Día R sobre demografía y población: Modelización de los patrones de edad de la mortalidad de menores de 5 años con package logquad5q0

Andrea Verhulst

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Modelización de la mortalidad de 0 a 5 años



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Modeling Age Patterns of Under-5 Mortality: Results From a Log-Quadratic Model Applied to High-Quality Vital Registration Data

Michel Guillot

University of Pennsylvania, miguillo@upenn.edu

Julio Romero Prieto

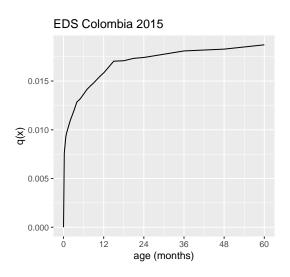
London School of Hygiene and Tropical Medicine, julio.romero-prieto@lshtm.ac.uk

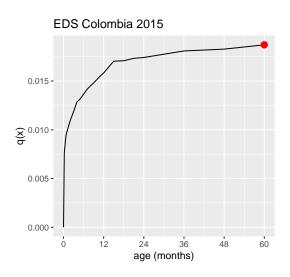
Andrea Verhulst

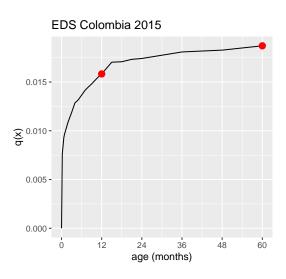
University of Pennsylvania, verhulst@sas.upenn.edu

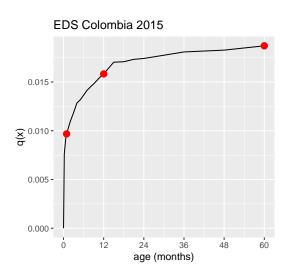
Patrick Gerland

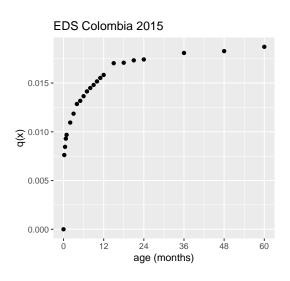
United Nations, gerland@un.org

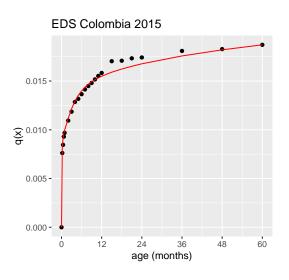


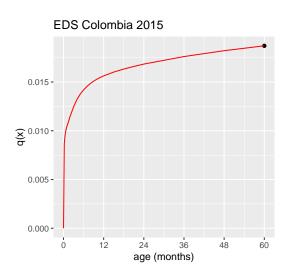


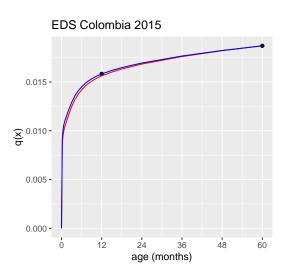










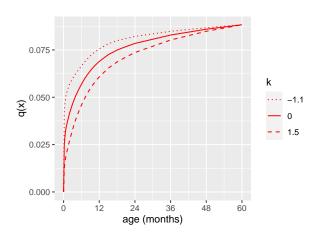


Modelo log-quadrático

$$ln[q(x)] = a_x + b_x ln[q(5)] + c_x ln[q(5)]^2 + v_x k$$

- x = 7d, 14d, 21d, 28d, 2m, 3m, 4m, 5m, 6m, 7m, 8m, 9m, 10m, 11m, 12m, 15m, 18m, 21m, 2y, 3y, 4y, 5y
- U5MR (=q(5)) determina el nivel absoluto de la mortalidad
- k determina el patrón de edad

Efecto de k

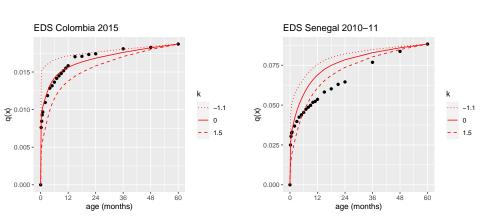


Datos

Under-5 Mortality Database (U5MD)

- 1741 distribuciones de defunciones (estadísticas vitales) recolectadas en 25 paises (principalmente europeos) entre 1841 y 2016
- 1219 distribuciones con 22 grupos de edad estandarizados y por sexo fueron incluidas en el modelo

Limitación geográfica



Aplicaciones

- Suavizamiento del patrón de edad
- Corrección de errores sistemáticos en los datos
- Buscar patrones de edad diferentes de la experiencia Europea
- Estudiar trajectorias epidemiológicas
- Estimación indirecta (y evaluación de las estadísticas vitales)
- etc.

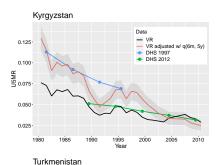
Ejemplo en Asia Central

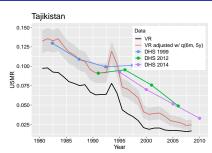
- Tres paises: Kyrgyzstan, Tajikistan y Turkmenistan
- Datos detallados por meses
- Periodo 1980-2010 (colapse de la Unión Soviética en los 1990s)
- Cobertura de las estadísticas vitales mejoró y empeoró en el tiempo
- Encuestas de Demografía y Salud (EDSs) disponibles para comparar

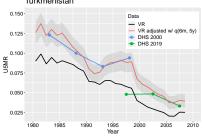
Metodología

- Asumimos que el subregistro de las defunciones está concentrado en las edades tempraneras
- Escogemos un predictor que excluye las edades tempraneras
 - q(28d, 5y)
 - q(3m, 5y)
 - q(6m, 5y)
 - q(9m, 5y)
- Problema: no se puede estimar k sin la mortalidad neonatal. Asumimos k=0

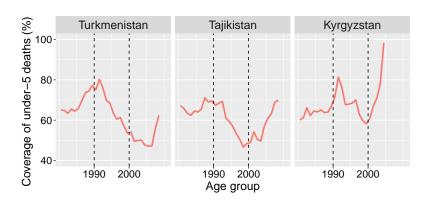
Resultados







Resultados



R Package

Github: https://github.com/verhulsta/logquad5q0

→ C a github.com/verhulsta/logquad5q0

Modeling Age Patterns of Under-5 Mortality

Working Paper: Guillot M., J. Romero Prieto, A. Verhulst, P. Gerland. Modeling Age Patterns of Under-5 Mortality: Results From a Log-Quadratic Model Applied to High-Quality Vital Registration Data.

Overview

This repository contains the R package logquad5q0 associated with the above-mentioned article (accepted in the journal Demography).

The package uses the method of Lagrange to implement a log-quadratic model able to estimate the age pattern of under-5 mortality by detailed age. A variety of mortality inputs between 0 and 5 years can be used in order to predict a series of 22 cumulative probabilities of dying (g(x)) and mortality rates (nMx) for the first 5 years of life.

Data and R code needed to replicate the coefficients of the log-quadratic model are available on the website of the Under-5 Mortality Database (U5MD): https://web.sas.upenn.edu/qlobal-aqe-patterns-under-five-mortality/

To report issues or suggest improvements, please contact verhulst@sas.upenn.edu.

R Package

Código

```
install.packages("devtools")
   library(devtools)
   install_github(repo = "verhulsta/logguad5q0")
5
   library(logguad5q0)
6
7
8
   input <- format_data(
9
              = 0.00804138
     rate
    lower_age = 28,
10
     upper_age = 365.25*5,
11
12
    type = "qx",
     sex = "total")
13
14
15
   lagrange5q0(data = input)
```

R Package

\$`q(5y)` [1] 0.01788194

Resultados

> lagrange5g0(data = input)

```
Ī11 0
Spredictions
                                                 lower_p_qx upper_p_qx
                                                                                         lower p mx
   lower age g
               lower age m upper age
                                                                                 p mx
45
                    0.000
                              7 0000 0 008313321 0 004020311 0 01476086 0 4355903420 0 2101968879 0 7759414949
46
                    7,0000
                             14 0000 0 009150188 0 004660089 0 01575300 0 0440511400 0 0335282128 0 0525703941
47
                             21,0000 0,009594396 0,005038679 0,01623223 0,0233974444 0,0198505646 0,0254120401
                   14,0000
                             28.0000 0.009920333 0.005327918 0.01656408 0.0171745358 0.0151707328 0.0176042012
48
                   21,0000
49
                   28,0000
                             60.8750 0.011029420 0.006378567 0.01760347 0.0124526828 0.0117417126 0.0117485744
50
                   60.8750
                             91 3125 0 011925981 0 007251126 0 01844123 0 0108836580 0 0105425521 0 0102376879
51
                   91.3125
                            121.7500 0.012643533 0.007956707 0.01913265 0.0087177142 0.0085318549 0.0084559077
52
                  121.7500
                            152.1875 0.013176978 0.008497548 0.01964299 0.0064850734 0.0065439275 0.0062451665
53
                  152 1875
                            182 6250 0 013587627 0 008914731 0 02005155 0 0049946284 0 0050501671 0 0050020148
54
                  182,6250
                            213 0625 0 013923522 0 009253756 0 02039886 0 0040869591 0 0041055909 0 0042537634
55
                            243.5000 0.014198472 0.009533290 0.02068497 0.0033464487 0.0033862164 0.0035052725
                  213.0625
56
                  243,5000
                            273.9375 0.014428631 0.009769973 0.02092409 0.0028020187 0.0028678742 0.0029303857
57
                            304 3750 0 014627942 0 009973487 0 02113500 0 0024269842 0 0024665244 0 0025852801
                  273 9375
                  304 3750
                            334 8125 0 014795482 0 010149225 0 02130696 0 0020405029 0 0021302898 0 0021083195
58
59
                  334 8125
                            365 2500 0 014942808 0 010300429 0 02146438 0 0017945936 0 0018331823 0 0019302294
60
                  365,2500
                            456.5625 0.015310138 0.010685180 0.02184600 0.0014918872 0.0015553268 0.0015603061
                  456.5625
                            547.8750 0.015605663 0.011000334 0.02213862 0.0012006587 0.0012744349 0.0011967955
61
                            639.1875 0.015857133 0.011270365 0.02238148 0.0010219586 0.0010922840 0.0009935407
62
                  547 8750
                            730.5000 0.016091768 0.011520296 0.02261101 0.0009537741 0.0010112493 0.0009392430
63
64
                  730 5000 1095 7500 0 016827380 0 012282197 0 02335259 0 0007479233 0 0007710780 0 0007590267
65
                 1095 7500 1461 0000 0 017402370 0 012861185 0 02395145 0 0005850016 0 0005863594 0 0006133622
66
                 1461 0000 1826 2500 0 017881940 0 013326455 0 02447226 0 0004881833 0 0004714424 0 0005337383
```

Tips para hacer un paquete

```
Rstudio Webinar
https://www.rstudio.com/resources/webinars/
Garrett Grolemund:
Managing - Part 1 (Projects in RStudio):
https://www.rstudio.com/resources/webinars/
managing-part-1-projects-in-rstudio/
Managing - Part 2 (Github and RStudio):
https://www.rstudio.com/resources/webinars/
managing-part-2-github-and-rstudio/
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