

# Test report

#### **UL62368**

# Audio/video, information and communication technology equipment -Safety requirements

Report No.: CstarVI29U01X

Applicant: Shenzhen Zhiyuantongtai Technology Co.,LTD

Address: Southeast 3F 8hao Tongfuyu Industrial Xinhe Community Fuhai

Street, Baoan District, shenzhen china

Product: Battery base

Trade name: PlusAcc, HomeMount.

Model name: E02-B, E01-A, E01-B, E02-A, E03, E04, E05-A, E05-B, E06-A, E06-

B, E07.

Rating: INPUT: DC12V, 1.25A. Output: DC12V, 1.25A.

Manufacturer: Shenzhen Zhiyuantongtai Technology Co.,LTD

Address: Southeast 3F 8hao Tongfuyu Industrial Xinhe Community Fuhai

Street, Baoan District, shenzhen china

Date of receipt of test item: 2021-09-19

Date (s) of performance of

tests:

2021-09-19

Date of issue: 2021-09-29

Service Requested: Perform the UL62368 test as customer's requirement

Method: As specified in UL62368: 2014

Conclusion Pass

Testing Laboratory: Shenzhen C-Star Test Co., Ltd.

Testing location/ address: Room 208, 2/F, Building A3, No.416, Xuegang North Road, Qinghu

Community, Longhua Subdistrict, Longhua District, Shenzhen,

Guangdong, China

Tested by: Jesse Fu

Approved by: Jason Zhang

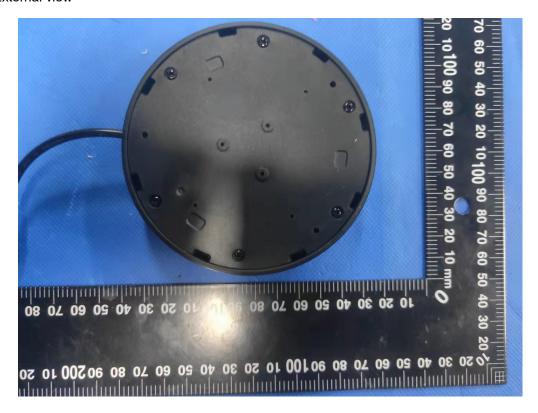
2.0 Product Description						
	Battery base					
Brand name	PlusAcc, HomeMount					
Description	The product covered by this report is Battery base, indoor use. The product has one Phone charger port, one warch Wireless charger port and one Apple Airpods Wireless charger port. The output port of the product complied with the requirement of Limited power source.  Source of electrical energy: Corresponding classification (ES) - All circuits supplied by DC mains: ES1 - Output port: ES1 Source of power or PIS: Corresponding classification (PS) - All circuits supplied by DC mains: PS1 - Output port: PS1 Source of hazardous substances: Corresponding chemical - Electrolytic capacitor: Electrolyte Source of kinetic/mechanical energy: Corresponding classification (MS) - Equipment mass: MS1 - Edges and corners: MS1 Source of thermal energy: Corresponding classification (TS) - All part: TS1 Type of radiation: Corresponding classification (RS) - NA  Relevant technical consideration: Classification of use by: Ordinary person Supply connection: DC mains Operating condition: Continuous Supply connection: Open connection AC mains Equipment mobility: transportable Class of equipment: Class III Access location: NA Pollution degree (PD): PD2 Maximum ambient temperature: 40 degree C IP protection class: IPX0 Power systems: NA Mass of equipment (kg): Approx. 0.174					
Models	E02-B					
Model Similarity	E01-A, E01-B, E02-A, E03, E04, E05-A, E05-B, E06-A, E06-B, E07.					
ŭ	DC12V, 1.25A					
Other Ratings	NA					

#### 3.0 Product Photographs

Photo 1 - External view



Photo 2 - External view



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Photo 3 - External view



Photo 4 - External view

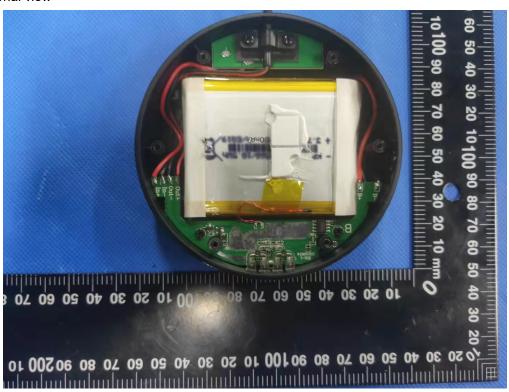
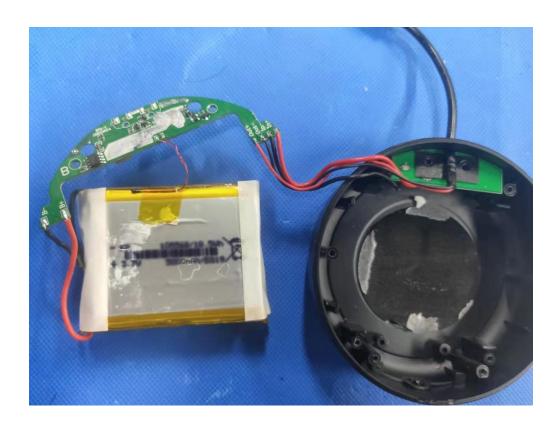


Photo 5 - External view



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4.0 Critic	4.0 Critical Components						
Item	Name	Manufacturer/ trademark <sup>2</sup>	Type / model <sup>2</sup>	Technical data and securement means	Mark(s) of conformity <sup>3</sup>		
1	PWB	KINGBOARD LAMINATES HOLDINGS LIMITED	KB-6160A	V-0, 130℃	UL (E123995)		
2	Internal wire	DONGGUAN HAODE WIRE & CABLE TECHNOLOGY CO LTD	3239	22AWG, 200°C, 3KVdc, VW-1	E364036		
3	Pvc Jacketed Cable	Dongguan Jialian Wire & Cable Co Ltd	2464	24AWG, 80°C, 300V, VW-1	E481928		
4	IC U3 PCB_PB	XySemi Inc	XB8886A	Overcharge detection voltage: 4.3V Over discharge detection voltage: 2.4V	Tested with appliance		
5	IC U4 PCB_PB	SILERGY	SY7215A	VIN: 3V~16V	Tested with appliance		
6	IC U5 PCB_PB	SOUTHCHIP	SC8930A/QFN	VBus: 4V~14V	Tested with appliance		
7	Cell	Shandong Kinpin Energy Co., Ltd.	955565	3.7Vdc, 5000mAh	UL approved		
8	Cell	GanZhou Novel Battery Technology Co., Ltd.	955465	3.7Vdc, 5000mAh	UL approved		
9	Cell	GanZhou Novel Battery Technology Co., Ltd.	105568	3.7Vdc, 5000mAh	UL approved		

#### NOTES:

<sup>1)</sup> Not all item numbers are indicated (called out) in the photos, as their location is obvious.

<sup>2) &</sup>quot;Various" means any type, from any manufacturer that complies with the "Technical data and securement means" and meets the "Mark(s) of conformity" can be used.

<sup>3)</sup> Indicates specific marks to be verified, which assures the agreed level of surveillance for the component. "NR" - indicates Unlisted and only visual examination is necessary. "See 5.0" indicates Unlisted components or assemblies to be evaluated periodically refer to section 5.0 for details.

## **5.0 Critical Unlisted CEC Components**

No Unlisted CEC components are used in this report.

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#### 6.0 Critical Features

<u>Recognized Component</u> - A component part, which has been previously evaluated by an accredited certification body with restrictions and must be evaluated as part of the basic product considering the restrictions as specified by the Conditions of Acceptability.

<u>Listed Component</u> - A component part, which has been previously Listed or Certified by an accredited Certification Organization with no restrictions and is used in the intended application within its ratings.

<u>Unlisted Component</u> - A part that has not been previously evaluated to the appropriate designated component standard. It may also be a Listed or Recognized component that is being used outside of its evaluated Listing or component recognition.

<u>Critical Features/Components</u> - An essential part, material, subassembly, system, software, or accessory of a product that has a direct bearing on the product's conformance to applicable requirements of the product standard.

<u>Construction Details</u> - For specific construction details, reference should be made to the photographs and descriptions. All dimensions are approximate unless specified as exact or within a tolerance. In addition to the specific construction details described in this Report, the following general requirements also apply.

- 1. Spacing Class III product
- 2. <u>Mechanical Assembly</u> Components such as switches, fuseholders, connectors, wiring terminals and display lamps are mounted and prevented from shifting or rotating by the use of lockwashers, starwashers, or other mounting format that prevents turning of the component.
- 3. <u>Corrosion Protection</u> All ferrous metal parts are protected against corrosion by painting, plating or the equivalent.
- 4. Accessibility of Live Parts All circuits is ES1
- 5. Grounding Class III product
- 6. Polarized Connection This product is not provided with a polarized power supply connection.
- 7. <a href="Internal Wiring">Internal Wiring</a> Internal wiring is routed away from sharp or moving parts. Internal wiring leads terminating in soldered connections are made mechanically secure prior to soldering. Recognized Component separable (quick disconnect) connectors of the positive detent type, closed loop connectors, or other types specifically described in the text of this report are also acceptable as internal wiring terminals. At points where internal wiring passes through metal walls or partitions, the wiring insulation is protected against abrasion or damage by plastic bushings or grommets.
- 8. Schematics NA
- 9. Markings Refer to Illustration No.1 of Section 7.0 for details.
- 10. Cautionary Markings This product is not need to provided with any cautionary markings.
- 11. <u>Installation, Operating and Safety Instructions</u> Instructions for installation and use of this product are provided by the manufacturer. When selling in Canada market, instructions in both French and English are required.

### 7.0 Illustrations

Illustration 1 - Marking

Note 2: The above markings are the minimum requirements required by the safety standard. For the final production samples, the additional markings which do not give rise to misunderstanding may be added.

19-Sept-2021 to 29-Sept-2021			Project No. SP1912067l01		
19-Sept-2021	Condition	Prototype	Sample ID. P191206701001		
Shenzhen C-Sta	r Test Co., Ltd				
Room 208, 2/F.,	Building A3, No.41	6, Xuegang North F	Road, Qinghu Community, Longhua		
Subdistrict, Longhua District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, China					
Testing Lab					
result includes co	nsideration of meas	surement uncertaint	y from the test equipment and		
			• • •		
ere performed:					
		UL 62368-1:2014 Ed.2 / Clause			
Heating test and abnormal & fault condition test			9.0, B.2.6, B.3, B.4, Annex G.5.3, G.5.4		
rce (PS) measure	ments for				
,		6.2.2			
ng PIS			6.2.3.1		
Determination of Resistive PIS			6.2.3.2		
Input test			Annex B.2.5, Annex E		
Durability, legibility and permanence of markings			Annex F.3.9		
Limited power source test (LPS)			Annex Q.1		
Steady force test, 10 N			Annex T.2		
Steady force test, 30 N			Annex T.3		
	19-Sept-2021 Shenzhen C-Sta Room 208, 2/F., Subdistrict, Long Testing Lab result includes co t was tested as ir ere performed:  ormal & fault cond rece (PS) measure ing PIS istive PIS  ad permanence of test (LPS) N	Shenzhen C-Star Test Co., Ltd Room 208, 2/F., Building A3, No.41 Subdistrict, Longhua District, Shenz Testing Lab result includes consideration of meast was tested as indicated below with ere performed:  ormal & fault condition test rece (PS) measurements for ng PIS istive PIS  od permanence of markings test (LPS) N	Shenzhen C-Star Test Co., Ltd Room 208, 2/F., Building A3, No.416, Xuegang North F Subdistrict, Longhua District, Shenzhen, Guangdong, C Testing Lab result includes consideration of measurement uncertaint t was tested as indicated below with results in conformatere performed:  UL 623  Description of measurement uncertaint to the state of t		

Steady force test, 30	N		Annex T.3		
8.1 Signatures					
A representative sample of the product covered by this report has been evaluated and found to comply with the applicable requirements of the standards indicated in Section 1.0.					
Completed by:	Jesse Fu	Reviewed by:	Jason Zhang		
Title:	Project Handler	Title:	Reviewer		
Signature:	Jesse Fu	Signature:	Josen Zhang		

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9.0 Correlation Page Fo	or Multiple Listings				
The following products, which are identical to those identified in this report except for model number and Listee name.					
BASIC LISTEE					
Address					
Country					
Product					
MULTIPLE LISTEE 1	None				
Address	None				
Country					
Brand Name					
ASSOCIATED MANUFACTURER Address Country					
	LISTEE 1 MODELS	BASIC LISTEE MODELS			
IVIOLITELL	EISTEE T MODELS	BASIC LISTEL MIODELS			
MULTIPLE LISTEE 2	None				
Address					
Country					
Brand Name					
ASSOCIATED					
MANUFACTURER					
Address					
Country					
MULTIPLE	LISTEE 2 MODELS	BASIC LISTEE MODELS			
MULTIPLE LISTEE 3	None				
Address	110110				
Country					
Brand Name					
ASSOCIATED					
MANUFACTURER Address					
Country					
MULTIPLE	LISTEE 3 MODELS	BASIC LISTEE MODELS			

#### 10.0 General Information

The Applicant and Manufacturer have agreed to produce, test and label ETL Listed products in accordance with the Report. The Manufacturer has also agreed to notify Intertek and to request authorization prior to using alternate paraterials.

#### COMPONENTS

Components used shall be those itemized in this C-star report covering the product, including any amendments and/ Components used shall be those itemized in this C-star report covering the product, including any

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The manufacturer agrees to conduct the following Manufacturing and Production Tests as specified:

#### **Required Tests**

Dielectric Voltage Withstand Test (Not: this product is not applicable)

#### 11.1 Dielectric Voltage Withstand Test

#### Method

One hundred percent of production of the products covered by this Report shall be subjected to a routine production line dielectric withstand test.

The test shall be conducted on products, which are fully assembled. Prior to applying the test potential, all switches, contactors, relays, etc., should be closed so that all primary circuits are energized by the test potential. If all primary circuits cannot be tested at one time, then separate applications of the test potential shall be made.

The test voltage specified below shall be applied between primary circuits and accessible dead-metal parts. The test voltage may be gradually increased to the specified value but must be maintained at the specified value for one second or one minute as required.

#### **Test Equipment**

The test equipment shall incorporate a transformer with an essentially sinusoidal output, a means to indicate the applied test potential, and an audible and/or visual indicator of dielectric breakdown.

The test equipment shall incorporate a voltmeter in the output circuit to indicate directly the applied test potential if the rated output of the test equipment is less than 500VA.

If the rated output of the test equipment is 500VA or more, the applied test potential may be indicated by either:

- 1 a voltmeter in the primary circuit;
- 2 a selector switch marked to indicate the test potential; or
- 3 a marking in a readily visible location to indicate the test potential for test equipment having a single test potential output.

In cases 2 and 3, the test equipment shall include a lamp or other visual means to indicate that the test potential is present at the test equipment output. All test equipment shall be maintained in current calibration.

Products Requiring Dielectric Voltage Withstand Test:					
Product	Test Voltage	Test Time			
NA					
NA	NA	NA			

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12.0 Revision Summary						
The following changes are in compliance with the declaration of Section 8.1:  Date/ Proj # Site ID Reviewer Section Item Description of Change						
Date/ Proj # Site ID	Project Handler/ Reviewer	Section	Item	Description of Change		
				None		



## **TEST DATA SHEET of IEC 62368-1**

Clause	Performance Test	Comment
4.7	Torque test of Devices Forming a Part of Mains Plug	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
4.8	Safety requirements for coin/button cell batteries	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.2, 5.7.2.1	Classification of electrical energy sources	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.3.2	Accessibility to electrical energy sources and safeguards (Accessibility test)	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.4.1.3	Hygroscopic Material Provided As an Insulation Material	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.4.1.4, 6.3, 6.4, 9.0, B.2.6, B.3, B.4, Annex G.5.3, G.5.4	Heating test and abnormal &fault condition test	⊠ P/ □ F/ □ NA
5.4.1.5.2, 5.4.1.5.3	Test for pollution degree 1 environment	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.4.1.8	Determination of working voltage	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.4.2, 5.4.3	Clearances and Creepage Distances Measurement	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.4.1.10.3	Ball pressure test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.4.5	Surge test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.4.7	Test for cemented joints	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.4.8	Humidity test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.4.4, 5.4.9	Electric strength test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.4.10	Safeguards against transient voltages from external circuits	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.4.11	Separation between external circuits and earth	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.5.2.2	Safeguards against capacitance discharge test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.6.6.2	Resistance of the protective bonding system (Ground continuity test)	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
5.7.2.1, 5.7.2.2, 5.7.4	Earthed accessible conductive part test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
6.2.2	Electrical Power Source (PS) measurements for classification	⊠ P/ □ F/ □ NA
6.2.3.1	Determination of Potential Ignition Sources (Arcing PIS)	□ P/□ F/⊠

Clause	Performance Test	Comment
		NA
6.2.3.2	Determination of Potential Ignition Sources (Resistive PIS)	⊠ P/□ F/□ NA
8.6	Stability test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
8.7	Wall or ceiling mount loading test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
8.8	Handle strength test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
8.10	Carts, stands, and similar carriers test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
Annex B.2.5, Annex E	Input test	⊠ P/ □ F/ □ NA
Annex F.3.9	Durability, legibility and permanence of markings	NA P/ □ F/ □
Annex G.5.2	Endurance test of wire insulation in wound components	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
Annex G.7.3.2	Cord strain relief test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
Annex G10	Resistor test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
M.3	Batteries	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
M.4	Additional safeguards for equipment containing secondary lithium batteries	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
Annex Q.1	Limited power source test (LPS)	⊠ P/ □ F/ □ NA
Annex S	Tests for resistance to heat and fire	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
Annex P.4	Adhesive test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
Annex T.2	Steady force test, 10 N	⊠ P/ □ F/ □ NA
Annex T.3	Steady force test, 30 N	⊠ P/ □ F/ □ NA
Annex T.4	Steady force test, 100 N	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
Annex T.5	Steady force test, 250 N	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
Annex T.6	Enclosure impact test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA

Clause	Performance Test	Comment
Annex T.7	Drop test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
Annex T.8	Stress relief test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
Annex T.9	Glass impact test	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
Annex T.11	Test for telescoping or rod antennas	□ P/□ F/⊠ NA

4.7	Torque Tests For Devices Forming a	Part of Mains Plug	□ P/ □ F/ ⊠ NA			
METHOD:  A EUT was plugged into a standard socket-outlet without earthing contact. UK plug was tested with earthing contact. The output cords of a transformer or power supply shall not be bundled so that it will influence a lot of the testing result. The output cord may be cut out to leave 10 cm on the sample to minimize the influence of the cord weight. The additional torque to maintain balance was recorded. Test was repeated with the EUT reverse inserted. The test was repeated with different plugs.						
	PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:  At most unfavorable position ≤ 0.25 Nm (≡ 2.55kg·f·cm)					
Tested at output cord downward position:  Torque:Nm						
Tested Up-si	de down:	Torque:Nm				
Equipment used:						

4.8	Safety requirements for coin/button cell batteries	□ P/ □ F/ ⊠ NA			
Note: The	requirement of this clause do not apply to:				
	FESSIONAL EQUIPMENT				
· <del></del>	nent for locations where it is unlikely that children will be present				
	ratus containing COIN / BUTTON CELL BATTERIES which are soldered in pla	ce.			
• •	coin/button cell batteries with a diameter of 32 mm or less (Diameter:	mm)			
	(	,			
4.8.4.2 S	ress relief test				
equipment	y compartment utilizes moulded or formed thermoplastic materials, the sample or of the complete enclosure together with any supporting framework, is tester f Clause T.8.				
During the	test, the battery may be removed.				
4.8.4.3	Battery replacement test	$\square$ P/ $\square$ F/ $\boxtimes$ NA			
After the	est: The coin/button cell batteries shall not become ACCESSIBLE.				
		_			
4.8.4.4	Drop test	☐ P/ ☐ F/ ⊠ NA			
After the	est: The coin/button cell batteries shall not become ACCESSIBLE.				
4045	Lucastitast				
4.8.4.5	Impact test	☐ P/ ☐ F/ NA			
After the	est: The coin/button cell batteries shall not become ACCESSIBLE.				
4.8.4.6	Crush test	□ P/ □ F/ NA			
After the	est: The coin/button cell batteries shall not become ACCESSIBLE.				
4.8.5	Compliance	$\square$ P/ $\square$ F/ $\boxtimes$ NA			
After the test:    For IEC /EN 62368-1: The battery compartment door / cover shall remain functional, the coin/button cell batteries   shall not   become ACCESSIBLE.					
	JCSA 62368-1: The battery compartment door / cover shall remain functional, shall not open and the coin/button cell batteries shall not become ACCESSI				
Equipment used:					

Clause 5.2, 5.7.2.1	Classification of Electrical energy sources	□ P/ □ F/ ⊠ NA
METHOD:		

The unit was connected to a supply source as indicated below and operated under any load conditions which can generate maximum voltage or current (currents were measured according to 5.7, using measuring networks in Figures 4 and 5 respectively in IEC 60990) under normal, abnormal and single fault conditions.

Class II equipment or class II construction, the user accessible area was tested by a metal foil 10cm x 20 cm.

#### **PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:**

Within the limit of Table defined and the following described.

- The ES1 limits <u>under normal operating conditions (NC)</u> and <u>abnormal operating conditions</u>.
- The ES1 limits <u>under **single fault conditions (SFC)**</u> of a component, device or insulation <u>**not serving as a safeguard**</u>.
  - The ES2 limits under single fault conditions (SFC) of a basic safeguard.

5.2.2.2, 5.2.2.4, 5.2.2.5, 5.7.2.1 TABLE: Classification of electrical energy sources

#### 5.2.2.2 - Steady State Voltage and Current conditions

	Test		Test conditions		ES		
I NIO I	voltage (V)	Location		Vrms or Vpk	Arms or Apk	Hz	Class
			Normal				
			Abnormal - Maximum load at output terminal				
			Single fault –SC				
			Single fault –SC				

#### 5.2.2.4 - Single Pulses

	Test voltage						
No. (V)		Location	Test conditions	Duration (ms)	Upk (V)	lpk (mA)	ES Class
			Normal:				
			Abnormal:				
			Single fault: SC/OC				

#### 5.2.2.5 - Repetitive Pulses

	Toot voltage		et voltage		Parameters		
No.	Test voltage (V)	Location	Test conditions	Off time (ms)	Upk (V)	lpk (mA)	ES Class
			Normal:				
			Abnormal:				

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Single fault: SC/OC								
Equipment used:  Clause 5.3.2 Accessibility to electrical energy sources and safeguards  □ P/ □ F / ⋈ NA  METHOD:								
Equipment used:  Clause 5.3.2 Accessibility to electrical energy sources and safeguards  □ P/ □ F / ⋈ NA  METHOD:								
Clause 5.3.2 Accessibility to electrical energy sources and safeguards □ P/ □ F / ⋈ NA  METHOD:								
METHOD:								
Book of an of Consider the Book of the Late of the Constant of								
Protection of Operator – by the indicated below								
EUT: Remove all operator-detachable parts, including fuseholders; open all doors and covers which were user								
accessible (lamps were not removed); operator separable connectors disconnected (not including IEC60083 plug & socket-outlet); movable parts were in most unfavorable positions.								
PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:								
- shall not become <b>accessible</b> to class 3 energy sources other than PS3; and								
- All other <b>safeguards</b> shall remain effective.								
- Air gap > 420 V: Additional spacing of contact the voltage as specified in Table 9 of the standard or dielectric strength test.								
Contact to hazardous parts Falling location								
Test Probe possible								
☐ Fig. V.1: accessible to children ☐ Yes, ☐ No								
Jointed test probe: without appreciable force								
Straight unjointed test probe: up to 30 N								
☐ Fig. V.2: unlikely accessible to children ☐ Yes, ☐ No								
Jointed test probe: without appreciable force								
Straight unjointed test probe: up to 30 N								
□ • Fig. V.3 (Blunt probe) without appreciable □ Yes, □ No								
force: Plugs, jacks, connectors								
☐ • Fig. V.4_(Wedge probe): slot openings ☐ Yes, ☐ No								
<ul> <li>Fig. V.5 (Terminal probe): any other openings within 25 mm from the terminal, up to 1 N</li> </ul>								
Equipment used:								
5.4.1.3 Hygroscopic Material Provided As an Insulation Material □ P/ □ F / ⋈ NA								
☐ A specimen of the material is subjected to a temperature (20 °C~30 °C, ±2°C), and a relative humidity of 90% to								
96%, 48h.								
For apparatus to be used under tropical conditions, A specimen of the material is subjected to a temperature ( $40^{\circ}$ C), and a relative humidity of 90% to 96%, 120h.								
After this preconditioning, the specimen shall comply with the Insulation resistance and dielectric strength test in Clause 5.4.9.1								

Insulation resistance measured after humidity treatment for:	R (MW)	Limit (MW)				
		≥ 4 MΩ				
Dielectric strength test after humidity treatment for:	Test voltage (Vpeak)	Breakdown				
		☐ Yes, ☐ No				
Equipment used:						

5.4.1.4, 6.3,		⊠ P/ □ F/ □ NA
6.4, 9.0, B.2.6, B.3,	Heating test and abnormal &fault condition test	
B.4, Annex G.5.3, G.5.4		
G.5.3, G.5.4		

#### METHOD:

The sample was connected to a supply source and operated until temperatures became stable under **normal operating conditions** according to **Clause B.2** and under **abnormal operating conditions** according to **Clause B.3**. Temperatures of parts were measured by thermal couplers (TC), or windings were measured by resistance change method. Measuring place shall be a point close to the heat source.

The test conditions with **Thermocouple method** were as follows:

#### **PASS/FAIL CRITERIA**:

Within the limit of Table defined.

5.4.1.4, 6.3.2, 9.0, B.2.6	TABLE: Maximum temperature measurements				
	Test voltage (V) :	a) U= 4.25Vdc b) U + = 6.00Vdc c) U= 7.65Vdc d) U= 10.80Vdc			

Channal	Took loosticm/monto	Maximu	Allowed		
Channel	Test location/parts	5Vdc	9Vdc		T <sub>max</sub> (°C)
1	PCB near IC	70.3	 72.8		130
2	Internal wire	62.5	 60.1		80
3	Wireless induction coil	76.3	 75.9		120
4	Enclosure insider near induction co	il 72.1	70.5		80
5	Ambient	40.0	 40.0		
1	Enclosure outsider near induction coil	42.3	 41.1		77
2	Accessible metal connector of iPhone	36.2	 35.6		77
3	Ambient	25.0	 		

No	Condition	Test voltage (V)	Input current (A)	Input power (W)	Output power (W)	Fuse open current (A)	Result
1	Output SC	9	0	0			Unit shutdown immediately. no damaged, no hazards, NB, NC, NT.
2	Blocked ventilation openings	9	1.1→1.1	11. 4→11.4			Running for 60mins, Normal working, no damaged, no hazards, NB, NC, NT.  1. Wireless induction coil:79.5°C; 2. Enclosure outsider near induction coil: 43.5°C; 3. Accessible metal connector of iPhone: 37.5°C 4.Ambient: 25.2°C.

Note:  $\textit{Max}=\max$  non-clipped or available output power, SC= short circuit, OC= open circuit, OL= over load, BL= block. V= vertical, H= horizontal

Equipment used: --

Clause 5.4.1.5.2 Test for Pollution D	□ P/ □ F/ ⊠ NA					
METHOD:  • Step 1, Thermal cycling: 1 sample, 10 times of the following sequence of temperature cycles; then  a) 68 h at $(T_1 \pm 2)^{\circ}C$ b) 1 h at $(25 C \pm 2)^{\circ}C$ c) 2 h at $(0 C \pm 2)^{\circ}C$ d) ≥ 1 h at $(25 C \pm 2)^{\circ}C$ $T_1 = (T_2 + T_{ma} - T_{amb} + 10K)$ or 85°C, whichever was higher; $T_2$ = temperature of the part during test of <b>5.4.1.4</b> .						
Step 2, <u>Humidity test</u> : after humidity	conditioning of <b>5.4.8</b> ,	then electric stren	gth test of 5	.4.9.		
<ul> <li>PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:         <ul> <li>There shall be no delamination which affects the creepage distances required to fulfil the requirements of pollution degree 1.</li> <li>There shall be no visible voids, gaps or cracks in the insulating material.</li> </ul> </li> </ul>						
Step 1, Thermal cycling:						
Temperature T1 :	Started date: ,	Time:	Ended date	e: , Time:		
Step 2, <u>Humidity test of 5.4.8</u> :						
Temperature : and Humidity : % RH	Started date: ,	Time:	Ended date	e: , Time:		
Step 2, Electric strength test of 5.4.9:						
Test voltage applied between		Test voltage		Breakdown		
		Vac/Vdc		☐ Yes, ☐ No		
		Vac/Vdc		☐ Yes, ☐ No		
		Vac/Vdc		☐ Yes, ☐ No		
Notes: Alternating polarity for electric strength test of dc voltage.						
Equipment used:						

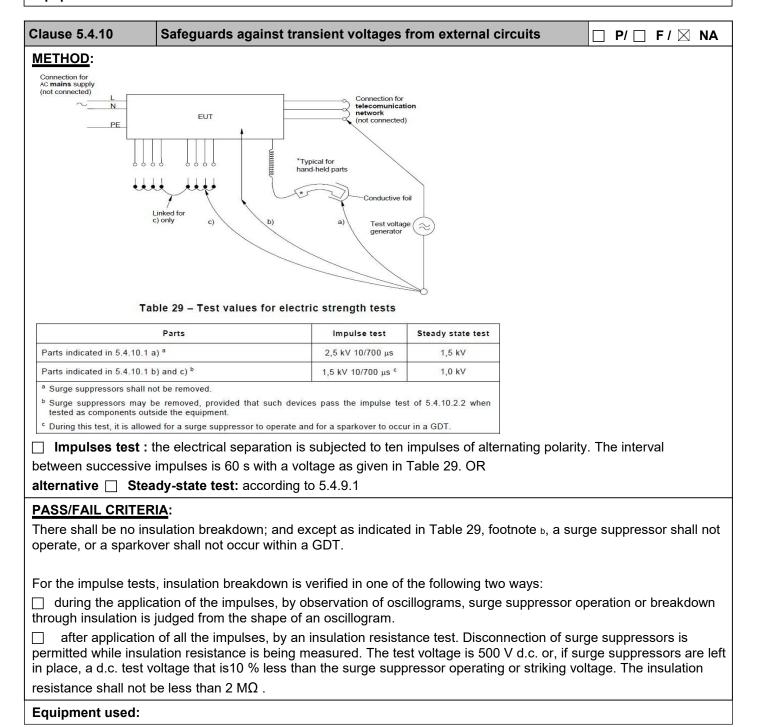
Clause 5.4.1.8	Det	ermination of	working	volta	ge					□ P/	□ F/⊠ NA
METHOD: The unit was connected to <u>a supply source as indicated below</u> and operated normally. Working voltages between the following points were recorded.  Common reference GND established by connecting PE to N – neutral (TN power system) and to secondary GND (or output – ).											
5.4.1.8 Table: Working voltage measurement											
		Test voltage		:	_	_Vac/,_	Hz				
		Ambient temp	perature	:		_∘C					
	Loc	cation				Measure	d voltage/fre	quency			
				F	Peak	(V)	RMS (V)	Hz			comments
Equipment use	d:										
5.4.2, 5.4.3	Me	asurement of	Clearanc	ce and	d Cre	eepage Di	stance			□ P/	☐ F/⊠NA
To determine the - Procedure 1: Description - Procedure 2: Description - Pr	Deteri Deteri <b>aran</b>	mine clearance mine clearance ces may be de	es accord es accord etermined	ding to ling to lusing	5.4 5.4. an	.2.2 using 2.3 using	the <b>peak wo</b> i he <b>required</b> v	rking volta withstand	ge. volta		
Procedure:	_2_										
Clearance (cl) an distance (cr) at/o			Up (V)	U r.m (V		Frequency (kHz)1	Required cl	cl (mm) 2		juired3 (mm)	cr (mm)
Supplementary i	nforn	l nation:						<u> </u>			
Note 1: Only for			kHz								

Note 2: See table 5.4 Note 3: Provide Mate	4.2.4 if this is based on eleder erial Group	ctric strength test					
Table 16 – Electric	strength test voltages						
Test voltage applie	d between		Test voltag	е	Breakdown		
					☐ Yes, ☐	No	
Procedure 2:	_						
clearance and cree	page distance at/of:	Required withstand	Min.	Min.	dcr		
		voltages	required	(mm)	required	(mm)	
		_					
		-					
		_					
Faultaneant							
Equipment used:							
Olaves 5 4 4 40 0D	Dell masses to et						
Clause 5.4.1.10.3B	Ball pressure test				□ P/ □ F/	× NA	
	C 60695-10-2. The surface ameter pressed against this			d in a horiz	ontal position a	and a	
The test was made a	at a temperature which was	(T-Tamb+Tma+15°C)	2°C. How	ever, a the	ermoplastic sup	porting	
	plied from the mains was te						
After 1 h, the ball wa immersion in the colo	is removed and the sample d water.	cooled down to approx	ximate room t	temperatur	e within 10 s by	y	
PASS/FAIL CRITER							
	sion d (diameter of the inde	entation) shall not excee	ed 2 mm.				
5.4.1.10.3 T	ABLE: Ball pressure test	of thermoplastic part	ts				
Material/Manufactu	rer/Part No.	Test tempera	ture (°C)	Impre	ession diamete	er (mm)	
Equipment used:							
Clause 5.4.5	Current Took						
	Surge Test				□ P/ □ F/	∕ ⊠ NA	
	apparatus between access harges from the impulse tes equal to 10 kV.						

PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:									
After the test, the tested insulation shall comply with the requirement of the following.									
- Insulation resistance in <b>Table 24</b> , or									
<ul> <li>Electric strength test of 5.4.9 without insulation breakdown.</li> </ul>									
5.4.5	TABLE: Surge test								
Insulation between	Electric strength test	Insulation resistar	nce (M	Results					
The mains and the POE output		> 4 M		☐ Pass, ☐ Fail					
Notes: Alternating polar	ity for electric strength test	of dc voltage.							
Equipment used:									
Clause 5.4.7 Tes	t for cemented joints			□ P/ □ F/ NA					
Step 1, Thermal cycling     a) 68 h at (T₁ ± 2     b) 1 h a     c) 2 h a     d) ≥ 1 h at (25     T₁ = (T₂ + Tௌ - T₃mb + 1     T₂ = temperature of the     Step 2, Electric strengt     Step 2, Humidity test: t  PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:	<ul> <li>b) 1 h at (25 C ± 2)°C</li> <li>c) 2 h at (0 C ± 2)°C</li> <li>d) ≥ 1 h at (25 C ± 2)°C</li> <li>T₁ = (T₂ + T<sub>ma</sub> -T<sub>amb</sub> + 10K) or 85°C, whichever was higher;</li> <li>T₂ = temperature of the part during test of 5.4.1.4.</li> <li>Step 2, Electric strength test: 1 sample, 1.6 times test voltage of 5.4.9.</li> <li>Step 2, Humidity test: the other two samples, after humidity conditioning of 5.4.8, then electric strength test above.</li> </ul>								
Step 1, Thermal cycling:									
Temperature T1 :	Started date:	,Time:	Ended da	ate: , Time:					
Step 2, Humidity test of 5	<b>4.8</b> :								
Temperature : Humidity :	°C and Started date:	, Time:	Ended da	ate: , Time:					
Step 2, Electric strength to	est of <b>5.4.9</b> :								
Test voltage applied bet	ween	Test voltage		Breakdown					
		Vac/Vdc		☐ Yes, ☐ No					
Notes: Alternating polar	Notes: Alternating polarity for electric strength test of dc voltage.								
Equipment used:									

Clause 5.4.8	Humidity conditioning		$\square$ P/ $\square$ F/ $\boxtimes$ NA				
METHOD:  A humidity chamber was maintained below. The unit and any other separate components were brought to a temperature between t and (t + 4) °C. They were then placed in the chamber and held at a relative humidity and testing period. Prior to conditioning, parts of the unit (covers) that could be removed without the use of tools were removed and separately placed in the chamber. During conditioning, cable entrances and/or a conduit opening were left open. During this treatment, the unit was not energized.  The insulation was then subjected to electric strength test of <b>5.4.9</b> while the EUT was still in the cabinet.							
PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:  The dielectric strength test shall be conducted without insulation breakdown under double insulation or/and basic insulation after humidity conditioning.							
	E: Humidity conditioning						
Temperature :	°C and Humidity:%RH, Test time	e:hours					
Electric strength test	of <b>5.4.9</b> :						
Test voltage applied	d between	Test voltage	Breakdown				
L/N to output termina	I		☐ Yes, ⊠ No				
L/N to metal enclosu	re		☐ Yes, ⊠ No				
Notes: Alternating p	polarity for electric strength test of dc v	oltage.					
Equipment used:							
0							
Clause 5.4.9	Electric Strength test		□ P/□ F/⊠ NA				
METHOD: The test was made w	hile the EUT was still in well-heated cor	ndition (immediately after <b>5.4</b> .	<b>1.4</b> heating test).				
	switch of the EUT was in ON position.	,	• '				
	a.c. of 50 or 60 Hz or d.c. voltage equa sed from zero to the specified voltage ar		ltage. Test voltage was				
Insulation breakdown was: Current flows through the insulation rapidly increases in an uncontrolled manner; that was the insulation does not restrict the flow of the current. Corona discharge or a single momentary flashover was not regarded as insulation breakdown. A test incorporating reinforced insulation and lower grades insulation (BI, SI), care was taken not to overstress BI or SI. This was happened frequently when the secondary circuits (user accessible parts) were directly connected to earth. Where capacitors were across the insulation, d.c. voltage was recommended for the test.							
PASS/FAIL CRITER Without indication of	IA: insulation breakdown during or after the	e test.					
5.4.9	TABLE: Electric strength test	s					
Test voltage applied	d between	Test voltage	Breakdown				
L/N to output termina	I		☐ Yes, ⊠ No				
L/N to metal enclosure ☐ Yes, ☒ No							
Notes: Alternating polarity for electric strength test of dc voltage.							

#### Equipment used:



#### Separation between external circuits and earth

#### $\square$ P/ $\square$ F/ $\boxtimes$ NA

#### **METHOD:**

Clause 5.4.11

Compliance is checked by inspection and by the electric strength test of 5.4.9.1.

Components, other than capacitors, that bridge the separation, may be removed during electric strength testing.

Components that are left in place during the test shall not be damaged.

If components are removed, the following additional test with a test circuit according to Figure 31 is performed with all components in place.

For equipment powered from a.c. mains, the test is performed with a voltage equal to the rated voltage of the equipment or to the upper voltage of the rated voltage range. For equipment powered from d.c. mains, the test is performed with a voltage equal to the highest nominal voltage of the a.c. mains in the region where the equipment is to be used (for example, 230 V for Europe or 120 V for North America).

#### **PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:**

The current flowing in the test circuit of Figure 31 shall not exceed 10 mA.

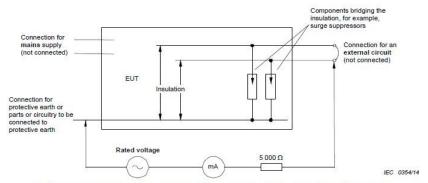


Figure 31 - Test for separation between an external circuit and earth

Clause 5.4.11 Separation between external circuits and earth											
Test Voltage / Circuit		Components Components Removed?? removed are		Insulation breakdown?							
		Yes / No		Yes / No							
		Yes / No		Yes / No							
Observation		Res	Rem	narks							
Current meas	sured (mA)			Shall	10 mA						
Current meas	sured (mA)			Shall	10 mA						

#### **Equipment used:**

# Clause 5.5.2.2 Capacitance discharge test □ P/ □ F / ⋈ NA

#### METHOD:

The unit was connected to <u>a supply source as indicated below</u>. A storage oscilloscope was connected across the external point of disconnection of the mains supply.

Measurement of the voltage decayed, shall be achieved by storage oscilloscope having high input impedance (100 M  $\pm$  5 M $\Omega$ , <25 pF). A probe of minimum 100:1 can achieve this requirement.

The power switch of the EUT shall be either in ON or OFF position. The **accessible** voltage measured 2 s after disconnection of power source and recorded. Several times of trying may be needed to get a higher voltage of disconnection moment.

#### **PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:**

The ES1 limits of Table 5 <u>under normal operating conditions (NC)</u>.

<ul> <li>The ES1 limits of Table 5 <u>under single fault conditions (SFC)</u> of a component, device or insulation <u>not serving as a safeguard</u>.</li> <li>The ES2 limits of Table 5 <u>under single fault conditions (SFC)</u> of a <u>basic safeguard</u>.</li> </ul>										
Table: Stored discharge on capacitors										
Test vo	Itage	:	V	/ac/Vdc,	Hz					
Ambient temperature  Related component value			°C	1,						
			Overall	capacity :	ıF					
			Discharge resistor : , total:							
			ICX	: <u>NA</u>						
			easured voltage (V peak) Limit (V peak)							
tion	(On or Off)	Under NC (N, S)		Under SFC	ES1	ES2	SFC Part			
operating	condition (e.g. norma	al oper	ation, or o	penfuse), S — S	Single faul	It condition	n			
2) Attach the measured oscilloscope chart.										
	tion	Table: Stored discharge or Test voltage Ambient temperature Related component value  Switch position (On or Off)  operating condition (e.g. normal	Table: Stored discharge on capacity of Table: Stored discharge on capacity of Test voltage :  Ambient temperature :  Related component value :  Switch position (On or Off)   Mean operating condition (e.g. normal operating condition	Table: Stored discharge on capacitors  Test voltage :	tits of Table 5 under single fault conditions (SFC) of a basic sate and the stored discharge on capacitors  Test voltage :Vac/Vdc,  Ambient temperature :°C  Related component value : Overall capacity :, Discharge resistor :, ICX : NA  tion Switch position (On or Off) Under NC (N, S) Under SFC  Operating condition (e.g. normal operation, or openfuse), S - Section (SFC) of a basic sate and the state	tits of Table 5 under single fault conditions (SFC) of a basic safeguard.  Table: Stored discharge on capacitors  Test voltage :	tits of Table 5 under single fault conditions (SFC) of a basic safeguard.  Table: Stored discharge on capacitors  Test voltage :			

#### METHOD:

The test current can be either a.c. or d.c. and the test voltage shall not exceed 12 V. The measurement was made between the main protective earthing terminal and the point in the equipment that was required to be earthed.

#### If the protective current rating of the circuit ≤ 25 A: (EU 16A, UK 13A, US 20A)

#### If the protective current rating of the circuit > 25 A:

The test current was 200 % of the **protective current rating** or 500 A, whichever was less, and the duration of the test was as shown in **Table 33**.

Table 33 - Test duration, mains connected equipment

Protective current rating of the circuit A	Duration of the test		
up to and including	min		
30	2		
60	4		
100	6		
200	8		
over 200	10		

#### **PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:**

- The **protective current rating** of the circuit ≤ 25 A: the resistance ≤ 0.1
- The protective current rating of the circuit > 25 A: the voltage drop ≤ 2.5 V

5.6.6	Table: Resistance of prot	Table: Resistance of protective conductors and terminations								
	Ambient temperature :	24.5_°C								
Location from A to	В	Measured resistance (m )	Measured voltage drop (V)	Comments						
Designated protective protective earthing co	e bonding conductor to inlet onductor									
Equipment used:										
5.7.2.1, 5.7.2.2, 5.7.4	Earthed accessible condu	ıctive part test		□ P/ □ F/ ⊠ NA						
METHOD: The unit was connected to a supply voltage that is anticipated maximum Touch Voltage. EUT was placed on an insulated table or stand.  1. Using measuring networks in Figure 5 in IEC 60990 and secondary circuits were disconnected from other equipment.										
	ondition No. specified in <b>IEC</b> a protective earthing connec		• • • •	for <b>6.2.2.7</b> ) for						
	conductor and the earthed ne ne voltage (see example in <b>fi</b>		EUT should have a volta	age difference of less						
	with both Line and Neutral co on. The ON/OFF of a single p			be opened or closed						
	apacitor will be used by the r he manufacturer will use and			r max capacitance of						
PASS/FAIL CRITER										
- Earthed acco	essible conductive parts: The		t exceed the ES2 limits	of Table 4 in 5.2.2.2.						

5.7.2.1, 5.7.2.2, 5.7.4	Table: Earthed accessible conductive part								
	Supply voltage	:	Vac <del>/√dc</del> , Hz						
	Ambient temperature	:							

Location	Fault condition No.		(normal) nA]	Polarity [m	Touch current	
	(1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 8)	Switch: ON	Switch: OFF	Switch: ON	Switch: OFF	(mA)
Earthing metal enclosure to PE	1 (earth open)					
	1 (earth open)					
-	2 (neutral open)					
Fauinment used:						

Equipment used:

# Clause 6.2.2 Power source circuit classifications ⊠ P/ □ F/ □ NA

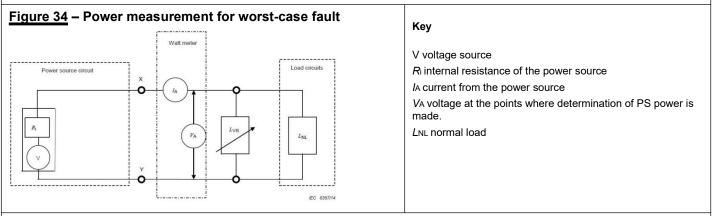
#### **METHOD**:

The electrical power source classification shall be determined by measuring the maximum power under each of the following conditions:

- <u>For load circuits</u>: a power source under <u>normal operating conditions</u> as specified by the manufacturer into a worst-case fault (see **Figure 34**), adjust the variable resistor, L<sub>VR</sub>, for maximum power.

If the following situation happened shall be repeated.

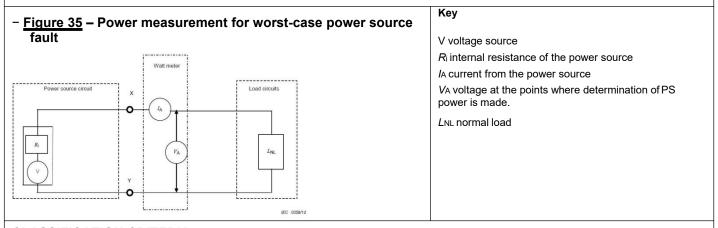
- a) An <u>overcurrent protective device</u> operates during the test, the measurement shall be <u>repeated at 125 %</u> of the current rating of the overcurrent protective device.
- b) A **power limiting circuit operates** during the test, the measurement shall be <u>repeated at a point just below</u> the current at which the power limiting circuit operated.



- <u>For power source circuits</u>: a worst-case power source fault into <u>the specified normal load circuit</u> (see Figure 35), simulate any <u>single fault condition</u> that will result in maximum power.

If the following situation happened shall be repeated.

- a) An <u>overcurrent protective device operates</u> during the test; the measurement shall be <u>repeated at 125 %</u> of the current rating of the overcurrent protective device.
- b) A <u>power limiting circuit operates</u> during the test, the measurement shall be <u>repeated at a point just below</u> the current at which the power limiting circuit operated. When the tests were repeated, a variable resistance may be used to simulate the component under fault.



#### **CLASSIFICATION CRITERIA:**

**PS1**: < 15 W after 3 s.

<b>PS2</b> : > 1	<b>PS2</b> : > 15 W and < 100 W after 5 s.								
PS3: > PS2 limits									
6.2.2		TABLE: Electrical power source (PS) measurements for Classification							
Source	Description		Max.	. power afte	r3s	Max.	PS Class		
	Description		Power (W)	V <sub>A</sub> (V)	I <sub>A</sub> (A)	Power (W)	V <sub>A</sub> (V)	I <sub>A</sub> (A)	P3 Class
Α	Output		10. 5	5.0	2.2	10. 5	5.0	2.2	PS1
Equipment used:									

Clause 6.2.3.1	Determination of Potent	$\square$ P/ $\square$ F/ $\boxtimes$ NA						
METHOD:								
Determination of an arcing PIS was performed under normal operating conditions.								
ARCING PIS CRITERIA:								
- > 50 V peak a.c. or d.c. after 3 s in open circuit voltage (Vp), and								
- > 15 W (Vp x Irms) for any of the following:								
A contact, such switch or connector;								
<ul> <li>A termination, such as one made by a crimp, spring or solder termination;</li> </ul>								
<ul> <li>Opening of a conductor, such as a PWB trace (except for PWB made of V-1 material)</li> </ul>								
<ul> <li>Reliable or redundant connections are not considered to be an arcing PIS</li> </ul>								
6.2.3.1	TABLE: Determination	TABLE: Determination of Potential Ignition Sources (Arcing PIS)						
Location	Open circuit voltage after 3 s (Vp)	Measured current (Irms)	Calculated value (Vp x Irms)	Arcing PIS?				
Blade of Plug, Pin L to N				☐ Yes ☐ No				
Equipment used:								
Clause 6.2.3.2	P/ □ F/ □ NA							

# METHOD:

Determination of a resistive PIS was performed under <u>normal operating conditions</u> or <u>single fault conditions</u>.

# **RESISTIVE PIS CRITERIA**:

- <u>Under normal operating conditions</u>, parts > 15 W after 30 s (during the first 30 s there is no limit); or
- Under single fault conditions:
- > 100 W measured during 30 s immediately after the introduction of the fault if electronic circuits, regulators or PTC devices are used, or
- > 15 W measured 30 s after the introduction of the fault.

6.2.3.2 TABLE: Determination of Potential Ignition Sources (Resistive PIS)					
	perating ondition	Measured during first 30 s (W/VA)	Measured during after 30 s (W/VA)	<ul><li>a. Protective circuit, or</li><li>b. regulator, or</li><li>c. PTC operated?</li></ul>	Resistive PIS?

Output	Normal condition	10.5	10.5	□ a, □ b, □ c, ⊠ N/A	☐ Yes ⊠ No		
Equipment used:							

Clause 8.6	Stability test (≥ 7 kg)	□ P/ □ F/ ⊠ NA					
METHOD:  The EUT was subjected to the following tests. During the tests, containers were to contain the amount of substance within their capacity that will result in the most disadvantageous condition. All doors, drawers, casters, adjustable feet and other appurtenance were arranged in any combination that results in the least stability.							
PASS/FAIL CRITERIA During the test, the eq	<b><u>\</u>:</b> uipment shall not slide on a supporting surface made of glass or tip over						
☐ Static stability:	For non-floor standing ≤ 25 kg, controls or display, floor standing						
• 20% x <b>W</b> or 25	0 N (whichever was less) = N at any height up to 1.5 m after bei	ng tilted 10°; or					
• Tilt 10							
☐ Downward force	<u>e</u> : For floor standing ≥ 25 kg						
• 800 N at any h	eight up to 1 m after being titled 10°.						
☐ <b>Relocation</b> : For	floor standing						
• Tilt 10 , rotate	e 360						
Glass slide: For	controls or display						
• Tilt 10 , rotate	360						
• 100 N or 13% : • Moved through	E: For controls or display  x W (whichever was less) = N at any height up to 1.5 m; or any angle after being tilted 15°, or rotating 360  ght = "W"						
Equipment used:							
		I					
Clause 8.7	Wall or ceiling mount loading test	□ P/ □ F/ ⊠ NA					
METHOD: The EUT for the purposes of wall mounting means was applied for 60 s and by the means of the following loading test.							
PASS/FAIL CRITERIA: The equipment or its associated mounting means shall <b>not become dislodged</b> and shall <b>remain</b> mechanically <b>intact</b> and secure during the test.							
☐ <u>Test 1</u> : Through	the center of gravity						
• W + (3 x W) =	$\bullet \mathbf{W} + (3 \times \mathbf{W}) = kg, \text{ or}$						
• $W + 880 N = kg$ ,							
In addition, a lateral force of 50 N shall be applied for 60 s.							
☐ <u>Test 2</u> : Divided b	by the number of attachment points						
• 4 x <b>W</b> =	kg, or						
• 2 x <b>W</b> + 880 N	= kg						
☐ <u>Test 3</u> : Threaded	d parts, a torque according to <b>Table 37</b> = Nm						

Note: Equipment Wei	ght = " <b>W</b> "	
Equipment used:		
01 00		
Clause 8.8	Handle strength test	
shall be started at zer	the purpose of lifting or carrying the EUT was done by the following test. To and gradually increased so that the test value was attained in 5 s to 10 in one handle was provided, the force shall be distributed between the har	s and maintained for
PASS/FAIL CRITERI	<u>A</u> :	
The handle, its securion detach from the equip	ng means, or that portion of the <b>enclosure</b> to which it was secured, shall oment.	not break, crack, or
MS2 (7 kg < ma	ss ≤ 25 kg): Each handle	
□ • <u>3 x W =</u>	<u>kg</u>	
	hichever was greater	
• (2 x <b>W</b> )	<u>or 75 ka = ka</u>	
	<u>/hichever was greater</u>	
• <u>W or 10</u>		
Note: Equipment We	<u>ight = "<b>W</b>"</u>	
Equipment used:		
Clause 8.10	<u>Carts, stands, and similar carriers test</u>	□ <u>P/ F/</u> ⊠ <u>NA</u>
manufacturer placed MS3 equipment, inclumoved as part of its r MS2 or MS3 equipment	er shall be subjected to the applicable tests alone and again with the equipon the cart or stand.  Iding their supporting carts, stands and similar carriers that support the econormal operating conditions, shall comply with the horizontal force test cant more than 1 m in height, including equipment mounted on their specification with the relocation stability test in 8.6.3 except that the tip angle becomes	uipment, that are not of 8.6.5. ed cart, stand or
Clause 8.10.6	Thermoplastic temperature stability	
T.8  PASS/FAIL CRITERI		
Without any shrinkage to comply with 8.10.3	e, warpage, or other distortion of the thermoplastic materials that results in 8.10.4 and 8.10.5.	n the equipment failing
<u>Clause 8.10.3</u> <u>Ca</u>	art, stand or carrier loading test	
shelf drawer, dowel rua child's weight. The	applied through the end of a 30 mm diameter circular cylinder. The force ung support, or equivalent part that is within 750 mm from the floor and wiforce is to be applied for 1 min with the cart or stand at room temperature. 's intended load plus 440 N for the surface intended to support a display of the surface intended to support a	Il support some or all of with moving images,
applied for 1 min or	four times the manufacturer's intended load or 100 N, whichever is g	reater but not to

exceed 440 N, is applied	exceed 440 N, is applied to all applicable surfaces, applied for 1 min on each supporting surface						
PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:							
No permanent deformati	<u>on or no damage</u>						
Clause 8.10.4	Cart, stand or carrier loading test						
METHOD:							
A single 7 J impact is to	be applied to any part of the cart or stand and the test method is to be as described in Clause						
	and or carrier made of glass shall be tested instead according to 4.4.4.6.						
PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:							
No produce a risk of inj	ury to persons.						
Clause 8.10.5 Mech	nanical stability						
METHOD:							
Relocation: Clause 8.6.3							
Horizontal force: Clause 8.6.5							
If during the tests of 8.6.3 and 8.6.5 the equipment starts to slide or tip relative to the cart, stand or carrier, only the							
horizontal force test sha	Ill be repeated by reducing the force to 13 % of the weight of the equipment alone, or						
100 N, whichever is less	100 N, whichever is less.						

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PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:

**Equipment used:** 

The equipment and cart or stand shall not tip over.

Annex B.2.5	Input Current					F/	NA
METHOD:							
The unit was conne	cted to a variable	voltage as specif	fied and then op	perated normally under	max. norm	al load	
conditions. The inpu							
<b>For AC mains</b> : 1.1 and 0.9 of rated voltage shall also be measured for reference purpose. This can be referred during abnormal operation.							
		5 of rated voltage	e shall be meas	ured. If the tolerance wa	as declared	d by clie	nt to
conduct by the clien			orian so mode	area. Il are teleraries III	40 400,410.	a by one	110, 00
PASS/FAIL CRITEI	RIA:						
				conditions, but at the r			each
end of each <b>rated v</b>	oltage range, sh	all not exceed the	e rated current	or rated power by mo	re than 10	<u>%.</u>	
Annex B.2.5	Table: electric	cal data (in norm	nal conditions)				
The second of the Control			1.4.9.				
The marked rating o	n the sample was	s:see page 1 for d	<u>letalis</u>				
Speaker impedance	: Left=Ω/ Right=Ω	/Sub= $\Omega$ ; no sp	<u>oeaker.</u>				
Test Audio signal = [	☐ Pink noise / ☐	1 KHz / □ <u>Hz;</u> [	no power a	mplifier circuits			
Test Video signal = ;	no video cir	<u>cuits</u>					
☐ 100% of max. no	n-clipped output p	oower/ max. ava	ailable non-clipp	ped output power ( 50	Hz/ 60	Hz/ [	DC )
			•				<del></del>
V input (V)	I input (A)	P input (W)		Output voltage	(V)		
			Left=/	Sub=/			
=	=	=	Right=/	Sub=/			
			Left=/	Sub=/			
=	=	=	Right=/	Sub=/			
			Left=/	Sub=/	=		
=	=	=	Right=/	Sub=/			
			Left=/	Sub=/			
=	=	==	Right=/	Sub=/			
☐ 1/8 of 100% or m	ax available non-	clipped output po	wer / ⊠Normal	operation (without amp	lifier)/ 5	60 Hz/	60
Hz/ DC)							
V input (V)	I input (A)	P input (W)		Output voltage	(V)		
			Right=/	Sub=/	1		
			Left=/	<u>Sub=/</u>	1		
<u>5.00Vdc</u>	<u>1.96</u>	<u>9.72</u>	Right=/	<u>Sub=/</u>	1		
			Right=/	Sub=/	1		
			<u>Left=/</u>	Sub=/	1		
9.00Vdc	<u>1.31</u>	<u>11.8</u>	Right=/	<u>Sub=/</u>	1		
			Right=/	Sub=/	1		
Notes:Load condition	ons:						
Equipment used:							

Annex F.3.9	<u>Durabili</u>	ty, legibility and permanence of markings	⊠ <u>P/</u>				
METHOD:	METHOD:						
Step 1, Marking was	rubbed b	by hand for 15 s with water, then					
Step 2, Marking was	rubbed b	by hand for 15 s with petroleum spirit (> 85 % n-hexane)					
Note: At a different p	olace or o	n a different sample for water and petroleum spirit tests.					
PASS/FAIL CRITER	RIA:						
After each test, the not		hall remain legible. If the marking was on a separable label, the l vable by hand.	abel shall show no				
Requirement		Comments					
Legible?		Yes · □ No					
Marking easily remove	vable?	☐ Yes, ⊠ No					
Curling? ☐ Yes, ⋈ No							
Note: Marking required by this standard shall be durable and legible. In considering the durability of the marking, the effect of normal use shall be taken in account.							
Equipment used:							

Annex G.5.2	Endurance test	of wire insulation in	wound compone	nts	□ <u>P/</u> □ <u>F /</u> ⊠ <u>NA</u>	
METHOD:  Three samples of the wound component are subjected to 10 test cycles as follows:  -The samples are subjected to the heat run test of G.5.2.2. After the test, the samples areallowed to cool down to ambient temperature.  -The samples are then subjected to the vibration test of G.15.3.4.  -The samples are then subjected for two days to the humidity conditioning of 5.4.8.  The tests described below are made before the start of the 10 cycles and after each cycle.  The electric strength test of 5.4.9.1 is carried out.						
PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:  For wound components supplied from the mains, there shall be no breakdown of the insulation between the turns of a winding, between input and output windings, between adjacent input windings and between adjacent output windings, or between the windings and any conductive core.						
Thermal cycling:						
<u>Temperature</u> :		Started date:	Time:	Ended date	<u>· Time:</u>	
Vibration test: The direction of vibration is vertical, and the severities are: - duration: 30 min; - amplitude: 0,35 mm; - frequency range: 10 Hz, 55 Hz, 10 Hz; - sweep rate: approximately one octave per minute.						
Humidity test of 5.4.8	<u>3:</u>					
Temperature : Humidity :	<u>°C_and</u> _% RH	Started date:	Time:	Ended date	e: Time:	
Electric strength test	of <b>5.4.9</b> :					
Test voltage applied	d between		Test voltage		<u>Breakdown</u>	
			<u>Vac/Vdc</u>		☐ Yes · ☐ No	
<u>Vac/Vdc</u> <u> Yes ·  No</u>						
<u>Vac/Vdc</u> <u> </u>						
Notes: Alternating	polarity for electi	ic strength test of <b>dc v</b>	oltage.	'		
Equipment used:						

Annex G.7.3.2	Cord Strain Relief		$\square$ P/ F/ $\bowtie$ NA				
METHOD:  A non-detachable power supply cord or cable, a basic safeguard shall minimize strain from being transmitted to the cord or cable terminations. Following steps were applied.							
PASS/FAIL CRITI	<del></del>	s and the displacement of the conductors sha	Il not exceed 2 mm.				
The mass of equi	<u>N</u> d ≤ 4 kg: 60 N						
Step 1, The force above was applied in the most unfavourable direction and repeated 25 times , 1s for each time; then  Step 2, The torque of 0.25 Nm for 1 min was applied as close as practicable to the strain relief mechanism and was repeated in the opposite direction.							
Annex G.7.3.2	Table: Cord Strain Relief  Ambient temperature :						
Longitudinal displacement:	mm						
Comments:	The ends of the conductor was cord.	not become displaced; There was no damage	e to the mains supply				
Equipment used:							

Annex G10	Resistor Test	□ P/ □ F/ ⊠ NA
METHOD:		
Before the test, the re	esistance of ten samples was measured.	
<del>-</del>	P. C. A. D. H. B. W. S. H. C. Stan and C. M. C. A.	

The samples were subjected to the following step tests

Step 1, Damp heat test: with the following conditions; then

Temperature: 40 ± 2°C

Humidity: 93 ± 3%

Test duration: 21 days

Step 2, Impulse test: using the generator circuit 2 of Table D.1

- 1.2/50 µs, ten impulses, the interval between successive impulses was 60 s
- Uc = required withstand voltage =

Note: alternating polarity for impulse test.

## **PASS/FAIL CRITERIA**:

After the tests, the resistance of each sample shall not have changed by more than 10 %. No failure was allowed.

Annex G1	0	Table: Re	esistor tes	t							
Resistor s	amples	М	aker		Type Rated ( )			)	10 % deviation		
Α											
В											
С											
Samples A	1	2	3	4	5	E	6	7	8	9	10
Before											
After											
Samples B	1	2	3	4	5	6	5	7	8	9	10
Before											
After											
Equipment	Equipment used:										

Annex M TABLE: Batteries								P/ □ F/ ⊠ NA	
The tests of A	nnex M	are applicable	e only when ap	propriate	battery da	ta is not a	/ailable		
Is it possible to	o install	the battery in	a reverse pola	rity positic	n?	:			
	Nor	n-rechargeabl	e batteries			Rechai	geable bat	teries	
	Dis	scharging	Un-	Cha	rging	Disch	arging	Re	versed charging
	Meas currer		intentional charging	Meas. current	Manuf. Specs.	Meas. current	Manuf. Specs.	Meas curren	
Max. current during normal condition									
Max. current during fault condition									
Test results:									Verdict
- Chemical lea	ıks								
- Explosion of	the batt	ery							
- Emission of f	lame or	expulsion of	molten metal						
- Electric stren	gth test	s of equipmer	nt after complet	tion of test	ts				
Supplementar	y inform	ation:							
Annex M.4		TABLE: B	atteries						P/□F/⊠NA
Battery/	Cell	Test	conditions	Measurements				Observation	
No.				U		I (A)	Temp (C	<b>(2)</b>	
		Normal						1	

Abnormal

Supplementary Information:

Single fault –SC/OC

Battery identification	Charging at T <sub>lowest</sub>	Observation	Charging at T <sub>highest</sub> ( C)	Observation		
Supplementary Information:						
Equipment used in Annex M:						

Annex P.4	Annex P.4 Adhesive test						
METHOD:  A sample of the equipment or a subassembly of the equipment containing parts having metalized coating and the parts joined by adhesive was evaluated with the sample placed with the part secured by adhesive on the underside. Test as the step according to the standard. After the steps, the sample was immediately subjected to the tests of 4.4.4 as applicable.							
PASS/FAIL CRITER	<del></del>						
<ul> <li>A metalized coating or a part secured by adhesive shall not fall off or partly dislodged.</li> <li>After the abrasion resistance test, the metalized coating shall have not loosened and no particles shall become loose from the coating</li> </ul>							
Procedure	Temperature	Time duration					
а	100 ± 2°C	1 week					
b	90 ± 2°C	3 weeks					
С	82 ± 2°C	8 weeks					
d							
Material		Procedure	a, b, c or d				
Notes: After the above	ve tests, a metalized coating was subject	cted to the abrasion resistance test	t of <b>G.13.6.2</b> .				

**Equipment used:** 

Annex Q.1	Limited Power Source (LPS)	⊠ P/
METHOD:		

A EUT was connected to a supply source as indicated below.

The non-capacitive load referenced in footnotes b) and c) of **Table Q.1** and **Table Q.2** was adjusted to develop maximum current and power transfer respectively. **Single fault conditions** were applied in a regulating network according to **Clause Q.1.1**, item b) 3) under these maximum current and power conditions.

Output current Isc (A) and S (VA) measurement: Protection was by the following.

- a. Electronic circuit: Measured 5 s after application of the load.
- b. PTC device or in other cases: Measured 60 s after application of the load.
- ☐ Table Q.2 Limits for power sources not inherently limited (overcurrent protective device required)
  - a. Output current protection (OCP) Device: Bypassed during the test.
  - b. Output current Isc (A) and S (VA): Measured 60 s after application of the load

**<u>Uoc</u>**: The open circuit voltage with all load circuits disconnected.

**Isc**: Maximum output current with any non-capacitive load, including a short-circuit.

**S**: Maximum output VA with any non-capacitive load.

#### **PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:**

Equipment used: --

Within the limit of Table defined.

Annex Q.1	Table: Limited power source		
	Test voltage :	38.4_ <del>Vac/</del> Vdc,Hz	
	Ambient temperature	24.2 °C	

Lagation ( Oandition	Rated		Measured output			
Location / Condition  (e.g. description of single fault)	Voltage	Current	Voltage (U <sub>OC</sub> )	Current (Isc)	Apparent Power (S)	Remarks
Output normal load	5	2	5.05	2.40	10.95	

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Annex S.1	S.1 Flammability test for fire enclosure and fire barrier materials of equipment where the steady-state power does not exceed 4000 W				
Annex S.1	TABLE: Evaluation of test results of fire materials for power ≤ 4000 W				
	Preconditioning : 3 samples, 168 h, ℃ (Tmax + 10 K, or 70 ℃; whichever is the higher)				
	Started date: · Time: Ended date: · Time:				
Material :					
Sample number	During test, any flaming drops or particles?	Flame duration after any application of test flame	Ignition of surgical cotton below the sample?	Sample (area) consumed completely?	
1	☐ Yes, ☐ No	seconds	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No	
2	☐ Yes, ☐ No	seconds	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No	
3	☐ Yes, ☐ No	seconds	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ⊠ No	
<ul> <li>Evaluation of test results:</li> <li>after any application of the test flame, the test specimen shall not be consumed completely; and</li> <li>after any application of the test flame, any self-sustaining flame shall extinguish within 30 s; and</li> <li>No burning of the specified layer or wrapping tissue shall occur.</li> </ul>					
Annex S.2	Flammability tes	st for fire enclosure and	fire barrier integrity	□ P/□ F/ NA	
Annex S.2	TABLE: Evaluation of test results of fire materials				
	Preconditioning : 3 samp	les, 🔲 168 h, 🔲 Tmax	t + 10 K, 70 °C; whichever wa	as the higher	
	or 3 samples 24h_	°C , 125 °C :	± 2 °C		
	Started date: , Time: Ended date: , Time:				
Material :					
Sample number	The test flame is applied for 60 s.				
1				Yes · No	
2	After application of the test flame, the test specimen shall not show any additional holes.				
3				☐ Yes · ☐ No	
Evaluation of test results:					
After application of the test flame, the test specimen shall not show any additional holes.					

Annex S.5	Flammability test for fire enclosure materials of equipment with a steady-state power exceeding 4000 W					□ P/□ F/⊠ NA
Annex S.5	TABLE: Evaluation of test results of fire materials for power > 4000 W					
	Precondit	ioning : 3 samp	les, 168	h,°C (	$\Gamma_{\text{max}}$ + 10 K, or 70 °C; which	never was the higher)
	Started da	ate: , Tim	ie:	Ended date:	, Time:	
Material : (type, maker)						
Sample number	During to flaming of particles	lrops or		duration ne fifth of the me	Ignition of surgical cotton below the sample?	Sample (area) consumed completely?
1	☐ Yes,	□ No	S	econds	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No
2	☐ Yes,	□ No	S	econds	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No
3	☐ Yes,	□ No	S	econds	☐ Yes, ☐ No	☐ Yes, ☐ No
<ul> <li>Evaluation of test results:</li> <li>after any application of the test flame, the test specimen shall not be consumed completely; and</li> <li>after the fifth application of the test flame, any flame shall extinguish within 1 min; and</li> <li>No burning of the specified cotton indicator or wrapping tissue shall occur.</li> </ul>						
Equipment	used in Ar	nnex S:				
Annex T2		Steady for	ce test, '	10 N		⊠ P/ □ F/ □ N/
<b>METHOD:</b> A steady force of 10 N $\pm$ 1 N is applied to the component or part under consideration for a short time duration of						
approximately 5 s.						
PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:     After the application of the force, clearances shall not be reduced below the required values.						
Test locations······: Components and parts, other than parts serving as an enclosure						
Comments: No damage, no hazard.						
Notes:						
Equipment used:						
Annex T3		Steady force	test. 30	N		$\bowtie$ P/ $\sqcap$ F/ $\sqcap$ NA

METHOD:				
of 30 N±3N was appli	enclosure that only acted as a fire protection. The enclosure was subjected for a period of 5 s and by means of a straight unjointed version of the a 8-1, Figure V.1 or Figure V.2.	•		
PASS/FAIL CRITERI	<b>A</b> :			
shall not become	me accessible to class 3 energy sources other than PS3; and			
• All other safe	guards shall remain effective.			
Test locations	: Each side of enclosure			
Comments: /				
Notes: In case of dou	bt, dielectric strength test.			
Equipment used:				
Annex T4, T5	Steady force test, 100 N or 250 N	☐ P/ ☐ F / ⊠NA		
METHOD:				
The unit provided the subjected to the tests	enclosure for mechanical protection, which was in operator access area. indicated below.	The enclosure was		

The unit provided the enclosure for mechanical protection, which was in operator access area. The enclosure was subjected to the tests indicated below.				
Steady Force Test, 100 N, for transportable, hand-held and direct plug-in equipment				
Steady Force Test, 250 N, for other external enclosure				
A steady force of above-mentioned was applied for a period of 5 s and by means of a suitable test tool providing contact over a circular plane surface 30 mm in diameter.				
PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:				
<ul> <li>shall not become accessible to class 3 energy sources other than PS3; and</li> </ul>				
All other safeguards shall remain effective.				
Enclosure material :				
Test locations :				
<u>Comments</u> :				
Notes: In case of doubt, dielectric strength test.				
Equipment used:				

# Annex T.6 Impact test

## **METHOD:**

A EUT was supported in its normal position on a hard surface. Soft support can absorb the impact force and shall be prevented. A steel ball, 50mm in diameter with the mass of 500g was dropped freely from a height of indicated below onto the EUT enclosure. Only top and side of the enclosure planes were tested. Vertical planes could be tested by turning the EUT. Only one impact was made to one point. The impact point shall be chosen where the enclosure was the weakest point, such as the area with openings.

1300 mm, for the external enclosure				
410 mm, for a part only as a fire enclosure				
PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:				
shall not become <b>accessible</b> to class 3 energy sources other than PS3; and				
All other <b>safeguards</b> shall remain effective.				
Enclosure material :				
Test locations :				
Comments: No damage				
Notes: In case of doubt, dielectric strength test.				
Equipment used:				
Annex T.7 Drop test □ P/ □ F / ⊠N	 A			
METHOD:				
A EUT of complete equipment was dropped 3 times from a height onto a horizontal surface. The Height shall be				
indicated below. The drops shall be likely to produce the most adverse results. The surface was consisted of				
hardwood 13 mm thick, mounted on two layers of plywood each 19-20 mm thick,all supported on concrete floo	r.			
☐ 750 mm 10 mm, for desk-top and moveable equipment				
☐ <b>1000 mm 10 mm,</b> for hand-held, direct plug-in and transportable equipment				
500 mm 10 mm,for a part only as a fire enclosure of desk-top and moveable equipment				
350 mm 10 mm,for a part only as a fire enclosure of hand-held, direct plug-in and transportable				
equipment				
PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:				
shall not become <b>accessible</b> to class 3 energy sources other than PS3; and				
All other <b>safeguards</b> shall remain effective.				
Enclosure material :				
Test locations :				
Comments:				
Notes				
Notes:  1) In case of doubt, dielectric strength test.				

Otherwise the pass will be established by the Project Engineer.					
Equipment used:					
Annex T.8	Stress Relief		□ P/ □ F/ ⊠ NA		
METHOD:					
A EUT of complete equipment was placed in a circulating air oven for 7h. The temperature was 10 K higher than					
enclosure inside temperature ( <b>5.4.1.4</b> heating test) but 70°C. The oven shall be preheated to the temperature for					

at least 30 min to attain the stable temperature environment. After test the EUT was permitted to cool to room

## PASS/FAIL CRITERIA:

- shall not become accessible to class 3 energy sources other than PS3; and

temperature. Each enclosure material shall be tested.

All other sareguards shall remain effective.				
Enclosure material :	Plastic material			
	70°C·or °C			
Comments:				
Equipment used:				

Annex	Т.9	Glass impact test	□ P/ □ F/⊠ NA			
METH	OD:					
repres	A EUT was supported over its whole area and subjected to a single impact, the impact was applied in a location representing the centre of the glass by a steel ball, 50mm in diameter with the mass of 500g to fall from rest through a vertical distance indicated below and struck the sample in a direction perpendicular to the surface of the EUT.					
	<b>714 mm (3.5 J),</b> for a safegu	ard against class 3				
	<b>714 mm (3.5 J),</b> for floor star	nding equipment				
	408 mm (2 J), for portable, ta	able-top and on fixed mounted equipment				
	204 mm (1 J), for serving on	y as a fire enclosure				
	<b>102 mm (0.5 J),</b> for the atten	uation of UV radiation				
PASS/	FAIL CRITERIA:		,			
•	shall not become accessib	le to class 3 energy sources other than PS3; and				
•	glass shall:					
a.	not break or crack; or					
b.	not expel pieces of glass gr	reater than 30 g in mass or greater than 50 mm in any d	imension; or			
C.	pass the fragmentation test	of Clause T.10 of the standard on a separate test samp	ole;			
•	All other <b>safeguards</b> shall	remain effective.				
Comm	ents: No glass used					
Notes:	Notes: In case of doubt, dielectric strength test.					
Equipment used:						
T.11	Test for telescoping	or rod antennas	□ P/ □ F/⊠NA			
Diamet	Diameter of end button or ball of antenna:mm (Limit: ≥ 6.0 mm).					
The antenna end piece <u>was not</u> become detached from the antenna, and the telescoping antenna sections <u>was not</u> separated.						
Equipm	nent used:					