPFS
- 5. Sign hash with private key
- 6. Publish signed hash to blockchain alongside public key
- 7. (A) cache block id

## 2. Share data with doctor

- 1. Find latest master record (A) hopefully cached
- 2. Verify the record
- 3. Decrypt IPFS file
- 4. Copy desired information
- 5. Create a new public-private key pair
- 6. Encrypt with the new public key, the doctor's public key, and any other recipient's public keys
- 7. Store to IPFS and get hash
- 8. Publish signed hash to blockchain alongside your and any recipient's public keys.
- 9. (A) Send block ID to doctor

## 3. Doctor modifies patient data

- 1. (A) Requests data from patient
- 2. Find latest record that includes the patient's and doctor's public key
- 3. Verify record
- 4. Decrypt IPFS file
- 5. Appointment occurs
- 6. Make modifications to the patient's record
- 7. Encrypt file with patient's and doctor's public keys
- 8. Store to IPFS and get a hash
- 9. (A) Send hash to patient
- 10. (A) Patient does (1), with the update being the diff of the master record and the doctors modifications.