IPPAI

version 0.1.0

CAMI (Computer Assisted Medical Interventions), DKFZ, Heidelberg

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Welcome to IPPAI's documentation!



README

The Image Processing for Photoacoustic Imaging (IPPAI) toolkit.

Internal Install Instructions

These install instructions are made under the assumption that you have access to the phabricator ippai project. When you are reading these instructions there is a 99% chance that is the case (or someone send these instructions to you).

So, for the 1% of you: Please also follow steps 1 - 3:

- 1. git clone https://phabricator.mitk.org/source/ippai.git
- 2. git checkout master
- 3. git pull

Now open a python instance in the 'ippai' folder that you have just downloaded. Make sure that you have your preferred virtual environment activated

- 1. cd ippai
- 2. python -m setup.py build install
- 3. Test if the installation worked by using python followed by import ippai then exit()

If no error messages arise, you are now setup to use ippai in your project.

Building the documentation

When the installation went fine and you want to make sure that you have the latest documentation you should do the following steps in a command line:

- Navigate to the ippai source directory (same level where the setup.py is in)
- 2. Execute the command sphinx-build -b pdf -a documentation/src documentation
- 3. Find the PDF file in documentation/ippai_documantation.pdf

Overview

The main use case for the ippai framework is the simulation of photoacoustic images. However, it can also be used for image processing.

Simulating photoacoustic images

A basic example on how to use ippai in you project to run an optical forward simulation is given in the samples/minimal_optical_simulation.py file.

Developer Guide

Dear IPPAI developers. This Guide is meant to be used as a collection of How-To's to contribute to the framework.

Adding literature absorption spectra

collected handled central point, where absorption spectra are and in ippai.utils.libraries.spectra_library.py. The file comprises the class AbsorptionSpectrumLibrary, in which the new absorption spectra can be added using the following two

- 1. In the beginning of the class, there is a bunch of constants that define spectra using the AbsorptionSpectrum class. Add a new constant here: NEW_SPECTRUM = AbsorptionSpectrum(absorber_name, wavelengths, absorptions). By convention, the naming of the constant should be the same as the absorber_name field. The wavelengths and absorptions arrays must be of the same length and contain corresponding values.
- 2. In the <u>__init__</u> method of the AbsorptionSpectrumLibrary class, the class constants are added to an internal list. This has the benefit of enabling the Library class to be iterable. Add your newly added constant field to the list here.
- 3. Your absorption spectrum is now usable throughout all of ippai and is accessible using the SPECTRAL_LIBRARY sngleton that can be imported using from ippai.utils import SPECTRAL_LIBRARY.

Examples

Performing a simple opical forward simulation

The file can be found in samples/minimal_optical_simulation.py:

```
from ippai.utils import Tags
from ippai.simulate.simulation import simulate
from ippai.simulate.structures import create_epidermis_layer
from ippai.simulate.structures import create_muscle_background
from ippai.simulate.structures import create_vessel_tube
import numpy as np
# TODO change these paths to the desired executable and save folder
SAVE PATH = "path/to/save/file"
MCX_BINARY_PATH = "path/to/mcx/binary"
VOLUME_WIDTH_IN_MM = 10
VOLUME HEIGHT IN MM = 10
SPACING = 0.25
RANDOM\_SEED = 4711
def create_example_tissue():
    This is a very simple example script of how to create a tissue definition.
    It contains a muscular background, an epidermis layer on top of the muscles
    and a blood vessel.
    .....
    tissue_dict = dict()
    tissue_dict["background"] = create_muscle_background()
    tissue_dict["epidermis"] = create_epidermis_layer()
    tissue_dict["vessel"] = create_vessel_tube(x_min=0, x_max=VOLUME_WIDTH_IN_MM,
                                                z_min=0, z_max=VOLUME_HEIGHT_IN_MM,
                                                r_min=1, r_max=3)
    return tissue_dict
```

```
# Seed the numpy random configuration prior to creating the settings file in
# order to ensure that the same volume
# is generated with the same random seed every time.
np.random.seed(RANDOM_SEED)
settings = {
    # These parameters set the general propeties of the simulated volume
    Tags.RANDOM_SEED: RANDOM_SEED,
    Tags.VOLUME_NAME: "MyVolumeName_"+str(RANDOM_SEED),
    Tags.SIMULATION_PATH: SAVE_PATH,
    Tags.SPACING_MM: SPACING,
    Tags.DIM_VOLUME_Z_MM: VOLUME_HEIGHT_IN_MM,
    Tags.DIM_VOLUME_X_MM: VOLUME_WIDTH_IN_MM,
    Tags.DIM_VOLUME_Y_MM: VOLUME_WIDTH_IN_MM,
    Tags.AIR_LAYER_HEIGHT_MM: 0,
    Tags.GELPAD_LAYER_HEIGHT_MM: 0,
    # The following parameters set the optical forward model
    Tags.RUN_OPTICAL_MODEL: True,
    Tags.WAVELENGTHS: np.arange(700, 951, 10),
    Tags.OPTICAL_MODEL_NUMBER_PHOTONS: 1e7,
    Tags.OPTICAL_MODEL_BINARY_PATH: MCX_BINARY_PATH,
    Tags.OPTICAL_MODEL: Tags.MODEL_MCX,
    Tags.ILLUMINATION_TYPE: Tags.ILLUMINATION_TYPE_PENCIL,
    Tags.LASER_PULSE_ENERGY_IN_MILLIJOULE: 50,
    # The following parameters tell the script that we do not want any extra
    # modelling steps
    Tags.RUN_ACOUSTIC_MODEL: False,
    Tags.APPLY_NOISE_MODEL: False,
    Tags.PERFORM_IMAGE_RECONSTRUCTION: False,
    Tags.SIMULATION_EXTRACT_FIELD_OF_VIEW: False,
    # Add the structures to be simulated to the tissue
    Tags.STRUCTURES: create_example_tissue()
print("Simulating ", RANDOM_SEED)
simulate(settings)
# TODO settings[Tags.IPPAI_OUTPUT_PATH]
print("Simulating ", RANDOM_SEED, "[Done]")
```

Reading the HDF5 simulation output

The file can be found in samples/access_saved_PAI_data.py:

```
initial_pressure = (file['simulations']['original_data']
                    ['optical_forward_model_output']
                    [str(WAVELENGTH)]['initial_pressure'])
absorption = (file['simulations']['original_data']['simulation_properties']
              [str(WAVELENGTH)]['mua'])
shape = np.shape(fluence)
if len(shape) > 2:
    plt.figure()
    plt.subplot(231)
    plt.imshow(np.log10(fluence[int(shape[0]/2), :, :]))
    plt.subplot(232)
    plt.imshow(np.log10(absorption[int(shape[0]/2), :, :]))
    plt.subplot(233)
    plt.imshow(np.log10(initial_pressure))
    plt.subplot(234)
    plt.imshow(np.log10(fluence[:, int(shape[1]/2), :]))
    plt.subplot(235)
    plt.imshow(np.log10(absorption[:, int(shape[1]/2), :]))
    plt.subplot(236)
    plt.imshow(np.log10(initial_pressure))
    plt.show()
else:
    plt.figure()
    plt.subplot(131)
    plt.imshow(np.log10(fluence[1:129, -65:-1]))
    plt.subplot(132)
    plt.imshow(np.log10(absorption[1:129, -65:-1]))
    plt.subplot(133)
    plt.imshow(np.log10(initial_pressure[1:129, -65:-1]))
    plt.show()
save_hdf5(file, PATH)
```

Defining custom tissue structures and properties

The file can be found in samples/create_custom_tissues.py:

```
from ippai.utils import TissueSettingsGenerator
from ippai.utils import CHROMOPHORE_LIBRARY
from ippai.utils import Chromophore
from ippai.utils import AbsorptionSpectrum
import numpy as np
def create custom absorber():
    wavelengths = np.linspace(200, 1500, 100)
    absorber = AbsorptionSpectrum(spectrum_name="random absorber",
                                  wavelengths=wavelengths,
                                  absorption_per_centimeter=np.random.random(
                                      np.shape(wavelengths)))
    return absorber
def create_custom_chromophore(volume_fraction: float = 1.0):
    chromophore = Chromophore(
            spectrum=create_custom_absorber(),
            volume_fraction=volume_fraction,
            musp500=40.0,
```

```
b_{mie=1.1},
            f_ray=0.9,
            anisotropy=0.9
    return chromophore
def create_custom_tissue_type():
    # First create an instance of a TissueSettingsGenerator
    tissue_settings_generator = TissueSettingsGenerator()
    water_volume_fraction = 0.4
    bvf = 0.5
    oxy = 0.4
    # Then append chromophores that you want
    tissue_settings_generator.append(key="oxyhemoglobin", value=
                            CHROMOPHORE_LIBRARY.oxyhemoglobin(oxy*bvf))
    tissue_settings_generator.append(key="deoxyhemoglobin", value=
                            CHROMOPHORE_LIBRARY.deoxyhemoglobin(oxy * bvf))
    tissue_settings_generator.append(key="water", value=
                            CHROMOPHORE_LIBRARY.water(water_volume_fraction))
    tissue_settings_generator.append(key="custom", value=
                            create_custom_chromophore(0.1))
    return tissue_settings_generator.get_settings()
```

Class references

Module: utils

```
class ippai.utils.libraries.literature_values.MorphologicalTissueProperties
```

This class contains a listing of morphological tissue parameters as reported in literature. The listing is not the result of a meta analysis, but rather uses the best fitting paper at the time pf implementation. Each of the fields is annotated with a literature reference or a descriptions of how the particular values were derived for tissue modelling.

```
class ippai.utils.libraries.literature_values.OpticalTissueProperties
```

This class contains a listing of optical tissue parameters as reported in literature. The listing is not the result of a meta analysis, but rather uses the best fitting paper at the time pf implementation. Each of the fields is annotated with a literature reference or a descriptions of how the particular values were derived for tissue modelling.

```
class ippai.utils.libraries.literature_values.StandardProperties
```

This class contains a listing of default parameters that can be used. These values are sensible default values but are generally not backed up by proper scientific references, or are rather specific for internal use cases.

```
class ippai.utils.libraries.spectra_library.AbsorptionSpectrum (spectrum_name: str,
wavelengths: numpy.ndarray, absorption_per_centimeter: numpy.ndarray)
An instance of this class represents the absorption spectrum over wavelength for a particular
```

```
get_absorption_for_wavelength (wavelength: float) \rightarrow float
```

Parameters: wavelength – the wavelength to retrieve a optical absorption value for [cm^{-1}].

Returns: the best matching linearly interpolated absorption value for the given wavelength.

```
get_absorption_over_wavelength()
```

```
ippai.utils.libraries.spectra_library.view_absorption_spectra (save_path=None)
  Opens a matplotlib plot and visualizes the available absorption spectra.
                    save_path – If not None, then the figure will be saved as a png file to the destination.
      Parameters:
class ippai.utils.libraries.tissue_library.TissueLibrary
  TODO
 blood_arterial()
            Returns:
                       a settings dictionary containing all min and max parameters fitting for full blood.
  blood_generic()
            Returns:
                       a settings dictionary containing all min and max parameters fitting for full blood.
  blood_venous()
            Returns:
                       a settings dictionary containing all min and max parameters fitting for full blood.
  bone ()
            Returns:
                       a settings dictionary containing all min and max parameters fitting for full blood.
  constant (mua, mus, g)
    TODO
  dermis (background_oxy=0.5)
                      a settings dictionary containing all min and max parameters fitting for dermis tissue.
  epidermis ()
            Returns:
                      a settings dictionary containing all min and max parameters fitting for epidermis tissue.
  get_blood_volume_fractions (total_blood_volume_fraction, oxygenation)
    TODO
 muscle (background_oxy=0.5)
            Returns:
                      a settings dictionary containing all min and max parameters fitting for generic background
                       tissue.
  subcutaneous fat (background oxy=0.5)
                       a settings dictionary containing all min and max parameters fitting for subcutaneous fat
            Returns:
                       tissue.
class ippai.utils.libraries.tissue library.TissueSettingsGenerator
  TODO
```

numpy array with the available wavelengths and the corresponding absorption properties

Module: io_handling

```
ippai.io_handling.io_hdf5.load_hdf5 (file_path, file_dictionary_path='/')
  Loads a dictionary from an hdf5 file. :param file_path: Path of the file to load the dictionary from. :param
  file dictionary path: Path in dictionary structure of hdf5 file to lo the dictionary in. :returns: Dictionary
ippai.io_handling.io_hdf5.save_hdf5 (dictionary: dict, file_path: str,
file_dictionary_path: str = '/')
  Saves a dictionary with arbitrary content to an hdf5-file with given filepath.
```

Module: simulate

Parameters:

- dictionary Dictionary to save.
- file_path Path of the file to save the dictionary in.
- file_dictionary_path Path in dictionary structure of existing hdf5 file to store the dictionary in.

Returns: Null

Module: simulate

ippai.simulate.simulation.simulate (settings)

Parameters: settings -

Returns:

class ippai.simulate.tissue_properties.TissueProperties (settings: dict)

ensure_valid_settings (settings: dict)

Parameters: settings - a dictionary containing at least one key - value pair of a string and a

corresponding Chromophore instance.

get (wavelength)
TODO

ippai.simulate.volume_creator.create_acoustic_properties (volumes, settings)

Creates maps of density, speed of sound and acoustic attenuation based on the segmented mask in volumes.

Parameters:

- volumes The volumes to append the acoustic parameters to
- **settings** The settings to extract if the medium is homogeneous of if heterogeneous parameters should be set.

Returns: The volumes with appended maps of acoustic parameters of size volumes[0].size

ippai.simulate.volume_creator.create_gruneisen_map (volumes, settings)

Creates a map the gruneisenparameter based on the temperature given in Tags.MEDIUM_TEMPERATURE_CELCIUS. If no medium temperature is specified, then a standard body temperature of 36°C is assumed.

Parameters:

- volumes The volumes to append the gruneisen parameter to
- settings The settings to extract the temperature from

Returns: the volumes with an appended map of gruneisen parameters of size volumes[0].size

ippai.simulate.volume_creator.create_simulation_volume (settings)

This method creates a in silico respresentation of a tissue as described in the settings file that is given. :param settings: a dictionary containing all relevant Tags for the simulation to be able to instantiate a tissue. :return: a path to a npz file containing characteristics of the simulated volume:

absorption, scattering, anisotropy, oxygenation, and a segmentation mask. All of these are given as 3d numpy arrays.

ippai.simulate.volume_creator.fnc_straight_ellipse (x, y, z, r_x, r_z, X1, X2)

cartesian representation of a straight tube that goes from position X1 to position X2 with radius r. :param x: :param y: :param z: :param X1: :param X2: :return:

ippai.simulate.volume_creator.fnc_straight_tube (x, y, z, r, X1, X2)

cartesian representation of a straight tube that goes from position X1 to position X2 with radius r. :param x: :param z: :param r: :param X1: :param X2: :return:

ippai.simulate.volume_creator.merge_voxel (volumes, x_idx, y_idx, z_idx, mua, mus, g, oxy, seg, fraction)

Module: simulate

Updates a voxel position in the volumes by merging the given physical properties with the properties already stored in the volumes. The merging is done in a relative manner using the given fraction.

Parameters:

- volumes list of numpy arrays with len(volumes) >= 3
- x_idx integer
- y_idx integer
- z_idx integer
- mua scalar, the optical absorption coefficient in 1/cm
- mus scalar, the optical scattering coefficient in 1/cm
- g scalar, the anisotropy
- oxy scalar, the blood oxygenation in [0, 1]
- seg integer, the tissue segmentation type from SegmentationClasses
- fraction scalar in [0, 1]

Returns: the volumes with the changed properties

ippai.simulate.volume_creator.set_voxel (volumes, x_idx, y_idx, z_idx, mua, mus, g, oxy, seg)
Sets a voxel position to a specific value in the volume

Parameters:

- volumes list of numpy arrays with len(volumes) >= 3
- y_idx integer
- x_idx integer
- z_idx integer
- mua scalar
- mus scalar
- g scalar

Returns: the volumes with the changed properties

Conventions

class ippai.simulate.constants.SaveFilePaths

The save file paths specify the path of a specific data structure in the dictionary of the ippai output hdf5. All of these paths have to be used like: SaveFilePaths.PATH.format(Tags.UPSAMPLED_DATA or Tags.ORIGINAL_DATA, wavelength)

class ippai.simulate.constants.SegmentationClasses

The segmentation classes define which "tissue types" are modelled in the simulation volumes.

Structures

ippai.simulate.structures.create_subcutaneous_fat_layer (background_oxy=0.0)

FIXME: DEPRECATED FIXME: first research into fat tissue properties before adding this to simulation (!) :param background_oxy: :return:

Forward models

class ippai.simulate.models.optical_models.OpticalForwardAdapterBase
 Use this class as a base for implementations of optical forward models.

abstract forward_model (absorption_cm, scattering_cm, anisotropy, settings)

Module: simulate

A deriving class needs to implement this method according to its model.

Parameters:

- absorption_cm Absorption in units of per centimeter
- scattering_cm Scattering in units of per centimeter
- anisotropy Dimensionless scattering anisotropy
- settings Setting dictionary

Returns: Fluence in units of J/cm^2

simulate (optical_properties_path, settings)

Call this method to invoke the simulation process.

A adapter that implements the forward_model method, will take optical properties of absorption, scattering, and scattering anisotropy as input and return the light fluence as output.

Parameters:

- optical_properties_path path to a *.npz file that contains the following tags: Tags.PROPERTY_ABSORPTION_PER_CM -> contains the optical absorptions in units of one per centimeter Tags.PROPERTY_SCATTERING_PER_CM -> contains the optical scattering in units of one per centimeter Tags.PROPERTY_ANISOTROPY -> contains the dimensionless optical scattering anisotropy
- settings -

Returns:

class ippai.simulate.models.acoustic_models.AcousticForwardAdapterBase
 Use this class as a base for implementations of optical forward models.

abstract forward_model (settings)

A deriving class needs to implement this method according to its model.

Parameters: settings – Setting dictionary Returns: Fluence in units of J/cm²

simulate (optical_properties_path, settings)

Call this method to invoke the simulation process. TODO

A adapter that implements the forward_model method, will take acoustic properties as input and return the time series pressure data as output.

Parameters:

- optical_properties_path path to a *.npz file that contains the following tags: Tags.PROPERTY_ABSORPTION_PER_CM -> contains the optical absorptions in units of one per centimeter Tags.PROPERTY_SCATTERING_PER_CM -> contains the optical scattering in units of one per centimeter Tags.PROPERTY_ANISOTROPY -> contains the dimensionless optical scattering anisotropy
- settings -

Returns:

class ippai.simulate.models.noise_models.GaussianNoiseModel
 This class is reponsible to apply an additive gaussian noise to the input data.

apply_noise_model (data, settings)

Parameters:

- data -
- settings -

Returns:

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