

#### **Authenticated Encryption**

**Definitions** 

#### Goals

An authenticated encryption system (E,D) is a cipher where

As usual: E:  $K \times M \times N \longrightarrow C$ 

but D:  $K \times C \times N \longrightarrow M \cup \{\bot\}$ 

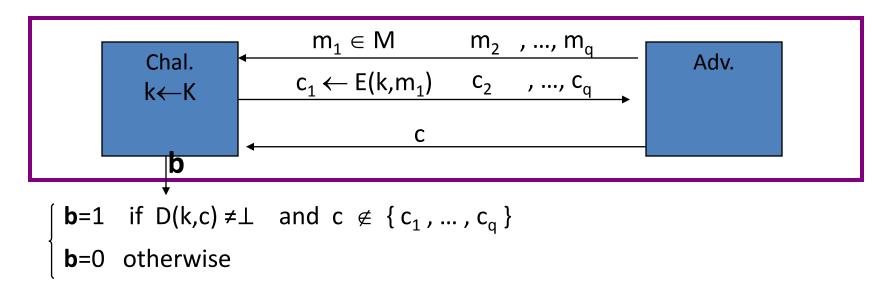
Security: the system must provide

ciphertext is rejected

- sem. security under a CPA attack, and
- ciphertext integrity:
  attacker cannot create new ciphertexts that decrypt properly

## Ciphertext integrity

Let (E,D) be a cipher with message space M.



Def: (E,D) has **ciphertext integrity** if for all "efficient" A:

 $Adv_{CI}[A,E] = Pr[Chal. outputs 1]$  is "negligible."

#### Authenticated encryption

Def: cipher (E,D) provides <u>authenticated encryption</u> (AE) if it is

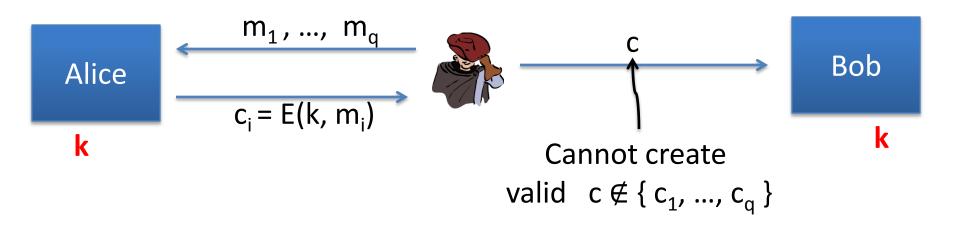
- (1) semantically secure under CPA, and
- (2) has ciphertext integrity

Bad example: CBC with rand. IV does not provide AE

•  $D(k,\cdot)$  never outputs  $\perp$ , hence adv. easily wins CI game

#### Implication 1: authenticity

Attacker cannot fool Bob into thinking a message was sent from Alice



 $\Rightarrow$  if D(k,c)  $\neq \perp$  Bob knows message is from someone who knows k (but message could be a replay)

## Implication 2

Authenticated encryption  $\Rightarrow$ 

Security against **chosen ciphertext attacks** (next segment)

# End of Segment