The Division of Cancer Control and Population Sciences (DCCPS) is interested in better understanding the short- and long-term effects of cancer and its treatment on well-being and trajectories of aging during survivorship. Research funded by DCCPS in this area also aims to strengthen measurement validity, including symptomatic toxicities of treatment and consequent multimorbidity factors. This research also supports patient-generated data to stratify risk, support decision-making, and optimize cancer and aging outcomes in older adults.

AREAS OF RESEARCH EMPHASIS IN CANCER AND AGING

- Identification of aging phenotypes in cancer survivors, mechanisms underlying the emergent phenomena, and mitigation of unintended aging-related outcomes in cancer survivors due to cancer and its treatment
- Use of population-based data and existing data resources to address cancer and aging hypotheses
- Implications of aging-related changes in body composition, diet, stress, sleep patterns, medication, oral environment, environmental exposures, and lifestyle behaviors for cancer risk and outcomes
- Measurement of biological, behavioral (e.g., energy balance), and psycho-social (e.g., depression, isolation) risk factors for multimorbidity
- Interventions to address the complexity of symptom management in older adults
- Inclusion of older adults in intervention and observational studies

SELECTED FUNDING OPPORTUNITY ANNOUNCEMENTS RELEVANT TO CANCER AND AGING



Leveraging Cognitive Neuroscience Research to Improve Assessment of Cancer Treatment-Related Cognitive Impairment

PAR-18-605/R01 and PAR-18-606/R21

Contact: Jerry Suls, Ph.D. | Jerry.Suls@nih.gov | 240-276-6811



Intervening with Cancer Caregivers to Improve Patient Health Outcomes and Optimize Health Care Utilization

PAR-18-246/R01

Contact: Michelle Mollica, Ph.D., M.P.H., R.N., O.C.N. | Michelle.Mollica@nih.gov | 240-276-7621



Reducing Overscreening for Breast, Cervical, and Colorectal Cancers among Older Adults PA-18-015/R21 and PA-18-005/R01

Research Infrastructure Development for Interdisciplinary Aging Studies PAR-18-645/R21/R33

Contact: Erica Breslau, Ph.D., M.P.H. | Breslaue@mail.nih.gov | 240-276-6773



Oral Anticancer Agents: Utilization, Adherence, and Health Care Delivery PA-17-060/R01 and PA-17-061/R21

Contact: Wendy Nelson, Ph.D., M.P.H. | nelsonw@mail.nih.gov | 240-276-6971

CANCER AND ACCELERATED AGING: ADVANCING RESEARCH FOR HEALTHIER SURVIVORS



This initiative represents a collaboration of the National Cancer Institute, the National Institute on Aging, and representatives from cancer research institutions throughout the country. The series of three think-tank meetings aims to identify research gaps and promising approaches to improve our ability to understand, predict, and mitigate aging-related consequences of cancer and cancer treatment.

The series will begin July 25-26 in Rockville, Maryland, with "Measuring Aging and Identifying Aging Phenotypes in Cancer Survivors." During this meeting, participants will strive to elucidate the best methods to measure aging among cancer survivors, identify aging phenotypes, and produce a strategic and unified vision to fill the identified research gaps and establish methodological approaches to characterize aging phenotypes.

Future think tanks will work toward identifying the cancer-survivor populations where gaps in knowledge on aging trajectories exist, resources available to examine aging trajectories, analytical methods and modeling approaches to best address relevant research questions, and strategies to prevent, slow, or reverse accelerated aging trajectories among cancer survivors.

DCCPS CANCER AND AGING SCIENTIFIC CONTACTS



Paige Green, Ph.D., M.P.H., F.A.B.M.R.
Chief
Basic Biobehavioral and Psychological Sciences Branch
Behavioral Research Program
Paige.Green@nih.gov | 240-276-6899



Lisa Gallicchio, Ph.D.

Program Director
Clinical and Translational Epidemiology Branch
Epidemiology and Genomics Research Program
Lisa.Gallicchio@nih.gov | 240-276-5741