Nine Habits of Successful Comprehensive Cancer Control Coalitions





A Guide for an Effective and Efficient Coalition

A Note from the American Cancer Society and the Comprehensive Cancer Control National Partnership

How Were the Nine Habits Developed?

The Nine Habits were developed utilizing information from an evaluation in 2012 that identified the attributes of high-performing CCC Programs and with input from CCC coalition members and many comprehensive cancer control experts throughout the nation.

Initial Presentation of the Nine Habits

The Nine Habits of Successful Comprehensive Cancer Control (CCC) Coalitions were presented to all state, tribe, territory and Pacific Island Jurisdictions in a series of on-site workshops in 2012-2013. The information was well received by workshop participants and often requested afterwards to use in CCC coalitions efforts. Therefore, the Nine Habits information is presented in this simple guide so that coalition leaders and members can use the information and tools in their ongoing work with CCC coalitions.

Acknowledgments

The evaluation and subsequent development of the Nine Habits were funded through a cooperative agreement between the American Cancer Society and the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention.

The American Cancer Society's CCC staff and consultants from Strategic Health Concepts led the development of the Nine Habits content and supporting materials for both the Nine Habits Workshop and this guide.

Many thanks to the Comprehensive Cancer Control Partners for their support and review of the guide as well as the many Comprehensive Cancer Control stakeholders throughout the nation who both reviewed the materials and have shared their examples illustrated in this guide.

"We are what we repeatedly do. Excellence then, is not an act, but a habit."
Aristotle

This publication was supported by Cooperative Agreement Number 5U50DP001863 funded by the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention. Its contents are solely the responsibility of the authors and do not necessarily represent the official views of the Centers for Disease Control and Prevention or the Department of Health and Human Services.

Nine Habits of Successful Comprehensive Cancer Control Coalitions

How to Use this Guide

Use the Nine Habits information and tools in a variety of ways and settings:

- ✓ Discuss and use the tools for one or two Habits during each CCC leadership meeting (Board, Steering Committee, Executive Committee, etc.) over the course of a year.
- ✓ Have coalition workgroups or committees dedicate a portion of their meeting or call time to discussing one of the Habits.
- ✓ Use the self-assessment tools with all members in a full coalition meeting and have them discuss their answers in small groups and make suggestions for improvement.
- ✓ Have a team building Nine Habits coalition leadership retreat and based on the discussions create new approaches to energize the coalition.
- ✓ Ask other coalitions how they have used the Nine Habits to improve the functioning of their coalition efforts.

Identify Changes to Make

At the beginning of each Habit section in this guide, you will find a short set of questions. These Nine Habit "assessment questions" enable you to quickly assess coalition functioning related to that Habit. You will also be able to see the different perceptions of how the group you are working with views the coalition's efforts in that Habit area.

Step 1

Individually, the members of the group should answer the Nine Habits assessment questions related to the Habit area on which you are working.

Step 2

As a group, discuss how people rated the coalition and how the ratings are the same or different across team members.

Step 3

Identify areas where the team agrees the coalition is both doing well and could improve.

Step 4

As a group, go through the Habit information (Habit in Action, Coalition Spotlight, Habit Tool).

Step 5

Identify actions to take to improve coalition efforts in the Habit area.

Step 6

Make specific plans to put those actions into practice. Write your plan down, including tasks, person(s) responsible and a timeline, and distribute them to your group.

As you use this guide, keep in mind the Habits are:

- **Interconnected and comprehensive**: The Habits all work together and cover the spectrum of a coalition's operations.
- Reflected in the coalition's values: Coalition leadership and members believe in the importance of each of the Habits and strive to encourage other members to value them as well.
- Integrated into the coalition's work: The Habits are not a temporary focus or approach, but are a way of doing business in a coalition.

Each of the Nine Habits in this guide is presented in the following format:

- Habit Questions: A series of questions focused on that Habit to assess how the coalition functions in that area
- **Habit in Action**: Quick information about that Habit and "Do This" ideas to take to put the Habit into action
- **Coalition Spotlight:** Examples of how CCC coalitions incorporated the Habit into their efforts
- **Tools:** Questions and forms to assist you in making that Habit a reality in your coalition
- Making it a Habit: A place for you to identify the changes you will make to make it a habit for your coalition

Nine Habits of Successful Comprehensive Cancer Control Coalitions

Habit 1: Empowering Leadership

Page 5

Strong coalition leaders show their leadership by welcoming decision making by their members. This empowerment builds trust and encourages accountability among members.

Habit 2: Shared Decision Making

Page 11

Shared decision making guides the coalition. Steps are put in place so that no one organization overpowers the decisions made by the coalition.

Habit 3: Value-added Collaboration

Page 17

Members acknowledge and appreciate the benefits of forging alliances and working on efforts that might not be prioritized without the coalition.

Habit 4: Dedicated Staff

Page 23

Because the members of the coalition are volunteers, who often hold leadership positions within their own organizations, the burden of additional work for coalition members needs to be recognized and partially handled by dedicated staff.

Habit 5: Diversified Funding

Page 30

Diversified funding can create wider support of and involvement in the coalition's efforts by a greater number of stakeholders and can allow the coalition to remain viable if one source of funding disappears.

Habit 6: Effective Communication

Page 36

Coalition communication is a consistent and purposeful dialogue that uses all appropriate channels for discussion and feedback, including email, websites, phone calls, meetings, and newsletters.

Habit 7: Clear Roles and Accountability

Page 43

Coalition members understand their roles and feel accountable for accomplishing agreed-upon tasks. Members understand the mission of the coalition and how they, as individuals, can help achieve that mission. Coalition member roles are defined and communicated both verbally and in written documents.

Habit 8: Flexible Structure

Page 49

The coalition structure is flexible, adapts to challenges, and facilitates implementation of the cancer plan. The coalition strives to operate in a way that maximizes the effective and efficient work of its coalition members.

Habit 9: Priority Work Plans

Page 55

Priorities are chosen and work plans are developed around evidence-based strategies. Work plans clearly articulate the expected outcomes, methods to reach those outcomes, responsibilities, and timelines. The work plans are used to guide actions and are revised as challenges and opportunities arise.

All Habit Assessment Questions

Page 65

Habit 1: Empowering Leadership

The coalition's leadership style empowers members. Coalitions have strong leaders that in part show their leadership by allowing others to make decisions and move forward with coalition activities. This leadership style allows coalition members to feel trusted and satisfied as a member of the coalition. Empowered coalition members are interested in making progress on coalition activities and are more likely to hold themselves and others accountable for ensuring progress. Coalition structure,

Habit 1: Empowering Leadership

Habit 2: Shared Decision Making

Habit 3: Value-added Collaboration

Habit 4: Dedicated Staff

Habit 5: Diversified Funding

Habit 6: Effective Communication

Habit 7: Clear Roles and Accountability

Habit 8: Flexible Structure

Habit 9: Priority Work Plans

reporting and accountability measures are in place that allows this level of empowerment.

Habit 1 Assessment

Habit 1 in Action

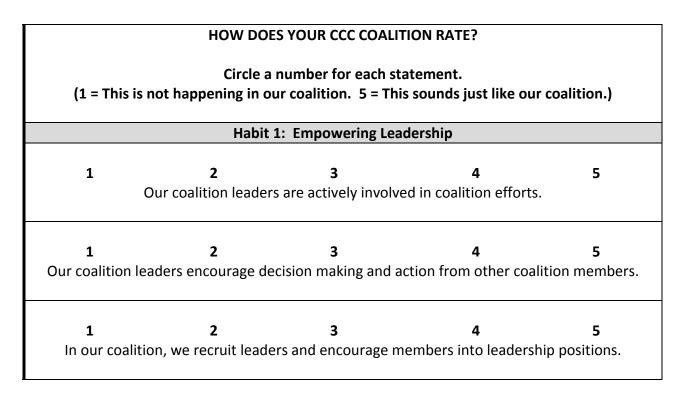
Habit 1 Coalition Spotlight

Habit 1 Tool

Making it a Habit

Habit 1 Assessment

- **Step 1** Individually answer the Habit questions below.
- **Step 2** As a group, discuss how people rated the coalition and how the ratings are the same or different across team members.
- **Step 3** Identify areas where the team agrees the coalition is both doing well and could improve.
- **Step 4** As a group, go through the Habit information (Habit in Action, Coalition Spotlight, Habit Tool).
- **Step 5** Identify actions to take to improve coalition efforts in this Habit area.
- **Step 6** Make specific plans to put those actions into practice. Write your plan down, including tasks, person(s) responsible and a timeline, and distribute them to your group.



Identify specific examples from your coalition that illustrate why you rated your coalition as you did in the statements above:

Habit 1 in Action

Effective and empowering CCC coalition leaders clearly demonstrate in conversations, actions, and coalition operations their empowering leadership style by:

- Encouraging others in the coalition to make decisions
- Enabling and supporting members' efforts and progress toward identified outcomes

This leadership style results in CCC coalition members that are:

- Respected and trusted
- Invested in the outcome
- Productive
- Actively engaged

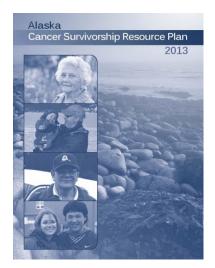
Do This!

- Leaders should review coalition operations to assure that the culture and systems are in place to take advantage of an empowering leadership style.
- Recruit and encourage other leaders that show strong leadership capabilities. Don't rely on luck and wait for volunteers.
- Assure diversity in your leaders. Leaders should not always come from the same organization, or have the same experience or professional degree. A variety of perspectives, experiences and backgrounds is good for the coalition.
- Set and communicate high expectations for your members. Ask for, allow and expect action.
- Focus on results communicate the coalition's progress and successes.

"Leaders don't create more followers, they create more leaders."
- Tom Peters

Back to Habit 1

Habit 1 Coalition Spotlight



Alaska Comprehensive Cancer Partnership

The Alaska Comprehensive Cancer Partnership empowers leadership by utilizing volunteer leaders as Chairs for all working committees. The Partnership steering committee helps to recruit committee chairs from different facilities and organizations for maximum participation. The volunteer committee chairs provide leadership by setting the monthly agenda, facilitating meetings, developing yearly priority strategies to address Cancer Plan goals and providing outreach to new members for their committee. The chair of the Survivorship Committee worked with the members of the committee and other key organizational members of the

Partnership to develop an Alaska Cancer Survivorship Resource Plan (http://dhss.alaska.gov/dph/Chronic/Pages/Cancer/comprehensive.aspx). The resource plan focuses on cancer survivorship in Alaska as a priority and identifies actions to achieve the priority, resources needed, funding needed and in-kind resources needed. By supporting and empowering these leaders, the Partnership is able to expand beyond traditional partners and accomplish more than the state health department staff could alone.

Back to Habit 1

Habit 1 Tool

An Empowering Leader

Think of a good leader(s) you have worked with:				
Who?				
From your perspective, what made that person(s) a good leader?				
List those characteristics:				
• • • • • •				
Review the list you created. Do you see a theme? Did you identify personal characteristics about how the leader made others feel, or business characteristics about what they knew? Often being a good leader is not just about being an expert in a field, or having an advanced degree, but also how you make people feel about themselves and their work. The quotes below reinforce this concept.				
"Outstanding leaders go out of their way to boost the self-esteem of their personnel. If people believe in themselves, it's amazing what they can accomplish." - Sam Walton				
"As we look ahead into the next century, leaders will be those who empower others." - Bill Gates				
"In the past a leader was a boss. Today's leaders must be partners with their people they no longer can lead solely based on positional power."				
- Ken Blanchard				
"I know of no single formula for success. But over the years I have observed that some attributes of leadership are universal and are often about finding ways of encouraging people to combine their efforts, their talents, their insights, their enthusiasm and their inspiration to work together." - Queen Flizabeth II				

Back to Habit 1

Habit 1 Empowering Leadership - Making it a Habit

Changes to Make	When	Who

Notes:

Habit 2: Shared Decision Making

Shared decision making guides the coalition. No one organization overpowers the decisions made in the coalition, and mechanisms are in place so that this does not happen. Coalition members see that many perspectives, organizations and sources of information are considered as decisions are made. Decisions are based on data and stakeholder input.

Habit 2 Assessment

Habit 2 in Action

Habit 2 Coalition Spotlight

Habit 2 Tool

Making it a Habit

Habit 1: Empowering Leadership

Habit 2: Shared Decision Making

Habit 3: Value-added Collaboration

Habit 4: Dedicated Staff

Habit 5: Diversified Funding

Habit 6: Effective Communication

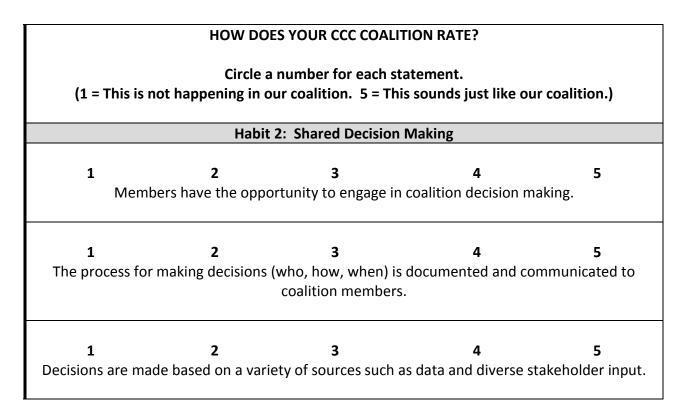
Habit 7: Clear Roles and Accountability

Habit 8: Flexible Structure

Habit 9: Priority Work Plans

Habit 2 Assessment

- **Step 1** Individually answer the Habit questions below.
- **Step 2** As a group, discuss how people rated the coalition and how the ratings are the same or different across team members.
- **Step 3** Identify areas where the team agrees the coalition is both doing well and could improve.
- **Step 4** As a group, go through the Habit information (Habit in Action, Coalition Spotlight, Habit Tool).
- **Step 5** Identify actions to take to improve coalition efforts in this Habit area.
- **Step 6** Make specific plans to put those actions into practice. Write your plan down, including tasks, person(s) responsible and a timeline, and distribute them to your group.



Identify specific examples from your coalition that illustrate why you rated your coalition as you did in the statements above:

Habit 2 in Action

Shared decision making in a CCC coalition looks like:

- No one organization overpowers the decisions made in the coalition and mechanisms are in place so that this does not happen.
- Decisions have strong rationale and are based on data, and stakeholder input.
- Coalition members see that many perspectives, organizations and sources of information are considered as decisions are made.
- Members understand how decisions are made.

Do This!

- Communicate and involve members on:
 - How decisions are made
 - When decisions will be made
 - What decisions will be made (setting priorities, allocating resources, leadership changes, etc.)
- Document how your coalition makes decisions (who and what criteria were used) and post or distribute the document for all coalition members to read.

Back to Habit 2

Habit 2 Coalition Spotlight

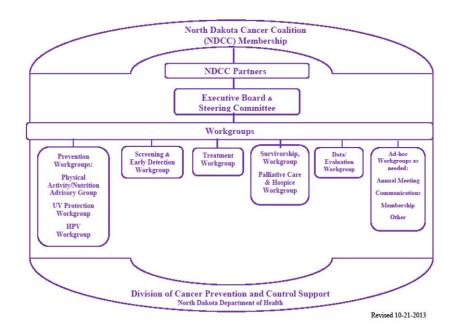
North Dakota Cancer Coalition

The North Dakota Cancer Coalition (NDCC) decision making process is governed by established bylaws. The NDCC bylaws are reviewed on a regular basis to ensure they meet the needs of the coalition. The organizational structure of the NDCC lends itself well to ensure every member has the opportunity to voice his or her thoughts and ideas in the decision-making process.

The process begins with the Executive Committee of the coalition made up of the Chair, Vice Chair, Secretary and Treasurer. The Executive Committee, along with a member of each coalition workgroup and key standing committee members (such as data/evaluation and policy/advocacy) and state health department staff serve on the NDCC Steering Committee. Additionally, as the largest minority population in the state, at least two American Indian health-care leaders serve on the Steering Committee to ensure the needs of the state's minority population are addressed.

Members from the key standing committees and state health department staff are responsible for providing current and pertinent data and program information for the decision making process. The Steering Committee then reviews this information to bring recommendations to the NDCC on cancer plan implementation addressing the state's areas of greatest need and CDC priorities.

It is ultimately the NDCC membership that has the final vote on any major decisions of the coalition. During a scheduled NDCC in-person meeting or one of four annually scheduled conference calls, recommendations are discussed and voted on using the process set forth in the bylaws.



Back to Habit 2

Habit 2 Tool

Shared Decision Making In Your Coalition – How Do You Do It?

List the different people and ways decisions are made in your coalition

Who makes the decisions?	What type of decisions are	Is the decision making	In general, are people satisfied	Ideas for improvement?
decisions:	made?	process	with the decisions	improvement:
		transparent?	made?	
Chair or Co-Chair				
Leadership Group				
Workgroups or Committees				
CCC Staff				
General Coalition Membership				
Other?				

Back to Habit 2

Habit 2 Shared Decision Making - Making it a Habit

Changes to Make	When	Who

1	N	0	٠		C	
	N	U	L	ᆮ	Э	

Habit 3: Value-added Collaboration

Members acknowledge and appreciate the "value-added" benefit of the coalition's collaborative efforts. Coalition members see results from working with other members and forging alliances that otherwise, without the coalition, might not be realized. Interaction with other coalition members uncovers diverse strengths and resources otherwise unknown. The collaborative efforts that come from this value-added characteristic are viewed as worthwhile and effective. Ultimately, outcomes are achieved that might not happen if the coalition had not worked on the effort.

Habit 1: Empowering Leadership

Habit 2: Shared Decision Making

Habit 3: Value-added Collaboration

Habit 4: Dedicated Staff

Habit 5: Diversified Funding

Habit 6: Effective Communication

Habit 7: Clear Roles and Accountability

Habit 8: Flexible Structure

Habit 9: Priority Work Plans

Habit 3 Assessment

Habit 3 in Action

Habit 3 Coalition Spotlight

Habit 3 Tool

Making it a Habit

Habit 3 Assessment

- **Step 1** Individually answer the Habit questions below.
- **Step 2** As a group, discuss how people rated the coalition and how the ratings are the same or different across team members.
- **Step 3** Identify areas where the team agrees the coalition is both doing well and could improve.
- **Step 4** As a group, go through the Habit information (Habit in Action, Coalition Spotlight, Habit Tool).
- **Step 5** Identify actions to take to improve coalition efforts in this Habit area.
- **Step 6** Make specific plans to put those actions into practice. Write your plan down, including tasks, person(s) responsible and a timeline, and distribute them to your group.

HOW DOES YOUR CCC COALITION RATE? Circle a number for each statement. (1 = This is not happening in our coalition. 5 = This sounds just like our coalition.)				
	Habit 3:	Value-added Colla	boration	
1 2 3 4 5 We know coalition members have made connections with other members that have led to them working together or sharing resources.				
1 2 3 4 5 Our coalition's efforts influence key decision makers, government agencies, and other organizations.				
1	2 Our coalit	3 ion has visibility and	4 I credibility.	5
1 2 3 4 5 Members believe the coalition works on things that otherwise wouldn't have happened without the coalition's efforts.				

Identify specific examples from your coalition that illustrate why you rated your coalition as you did in the statements above:

Back to Habit 3

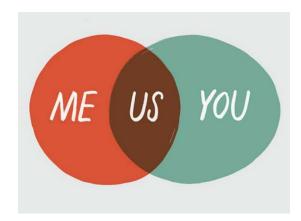
Habit 3 in Action

Value-added collaboration is demonstrated in a coalition when:

- Members ask and identify: "What in the CCC plan would not happen if the coalition didn't work on it?"
- Discussions about value-added collaborative efforts with other coalition members uncover diverse strengths and resources otherwise unknown.
- The focus is on assuring that coalition efforts enhance, expand, and create approaches to address a cancer plan objective; not duplicate others efforts or do something that would happen without the coalition's involvement.

Do This!

- Be deliberate about what you do.
 - Systematically identify where the value-added opportunities are in your cancer plan. Don't do things that would happen anyway.
- Demonstrate and communicate the value-added efforts of the coalition. Make sure your stakeholders and the public know:
 - We worked on this priority issue together.
 - This wouldn't have happened without the coalition.



Back to Habit 3

Habit 3 Coalition Spotlight

The Wisconsin CCC Program conducted a partnership survey to assess the benefits of the collaborative work on cancer control being done in the state. They reported on the results of the survey as illustrated in an excerpt of the summary shown below:

WI CCC Partner Survey --Highlights

2011

3 Page

Four out of five (80%) partners believed that the WI CCC Program has benefited the citizens of our state, while fewer partners (50%) reported that WI CCC directly impacted their own organization's ability to work on cancer issues.

The Summit

About 40% of the respondents attended the spring Summit, and of these, 51% gave it the highest rating for bringing partners together, while 31% gave it the highest rating for providing tools to implement the Plan.

"Through the past few years there have been great speakers, content experts, and conversations, however, we need totake action steps, actual action items that have accountability instead of continuing to identify barriers we already know exist."

Summit participant

Perceived Impact of the WI CCC Program

Partners believed that the WI CCC Program has made an impact in Wisconsin by increasing coordination of groups throughout the state, and strengthening cancer policies and regulations. Four out of five believe that the WI CCC Program has benefited the citizens of our state. Sixteen respondents shared a specific impact, grouped into four general areas below with an example within each area.

✓ Using the Plan to influence practice and make best use of resources "Use the Plan as a supporting document for my organization when I'm trying to implement or enhance services or programs for my organization."

✓ Supporting policy

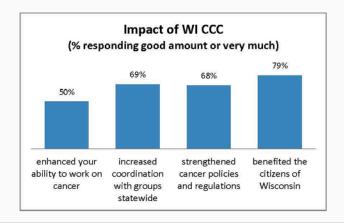
"Oral parity bill"

✓ Bringing groups together

"The WCC helps to elevate cancer issues by spotlighting them and bringing organizations together with common themes and messaging. This has a good amount of impact in that resources are focused and used more efficiently by all groups working on cancer policy."

✓ Encourage specific program areas

"Survivorship has become more visible"



Back to Habit 3

Habit 3 Tool

Name the value-added outcomes your coalition has achieved. In other words, what was the coalition able to accomplish together?

•

•

•

•

Do you think your stakeholders (coalition members, elected officials, funders, state and local health organizations) know about these value-added efforts and outcomes? If not, what are some ways you can communicate them to you stakeholders?

•

•

•

•

•

Back to Habit 3

Habit 3 Value Added Collaboration - Making it a Habit

Changes to Make	When	Who

N	ln	t	۵	C	•

Habit 4: Dedicated Staff

There is dedicated staff for coordination of coalition activities. Because the members of the coalition are volunteers and often include people who hold full-time positions in their own organization, the burden of additional work for coalition members needs to be recognized and partially offset by dedicated staff. It is important to clearly communicate what dedicated staff will do and the limitations of their work with the coalition. Dedicated staff plays an important role in the ongoing progress, coordination and communication of the coalition's efforts.

Habit 1: Empowering Leadership

Habit 2: Shared Decision Making

Habit 3: Value-added Collaboration

Habit 4: Dedicated Staff

Habit 5: Diversified Funding

Habit 6: Effective Communication

Habit 7: Clear Roles and Accountability

Habit 8: Flexible Structure

Habit 9: Priority Work Plans

Habit 4 Assessment

Habit 4 in Action

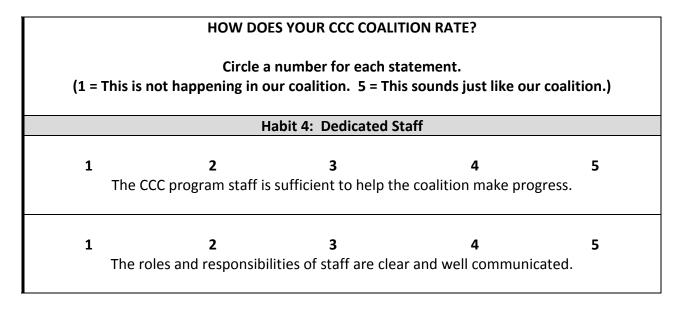
Habit 4 Coalition Spotlight

Habit 4 Tool

Making it a Habit

Habit 4 Assessment

- **Step 1** Individually answer the Habit questions below.
- **Step 2** As a group, discuss how people rated the coalition and how the ratings are the same or different across team members.
- **Step 3** Identify areas where the team agrees the coalition is both doing well and could improve.
- **Step 4** As a group, go through the Habit information (Habit in Action, Coalition Spotlight, Habit Tool).
- **Step 5** Identify actions to take to improve coalition efforts in this Habit area.
- **Step 6** Make specific plans to put those actions into practice. Write your plan down, including tasks, person(s) responsible and a timeline, and distribute them to your group.



Identify specific examples from your coalition that illustrate why you rated your coalition as you did in the statements above:

Back to Habit 4

Habit 4 in Action

Most coalition members hold full-time positions in their own organization, therefore, the burden of work for coalition members needs to be recognized and partially offset by dedicated staff.

Dedicated staff in a CCC coalition means:

- CCC is part of someone's paid job responsibilities
- The dedicated staff usually assists in the coalition operational work, such as:
 - o Coordination
 - o Communication
 - Tracking progress
- Having dedicated staff doesn't mean they do ALL the work. Coalition members still need
 to make commitments and be responsible for implementing the work of the coalition.
 The dedicated staff helps to support the ongoing progress of that work.
- Having dedicated staff doesn't have to be just one person, or only health department staff. Organizations can contribute a portion of an employee's time to the work of the coalition.
- Dedicated staff plays an important role in the ongoing coordination, progress and communication of the coalition's efforts. They also can be instrumental in identifying and applying for alternative sources of funding.

Do This!

- Recognize that the skills needed to work with a coalition are often different than those needed for other public health jobs.
- Match the right person based on the coalition's needs.
- Look beyond the health department for staff support.

Back to Habit 4

Habit 4 Coalition Spotlight

The Kansas Cancer Partnership (KCP), like most cancer coalitions, found itself wanting to act on more of the good ideas and efforts coming from the partnership, and wanted to supplement the staff time to do so. The Midwest Cancer Alliance (a member of the Kansas Cancer Partnership) designated one of their staff members to provide support



to the KCP approximately two days a week in a shared position arrangement. The Midwest Cancer Alliance staff person works closely with the Kansas Department of Health and Environment CCC program staff and the KCP leadership.

On the following page the Kansas Cancer Partnership staff developed a useful document for staff members to use to coordinate their roles and responsibilities to prepare for coalition meetings.

Back to Habit 4

	Kansas Cancer Partnership, Coalition Meeting Prep					
Meeting Date:		Meeting Time:		Meeting Place		
Activity	Lead	Assistant(s)	start date	date due	Count	NOTES/REMINDERS
Pre-meeting prep meeting						
Pre-meeting last check mtg						
Venue reservation						
Catering arrangements						
Name of catering company & Rep						
Menu and for how many						
Catering specifics (time, extras)						
Sponsor recognition table card						
Send Save the Date (min 45 days)						
Send Invitation (30 days)						
Send inv + adv agenda (min 14 days)						Include map with agenda
Send reminder2 w/ adv agenda(1dy)						
News Release						
Media Advisory Contact						
Agenda (draft & final)						Draft date: Final date:
Check Bylaws before final agenda						(Make sure it is not time for elections, et
Talking points to key presenters						
1						
2						
Handout copies						
Member folders and labels						
New Member Orientation packets						
Powerpoint outline/notes						
Cancer Action Team mtgs						
Prevention, chair:						
Notetaker:						
Early Detection, chair:						
Notetaker:						
Treatment, chair:						
Notetaker:						
Survivor QoL:						
Notetaker:						
Survivor Care Plan:						
Notetaker:						
Travel (Auto, K-Tag, MiFi, Parking)						
Refreshments (see Checklist)						
Coffee/tea						
Snacks Water/ice			-			
Water/ice			 			
Other items (cups, spoons, etc) Sponsor recognition table card			-			
Registration Table - List						
Sign-in sheet						
Registration - name tags						
IT Setup (ITV equipment)						
Remote sites, ITV Setup			1			
Office Supplies (tape, pens, etc)						
Operating Guidelines (min. 1 copy)			1			
Incentive Items						
Cancer Burden & Plan Docs						
Equipment (laptops, Ext cords, etc)						
			 			
Clean up						
Upcoming Events Notification						
Minute Notes						

Habit 4 Tool
Ask and answer the following questions:
Does your coalition have dedicated staff?
What are their role and responsibilities?
Is this enough to get the job done? If not, can you think of creative ways to identify additional dedicated staff time to the coalition?
Does your coalition rely too heavily on coalition staff to do the work of the coalition? If so, how
can coalition members take on more of the responsibility?

Back to Habit 4

Habit 4 Dedicated Staff - Making it a Habit

Changes to Make	When	Who

Notes:

Habit 5: Diversified Funding

Diversified funding is secured for implementing the coalition's priorities. Diversified funding allows the coalition to do more and not falter if one source of funding is eliminated. Diversified funding helps create widespread support and involvement in the coalition's efforts because of expanded stakeholders. Coalition members see the importance of diversified funding and become involved in helping to obtain resources for the coalition's efforts.

Habit 1: Empowering Leadership

Habit 2: Shared Decision Making

Habit 3: Value-added Collaboration

Habit 4: Dedicated Staff

Habit 5: Diversified Funding

Habit 6: Effective Communication

Habit 7: Clear Roles and Accountability

Habit 8: Flexible Structure

Habit 9: Priority Work Plans

Habit 5 Assessment

Habit 5 in Action

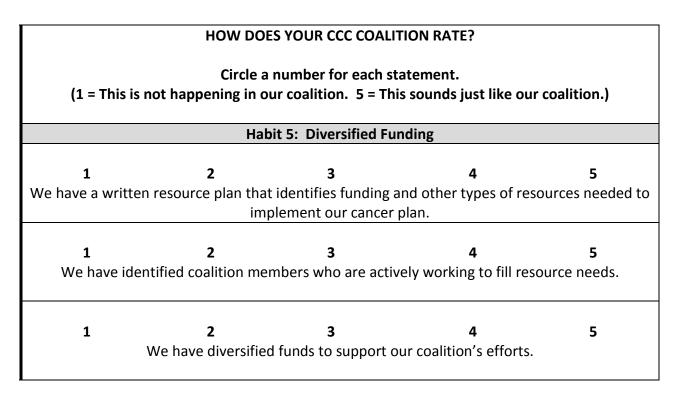
Habit 5 Coalition Spotlight

Habit 5 Tool

Making it a Habit

Habit 5 Assessment

- **Step 1** Individually answer the Habit questions below.
- **Step 2** As a group, discuss how people rated the coalition and how the ratings are the same or different across team members.
- **Step 3** Identify areas where the team agrees the coalition is both doing well and could improve.
- **Step 4** As a group, go through the Habit information (Habit in Action, Coalition Spotlight, Habit Tool).
- **Step 5** Identify actions to take to improve coalition efforts in this Habit area.
- **Step 6** Make specific plans to put those actions into practice. Write your plan down, including tasks, person(s) responsible and a timeline, and distribute them to your group.



Identify specific examples from your coalition that illustrate why you rated your coalition as you did in the statements above:

Back to Habit 5

Habit 5 in Action

Diversified funding is important to a coalition because:

- Diversified funding allows the coalition to do more and not falter if one source of funding is eliminated.
- Putting "skin in the game" increases the support and involvement from coalition members.
- Coalition members see the importance of diversified funding and become involved in helping to obtain resources for the coalition's efforts.

Do This!

- Communicate about funding:
 - This is what we have and what we don't.
 - Explain the benefits of diversified resources.
- Develop a resource strategy for both money and in-kind resources.
- Create a resource "wish list:"
 - Let everyone know what you need.

Back to Habit 5

Habit 5 Coalition Spotlight

Kentucky Cancer Consortium

The Kentucky Cancer Consortium developed a Kentucky Cancer Resource Plan to address the need for additional funds to implement its priorities.

Purpose of Resource Plan

Kentucky's Cancer Action Plan (CAP) serves as a blueprint for cancer prevention and control throughout Kentucky. The purpose is to provide statewide coordination of public and private cancer control efforts that are ongoing or needed within our state. It is intended for use by individuals and organizations in all areas of cancer control statewide. Visit www.kycancerc.org to find the latest Cancer Action Plan. In order to implement the CAP and ensure its success, defining the resources needed is essential.

Executive Summary

The Resource Plan provides the best available estimates of the additional funding needed to reasonably implement some of the priority areas of the CAP. Additional benefits of having a resource plan are to plan ahead and focus on long-term sustainability for CAP priorities. It provides information on the resources needed for the priority areas, which currently include:

- Lung Cancer Prevention and Early Detection
- Colon Cancer Prevention and Early Detection
- Breast Cancer Prevention and Early Detection
- Cervical Cancer Prevention and Early Detection



Back to Habit 5

Habit 5 Tool

Key Questions to Ask When Identifying Diverse Funding Sources

- 1. Who will serve as the fiscal agent for holding and distributing the funds?
- 2. What will you do if a donor or funder wants to fund only a portion of an effort?
- 3. What will you do if someone wants to fund something that is not a priority in your CCC plan?
- 4. What will you do if someone wants to fund something in your CCC plan, but does not like the strategy(ies) you have identified?
- 5. How will you deal with others who view the CCC plan and your efforts as competition for funds for their cause or their organization?

Steps in Creating a Resource Strategy

Step 1: Determining Purpose and Scope of the Resource Strategy

- Establish the rationale for developing a resource strategy.
- Identify benefits and challenges.
- Select a process for developing the resource strategy.
- Make initial decisions about the scope of the resource strategy.

Step 2: Developing the Resource Strategy

- Ask: Do we have enough detail to develop cost estimates?
- Decide what to include in your resource strategy (e.g., current resources).
- Identify budget categories for cost estimates.
- Develop a list of assumptions needed.
- Identify sources of information for assumptions.
- Develop your resource strategy and cost estimates.

Step 3: Using the Resource Strategy

- Determine how you will present and communicate about your CCC resource needs, including:
 - o Audience
 - Major interests/concerns
 - Talking points
 - o Forums/presentation setting
 - Materials needed

Back to Habit 5

Habit 5 Diversified Funding - Making it a Habit

Changes to Make	When	Who

N	0	t	۵	c	

Habit 6: Effective Communication

Coalition communication is frequent and effective. Coalition communication is consistent, purposeful and effective. Coalitions use a variety of ways to communicate with members including emails, websites, telephone calls, meetings and newsletters. Communication mechanisms allow for two-way communication and feedback. Communication mechanisms are established

for several groups including: coalition chairs, coalition leadership groups, workgroups, and the full coalition. Regular communication serves several functions: it

Habit 1: Empowering Leadership

Habit 2: Shared Decision Making

Habit 3: Value-added Collaboration

Habit 4: Dedicated Staff

Habit 5: Diversified Funding

Habit 6: Effective Communication

Habit 7: Clear Roles and Accountability

Habit 8: Flexible Structure

Habit 9: Priority Work Plans

keeps coalition members apprised of coalition work, it reminds coalition members of their role and accountability in the coalition and it calls coalition members to action when needed. Coalition members feel more connected to the coalition and have a greater satisfaction in belonging to the coalition when they see their collaborative successes communicated.

Habit 6 Assessment

Habit 6 in Action

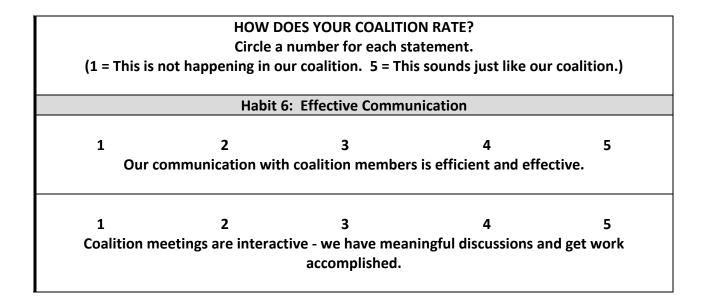
Habit 6 Coalition Spotlight

Habit 6 Tool

Making it a Habit

Habit 6 Assessment

- **Step 1** Individually answer the Habit questions below.
- **Step 2** As a group, discuss how people rated the coalition and how the ratings are the same or different across team members.
- **Step 3** Identify areas where the team agrees the coalition is both doing well and could improve.
- **Step 4** As a group, go through the Habit information (Habit in Action, Coalition Spotlight, Habit Tool).
- **Step 5** Identify actions to take to improve coalition efforts in this Habit area.
- **Step 6** Make specific plans to put those actions into practice. Write your plan down, including tasks, person(s) responsible and a timeline, and distribute them to your group.



Identify specific examples from your coalition that illustrate why you rated your coalition as you did in the statements above:

Back to Habit 6

Habit 6 in Action

Effective communication is important to a coalition because:

- Coalitions who communicate effectively use a variety of ways to communicate with members including emails, websites, telephone calls, meetings and newsletters.
- Communicate in multiple ways so that everyone is hearing what you have to say and in the way they access information.
- Establish different communication strategies for different groups including: coalition chairs, coalition leadership groups, workgroups, and the full coalition.
- Diverse communication mechanisms that allow for two-way communication and feedback are best.
- Effective coalition communication is consistent, purposeful and timely. Regular communication serves several functions:
 - Keeps members apprised of coalition work.
 - o Reminds members of their role and accountability in the coalition.
 - Calls coalition members to action when needed.
 - Helps members feel more connected to the coalition and have a greater satisfaction in belonging to the coalition when collaborative successes are shared.
- An established communication schedule (monthly or quarterly) is important so that people know when to expect to hear from you about coalition efforts and plans.

Do This!

- Create a simple communication plan:
 - o Who, what, when and how
- Assure there are ongoing methods for feedback and input.
- Keep communication short and simple.
- If you are asking people to do something, make sure you are making it clear WHAT you want, WHEN you want it, and HOW to follow through with the action.

Back to Habit 6

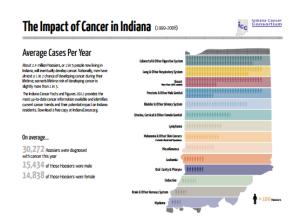
Habit 6 Coalition Spotlight

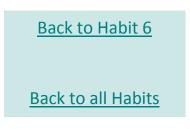
Coalition progress reports can communicate to a variety of audiences the efforts and progress that CCC coalitions have made:

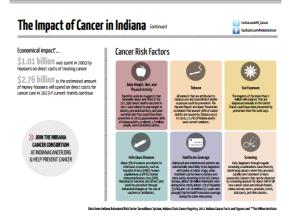




There are innovative ways to communicate the goals, objectives and strategies of the cancer plan and the cancer burden







An internal coalition communication plan is a useful tool to assure systematic and effective communication.

Kentucky Cancer Consortium Communications Plan							
Sender	Recipient	Flow	Content	Mode	Frequency		
Jennifer Redmond, KCC Program Director; Katie Bathje, KCC Program Coordinator	Steve Wyatt, KCC Principal Investigator	\leftrightarrow	Consultation/guidance	Face-to-face meeting	Every other week		
Jennifer, Katie	All KCC partners *	\rightarrow	Newsletter on KCC activities, resources, successes, membership, and speakers, as well as relevant regional and state news.	PDF file sent to e-mail listserv and posted to Web site	Bi-monthly		
Jennifer, Katie	All KCC partners	\leftrightarrow	Announcements, information requests, and other communications not included in newsletter	E-mail listserv	As peeded		
Jennifer, Katie	All KCC partners	\leftrightarrow	Requests for input to assist KCC decison- making	E-mail	As needed		
Jennifer, Katie	Steering Committee	\leftrightarrow	One-on-one meetings, site visits	Face-to-face meeting	Annually		
KCC Summit Planning Committee	All KCC partners	\leftrightarrow	Summit that offers continuing education and networking opportunities in cancer control in state.	Face-to-face meeting	Annually		
KCC Partners, Steering Committee	KCC evaluation team and program staff	\rightarrow	Information on state cancer control activities related to the Cancer Action Plan	Web data base	Annually		
Jennifer; Katie; Suzanne Froelich, Communications Coordinator	All KCC partners, public	\leftrightarrow	Comprehensive KCC Web site (updated monthly with input from KCC members)	Web site	Continuous		
Jennifer, Katie, Suzanne	All KCC partners, media, public	\rightarrow	KCC Biennial Report	Printed publication and PDF file posted to Web site	Every two years		
Jennifer, Katie, Suzanne	Media (newspapers, TV, radio)	\rightarrow	Press releases, PSAs	Print, e-mail, fax	As needed		

Back to Habit 6

Habit 6 Tool

Do you have a communication plan? If you do, review these questions to see if you are communicating in the most effective way you can. If you don't, create one and ask these questions as you develop your communication strategy!

- Do you communicate in multiple ways with your coalition?
- Do you have regular or set times that you communicate with your full coalition?
- Who do you communicate to and how?
 - o The full coalition?
 - o Workgroups or committees?
 - o Non-member individuals and organizations?
 - o Policy makers and decision makers?
- Do you tailor the method and the content of your communication to your audience?
- What do you communicate about?
 - o Successes?
 - o Needs?
 - o Challenges?
 - o A member call-to-action?

Back to Habit 6

Habit 6 Effective Communication - Making it a Habit

Changes to Make	When	Who

N	l۸	t	۵	c	
		ш	┖.	Э.	_

Habit 7: Clear Roles and Accountability

Member roles are understood and members have a sense of accountability to accomplish agreed-upon tasks. Coalition members understand the mission of the coalition and how they, both as an individual and an organization, can help achieve that mission. Roles of the members in the coalition are defined and communicated both verbally and in written documents. Members can serve the coalition in a variety of roles and coalition members feel some flexibility in choosing and changing their roles over time. Because of the delineation and communication of roles, members

Habit 1: Empowering Leadership

Habit 2: Shared Decision Making

Habit 3: Value-added Collaboration

Habit 4: Dedicated Staff

Habit 5: Diversified Funding

Habit 6: Effective Communication

Habit 7: Clear Roles and Accountability

Habit 8: Flexible Structure

Habit 9: Priority Work Plans

understand what is expected from them and what they in turn can expect from other members and groups of the coalition.

Habit 7 Assessment

Habit 7 in Action

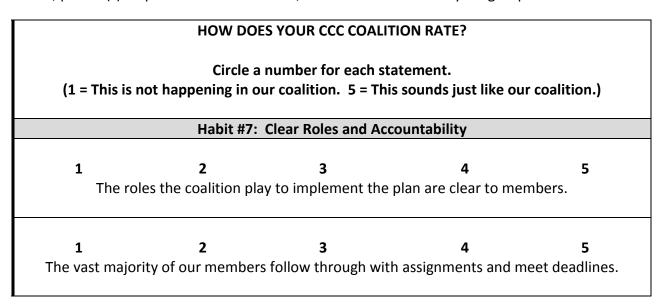
Habit 7 Coalition Spotlight

Habit 7 Tool

Making it a Habit

Habit 7 Assessment

- **Step 1** Individually answer the Habit questions below.
- **Step 2** As a group, discuss how people rated the coalition and how the ratings are the same or different across team members.
- **Step 3** Identify areas where the team agrees the coalition is both doing well and could improve.
- **Step 4** As a group, go through the Habit information (Habit in Action, Coalition Spotlight, Habit Tool).
- **Step 5** Identify actions to take to improve coalition efforts in this Habit area.
- **Step 6** Make specific plans to put those actions into practice. Write your plan down, including tasks, person(s) responsible and a timeline, and distribute them to your group.



Identify specific examples from your coalition that illustrate why you rated your coalition as you did in the statements above:

Back to Habit 7

Habit 7 in Action

Clear roles and accountability are important to a coalition because:

- Coalition members better understand how they, both as an individual and an organization, can help achieve the coalition's goals.
- Roles should be defined and communicated both verbally and in written documents.
- Clearly defined roles can assist in coalition members having a sense of accountability.
- Members understand what is expected from them and what they in turn can expect from other members and groups of the coalition.
- Let members feel some flexibility in choosing and changing their roles over time.
- Acknowledge member roles and accountability by congratulating, thanking and highlighting their progress, contributions and successes!

Do This!

- Create or update written roles for different "parts" of the coalition:
 - o Include the number of calls, meetings, length of commitment, etc.
- Remind members about roles:
 - Ask them to recommit to current roles or encourage them to take on new roles.
- Identify the coalition's implementation role and emphasize this is different than just a planning role.
- Establish systems that identify expectations and then follow through with checking in on assignments (e.g., workplans).
- Create peer pressure by assigning meeting agenda items to members and having them provide progress reports.
- Assure there are ways to thank and congratulate members for their contributions and progress.

Back to Habit 7

Habit 7 Coalition Spotlight

The Maryland Cancer Collaborative identifies and communicates specific roles for their members. In addition, they make it easy to take the steps to join the group as well as get up to speed on the work of the Collaborative through an online orientation presentation.



Membership

Members can be individuals or organizations (such as the Cancer Council, local Cancer Coalitions, American Cancer Society). Members can choose to join a committee or can join as corresponding members (to receive email communication/updates).

Please review the MCC Operating Principles here 📆.

Benefits of membership:

- · Collaboration throughout the state to increase impact and maximize resources
- · Regular updates on cancer control activities throughout Maryland
- · Avenues for networking across disciplines and organizations statewide
- · Access to educational resources and training opportunities

Members agree to:

- · Be identified as a member of the Maryland Cancer Collaborative
- · Support and utilize the Cancer Plan
- Participate in meetings regularly (except for corresponding members)
- Take specific action to implement the goals, objectives, and strategies of the Cancer Plan
- Support and participate in evaluation of implementation efforts
- Report implementation efforts and progress to DHMH
- Report in-kind contributions toward Maryland Cancer Collaborative activities, such as student volunteer time, donated meeting space, implementation efforts, etc.
- Abide by and adhere to Approval Procedure for Communicating Beyond the Collaborative
- Abide by and adhere to Policy Ground Rules
- Bring available resources to the table (expertise, specific skills, educational materials, website and/or graphic design services, mailings, meeting rooms, student volunteers, etc.)

Join Us! 📆

You can help control cancer in Maryland! Complete the Join Us Member Agreement Form to help with implementation of the Maryland Comprehensive Cancer Control Plan.

Member Agreement Form 📆

New Member Orientation

The Maryland Cancer Collaborative has created an orientation presentation for new members and others who may be interested in learning more about the development and activities of the Collaborative. You may access the new member orientation presentation here.

Back to Habit 7

Habit 7 Tool

Take these steps to put this habit into practice:

- → Reconfirm
- → Recommit
- → Request
- Reconfirm. Have a specific discussion about the role of the group with its members, together. Reconfirm the purpose of the group and their overall role in relation to others and in implementation of the cancer plan. Make sure to document the role of your leadership groups, workgroups and other parts of the coalition and make the information readily available to everyone. Remind members about their role to help focus efforts and avoid the coalition's efforts becoming unfocused. Remember that as individuals come and go those with the institutional memory about the role of the group may get lost.
- Recommit. Have a written mission and purpose for the coalition and make sure all
 members are made aware of the role of the coalition when they join. Ask members to sign a
 recommitment every 1-2 years that states their role as a member. At your next full coalition
 meeting, spend time talking about the role of members and give examples of how this has
 looked in the past. Recognizing members for the work they do serves as a reminder to
 others about their role.
- **Request.** Be specific about how members and other organizations can be involved in the efforts of the coalition. One simple way to do this is to write it down and share it widely. Create a list of "what you can do" that links to your cancer plan implementation priorities. If you don't ask, you may never know what organizations are capable of contributing.

Back to Habit 7

Habit 7 Clear Roles and Accountability - Making it a Habit

Changes to Make	When	Who

N	l۸	t	۵	c	
		ш	┖.	Э.	_

Habit 8: Flexible Structure

The coalition structure is flexible, adapts to challenges and facilitates implementation of the CCC plan. The coalition strives to operate in a way that maximizes the effective and efficient work of its coalition members. As new priorities and efforts are identified, the coalition assesses its structure to assure the strengths and resources of the coalition are aligned with its efforts. This may mean changes in workgroups, changes in leadership, changes in communication methods, etc. Underlying a flexible coalition structure are some of the other Habits including: shared decision making, empowering leadership, and dedicated staff.

Habit 1: Empowering Leadership

Habit 2: Shared Decision Making

Habit 3: Value-added Collaboration

Habit 4: Dedicated Staff

Habit 5: Diversified Funding

Habit 6: Effective Communication

Habit 7: Clear Roles and Accountability

Habit 8: Flexible Structure

Habit 9: Priority Work Plans

Habit 8 Assessment

Habit 8 in Action

Habit 8 Coalition Spotlight

Habit 8 Tool

Making it a Habit

Habit 8 Assessment

- **Step 1** Individually answer the Habit questions below.
- **Step 2** As a group, discuss how people rated the coalition and how the ratings are the same or different across team members.
- **Step 3** Identify areas where the team agrees the coalition is both doing well and could improve.
- **Step 4** As a group, go through the Habit information (Habit in Action, Coalition Spotlight, Habit Tool).
- **Step 5** Identify actions to take to improve coalition efforts in this Habit area.
- **Step 6** Make specific plans to put those actions into practice. Write your plan down, including tasks, person(s) responsible and a timeline, and distribute them to your group.

Circle a number for each statement. (1 = This is not happening in our coalition. 5 = This sounds just like our coalition.) Habit 8: Flexible Structure 1 2 3 4 5 New members are recruited to the coalition based on the priorities of the coalition. 1 2 3 4 5 Coalition members get help in finding an active role with the coalition's efforts. 1 2 3 4 5 Coalition structure is flexible and adapts when needed to best implement our priorities.

Identify specific examples from your coalition that illustrate why you rated your coalition as you did in the statements above:

Back to Habit 8

Habit 8 in Action

To have a flexible coalition structure that leverages the opportunities and effectiveness of the coalition's efforts to implement CCC plan priorities, consider these tips:

- As new priorities and efforts are identified, assess the coalition structure to assure the strengths and resources of the coalition are aligned with its efforts.
- The adage of "form should follow function" is a good rule of thumb to follow. In other words, let your priorities dictate the organization of your coalition.
 - This may mean changes in workgroups, changes in leadership, changes in communication methods.
 - o For example: Your coalition may have always had a Prevention Workgroup with diverse representation and interests. But if your prevention priority is obesity and the majority of your members are interested in sun safety and tobacco control you may find you are getting very little participation in the Prevention Workgroup. Be clear about the role of the Prevention Workgroup in implementing the obesity priorities and help members of the group find a role for themselves.

Do This!

- Assure "form follows function."
- Many coalitions have changed (and keep changing) their structure. Ask your leadership group if you need to do this.
- Ask: What do we want to accomplish? Are we set up to do that?
- Encourage members to move around.
- Don't let bylaws or rules be a barrier to getting work done!

Back to Habit 8

Habit 8 Coalition Spotlight

California developed cancer continuum teams when they created their state comprehensive cancer control plan. The teams stayed in place until they determined they could better utilize their members' expertise and more effectively implement their cancer control priorities by either creating new teams or reorganizing existing teams. The coalition chose priorities and after that the coalition leadership worked to restructure the teams to match the priorities. Moving forward, the leadership will ensure that as priorities are worked on, progress is made and new priorities are chosen, the coalition structure will be flexible to optimally implement those priorities.



Situation

- Had "planning" workgroups
- Have new CCC plan
- Want to increase active members

Solution

- Selected priorities from new CCC plan.
- Aligned new workgroups with priorities.
- Existing and new members signed up for a priority.

Result: Now in a "do" structure instead of "plan" structure

Back to Habit 8

Habit 8 Tool

Does your coalition's structure match up with your priorities?

Coalition	What coalition	Is this structure set	Is a change in our coalition
Priority or	group is responsible	up in an optimal	structure needed?
Focus Area	for implementing	way to implement	If yes, what change and how
	this priority?	the priority?	will it be made?

Back to Habit 8

Habit 8 Flexible Structure - Making it a Habit

Changes to Make	When	Who

N	l۸	t	۵	c	
		ш	┖.	Э.	_

Habit 9: Priority Work Plans

Processes are in place to assure priority setting, use of work plans, and tracking of progress. Systematic operational methods are established, communicated and adhered to by the coalition members. Members understand how priorities are chosen and that this process will be used periodically to identify new priorities. Members understand how their work supports the CCC plan and the goals and objectives within the plan. Work plans are developed around evidence-based strategies and allow for a clear sense of expected outcomes, methods to reach those outcomes, responsibilities, and timelines. The work plans are used to

Habit 1: Empowering Leadership

Habit 2: Shared Decision Making

Habit 3: Value-added Collaboration

Habit 4: Dedicated Staff

Habit 5: Diversified Funding

Habit 6: Effective Communication

Habit 7: Clear Roles and Accountability

Habit 8: Flexible Structure

Habit 9: Priority Work Plans

guide actions and are revised as needed as challenges and opportunities arise. Accountability is established through the tracking of progress on work plans, and ultimately on objective measures in the CCC plan.

Habit 9 Assessment

Habit 9 Habit in Action

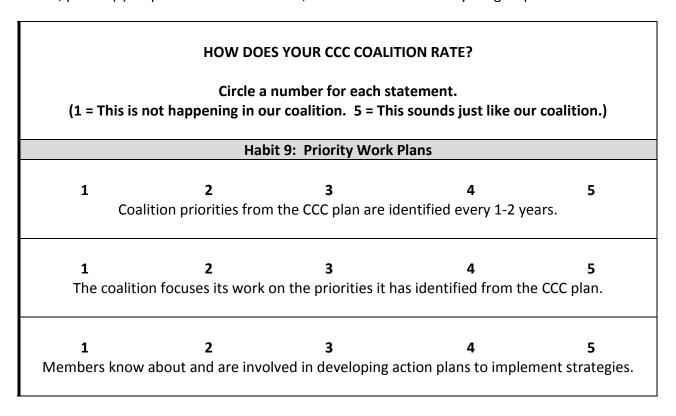
Habit 9 Coalition Spotlight

Habit 9 Tool

Making it a Habit

Habit 9 Assessment

- **Step 1** Individually answer the Habit questions below.
- **Step 2** As a group, discuss how people rated the coalition and how the ratings are the same or different across team members.
- **Step 3** Identify areas where the team agrees the coalition is both doing well and could improve.
- **Step 4** As a group, go through the Habit information (Habit in Action, Coalition Spotlight, Habit Tool).
- **Step 5** Identify actions to take to improve coalition efforts in this Habit area.
- **Step 6** Make specific plans to put those actions into practice. Write your plan down, including tasks, person(s) responsible and a timeline, and distribute them to your group.



Identify specific examples from your coalition that illustrate why you rated your coalition as you did in the statements above:

Back to Habit 9

Habit 9 in Action

"If you don't know where you are going, any road will get you there."

-Lewis Carroll

There are two essential components to this habit:

- The coalition determines cancer plan priorities to assure its efforts are focused and meaningful.
- The coalition develops **work plans** for its priorities to assure work is effective and progress is tracked.

Why Determine Cancer Plan Priorities?

- A CCC plan is comprehensive, yet the coalition cannot do everything at once because of limited resources and the need for sequential action.
- Focused efforts on a few things will accelerate your progress.
- The coalition should always determine priorities out of the cancer plan that represent CCC coalition value-added efforts.

Do This!

Recommended Criteria for Setting Priorities

Make an initial "cut" by asking the following questions for each of the objectives in the cancer plan:

- Will this happen anyway? If no, it wouldn't happen unless the coalition worked on it, then it is a value-added priority the coalition should consider.
- Is this a significant area of need? What is the result we expect to achieve if this strategy is implemented successfully?
- Does this have a reasonable chance for success?
- Can we track progress and outcomes?

The final determination of priorities can be selected based on the following:

• If CCC coalition members sign up to work on this effort, there is a higher likelihood that implementation of the priority will be successful. If no one signs up to work on it, it is very likely that implementation will not occur.

Reassess Priorities Every 1-2 Years by Asking

- Do the data and other information indicate we've accomplished our objective?
- Is there an individual organization that can continue work on this priority, without the efforts of the CCC coalition?
- Have we made progress on this priority? If not, do we need to stop our work, adjust our work, or continue our work?
- · Are there other priorities in our cancer plan that we are able to address at this time?

Priority Work plans

Coalitions who are most effective in the implementation of their cancer plans have systematic methods of "getting the work done". These methods are often in the form of priority work plans and are documented, communicated and adhered to by coalition members.

- Work plans are developed around evidence-based strategies and clearly state expected outcomes, specific tasks, responsibilities, and timelines.
- Work plans guide actions and are revised as challenges and opportunities arise.
- Accountability is established through tracking progress on work plans, and ultimately on objective measures in the CCC plan.

Back to Habit 9

Habit 9 Coalition Spotlight

Montana Cancer Control Coalition

In Montana, the Montana Cancer Control Coalition (MTCCC) has developed a process to prioritize the objectives MTCCC members work on yearly. In 2011, the MTCCC introduced a new 5-year

Comprehensive Cancer Control (CCC) Plan that lines out evidence based objectives and strategies for the MTCCC to work on. However, in order to accomplish all of our goals in a more concentrated effort, the MTCCC decided to choose "priority objectives" once a year to give focus to what gets done each year.

Some objectives will only take a year to accomplish

meeting the goals that have been outlined.

while others will take multiple years. The MTCCC Steering Committee reviews the objectives within the CCC Plan at their yearly Leadership Retreat. The Steering Committee members determine what objectives they would like to move forward; determining who within the leadership team will lead these groups. At the spring statewide MTCCC meeting, all of the chosen CCC Plan priority objectives are posted and members sign up to participate within a group. If MTCCC members would like to work on an additional objective that has not been chosen by the Steering Committee, as long as there are more than 2 people who are willing to lead and work on the objective, the new objective will be allowed. Additionally, if no one signs up to work on a chosen priority objective, it is not deemed a priority for the year and will be set aside for an upcoming year. As this is a 5-year

MONTANA

Working together...

SC gives feedback to

team leaders

throughout the year

Teams track progress and

report quarterly to

Steering Committee

CANCER CONTROL COALITION

Yearly Progress Review

Confirm current priorities

and identify new ones

Setting Priorities and

Priority Work Plans

Montana Example

Coalition members

sign up to work on an

objective

Priority teams develop

action plans

At this spring meeting, the newly established priority objective teams convene and start developing an action plan that includes strategies for the year in order to meet their objective. This action plan lines out activities for the year and assigns responsibilities to members and allows for recruitment of new groups members to get tasks accomplished.

plan, ideally all of the objectives will get worked on over the course of the five year cycle,

Once each group has a new action plan developed, teams meet monthly to discuss progress, modify action plans and plan activities. Teams complete a quarterly progress report that is submitted to the Montana Cancer Control Programs staff. The Steering Committee reviews progress and provides feedback to team leaders throughout the year.

Back to Habit 9 Back to all Habits

Habit 9 Tool

Three Steps to Implementing the Habit of Priority Work Plans

STEP 1: Choose Priorities

HOW TO CHOOSE A PRIORITY FROM YOUR CANCER PLAN

Your cancer plan includes what is needed to completely and effectively address the cancer burden in your state, tribe, territory or Pacific Island Jurisdiction. Yet, resources, such as time and money are limited. Therefore, it is necessary to prioritize what you think are the most important efforts for your coalition.

It is important to remember that **all** goals, objectives and strategies will remain in your cancer plan. But, prioritizing what your coalition will do together first is an important step in successful implementation of the plan. As efforts are completed, additional priorities can be added to your coalition's work.

It is recommended that you prioritize on an objective level (vs. goals or specific strategies in your plan). Once a priority objective is determined by the coalition, then a smaller group such as a workgroup designated to lead the implementation effort, can focus on what evidence-based strategies should be implemented to achieve the objective.

Your coalition can use the following criteria to discuss and determine your priorities from your plan:

- Is this an objective we need to work on together (i.e., it is not likely to be achieved without partners coming together to work on it)?
- Is this a significant area of need? What is the result we expect to achieve if this strategy is implemented successfully?
- Does it have a reasonable chance for success?
- Can we track progress and outcomes?
- Is it likely that we will be able to recruit other individuals and organizations to work on this over the next year?

STEP 2: Identify Stakeholders Who Can Help You with Implementation

To assist with implementation it is important to have the strong support and involvement of stakeholders. The following questions may be helpful to ask as you identify organizations you may want to help the coalition on this priority:

- Who has existing system and networks that are important to us in this priority?
- Who has influence with the organizations or systems the partnership will want to work with on this effort? For example, government agencies, schools, survivors, elected officials, hospitals, businesses, worksites, etc.
- What type of approach will be used for this strategy (e.g., policy development, community mobilization, system change, communication)? Who in our coalition has experience with this type of approach?
- Who is motivated to do something about this issue?

Who Can Help Implement the Priority Strategy?

Organization and name of person to contact	What do we want them to do?	Why they would want to be involved?

Back to Habit 9

STEP 3: Develop a Priority Work Plan

Your cancer plan most likely does not provide the level of detail needed to fully implement the priority. A more detailed plan of action is needed – a priority work plan.

Key items to consider as you develop a plan of action:

- Link to existing successful programs, services or systems that are already in place and can be leveraged for this effort. These existing efforts do not necessarily need to be cancer related, or even health related. This is an opportunity to be creative and look for new partnerships.
- Local communities or groups of people will likely be impacted by the priority. Plan to obtain their support and involvement from the beginning of your implementation efforts.

As you develop the priority work plan, discuss these questions:

- What is known about how others have gone about addressing this type of priority issue?
 - ✓ Look for evidence-based interventions you can adopt or adapt.
- Who are the key stakeholders and decision makers that need to agree to and support this
 effort?
 - ✓ Plan your approach to get their support.
 - ✓ Organizations that have stable management and are fiscally sound will be more likely to stay actively engaged in your efforts.

Think through the major tasks needed to implement your priority strategy. Identify each of the major tasks and the information for each task identified in the work plan template on the next page.

Back to Habit 9

PRIORITY WORKPLAN

Priority Objective from the Cancer Plan

Priority Strategy:

What are the major tasks needed to implement the priority?	Who is responsible for this task?	Partners and Stakeholders to contact and work with	Due Date	Resources we need (including in-kind)	Resources we have (including in-kind)	How will we track our progress?

Back to Habit 9

Habit 9 Priority Work Plans - Making it a Habit

Changes to Make	When	Who

N	l۸	t	۵	c	
		ш	┖.	Э.	_

9 Habits CCC Coalition Assessment (All Questions)

The Nine Habit assessment questions enable you to quickly assess coalition functioning related to that Habit. You will also be able to see the different perceptions of the how the group you are working with views the coalition's efforts in that Habit area.

- **Step 1:** Individually, the members of the group should answer the Nine Habits assessment questions related to the Habit area on which you are working.
- **Step 2:** As a group, discuss how people rated the coalition and how the ratings are the same or different across team members.
- **Step 3:** Identify areas where the team agrees the coalition is both doing well and could improve.
- **Step 4:** As a group, go through the Habit information (Habit in Action, Coalition Spotlight, Habit Tool).
- **Step 5:** Identify actions to take to improve coalition efforts in the Habit area.
- **Step 6:** Make specific plans to put those actions into practice. Write your plan down, including tasks, person(s) responsible and a timeline, and distribute them to your group.

HOW DOES YOUR CCC COALITION RATE? Circle a number for each statement.								
Circle a number for each statement.								
Circle a number for each statement.								
(1 = This is not happening in our coalition. 5 = This sounds just like our coalition.)								
Habit 1: Empowering Leadership								
1 2 3 4 5								
Our coalition leaders are actively involved in coalition efforts.								
1 2 3 4 5								
Our coalition leaders encourage decision making and action from other coalition members.								
1 2 3 4 5								
In our coalition, we recruit leaders and encourage members into leadership positions.								
Habit 2: Shared Decision Making								
1 2 3 4 5								
Members have the opportunity to engage in coalition decision making.								
1 2 3 4 5								
Decisions are made based on a variety of sources such as data and diverse stakeholder input.								
1 2 3 4 5								
The process for making decisions (who, how, when) is documented and communicated to coalition members.								

Habit 3: Value-Added Collaboration								
1 Coalition members have n	2 nade connections with othe	3 er members that ha	4 ave led to them workin	5 ng together or sharing i	resources.			
1 Our coalition	2 's efforts influence key deci	3 ision makers, gove	4 rnment agencies, and	5 other organizations.				
1	2 Our coaliti	3 on has visibility an	4 d credibility.	5				
1 Members believe the	2 coalition works on things th	3 nat otherwise woul	4 dn't have happened w	5 vithout the coalition's e	fforts.			
Habit 4: Dedicated Staff								
1	2 The CCC program staff is	3 sufficient to help tl	4 ne coalition make proք	5 gress.				
1	2 The roles and responsibili	3 ities of staff are cle	4 ar and well communic	5 cated.				
Habit 5: Diversified Funding								
1 We have a written resou	2 rce plan that identifies fund	3 ding and other type	4 es of resources needed	5 d to implement our can	cer plan.			
1 We ha	2 ave identified coalition mer	3 nbers who are acti	4 vely working to fill res	5 ource needs.				
1	2 We have diversified	3 funds to support o	4 our coalition's efforts.	5				
Habit 6: Effective Communication								
1	2 Our communication with	3 n coalition member	4 s is efficient and effec	5 ctive.				
1 Coalition m	2 neetings are interactive - we	3 e have meaningful	4 discussions and get w	5 ork accomplished.				

Habit 7: Clear Roles and Accountability							
1 .	2 The roles the coalition pla	3 y to implement the	4 e plan are clear to mem	5 nbers.			
1 The va	2 est majority of members fo	3 ollow through with	4 assignments and meet	5 t deadlines.			
Habit 8: Flexible Structure							
1 New r	2 members are recruited to	3 the coalition based	4 I on the priorities of th	5 e coalition.			
1 Coa	2 lition members get help ir	3 n finding an active	4 role with the coalition'	5 s efforts.			
1 Our coaliti	2 ion structure is flexible an	3 d adapts when nee	4 eded to best implemen	5 t our priorities.			
Habit 9: Priority Work Plans							
1	2 Coalition priorities from	3 the CCC plan are i	4 dentified every 1-2 yea	5 ars.			
1 The c	2 coalition focuses its work o	3 on the priorities it l	4 nas identified from the	5 CCC plan.			
1 Members	2 know about and are invol	3 Ived in developing	4 action plans to implem	5 nent strategies.			