

Since 1992, the Tobacco Use Supplement-Current Population Survey (TUS-CPS) has served as a key source of national, state, and substate data on tobacco use behavior, attitudes, and policies in the United States. The TUS is conducted every 3-4 years as part of the CPS, a monthly survey conducted by the U.S. Census Bureau for the U.S. Bureau of Labor Statistics.

In each cycle, TUS-CPS collects nationally representative data from about 240,000 adults (data collected between 1992-2006 also included youth ages 15-17). About two-thirds of respondents complete the questionnaire by telephone and responses for the remaining third are obtained through in-person interviews. The survey is regularly conducted in English and Spanish, and other languages when needed. For more information on the TUS-CPS, visit <a href="https://cancercontrol.cancer.gov/brp/tcrb/tus-cps/">https://cancercontrol.cancer.gov/brp/tcrb/tus-cps/</a>.

## How can the unique features of the TUS-CPS survey be used?

- · Track long-term trends in tobacco use, cessation attempts, and tobacco-related policies
- Evaluate national and sub-national tobacco control programs, including workplace and home smoking restrictions, clinician advice to stop smoking, and the "real price" of cigarettes
- Study tobacco-related health disparities and conduct other tobacco control research
- Analyze aspects of tobacco use in conjunction with the CPS's detailed occupational and economic data and other CPS supplements
- Link tobacco control data to cancer incidence and survival; cause-specific mortality; and Medicare screening, diagnosis, treatment, and cost data through the National Longitudinal Mortality Study
- Conduct analysis of periodic one-year prospective follow-up of a subset of respondents.

## **TUS-CPS topics:**

- Current cigarette smoking status, amount smoked, and smoking history
- Cigar, pipe (hookah/waterpipe since 2010), and smokeless tobacco current use and history of use
- Menthol cigarette use (since 2003) and history and reason for use (2010-11)
- Quit attempts and intention to guit

- Medical/dental advice to quit
- Nicotine dependence (since 2003)
- Cost of cigarettes and purchase location (since 2003)
- Harm reduction and other emerging products (since 2003)
- E-cigarette use (since 2011)
- Workplace and home smoking restrictions
- Attitudes toward smokefree policies in public places

# Is the TUS-CPS questionnaire always the same?

It generally covers the topics listed above, but recent versions have varied. For example, some versions had a special focus on tobacco cessation and/or menthol cigarette use and included more detailed questions on: length of LAST quit attempt occurring over the preceding 12 months; treatment and other methods used to quit; level of nicotine dependence; and reasons for use of type of cigarettes smoked.

The 2014-15 TUS-CPS included new questions on attitudes toward smokefree policies in multi-unit housing. In addition, the Food and Drug Administration Center for Tobacco Products cosponsored TUS-CPS with the National Cancer Institute (NCI) to collect data on core tobacco use patterns and to obtain more detail on e-cigarette use; and on use of other tobacco products, including preference for flavoring.

#### **Important links:**

- To obtain questionnaires, data, or supporting documentation: https://cancercontrol.cancer.gov/brp/tcrb/tus-cps/questionnaires.html
- More information on CPS Supplement Topics: https://www.census.gov/programs-surveys/cps/about/supplemental-surveys.html
- Information about NCI's Tobacco Control Research Branch: https://cancercontrol.cancer.gov/brp/tcrb

### Now Available: Harmonized Dataset 1992-2015

Data from all currently available waves (1992–2015) were recently harmonized into a single dataset.



# For more information:

https://cancercontrol.cancer.gov/brp/tcrb/tus-cps/docs/TUS-Harmonization-1992-2015-Technical-Documentation.pdf

## To download the data:

https://cancercontrol.cancer.gov/brp/tcrb/tus-cps/harmonzd.tus\_cps.1992.through.2015.vers\_0\_9.beta.zip