

白板系列 (10)

EM 算法

算法收敛性证明

有监督混合模型参数估计

GitHub: CB Terry 993

生成模型 ▲

$$\text{MLE} : p(x|\theta) \quad \theta = \arg\max_{\theta} p(x|\theta) \xrightarrow{\text{用 log}} \arg\max_{\theta} \log p(x|\theta) \xrightarrow{\log\text{-likelihood}}$$

$$\text{EM} = \theta^{(t+1)} = \arg\max_{\theta} \int_{\mathbf{z}} \log p(x, \mathbf{z}|\theta) \cdot p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t)}) d\mathbf{z} \quad \text{迭代}$$

对数完全概率 后验概率

期望 $E_{\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t)}} [\log p(x, \mathbf{z}|\theta)]$

$$\theta^{(t)} \rightarrow \theta^{(t+1)} \quad \log p(x|\theta^{(t)}) \leq \log p(x|\theta^{(t+1)}) \quad \rightarrow \text{要证明}$$

已知: $\log p(x|\theta) = \log p(x, \mathbf{z}|\theta) - \log p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta)$ 左边对 \mathbf{z} 积分 = $\int_{\mathbf{z}} p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t)}) \cdot \log p(x|\theta) \cdot d\mathbf{z}$

$$\text{右边} = \int_{\mathbf{z}} p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t)}) \cdot \log p(x, \mathbf{z}|\theta) d\mathbf{z} - \int_{\mathbf{z}} p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t)}) \cdot \log p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta) d\mathbf{z} = \log p(x|\theta) \int_{\mathbf{z}} p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t)}) \cdot d\mathbf{z} = 1$$

令: $Q(\theta, \theta^{(t)}) \rightarrow \text{EM}$ $H(\theta, \theta^{(t)}) = \log p(x|\theta)$

由定义 $Q(\theta^{(t+1)}, \theta^{(t)}) \geq Q(\theta^{(t)}, \theta^{(t)})$

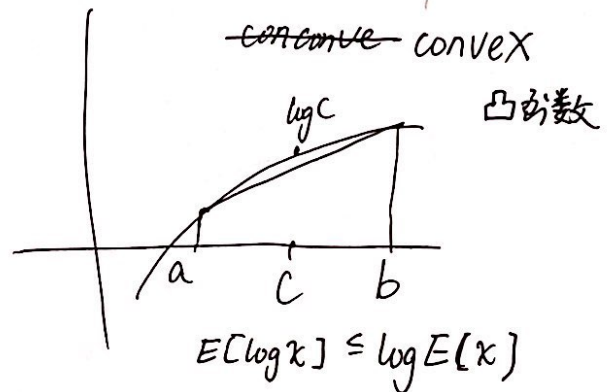
又要证明 $H(\theta^{(t+1)}, \theta^{(t)}) \leq H(\theta^{(t)}, \theta^{(t)})$

$$\begin{aligned} \text{相减} &= \int_{\mathbf{z}} p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t)}) \cdot \log p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t+1)}) d\mathbf{z} \\ &\quad - \int_{\mathbf{z}} p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t)}) \cdot \log p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t)}) d\mathbf{z} \\ &= \int_{\mathbf{z}} p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t)}) \cdot \log \frac{p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t+1)})}{p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t)})} d\mathbf{z} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{略过} \left\{ \begin{aligned} &= -KL(p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t)}) \| p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t+1)})) \\ &\leq 0 \end{aligned} \right. \quad KL \geq 0$$

$$\leq \log \int_{\mathbf{z}} p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t+1)}) d\mathbf{z} \leq \log 1 = 0 \quad \text{收敛性证毕!}$$

= 1 \hookrightarrow 约掉 $p(\mathbf{z}|\mathbf{x}, \theta^{(t)})$

$$\begin{aligned} &\mathbf{z} \\ &\downarrow \text{城} \\ &\mathbf{x} \end{aligned}$$
找 θ , Learning 问题 ▲坐标上升法思想 ▲
(smo)

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白板系列 (10)

EM 算法

公式导出 ELBO + KL Divergence
evidence lower bound 下界

EM 公式 $\theta^{(t+1)} = \arg \max_{\theta} \int \log p(x, z | \theta) \cdot p(z | x, \theta^{(t)}) dz$

GitHub: CBJerry993

E-step: $p(z | x, \theta^{(t)}) \xrightarrow{\text{同}} E_{z | x, \theta^{(t)}} [\log p(x, z | \theta)]$

M-step: $\theta^{(t+1)} = \arg \max_{\theta} E_{z | x, \theta^{(t)}} [\log p(x, z | \theta)]$

上节已证明收敛性 $\log p(x | \theta^{(t+1)}) \geq \log p(x | \theta^{(t)})$

$\log p(x | \theta) = \log p(x, z | \theta) - \log p(z | x, \theta)$ 完全-后验

$= \log \frac{p(x, z | \theta)}{q(z)} - \log \frac{p(z | x, \theta)}{q(z)} \quad q(z) \neq 0$

左边积分对 $q = \int_{\mathcal{Z}} q(z) \cdot \log p(x | \theta) dz = \log p(x | \theta) \int_{\mathcal{Z}} q(z) \cdot dz = \log p(x | \theta)$

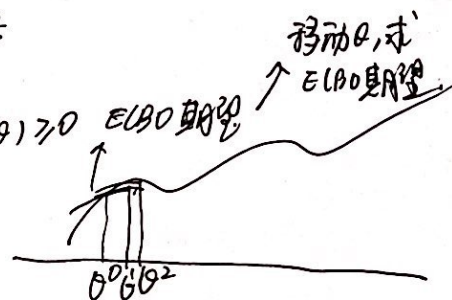
右边 $\sim = \underbrace{\int_{\mathcal{Z}} q(z) \log \frac{p(x, z | \theta)}{q(z)} dz}_{\text{ELBO}} - \underbrace{\int_{\mathcal{Z}} q(z) \log \frac{p(z | x, \theta)}{q(z)} dz}_{\text{KL}(q(z) \| p(z | x, \theta)) \geq 0}$

$\log p(x | \theta) = \text{ELBO} + \text{KL} \geq \text{ELBO}$

那么变成最大化 ELBO 问题。取等号 $q(z) = p(z | x, \theta^{(t)})$

$\hat{\theta} = \arg \max_{\theta} \text{ELBO} = \arg \max_{\theta} \int q(z) \log \frac{p(x, z | \theta)}{q(z)} dz$
 $= \arg \max_{\theta} \int p(z | x, \theta^{(t)}) \log \frac{p(x, z | \theta)}{p(z | x, \theta^{(t)})} dz$
 (与 θ 无关)

$= \arg \max_{\theta} \int p(z | x, \theta^{(t)}) \cdot \log p(x, z | \theta) \cdot dz$ 推导出了 EM 公式!



固定 θ , 求期望
对期望, 求 θ 不断 EM



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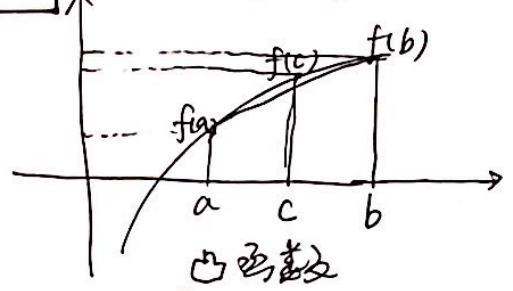
《深度学习》(10)

EM 算法

公式导出 ELBO + Jensen inequality

$$\begin{aligned}\log p(x|\theta) &= \log \int_z p(x, z|\theta) dz \\ &= \log \int_z \frac{p(x, z|\theta)}{q(z)} \cdot q(z) \cdot dz \\ &= \log E_{q(z)} \left[\frac{p(x, z|\theta)}{q(z)} \right]\end{aligned}$$

GitHub: OBJimmy993 Jensen inequality



Jensen 不等式 $\geq E_{q(z)} \left[\log \frac{p(x, z|\theta)}{q(z)} \right] \rightarrow$ 下界 ELBO

当 $\frac{p(x, z|\theta)}{q(z)}$ 是常数, 取等号

$$q(z) = \frac{1}{c} p(x, z|\theta) \quad \text{--- ①}$$

$$1 = \int_z q(z) dz = \int_z \frac{1}{c} p(x, z|\theta) dz$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{c} \int_z p(x, z|\theta) \cdot dz \quad \text{对联合概率积分}$$

$$1 = \frac{1}{c} p(x|\theta) \quad \text{变成边缘概率}$$

$$\Rightarrow c = p(x|\theta) \quad \text{代入 ①}$$

$$q(z) = \frac{p(x, z|\theta)}{p(x|\theta)} = p(z|x, \theta) \quad \text{后验} \quad \checkmark \quad \text{证毕!}$$

$t \in [0, 1]$

$$c = ta + (1-t)b$$

$$f(ta + (1-t)b) \geq f(a) \cdot t + f(b) \cdot (1-t)$$

当 $t = \frac{1}{2}$ 时

$$f\left(\frac{a+b}{2}\right) \geq \frac{1}{2}(f(a) + f(b))$$

$$\downarrow \quad \quad \quad \downarrow \quad \quad \quad E$$

$$\boxed{f(E) \geq E[f]}$$

$$\hat{\theta} = \arg \max_{\theta} p(x|\theta) = \arg \max_{\theta} \log p(x|\theta)$$

广义 EM

$$\log p(x|\theta) = \underbrace{\text{ELBO}}_{\mathcal{L}(q, \theta)} + \text{KL}(q||p) \quad \begin{cases} \text{ELBO} = E_{q(z)} \left[\log \frac{p(x, z|\theta)}{q(z)} \right] \\ \text{KL}(q||p) = \int q(z) \cdot \log \frac{q(z)}{p(z|x, \theta)} \cdot dz \end{cases}$$

狭义 EM

$$\begin{cases} \text{固定 } \theta, \hat{q} = \arg \min_q \text{KL}(q||p) = \arg \max_q \mathcal{L}(q, \theta) \rightarrow \text{E-step} \quad \hat{q} = p(z|x, \theta^{(t)}) \\ \text{固定 } \hat{q}, \theta = \arg \max_{\theta} \mathcal{L}(\hat{q}, \theta) \rightarrow \text{M-step} \quad \theta^{(t+1)} = \arg \max_{\theta} E_{\hat{q}} [\log p(z|x, \theta^{(t)})] \end{cases}$$

广义 EM

$$\begin{cases} \text{E} \quad q^{(t+1)} = \arg \max_q \mathcal{L}(q, \theta^{(t)}) \\ \text{M} \quad \theta^{(t+1)} = \arg \max_{\theta} \mathcal{L}(q^{(t+1)}, \theta) \end{cases}$$

$$\mathcal{L}(q, \theta) = E_q [\log p(x, z)] - \log q$$

$$= E_q [\log p(x, z)] - E_q [\log q]$$

$$\text{H}[q] \text{ 关于 } q \text{ 的熵} \rightarrow \int q(z) \log \frac{1}{q(z)} \cdot dz$$

变种 VBEM / VEM

MC EM



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