Ochrona Centrów Danych Raport 4



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1. Cel ćwiczeń

Celem ćwiczenia było zainstalowanie dwóch programów symulujących TPM, jeden od IBM (SWTPM) oraz jeden od Microsoft (MSSIM) oraz uruchomienie ich celem potwierdzenia poprawności instalacji.

2. Przebieg ćwiczenia

Na maszynie wykorzystywanej do tej pory uprzednio zainstalowany był Docker. Dzięki temu możliwe było uruchomienie kontenera z obrazem Docker 20.0.4. Następnie na utworzonym kontenerze należało zainstalować wymagane narzędzia w kolejności oraz wersjii:

- * libtpms vo.9.0
- * swtpm vo.7.0
- * mssim (master)
- * tss 3.1.0
- * tabrmd 2.4.0
- * tools 5.2

Wszystkie narzędzia były instalowane według określonego schematu - na początku należało za pomocą git clone pobrać repozytorium, następnie doinstalować wymagane pakiety i/lub wykonać niezbędne komendy. Ponieważ każdy z procesów wyglądał bardzo podobnie i udokumentowanie tego wymagałoby dużej ilości screenów, przykładowe działanie ukazano na przykładzie poniżej (instalacja tpm2-tools):

```
root@a860e66386de:/# git clone https://github.com/tpm2-software/tpm2-tools
Cloning into 'tpm2-tools'...
remote: Enumerating objects: 29109, done.
remote: Counting objects: 100% (1689/1689), done.
remote: Compressing objects: 100% (714/714), done.
remote: Total 29109 (delta 1244), reused 1175 (delta 960), pack-reused 27420
Receiving objects: 100% (29109/29109), 9.19 MiB | 464.00 KiB/s, done.
Resolving deltas: 100% (23270/23270), done.
```

Rys 1. Pobieranie repozytorium tpm2-tools.

```
root@a860e66386de:/tpm2-tools# git checkout 5.2

Note: switching to '5.2'.

You are in 'detached HEAD' state. You can look around, make experimental changes and commit them, and you can discard any commits you make in this state without impacting any branches by switching back to a branch.

If you want to create a new branch to retain commits you create, you may do so (now or later) by using -c with the switch command. Example:

git switch -c <new-branch-name>

Or undo this operation with:

git switch -

Turn off this advice by setting config variable advice.detachedHead to false

HEAD is now at ebd59ef8 doc/CHANGELOG.md: updated to version 5.2
```

Rys 2. Wykonanie komendy dotyczącej wersji narzędzia.

```
root@a860e66386de:/tpm2-tools# ./bootstrap
Generating file lists: src_vars.mk
aclocal: installing 'm4/ax_ac_append_to_file.m4' from '/usr/share/aclocal/ax_ac
append to file.m4'
aclocal: installing 'm4/ax_ac_print_to_file.m4' from '/usr/share/aclocal/ax_ac_
print_to_file.m4'
aclocal: installing 'm4/ax add am macro static.m4' from '/usr/share/aclocal/ax
add_am_macro_static.m4
aclocal: installing 'm4/ax_add_fortify_source.m4' from '/usr/share/aclocal/ax a
dd_fortify_source.m4'
aclocal: installing 'm4/ax_am_macros_static.m4' from '/usr/share/aclocal/ax_am_
macros_static.m4'
aclocal: installing 'm4/ax_check_compile_flag.m4' from '/usr/share/aclocal/ax_c
heck_compile_flag.m4'
aclocal: installing 'm4/ax_check_enable_debug.m4' from '/usr/share/aclocal/ax_c
heck_enable_debug.m4'
aclocal: installing 'm4/ax_check_gnu_make.m4' from '/usr/share/aclocal/ax_check
gnu make.m4'
aclocal: installing 'm4/ax_check_link_flag.m4' from '/usr/share/aclocal/ax_chec
k_link_flag.m4'
aclocal: installing 'm4/ax code coverage.m4' from '/usr/share/aclocal/ax code c
overage.m4'
aclocal: installing 'm4/ax_file_escapes.m4' from '/usr/share/aclocal/ax_file_es
capes m4'
Show Applications mg 'm4/ax_is_release.m4' from '/usr/share/aclocal/ax_is_releas
```

Rys 3. Wykonanie komendy ./bootstrap.

```
root@a860e66386de:/tpm2-tools# ./configure
checking whether to enable debugging... no
checking for gcc... gcc
checking whether the C compiler works... yes
checking for C compiler default output file name... a.out
checking for suffix of executables..
checking whether we are cross compiling... no
checking for suffix of object files... o
checking whether we are using the GNU C compiler... yes
checking whether gcc accepts -g... yes checking for gcc option to accept ISO C89... none needed
checking whether gcc understands -c and -o together... yes
checking whether in -s works... yes
checking build system type... x86_64-pc-linux-gnu
checking host system type... x86_64-pc-linux-gnu
checking how to print strings... printf
cheeping for a sed that does not truncate output... /usr/bin/sed
     ing for grep that handles long lines and -e... /usr/bin/grep
checking for egrep... /usr/bin/grep -E
checking for fgrep... /usr/bin/grep -F
checking for ld used by gcc... /usr/bin/ld
checking if the linker (/usr/bin/ld) is GNU ld... yes checking for BSD- or MS-compatible name lister (nm)... /usr/bin/nm -B
checking the name lister (/usr/bin/nm -B) interface... BSD nm
checking the maximum length of command line arguments... 1572864
```

Rys 4. Wykonanie komendy ./configure.

```
root@a860e66386de:/tpm2-tools# make
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_template.o
  CC
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_decrypt.o
             tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_encrypt.o
tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_list.o
tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_changeauth.o
  CC
  CC
  CC
  CC
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_delete.o
  CC
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_import.o
             tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_getinfo.o
tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_createkey.o
tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_createseal.o
  CC
  CC
  CC
  CC
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_exportkey.o
  CC
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_getcertificate.o
  CC
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_getplatformcertificates.o
  CC
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_gettpmblobs.o
             tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_getappdata.o
tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_setappdata.o
  CC
  CC
  CC
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2 setcertificate.o
  CC
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_sign.o
  CC
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_verifysignature.o
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_verifyquote.o
tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_createnv.o
  CC
  CC
  CC
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_nvextend.o
  CC
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_nvincrement.o
  CC
              tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_nvread.o
             tools/fapi/tss2-tss2_nvsetbits.o
  CC
```

Rys 5. Wykonanie komendy make.

```
root@a860e66386de:/tpm2-tools# make install
make[1]: Entering directory '/tpm2-tools'
 /usr/bin/mkdir -p '/usr/local/bin'
                                 --mode=install /usr/bin/install -c tools/fapi/tss2 tool
   /bin/bash ./libtool
s/tpm2 '/usr/local/bin'
libtool: install: /usr/bin/install -c tools/fapi/tss2 /usr/local/bin/tss2 libtool: install: /usr/bin/install -c tools/tpm2 /usr/local/bin/tpm2
make install-exec-hook
make[2]: Entering directory '/tpm2-tools'
for tool in tpm2_certifyX509certutil tpm2_checkquote tpm2_eventlog tpm2_print t
pm2_rc_decode tpm2_activatecredential tpm2_certify tpm2_changeauth tpm2_changee
ps tpm2_changepps tpm2_clear tpm2_clearcontrol tpm2_clockrateadjust tpm2_create
tpm2_createak tpm2_createek tpm2_createpolicy tpm2_setprimarypolicy tpm2_creat
eprimary tpm2_dictionarylockout tpm2_duplicate tpm2_getcap tpm2_gettestresult t
pm2_encryptdecrypt tpm2_evictcontrol tpm2_flushcontext tpm2_getekcertificate tp
m2_getrandom tpm2_gettime tpm2_hash tpm2_hierarchycontrol tpm2_hmac tpm2_import
tpm2_incrementalselftest tpm2_load tpm2_loadexternal tpm2_makecredential tpm2_
nvdefine tpm2_nvextend tpm2_nvincrement tpm2_nvreadpublic tpm2_nvread tpm2_nvre
adlock tpm2_nvundefine tpm2_nvwrite tpm2_nvwritelock tpm2_nvsetbits tpm2_pcrall
ocate tpm2_pcrevent tpm2_pcrextend tpm2_pcrread tpm2_pcrreset tpm2_policypcr tp
m2_policyauthorize tpm2_policyauthorizenv tpm2_policynv tpm2_policycountertimer
tpm2_policyor tpm2_policynamehash tpm2_policytemplate tpm2_policycphash tpm2_p
olicypassword tpm2_policysigned tpm2_policyticket tpm2_policyauthvalue tpm2_pol
icysecret tpm2_policyrestart tpm2_policycommandcode tpm2_policynvwritten tpm2_p
olicyduplicationselect tpm2_policylocality tpm2_quote tpm2_readclock tpm2_readp
ublic tpm2_rsadecrypt tpm2_rsaencrypt tpm2_send tpm2_selftest tpm2_setclock tpm
2_shutdown tpm2_sign tpm2_certifycreation tpm2_nvcertify tpm2_startauthsession
```

Rys 6. Wykonanie komendy make install - instalacja narzędzia.

Następnie uruchomiono oba symulatory, tym samym sprawdzając, czy proces instalacyjny przebiegł prawidłowo. Jako pierwszy uruchomiono MSSIM (Microsoft):

```
root@a860e66386de:/# tpm2-simulator 2325 -m &
[2] 31486
root@a860e66386de:/# LIBRARY COMPATIBILITY CHECK is ON
Manufacturing NV state...
Size of OBJECT = 1204
Size of components in TPMT_SENSITIVE = 744
    TPMI_ALG_PUBLIC
    TPM2B_AUTH
                                    50
    TPM2B DIGEST
                                    50
    TPMU_SENSITIVE_COMPOSITE
                                    642
MAX_CONTEXT_SIZE can be reduced to 1264 (1344)
TPM command server listening on port 2325
Platform server listening on port 2326
```

Rys 7. Uruchomienie symulatora MSSIM.

```
root@a860e66386de:/# tpm2-abrmd --allow-root -t mssim:port=2325 &
[3] 31492
root@a860e66386de:/#
** (process:31492): WARNING **: 09:28:50.985: tcti_conf before: "(null)"
** (tpm2-abrmd:31492): WARNING **: 09:28:50.985: tcti_conf after: "mssim:port=2
** (tpm2-abrmd:31492): WARNING **: 09:28:50.987: Failed to get proxy for DBus d
aemon (org.freedesktop.DBus): Could not connect: No such file or directory
Client accepted
Client accepted
** (tpm2-abrmd:31492): CRITICAL **: 09:28:50.988: Failed to acquire DBus name c
om.intel.tss2.Tabrmd. UID 0 must be allowed to "own" this name. Check DBus conf
ig and check that this is running as user tss or root.
Platform server listening on port 2326
TPM command server listening on port 2325
[3]- Exit 74
                             tpm2-abrmd --allow-root -t mssim:port=2325
```

Rys 8. Inicjalizacja MSSIM TPM.

```
[3]- Exit 74
   tpm2-abrmd --allow-root -t mssim:port=2325
root@a860e66386de:/# TPM2TOOLS_TCTI="mssim:port=2325" tpm2_pcrread
Client accepted
Client accepted
sha1:
```

Rys 9. Odczyt rejestrów PCR - MSSIM.

Kolejnym krokiem było uruchomienie drugiego z zainstalowanych symulatorów, czyli SWTPM firmy IBM.

```
root@a860e66386de:/# rm -rf /tmp/mytpm && mkdir /tmp/mytpm && swtpm socket --tp
mstate dir=/tmp/mytpm --tpm2 --ctrl type=tcp,port=2324 --server type=tcp,port=2
323 --flags not-need-init &
[3] 31519
root@a860e66386de:/# ps aux | grep tpm
oot
        31483 0.0 0.0 24372 1448 pts/0
                                              Tl 09:23 0:00 tpm2-simulator
         31486 0.0 0.0 89908 1516 pts/0
                                                            0:00 tpm2-simulator
                                               S1
                                                  09:27
oot
2325 -m
        31522 0.0 0.0 9028 5276 pts/0 S
                                                    09:36 0:00 swtpm socket -
   nstate <mark>dir=/tmp/my<mark>tom</mark> --<del>tpm</del>2 --ctrl type=tcp,port=2324 --server type=tcp,por</mark>
t=2323 --flags not-need-init
         31524 0.0 0.0
                          3304
                                  728 pts/0
                                                    09:36 0:00 grep --color=a
oot
uto
```

Rys 10. Uruchomienie SWTPM oraz potwierdzenie działania procesu.

```
root@a860e66386de:/# TPM2T00LS_TCTI="swtpm:port=2323" tpm2_startup -c

Rys 11. Inicjalizacja SWTPM.
```

```
root@a860e66386de:/# TPM2TOOLS_TCTI="swtpm:port=2323" tpm2_pcrread
sha1:
```

Rys 12. Odczyt rejestrów PCR - SWTPM.