# WEEKLY BULLETIN ON OUTBREAKS AND OTHER EMERGENCIES

Week 18: 29 April to 05 May 2024 Data as reported by: 17:00; 05 May 2024

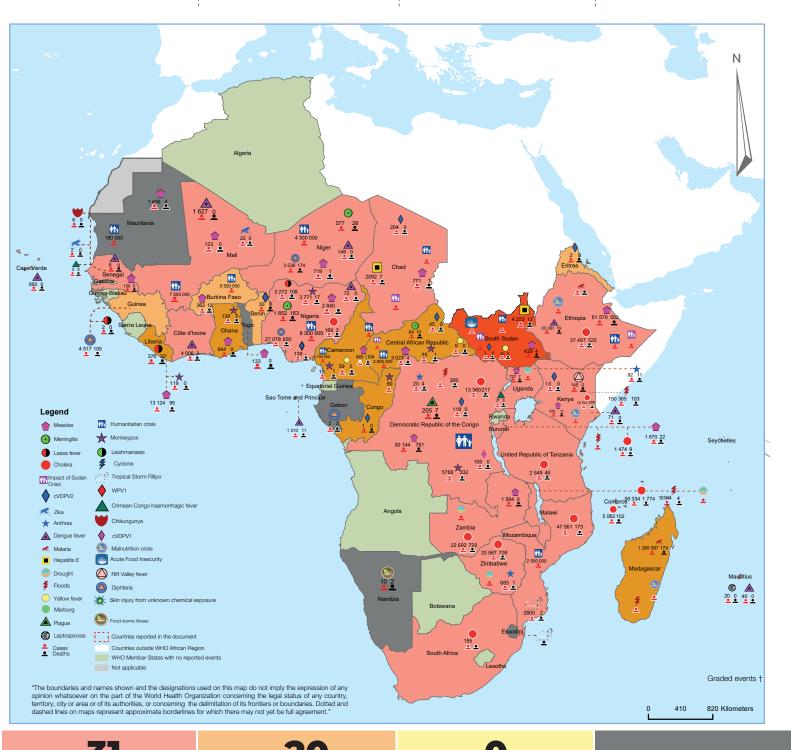


New events

116
Ongoing events

84
Outbreaks

32
Humanitarian crises



Grade 3 events

Protracted 3 events

Grade 2 events

11

Protracted 2 events

Grade 1 events

Protracted 1 events

55 Ungraded events

## **Overview**

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This Weekly Bulletin focuses on public health emergencies occurring in the WHO African region. This week's articles cover:

- Humanitarian impact of the Sudan Conflict on neighboring countries
- Diptheria in Guinea
- Humanitarian Crisis in Mali

For each of these events, a brief description, followed by public health measures implemented and an interpretation of the situation, is provided.

A table is provided at the end of the bulletin with information on all new and ongoing public health events currently being monitored in the region, as well as recent events that have been controlled and closed.

#### Major issues and challenges include

The armed conflict that erupted in Sudan in April 2023 between the Government of Sudan Armed Forces and the Rapid Support Forces, an opposition militia group, is still ongoing. This has resulted in huge humanitarian consequences within the country and the neighboring countries of Sudan. Its impact on neighboring countries is growing. This is concerning given the high number of displaced people, which is straining the already fragile humanitarian situation in the affected countries, given the high number of displaced people. Among the affected neighboring countries by the crisis in the WHO African region, Chad and South Sudan received the highest number of refugees and returnees.

## Sudan Conflict | Chad | South Sudan Ethiopia | CAR

## **Humanitarian impact**

**EVENT DESCRIPTION** 

On April 15, 2023, Sudan witnessed a violent clash between the Government of Sudan Armed Forces (SAF) and the Rapid Support Forces (RSF), an opposition militia group. The conflict led to massive displacement, with over 8.8 million people forcibly displaced. Of these, 6.7 million are internally displaced, while 1.8 million crossed the border to neighbouring countries. Among the neighbouring countries directly affected by the ongoing Sudan conflict, four are within the WHO African region: Central African Republic (CAR), Chad, Ethiopia, and South Sudan. Chad and South Sudan received the highest number of refugees and returnees due to the conflict.

Chad is the most affected Country, hosting about 1 million refugees impacted by the conflict in Sudan. These Sudanese refugees are mainly hosted in camps across Ennedi Est, Wadi Fira, Ouaddai, and Sila provinces. From 15 April 2023 to 3 May 2024, about 588 825 Sudanese refugees were displaced into Chad, including 96 181 who have crossed the border since January 2024.

Most new arrivals are women and children (88.0%), and 14.0% are persons with specific needs. In addition, there are about 260 000 returnees from Sudan due to the ongoing conflict and 200 000 refugees from other neighboring countries. Humanitarian access in the eastern part of the country, where a significant number of Sudanese refugees are hosted, faces challenges due to a precarious security situation. Recent security incidents have been reported, requiring humanitarian organizations to seek mandatory circulation authorizations.

As of 5 May 2024 in South Sudan, 658 021 individuals have arrived from Sudan, of which 518 348 are returnees, 136 356 Sudanese refugees, and 3 317 other nationalities refugees. These individuals entered South Sudan via the Abyei Administrative area, Northern Bahr al Ghazal, Unity, Upper Nile, and Western Bahr al Ghazal. The humanitarian actors' operations in South Sudan continue to be hindered by access constraints amidst intercommunal violence, armed group mobilization, cattle raiding, national and regional political instability, economic fragility, and physical access challenges exacerbated by flooding and inadequate infrastructure. The country remains at risk for many natural hazards, including floods, leading to food insecurity and malnutrition for its population.

For Ethiopia, since the outbreak of conflict in Sudan in mid-April 2023 through 5 May 2024, a total of 53 923 individuals in need of international protection crossed into Ethiopia, including 33 852 Sudanese refugees, 10 491 other nationalities refugees\asylum seekers, and 9 580 returnees. These individuals crossed through Metema entry point in Amhara, Kurmuk entry point in Benishangul Gumuz, and different entry points in Gambella (Pagak, Burbiey). Regarding humanitarian access for these arrivals, in areas affected by hostilities and violence, there remains a high risk due to the volatility of the situation and the multiplicity of armed actors involved, including local militias and armed civilians. As of November 2023, seven aid workers had been killed on duty in Ethiopia, including five in Amhara.

CAR is the least affected, with 29 444 displaced people from Sudan who arrived in CAR on 15 April 2023, 6 158 returnees, and 23 286 Sudanese refugees\ asylum seekers. Among the refugees, 14 858 have been biometrically registered and live in 13 localities, mostly in hard-to-reach locations outside Vakaga prefecture. The security situation remains volatile and unpredictable in Vakaga prefecture, hosting most of the refugees in the country due to the presence of non-state armed groups. Humanitarian access to those refugees is hindered by frequent armed attacks on vehicles, including humanitarian ones, and difficult physical access due to poor road infrastructures.

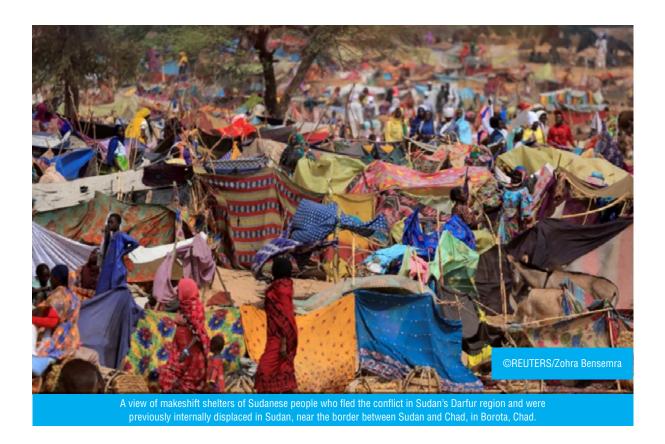
### **PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIONS**

- The Regional Response Plan was developed to support host countries in the region in leading and coordinating the response to those fleeing the conflict in Sudan. This plan is built on the collective and coordinated work already ongoing in the neighboring countries affected by the Sudan conflict and outlines the multisectoral response strategy and financial requirements of partners operating in those countries, including CAR, Chad, Ethiopia, and South Sudan
- In all four AFRO Countries affected, reinforced public health response measures have been implemented at point of entry, transit sites, and camps regarding surveillance, disease case management, and risk communication activities with WHO support.

WHO AFRO has recently graded the humanitarian impact of Sudan conflict in AFRO neighboring countries as grade 3 emergency, the highest grade for acute emergency events to scale up health response in the affected countries.

### SITUATION INTERPRETATION

From April 15, 2023, to May 5, 2024, several individuals crossed borders into four AFRO countries (CAR, Chad, Ethiopia, and South Sudan) to escape the ongoing conflict in Sudan. Among them, the majority are refugees or asylum seekers, with Chad and South Sudan hosting the largest numbers. Therefore, the same efforts that are being deployed by the international community to end the ongoing conflict in Sudan are also necessary to respond to humanitarian consequences generated by this crisis in the neighboring countries, given the already huge humanitarian needs those countries are facing.



## Guinea

# 4 890 105 2.1% Cases Deaths CFR

## **Diphtheria**

### **EVENT DESCRIPTION**

The diphtheria outbreak, confirmed on 20 July 2023 in Guinea, continues, with cases reported from four regions: Kankan, Conakry, Mamou, and Faranah.

During epidemiological week 17 (ending 28 April 2024), 15 new suspected cases were reported solely from Kankan region (Siguiri health district), with five recoveries, and no confirmed cases or deaths.

As of 27 April 2024, a cumulative total of 4 890 cases were reported, with the majority of cases reported from Kankan region (4 785 cases, 97.9%), followed by Mamou region (60 cases, 1.2%), Conakry region (39 cases, 0.8%) and Faranah region (6 cases, 0.1%).

Overall, a total of 44 cases were confirmed, with 35 (79.5%) in Kankan, 4 (9.1%) in Conakry, 3 (6.8%) in Mamou, and 2 (4.6%) in Faranah. There have been 3 752 cases (76.7%) which recovered and 105 deaths (CFR 2.1%) recorded so far.

Cases aged over 15 years were predominant (2 104 cases, 43.0%), followed by those aged between 5 and 9 years (1 132 cases, 23.2%), and those aged between 10 and 14 years (972 cases, 20.0%).

Children under 11 months were the least represented (40 cases, 0.8%), and those aged between 1 and 4 years accounted for 631 cases (13.0%). All the suspected cases were considered unvaccinated as they had not received the three (3) doses of the Penta vaccine.

Vaccination against diphtheria with the Penta vaccine has been intensified in the affected regions for a target population (n=441 071) aged 0 to 23 months. A total of 238 098 individuals were vaccinated, resulting in an overall vaccination coverage of 54.0%.

#### PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIONS

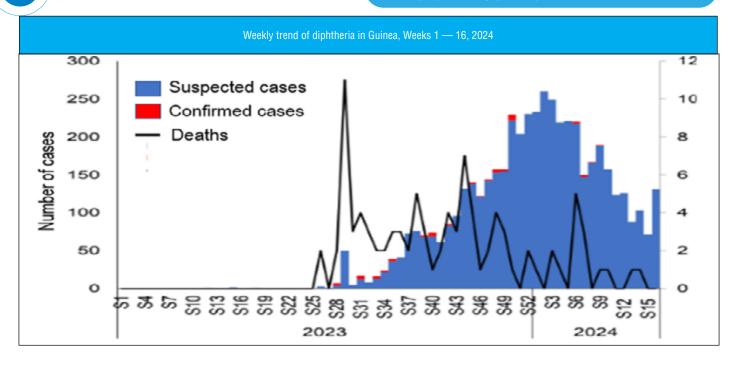
- Coordination meetings are being held weekly at the strategic level. A daily regional situational report is being prepared and shared with all relevant stakeholders
- A micro-response plan has been developed for Kankan region.
- Surveillance activities are underway, including contact tracing, active case search, and community-

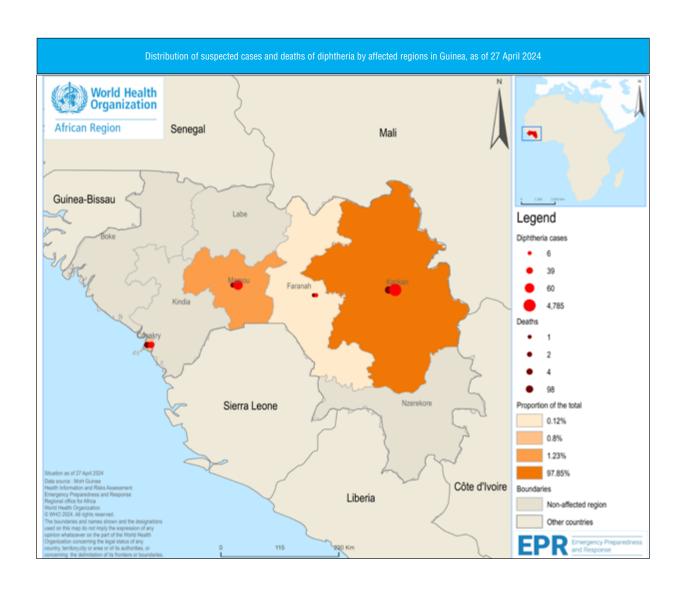
based surveillance by community health workers.

- Samples are being collected and transported to the laboratory for biological confirmation.
- Case management, involving medical and psychosocial care continues, and antibiotic prophylaxis is administered to first-degree contacts.
- The MSF team is supporting free management of cases at Siguiri Treatment Center (CT-Epi Siguiri).
- Risk Communication and Community Engagement are underway, including raising awareness among contacts and the community on the importance of childhood vaccination, disease symptoms, and prevention methods (routine vaccination).
- Vaccination against diphtheria with Penta vaccine has been intensified in the affected regions.

#### SITUATION INTERPRETATION

Although case numbers have been trending downward since epidemiological weeks 3-6, the number of suspected cases remains relatively high. Challenges persist, primarily due to shortages of medicines for patient care, insufficient sampling kits, and laboratory analysis reagents. In collaboration with its partners, the Government of Guinea should mobilize financial resources to maintain and expand surveillance activities, biological confirmation, awareness campaigns, and, most importantly, vaccination efforts to achieve the WHO-recommended 80.0% vaccination coverage.





## Mali

## **Humanitarian Crisis**

#### **EVENT DESCRIPTION**

Mali is in the grip of a severe crisis, with conflicts and armed violence, characterized by attacks against civilians as the protracted humanitarian crisis in the country continues to deepen, particularly in the northern and central regions. Concurrent outbreaks of infectious diseases like dengue and measles and the constant threat of other new or recurring diseases aggravate this crisis.

Since the beginning of the multidimensional crisis in 2012, the central and northern regions of Mali continue to be marked by intercommunal tensions, worsening the population's living conditions. According to IOM's Displacement Tracking Matrix (<u>DTM Mali</u>), there are 391 961 internally displaced persons (IDPs) in Mali as of April 2023. These IDPs are mainly concentrated in the regions of Mopti (23.0%), Timbuktu (16.0%), Bandiagara (14.0%), Menaka (12.0%), Gao (9.0%) and Ségou (9.0%).

According to the IOM, Mali is highly susceptible to the effects of climate change, experiencing heightened temperatures and a surge in extreme weather conditions. These climate-related challenges have significantly intensified food insecurity, with almost a quarter of the population projected to face food shortages or be at risk by mid-2023. Consequently, Mali's economy is suffering from the detrimental effects of this situation. Most IDPs live with host families (55.0%) in overcrowded communities, or sites without access to basic services (38% and 17% renting in urban areas).

The security situation is marked by violence and attacks by non-state armed groups (NSAGs) against civilians, forcing people to flee their places of origin.

### **PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIONS**

- The IOM in Mali, in partnership with key stakeholders, including governmental, nongovernmental organizations, and other United Nations agencies, will provide multisectoral humanitarian assistance to internally displaced persons and affected communities while tackling the preexisting drivers of fragility and conflict.
- WHO and ALIMA lead the health cluster, focusing on regions severely affected by the crisis, such as Gao, Ménaka, and Mopti. Regular health cluster meetings at both central and regional levels facilitate coordination.

- Surveillance from the first to the fifteenth week of 2024 highlighted increased dengue and malaria cases, with a concurrent decrease in measles and meningitis incidences.
- As of March 2024, the vaccination rates for polio and measles stood at 84.07% and 51.71%, respectively.
- In March 2024, the health sector received \$2.4 million of the required \$26.2 million, highlighting a significant funding gap.
- The WHO and ALIMA lead the health cluster, focusing on regions severely affected by the crisis, such as Gao, Ménaka, and Mopti. Regular health cluster meetings at both central and regional levels facilitate coordination.

#### SITUATION INTERPRETATION

Mali is characterized by a geopolitical and migration context, given its proximity to neighboring unstable areas, and an environment highly sensitive to climate change and disruptions to food security. Vulnerable populations in Mali are particularly vulnerable to violence, exploitation, and abuse related to recruitment into armed groups, genderbased violence, violence against children, and unsafe travel within and across borders in search of economic and/or food security. While efforts to monitor and respond to health risks are ongoing, the need for increased funding and better coordination among international and local partners is clear. Future actions should focus on enhancing epidemiological surveillance, increasing vaccine coverage, and securing adequate health infrastructure resources. Establishing vigorous mechanisms to protect healthcare services from attacks and ensuring compliance with international humanitarian law are also critical to mitigating the impacts of this complex humanitarian crisis.



## Integrated Disease Surveillance and Response Weekly data submission report

Health Emergency Information Management & Risk Assessment Programme

Update on Reporting - Epidemiological Week 18: 29 April – 05 May, 2024
Point du rapportage hebdomadaire – Semaine 18: 29 avril – 05 mai 2024

36 Countries out of 47, reported for week 18

77 %

Completeness for weekly reporting 2024

**64** % Timeliness for weekly reporting

2024 Summary of Reporting - Frequency of weekly reports received at AFRO



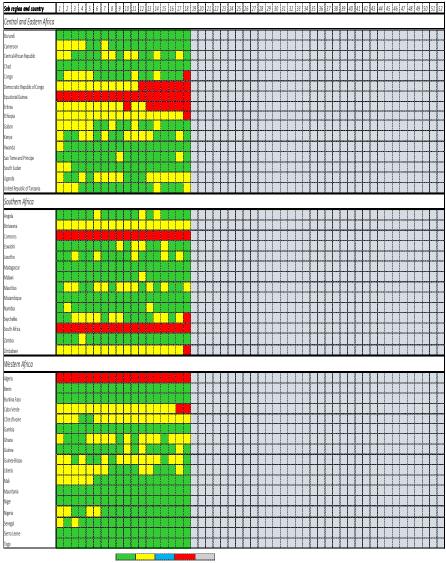
Please, refer to the calendar below to submit your IDSR data on a weekly basis:

Veuillez-vous référer au calendrier ci-dessous pour soumettre vos données de la SIMR sur une base hebdomadaire :

> afrooutbreak@who.int afrgoeprhir@who.int

All the correspondences related to this document should be directed to/ Toutes les correspondances relatives à ce document doivent être adressées à:

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**Reminder :** Upcoming deadlines for weekly data submission **Rappel** : Dates limites prochaines de soumission des données hebdomadaires

	Week 18	Week 19	Week 20	Week 21
Start date	29-Avr2024	06-May2024	13-May2024	20-May2024
End date	05-May -2024	12-May -2024	19-May -2024	26-May -2024
Deadline / Date limite	08-May -2024	15-May -2024	22-May -2024	29-May -2024

# All events currently being monitored by WHO AFRO

Country	Event	Grade	Date notified to WCO	Start of reporting period	End of reporting period	Total cases	Cases Confirmed	Deaths	CFR
Ongoing Events									
Burkina Faso	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel Region)	Grade 2	01-Jan-2019	01-Jan-2019	18-Apr-2024	5,500,000	5,500,000	-	-
major challenge	e security situation e for the affected p and 5478 school	opulation. As of	February 2024, 5	5.5 million People	lly deteriorated du needed humanita	ue to attacks by armed arian assistance, 3.2 m	groups. Access t nillion of which are	o healthcare serve children and ov	ices remains a er 2.06 million
Burkina Faso	Measles	Ungraded	06-Feb-2024	14-Jan-2024	09-Mar-2024	3817	362	12	0.30%
	experiencing an i rise indicates a gr					otal of 3 817 suspecte eriod.	d measles cases,	resulting in 12 de	eaths, have bee
Burundi	Floods	Grade 2		01-Sep-2023	26-Apr-2024	-	-	-	-%
26 April 2024, recorded. From	more than 237 00	0 people have be April 2024, more	en affected and n than 179, 200 pe	nore than 42 000 ople have been af	are internally displementally displementally	s, floods and landslide placed. A total of 175 p than 31 200 have beer ımbura.	people have been	injured and 29 de	aths have been
Burundi	Cholera	Grade 3	01-Jan-2023	14-Dec-2022	24-Mar-2024	1 474	175	9	-
epidemic. The h		ected are Cibitok	e, Bujumbura Nor			l of 1,474 cases have a Sud, Isare, Kabezi, Mp			
Burundi	Measles	Ungraded	15-Feb-2024	01-Jan-2023	12-Feb-2024	1670	1 670	22	1.30%
were identified In 2023, there v	as having unvacci	inated children in ned cases resultii	the 2022 Nationang in 22 deaths, r	al Vaccination Cor epresenting a cas	verage Survey. Th se fatality rate of 1	ry's 49 health districts ne epidemic curve indi 1.3%. Among the conf nealth districts.	cates a steady inc	rease in cases sir	nce May 2023.
Cameroon	Humanitarian crisis (Noth- West & South-West )	Protracted 2	01-Oct-2016	27-Jun-2018	13-Feb-2024	4,700,000	4,700,000	-	-
homes to neigh		and communities	. By February 202			e exacerbating humani e made: 4.7M people ii			
Cameroon	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel Region)	Grade 2	31-Dec-2013	27-Jun-2017	13-Feb-2024	-	-	-	-
most affected b	y the armed confl state armed group	ict. Between Aug	ust and Septemb	er this year, nearl	y 6 000 newly dis	r area with Nigeria and splaced people were re or the same period at t	gistered in the Mo	okolo district follo	owing repeated
Cameroon	Measles	Ungraded	02-Apr-2019	01-Jan-2024	31-Mar-2024	645	232	104	16.10%
cases were con		129 IgM positive				ns (CFR 16%) were rep patible. In 2023, 6088 o			
Cameroon	Mpox	Protracted 2	24-Feb-2022	01-Jan-2024	04-Apr-2024	15	2	1	6.70%
						death have been repo 8 confirmed cases and			
Cameroon	Yellow Fever	Ungraded	20-Nov-2023	23-Jan-2023	10-Mar-2024	59	30	5	8.50%
and confirmed	cases of yellow fe regions, including	ver were reporte	d consistently thr	oughout 2023, fr	om week 4 onwar	ed in the last quarter ord. As of week 2 of 202 ases, 30 have been cla	24, a total of 32 co	onfirmed cases h	ave been
Cape Verde	Dengue	Grade 3	06-Nov-2023	06-Nov-2023	24-Mar-2024	992	543		0.00%
borderline case	in the city of Prai	a, Santiago Islan	d, Cabo Verde. Th	ne same day three	irmed cases of De more suspected	engue through Polyme cases were reported f 992 suspected cases, i	rase Chain Reacti from the Central H	lospital Ďr. Agost	inho Neto

Go to overview

Go to map of the outbreaks



Central African	Humanitarian	Protracted 2	11-Dec-2013	11-Dec-2013	15-Apr-2024	2,800,000	2,800,000	-	-
Republic	crisis				·		, ,		
assisted and in	2024, 1.9 million	people have been	targeted. Of the	country's popula	ation of 6.1 million	military-political conflic n inhabitants, more tha ecurity, and 751 000 a	n half (3.4 millior		
Central African Republic	Impact of Sudan crisis in CAR	Grade 3	01-May-2023	01-May-2023	10-May-2024	-	-	-	
	ountry is the least April 2023, of wh					an conflict with 29 444 kers.	forcibly displace	d people from Su	dan who arrived
Central African Republic	Measles	Ungraded	13-Mar-2022	01-Jan-2023	26-Nov-2023	3,027	1,145	4	0.10%
At the end of epoutbreak.	oi-week 47, 2023,	the country recor	ded 3 027 suspe	cted cases and 4	deaths. Since the	e start of 2023, 15 out	of 35 health distri	icts (43%) experi	enced measles
Central African Republic	Meningitis	Ungraded	27-Mar-2024	22-Mar-2024	26-Apr-2024	64	5	10	15.60%
meningitis case 52 cerebrospina	es including 10 de al fluid samples w	aths (CFR: 16%) ere collected fron	were reported from the suspected (	om three commu cases and analyze	nes of Batangafo- ed at Institut Past	n week 7 to week 16 (e Kabo health district, na eur of Bangui. Bacteria 3 and 2 samples respe	amely Kabo, Sido I pathogens were	and Ouaki comm	unes. A total of
Central African Republic	Mpox	Protracted 2	03-Mar-2022	04-Mar-2022	26-Nov-2023	35	35	1	2.90%
	2022 to 26 Novem onfirmed cases, in			Mpox and one de	ath have been rep	ported in the country. S	ince the start of 2	2023, the country	has reported
Central African Republic	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	24-May-2019	24-May-2019	13-Dec-2023	45	45		0.00%
						2022. Although no nev cases reported in 2023			r cVDPV2
Central African Republic	Yellow Fever	Ungraded	12-Jun-2023	01-Jan-2023	22-Feb-2024	9	5		0.00%
of the confirme	d cases this year l	has been reviewe	d. Since the begin	nning of 2024, fo	ur probable cases	ré (1), Berbérati (1), B s of yellow fever (PRNT ed to begin in March 20	positive) were re	Bossembélé (1). T ecorded in the Mi	he number païki health
Chad	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel region)	Grade 2	11-Feb-2022	01-Mar-2016	11-Feb-2024	-	-	-	-
refugees have b		the four crisis-aff	ected provinces	in the East, bring	ing the total num	Sudanese refugees to ber of Sudanese refuge			
Chad	Impact of Sudan crisis in Chad	Grade 3	15-Apr-2023	15-Apr-2023	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
refugees are may 2024, about	ainly hosted in the	e refugee's camps ese refugees have	across Ennedi E been welcomed	st, Wadi Fira, Out in the country in	addai and Sila pro	nillion refugees impacted ovinces. Regarding the nat have crossed the bo	ongoing Sudan C	Conflict, from 15 A	April 2023 to 3
Chad	Hepatitis E	Ungraded	17-Feb-2024	02-Jan-2024	28-Apr-2024	2092	36	7	0.30%
Hadjer-Hadid).	Thirty-six (36) cas	ses were laborato	ry-confirmed by	RT-PCR at Institu	ıt Pasteur of Daka	re reported from two h Ir between 1 and 19 Ma ases respectively. Male	arch 2024. The m	ost affected age-	groups are 6-17
Chad	Measles	Ungraded	24-May-2018	01-Jan-2024	11-Feb-2024	771	129	1	0.10%
53.2% of all dis	uary and 11 Februa stricts. One death e of which are in p	was reported in th	ne N'Djamena Ce	ntre health distric	129 confirmed Ig ct in N'Djamena p	M-positive cases, were rovince. In addition, 12	e reported in 84 o 2 health districts l	ut of 158 districts have exceeded the	s, representing e epidemic
Chad	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	18-Oct-2019	09-Sep-2019	13-Dec-2023	204	204		0.00%
						est reported case had of from three different ou			
Comoros	Cholera	Grade 3	02-Feb-2024	02-Feb-2024	08-May-2024	5 062		102	-
across all three	islands with the o	cholera attack rate	of 605 cases pe	r 100 000 inhabit	tants. In week 18	s reported a cumulative (29 April - 5 May 2024 and 82 deaths (CFR of 2	) 1 322 new case		

Congo									
	Мрох	Protracted 2	23-May-2022	01-Jan-2024	23-Apr-2024	60	19		0.00%
Brazzaville. Froi	to 23 April 2024 m 22 August to 2 razzaville, Cuvette	7 November 2023	pected cases wer s, 60 suspected ca	re reported from i ases including 21	nine health distric confirmed and 5	ets in five departments: deaths (CFR 8.3%) we	Cuvette, Likouala ere reported from	a, Plateaux , Point I four health distri	te-Noire and icts in three
Congo	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV1)	Grade 2	21-Mar-2023	01-Mar-2023	13-Dec-2023	1	1	-	-
No Circulating \	vaccine-derived po	oliovirus type 1 (d	VDPV1) cases w	ere reported this	week. As of 6 De	cember 2023, only one	case reported th	is year.	
Côte d'Ivoire	Dengue	Grade 3	10-Jul-2023	19-Jun-2023	25-Feb-2024	4,006	325	3	0.10%
An outbreak of deaths (CFR: 0.		ngoing in Ivory C	oast. A total of 4	006 cases have b	een reported from	m 1 January 2023 to 25	5 February 2024,	with 325 confirm	ed cases and
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Floods	Ungraded	09-Jan-2024	09-Jan-2024	28-Mar-2024			300	
o over 1.6 milli cassava, corn, a	ion hectares, with	significant dama	ge along the Cons shasa peri-urban	go River and in p	rovinces such as	e regions for weeks. By Equateur and Kongo C s. As of 7 February 202	entral. The most	impacted crops in	ncluded <sup>.</sup>
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Humanitarian crisis	Grade 3	20-Dec-2016	17-Apr-2017	20-Feb-2024	-	-	-	-
of numerous ar numanitarian cr 150 000 people centers in Bwer	med groups and trisis in North Kivu in North Kivu, inc	the Congolese Ari province. Betwee cluding around 50 and Shasha in th	med Forces (FARI en February 2nd a 0% children. Mos e Masisi territory	DC) and their res and 8th, armed cl it of these displac , and Katsiru in th	pective allies. This ashes between th ed individuals ha ne Rutshuru territ	cted and complex confl s situation has led to we le FARDC and M23 rebous ve experienced repeate ory. Additionally, the fig	ridespread instab els resulted in the d displacements,	ility and an unpre e displacement of , particularly from	cedented approximate collective
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Anthrax	Grade 2	16-Nov-2023	04-Nov-2023	03-Jan-2024	20	1	4	20.00%
a total of 20 sus		luding 4 deaths (	CFR 20%) were re			h zone, North Kivu Pro the North Kivu Provinc			
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Cholera	Grade 3	16-Jan-2015	01-Jan-2024	14-Apr-2024	13,360	1,571	217	1.60%
Haut Katanga, S	South Kivu, and H	aut Lomami are t	he most affected	provinces, accou	nting for 58.5% (	7 deaths (CFR 1.6%) w n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 ice. In 2023, more than	287), 10.2% (n=	1 365), and 9.2%	(n=1 230)
Haut Katanga, S of cases respec	South Kivu, and H	aut Lomami are t	he most affected	provinces, accou	nting for 58.5% (	n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2	287), 10.2% (n=	1 365), and 9.2%	(n=1 230)
Haut Katanga, S of cases respec reported.  Democratic Republic of the Congo	South Kivu, and H tively. The majori Measles of 311 500 suspe	aut Lomami are t ty of deaths (59% Ungraded	he most affected b) have been repo 12-Oct-2021 ses and 5 799 dea	provinces, accounted from the Hadel of the H	nting for 58.5% ( ut Katanga provin 17-Mar-2024 d. This year , fron	(n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 (ce. In 2023, more than	287), 10.2% (n= 1 62 000 cases ar 1,178	1 365), and 9.2% and more than 700 791	(n=1 230) deaths were 2.60%
Haut Katanga, S of cases respec reported.  Democratic Republic of the Congo	South Kivu, and H tively. The majori Measles of 311 500 suspe	aut Lomami are t ty of deaths (59% Ungraded	he most affected b) have been repo 12-Oct-2021 ses and 5 799 dea	provinces, accounted from the Hadel of the H	nting for 58.5% ( ut Katanga provin 17-Mar-2024 d. This year , fron	n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 ice. In 2023, more than 30,144 n week 1 through week	287), 10.2% (n= 1 62 000 cases ar 1,178	1 365), and 9.2% and more than 700 791	(n=1 230) deaths were 2.60%
Haut Katanga, S of cases respecteported.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  n 2023, a total 1 178 confirme  Democratic Republic of the Congo  n 2024, cumula 19 out of 26 Pro	Measles  of 311 500 susped and 791 deaths  Mpox  atively from week	ungraded  Ungraded  cted measles cas are repored so fa  Protracted 2  1 through week d 143 out of 519	12-Oct-2021 ses and 5 799 dear; 18 out of 26 pt 30-Mar-2019	provinces, accounted from the Hamble of the	nting for 58.5% (ut Katanga provin 17-Mar-2024 d. This year , from orted confirmed 21-Apr-2024 of 5 768 cases, 63	n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 ice. In 2023, more than 30,144 In week 1 through week measles outbreak since	287), 10.2% (n= 1 62 000 cases ar 1,178 11 ( ending 17 fe 2 the begining of 632 deaths (CFR 5.8%	791  March ), a total of this year.  332	(n=1 230) deaths were 2.60% 30 144 case 5.80% orted in DRC;
Haut Katanga, S of cases respecteported.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  n 2023, a total 1 178 confirme  Democratic Republic of the Congo  n 2024, cumula 19 out of 26 Pro	Measles  of 311 500 susped and 791 deaths  Mpox  atively from week ovinces (73%) an	ungraded  Ungraded  cted measles cas are repored so fa  Protracted 2  1 through week d 143 out of 519	12-Oct-2021 ses and 5 799 dear; 18 out of 26 pt 30-Mar-2019	provinces, accounted from the Hamble of the	nting for 58.5% (ut Katanga provin 17-Mar-2024 d. This year , from orted confirmed 21-Apr-2024 of 5 768 cases, 63	n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 ice. In 2023, more than 30,144 in week 1 through week measles outbreak since 5,768 in 22 confirmed and 332 confirmed	287), 10.2% (n= 1 62 000 cases ar 1,178 11 ( ending 17 fe 2 the begining of 632 deaths (CFR 5.8%	791  March ), a total of this year.  332	(n=1 230) deaths were 2.60% 30 144 case 5.80% orted in DRC;
Haut Katanga, Sof cases respected.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  n 2023, a total 1178 confirmed The Congo  n 2024, cumulate Congo  n 2024, cumulate Congo  n 2024, cumulate Congo  n 2024, cumulate Congo  n 2026, cumulate Congo  The Congo  The Congo  The Congo  The Democratic Republic of the Congo  The Democratic Republic of the Congo	Measles  of 311 500 susped and 791 deaths  Mpox  atively from week ovinces (73%) are Plague suspected	ungraded  Ungraded  Congo (DRC) is fa	the most affected of have been reported by have been reported by have been reported at 12-Oct-2021  The set and 5 799 dear; 18 out of 26 properties and 5 799 dear; 18 out of 26 properties and 5 799 dear at 18 out of 26 properties at 18 o	provinces, accounted from the Hall of the	nting for 58.5% (ut Katanga provin 17-Mar-2024 d. This year , fron orted confirmed of 5 768 cases, 63 at least one susp	n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 ice. In 2023, more than 30,144  n week 1 through week measles outbreak since 5,768  32 confirmed and 332 coected case of mpox in	287), 10.2% (n= 62 000 cases and 1,178 11 (ending 17 for the begining of 632 deaths (CFR 5.8% 2024. In 2023, a	791  March ), a total of this year.  332  6) have been reported of 14 626 m	2.60% 2.60% 30 144 case: 5.80% orted in DRC; npox cases ar
Haut Katanga, S of cases respect eported.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  n 2023, a total 178 confirmed Democratic Republic of the Congo n 2024, cumula 9 out of 26 Pro 554 deaths (CFI Democratic Republic of the Congo The Democratic	Measles  of 311 500 susped and 791 deaths  Mpox  atively from week ovinces (73%) and R 4.5%) were rep  Plague suspected  Republic of the C	ungraded  Ungraded  Congo (DRC) is fa	the most affected of have been reported by have been reported by have been reported at 12-Oct-2021  The set and 5 799 dear; 18 out of 26 properties and 5 799 dear; 18 out of 26 properties and 5 799 dear at 18 out of 26 properties at 18 o	provinces, accounted from the Hall of the	nting for 58.5% (ut Katanga provin 17-Mar-2024 d. This year , fron orted confirmed of 5 768 cases, 63 at least one susp	n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 ice. In 2023, more than 30,144  n week 1 through week measles outbreak since 5,768  32 confirmed and 332 coected case of mpox in 205	287), 10.2% (n= 62 000 cases and 1,178 11 (ending 17 for the begining of 632 deaths (CFR 5.8% 2024. In 2023, a	791  March ), a total of this year.  332  6) have been reported of 14 626 m	2.60% 2.60% 30 144 case: 5.80% orted in DRC; npox cases ar
Haut Katanga, S of cases respected.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  n 2023, a total 1778 confirme Democratic Republic of the Congo  n 2024, cumula 19 out of 26 Pro 1554 deaths (CF) Democratic Republic of the Congo  The Democratic Republic of the Congo  The Democratic Republic of the Congo  The Democratic Republic of the Congo	Measles  of 311 500 susped and 791 deaths  Mpox  atively from week ovinces (73%) an R 4.5%) were rep  Plague suspected  Republic of the CFR 3.4%) since t  Poliomyelitis (cVDPV1)	ungraded  Ungraded  cted measles cas are repored so fa  Protracted 2  1 through week d 143 out of 519 orted.  Ungraded  Congo (DRC) is fa he beginning of the degrade 2	ne most affected of have been reported in the following plague in two plagues in	provinces, accounted from the Hall of the	nting for 58.5% ( ut Katanga provin  17-Mar-2024  d. This year , fron orted confirmed  21-Apr-2024  of 5 768 cases, 63 at least one susp  22-Mar-2024  Rethy and Logo) i	n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 ice. In 2023, more than 30,144  n week 1 through week measles outbreak since 5,768  32 confirmed and 332 coected case of mpox in 205  n the Ituri province. A final content of the Ituri province.	287), 10.2% (n= 1 62 000 cases and 1,178 11 (ending 17 for the begining of deaths (CFR 5.8% 2024. In 2023, and total of 205 cases	791  March ), a total of this year.  332  6) have been reported of 14 626 m	(n=1 230) deaths were 2.60% 30 144 case 5.80% orted in DRC; npox cases an 3.40%
Haut Katanga, S of cases respected.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  n 2023, a total 178 confirme Democratic Republic of the Congo  n 2024, cumula 9 out of 26 Pro 554 deaths (CF) Democratic Republic of the Congo  The Democratic Reven deaths (C Democratic Reven deaths (C Democratic Republic of the Congo	Measles  of 311 500 susped and 791 deaths  Mpox  atively from week ovinces (73%) an R 4.5%) were rep  Plague suspected  Republic of the CFR 3.4%) since t  Poliomyelitis (cVDPV1)	ungraded  Ungraded  cted measles cas are repored so fa  Protracted 2  1 through week d 143 out of 519 orted.  Ungraded  Congo (DRC) is fa he beginning of the degrade 2	ne most affected of have been reported in the following plague in two plagues in	provinces, accounted from the Hall of the	nting for 58.5% ( ut Katanga provin  17-Mar-2024  d. This year , fron orted confirmed  21-Apr-2024  of 5 768 cases, 63 at least one susp  22-Mar-2024  Rethy and Logo) i	n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 ice. In 2023, more than 30,144  n week 1 through week measles outbreak since 5,768  32 confirmed and 332 coected case of mpox in 205  n the Ituri province. A 1	287), 10.2% (n= 1 62 000 cases and 1,178 11 (ending 17 for the begining of deaths (CFR 5.8% 2024. In 2023, and total of 205 cases	791  March ), a total of this year.  332  6) have been reported of 14 626 m	(n=1 230) deaths were 2.60% 30 144 case 5.80% orted in DRC; npox cases an
Haut Katanga, S of cases respected.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  n 2023, a total 178 confirme  Democratic Republic of the Congo  n 2024, cumula 9 out of 26 Pro 554 deaths (CFI  Democratic Republic of the Congo  The Democratic Republic of the Congo  The Democratic Republic of the Congo  As per the Glob  Democratic Republic of the Congo  As per the Congo  The Congo	Measles  of 311 500 susped and 791 deaths  Mpox  atively from week ovinces (73%) an R 4.5%) were rep  Plague suspected  Republic of the (CFR 3.4%) since t  Poliomyelitis (cVDPV1)  al Polio Eradicatio (cVDPV2)	ungraded  ungraded  ungraded  ungraded  ungraded  ungraded  protracted 2  through week of 143 out of 519 orted.  ungraded  ungraded  ungraded  Grade 2  un Initiative (GPE)	ne most affected of have been reported by have been reported at 12-Oct-2021  test and 5 799 dear; 18 out of 26 pt  30-Mar-2019  16 (ending 21 Aphealth zones (28)  26-Feb-2024  cing plague in twois year.  27-Aug-2022  ), no cVDPV1 cast 26-Feb-2021	on-Jan-2024 on-Jan-2024 on-Jan-2024 on-Jan-2024 on-Jan-2024 on-Jan-2024 on-Jan-2024 on-Jan-2024 on-Jan-2023 on-Jan-2023 on-Jan-2023	nting for 58.5% ( ut Katanga provin  17-Mar-2024  d. This year , fron orted confirmed  21-Apr-2024  of 5 768 cases, 63 at least one susp  22-Mar-2024  Rethy and Logo) i  20-Mar-2024  I this week. The recommendation of the suspension of the suspen	n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 ice. In 2023, more than 30,144 in week 1 through week measles outbreak since 5,768 in the Ituri province. A 1 in the Ituri province. A 1 in the Ituri province in 105 in 105 in the Ituri province in 105	287), 10.2% (n= 62 000 cases and 1,178 11 (ending 17 les the begining of 632 deaths (CFR 5.8% 2024. In 2023, a total of 205 cases 105	791  March ), a total of this year.  332  6) have been reported of 14 626 m	(n=1 230) deaths were 2.60% 30 144 case 5.80% orted in DRC; appox cases at 3.40% ted including 0.00%

As of 14 March, heavy rain and strong winds caused by Cyclone Fillipo affected the eastern Lubombo region of Eswatini. Ka-Langa, Sitsatsaweni, Makhewu, Lomahasha are areas that have been affected, and have suffered flooded houses and schools, damaged roads, downed power lines. Public transport has been heavily reduced and schools due to adverse weather. On a positive note, the rain helped alleviate drought conditions in the region.

			,			,			
Ethiopia	Food insecurity (Horn of Africa crisis)	Grade 3	17-Feb-2022	01-Jan-2022	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
of the country, fimprovements is	ood security cond n livestock body (	ditions are expectional conditions and m	ted to impróve by	June. In norther northern Ethiopia	n pastoral areas, a, levels of acute i	e expected to remain v rainfall is expected to i malnutrition remain hig	mprove pasture	availability and su	pport
Ethiopia	Humanitarian crisis	Grade 3	04-Nov-2020	04-Nov-2020	09-May-2024	-	_	_	_
Еппоріа	(Northern Ethiopia)	Grade 6	04 NOV 2020	04 NOV 2020	00 May 2024				
between the Eth Amhara regions	iopian National D continued to rise	efense Force (EN in contested ter	IDF) and Fano mil ritories along the	itias continues, w Amhara and Tigr	vith clashes repor ay regional borde	and impede humanita ted in North Shewa an rs. In Afar region, sinc acement of several tho	d North Wello zo e February 2024	nes. Tensions bet	ween Tigray and
Ethiopia	Impact of Sudan crisis in Ethiopia	Grade 3	01-May-2023	01-May-2023	10-May-2024	-	-	-	
						53 923 individuals in ees\asylum seekers and			ossed the
Ethiopia	Cholera	Grade 3	17-Sep-2022	01-Aug-2022	10-Mar-2024	37,497	37,497	525	1.40%
	cholera case repo		st 2022 through	10 March 2024, t	here have been a	total of 37 497 cholera	cases and 525 c	leaths (CFR 1.4%	). In 2024, a
Ethiopia	Dengue	Grade 3	16-May-2023	10-May-2023	18-Apr-2024	23 381	23 381	19	0.00%
of 23 209 cases	and 19 deaths as	sociated deaths		e been reported f		en experiencing an out regions. 699 of the cu			
Ethiopia	Malaria	Ungraded	31-Jan-2023	01-Jan-2023	26-Feb-2024	-	-	-	
reported nations	wide. Most malari	a cases, were re		Oromia (34%), f		to 26 February , a total ra (18%), Southwest (			
Ethiopia	Measles	Ungraded	13-Apr-2017	01-Jan-2023	18-Apr-2024	61 579	61 579	503	0.80%
out of the 359 V	Voredas affected.	As of 24 March	2024, a total of 61	579 cases with	503 deaths have	s outbreak. The outbre been reported, a Case orted in the last seven	Fatality Rate (CFF	R) of 0.82%. 15 5	
Gabon	Diphtheria	Ungraded	23-Jan-2024	01-Dec-2023	19-Mar-2024	28	2	3	10.70%
symptoms occu person died on	irred on 1 Deceml 7 December 2023	ber 2023, and he 3. The sample tes	sought medical of	consultation on 3 iphtheria on 23 J	December 2023 anuary 2024. As	9-year-old male from E in the Enongal health a of 19 March 2024, a to	rea, Ebolowa hea	llth district in Can	neroon. The
Ghana	Measles	Ungraded	01-Apr-2024	01-Jan-2024	25-Feb-2024	1398	644		0.00%
weeks, 30 healtl		nced a measles				onfirmed IgM positive one million inhabitant			
Ghana	Мрох	Protracted 2	08-Jun-2022	24-May-2022	13-Feb-2024	138	138	5	3.60%
As of week 5 of			med cases and 5 (	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		he 261 Districts.	·	;	:
Guinea	Diphtheria	Grade 2	21-Aug-2023	04-Jul-2023	09-Apr-2024	4,517	4,307	105	2.30%
Faranah, Labé, I	Mamou, Conakry	and N'Nzérékoré	regions, includin	g 4 307 confirme	d cases and 105	9 April 2024, 4 517 sudeaths. Of the confirm hkan region is the epice	ed cases, 29 wer	e laboratory-conf	irmed, 4 173
Guinea	Lassa fever	Ungraded	03-Feb-2024	25-Jan-2024	03-Feb-2024	2	2	0	0.00%
						N'Zérékoré prefecture icy of Kissidougou on			eastern Guinea.
Kenya	Floods	Grade 2	24-Apr-2024	24-Apr-2024	29-Apr-2024	150365		103	0.10%
affected, with m	ajor flooding occ	urring in Nairobi,	, Kiambu and Mac	hakos Counties.	More than 103 pe	perty and disruption of eople dead, 29 injured, Government-led respor	21 missing, 150	365 people (30,0	73 families)
Kenya	Food insecurity (Horn of Africa crisis)	Grade 3	17-Feb-2022	01-Jan-2022	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
property, and fa April, and May)	rmland, - as well rains are expecte	as localized reso d to further impr	urce-based and h ove the seasonal	uman-wildlife co performance and	nflicts. During the thus improve the	floods – resulting in t e projection period (Ap e food security situatio in Phase 4 and 1.2 mil	ril to June 2024), n. Approximately	the forecasted M	IAM (March,

## WEEKLY BULLETIN ON OUTBREAKS AND OTHER EMERGENCIES WEEK 18: 29 APRIL TO 5 MAY 2024

Kenya	Cholera	Grade 3	19-0ct-2022	05-0ct-2022	04-Apr-2024	12,521	577	206	1.60%
	eak has been ong rted in 28 affected		nce 26 October 20	022. As of 4 April	2024, a total of	12 521 cases, with 577	confirmed by cu	lture, and 206 dea	ths (CFR 1.7%)
Kenya	Dengue	Grade 3	24-Mar-2024	21-Mar-2024		71	38	0	0.00%
	ened in Karikoini ( (71) cases with th					rted from Dagahaley ca	ımp in Dadaab su	b county, Garissa	county.A total
Kenya	Measles	Ungraded	29-Jun-2022	01-Jan-2023	04-Apr-2024	876	149	11	1.30%
	tbreak has been d idera, since early					measles cases; Gariss ported.	a, Kilifi, Mombasa	a, Turkana, Sambu	ru, Wajir, Meru,
Kenya	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	06-Jul-2023	26-May-2023	10-Jan-2024	13	13		0.00%
According to GI	obal Polio Eradica	ation Initiative, no	cVDPV2 cases	were reported this	s week. There ha	ve been eight cases rep	orted in 2023.		
Kenya	Rift Valley fever (RVF)	Ungraded	24-Jan-2024	25-Jan-2024	10-Mar-2024	145	7	0	0.00%
cases have been		bit has reported	82 suspected cas	ses with five confi		ir counties. A total of 1, , while Wajir reported (			
Liberia	Lassa Fever	Ungraded	03-Mar-2022	06-Jan-2022	13-Feb-2024	376	110	32	8.50%
From January 6	, 2022, to week 6	of 2024, a cumu	-		-	reported with 110 conf	·	<del>-                                    </del>	
Liberia	Measles	Ungraded	03-Feb-2022	13-Dec-2021	13-Feb-2024	13,124	12,475	95	0.70%
	les outbreak start yland County rem		with 433 ongoing		suspected cases,	12 475 confirmed cas	es, and 95 deaths	s with CFR 0.7%, a	s of week 5 of
Liberia	Мрох	Protracted 2	21-Jul-2022	23-Jul-2022	13-Feb-2024	119	7		0.00%
	ed its first case of Kru and Nimba co				119 suspected ca	ises reported and 7 cor	nfirmed. The mos	t recent case was	in week 42 of
Madagascar	Floods	Ungraded	26-Feb-2024	05-Feb-2024	18-Feb-2024	-	-	-	-
the loss of hom		ture, including ro	ads, bridges, agr			of Madagascar. This h nitation, and hygiene ir			
Madagascar	Malnutrition crisis	Protracted 2	01-Jul-2021	01-Jan-2021	21-Mar-2024			-	-
expected to rea	ch IPC Phase 4 (E 023 to April 2024	mergency) in Iko	ongo anď Varika o	during the lean se	ason. Nearly 196	hus reversing the marg 500 children under the ase, and four will be or	e age of five may	suffer from acute	malnutrition
Madagascar	Malaria	Ungraded	28-Feb-2024	01-Jan-2024	28-Apr-2024	1285567		179	0.00%
	s been experiencii reported, 72 distr				trend continues	in 2024. From week 1 t	o week 7, 2024, a	a total of 1 285 56	7 cases and
Malawi	Drought	Ungraded	26-Mar-2024	28-Mar-2024	28-Mar-2024	-	-	-	-
						districts. Preliminary a significant damage, dir			
Malawi	Floods	Ungraded	28-Feb-2024	27-Feb-2024	03-Mar-2024	10944		4	0.00%
	nced torrential rail ted deaths and 2 i					emergencies in Nkhot cted.	akota and Karong	ga, affecting more	than 15,000
Malawi	Cholera	Grade 3	03-Mar-2022	03-Mar-2022	07-Apr-2024	59,334	59,334	1,774	3.00%
	tricts have report n reported since t			22 in the Maching	ga district. As of 7	April 2024, a cumulat	ive total of 59 33	4 cases and 1 774	deaths (CFR
Mali	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel region)	Grade 2	11-Sep-2017	11-Sep-2017	24-Mar-2024	7,500,000	7,500,000		0.00%
only 11% of the (20%). As of M	required funding	secured for the	4.1M(million) pe ire humanitarian	ople targeted. The assistance and as	ere has been a sig s long as it persis	ent Humanitarian Respi gnificant increase in ID ts, 2M people have acc iht education.	Ps in the regions	of Kidal (32.8%) a	ınd Ménaka
Mali	Dengue	Grade 3	12-Sep-2023	01-Jan-2024	03-Mar-2024	1,627	296		0.00%
From 1 January a rapid diagnos	to 3 March 2024 tic test, 296 were	, Mali reported 1 positive, resultin	627 suspected c g in a positivity r	ases of dengue a rate of 18.2%. The	nd no deaths acr e attack rate at w	oss 10 health districts eek 9 was 1.2 cases pe	in three regions. r 100 000 popula	Of the 1 627 samp	les tested with
Mali	Measles	Ungraded	20-Feb-2018	01-Jan-2024	03-Mar-2024	123	68		0.00%
Between week 1 two were indete tested in Mali, o						epresenting a positivity			



Mali	Zika	Ungraded	07-Dec-2023	10-Dec-2023	18-Mar-2024	22	22		0.00%
at the Molecular nine cases on 4	and Genomic Bio	ology Laboratory As of 18 March 2	of the University	Center for Clinica	al Research (UCR	disease confirmed by re C) of Point G. Three ca were reported from 10	ises were confirm	ned on 1 Decemb	er 2023 and
Mauritania	Influx of refugees from Mali	Ungraded	11-Mar-2024	14-Mar-2024	19-Mar-2024	180000	-	-	-%
and violence. It i are outside the f	is estimated that ( formal camp syste	over 180 000 refi em, many with liv	ugees and return estock, putting p	ees are registered pressure on natur	l or awaiting regi al resources (suc	the massive arrival of the stration in the Bassikno th as water and grazing ilities, as well as health	ou district. Accord land) and basic	ding to UNHCR d social services. B	ata, over 40%
Mauritania	Measles	Ungraded	07-Mar-2023	01-Jan-2024	17-Mar-2024	1,406	170	4	0.30%
Moughataas in t	the 15 wilayas hav	ve reported confi	rmed cases of me	easles in 2024. Th	ne worst affected	170 were laboratory-co Moughataa is Bir Mog st-epidemic phase.			
Mauritius	Dengue	Grade 3	17-Dec-2023	17-Dec-2023	14-Jan-2024	40	40	0	0.00%
	ek 2, 2024 (endin					intry has recorded an u With the recent rains th			
Mauritius	Leptospirosis	Ungraded	10-May-2024	01-Jan-2024	30-Apr-2024	20	20	0	
	ning of 2024. In A					nce of leptospirosis cas les are ongoing.	ses in Mauritius v	vith a total of 20 o	cases reported
Mozambique	Humanitarian crisis in Cabo Delgado	Protracted 2	01-Jan-2020	12-0ct-2023	21-Mar-2024	2 000 000	2 000 000	-	-
season. Childrer	n, women, and me	en comprise 62%	, 23%, and 15%	of the displaced.	Food aid reached	ks, including 91 239 far d over 64,000 individua s and a conjunctivitis o	ils, and 24,000 re	ceived shelter. By	/ 5 March 2024
Mozambique	Tropical Storm Filipo	Ungraded	11-Mar-2024	14-Mar-2024	14-Mar-2024	2800	2 800	2	
worst affected T sea. In the south of more than on	wo people have d h of the country, v	lied due to the sy waves exceeded 2 nts, dozens of ve	stem, and around 21 feet in height. hicles were swep	l 2 800 people ha Meanwhile, in Ma It away. Rainfall v	ve been displace puto, the capital, as heavy, exceed	trong gusts of rain as i d. Many structures coll streets were flooded, i ling eight inches in sor ne.	lapsed in coastal and traffic was si	areas due to the gnificantly imped	severe storm a ed. In this city
Mozambique	Cholera	Grade 3	14-Sep-2022	12-0ct-2023	18-Apr-2024	47 561	47 561	173	-
	lera outbreak in th 1 affected provinc					7 April 2024, 47 561 cl	nolera cases have	been recorded,	with 173 deaths
Namibia	Suspected food poisoning	Ungraded	27-Feb-2024	26-Feb-2024	27-Feb-2024	10		2	20.00%
oetween 1 and 1		ed vomiting, abdo	ominal pain, conv	ulsions and fitting	g after consumin	t of Kavango East regic g a meal made of maize district hospital.			
Niger	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel region)	Grade 2	01-Feb-2015	01-Feb-2015	18-Apr-2024	4,300,000	4,300,000		0.00%
over from Mali, Sahel in under tl these adversities March 2024. Co population in 20	Burkina Faso, and hree years. Intern s, there has been incurrently, Niger	d Nigeria, compo lational sanctions a slight decrease has seen the inte amplifying the de	unded by the cou s, environmental o in refugee and a rnally displaced p mand for human	ntry's internal po challenges, deep- sylum seeker figu oopulation escala	litical turmoil foll seated poverty, a ires, although ne te dramatically, fi	li, Diffa, and Tahoua re, owing a military coup nd frail social support w arrivals from Chad, N rom 1.9 million in 2017 urrently afflicts 3.3 mil	on 28 July 2023 - have further strai Mali, Burkina Faso ' to 4.3 million in	— the third such ned the relief effo o, and Nigeria pe dividuals, which i	coup in the orts. Despite sist post-21 s 15% of the
Niger	Dengue	Grade 3	03-Nov-2023	01-Jan-2023	24-Mar-2024	148			0.00%
	ases of dengue fev on 19th December			een reported in Ni	ger since its ons	et in 2023. No new cas	es or deaths have	e been reported s	ince the last
Niger	Diphtheria	Ungraded	28-Aug-2023	04-Jul-2023	25-Feb-2024	3,536	3,536	174	4.90%
	s, including 174 d	eaths (CFR 4.9 %	(a) were reported.	Public health res	ponse activities a	se was reported on 17 are ongoing in affected	districts.	·	,
Niger	Measles	Ungraded	05-Apr-2022	01-Jan-2024	10-Mar-2024	719	214	1	0.10%
regions. Of thes		:214) were labora	tory-confirmed.			ed, of which 404 were i stricts reported at leas			

Niger	Meningitis	Ungraded	07-Dec-2022	01-Jan-2024	10-Mar-2024	577	281	28	4.90%
						i f 577 suspected cases aberi and Zinder. Niame			
Nigeria	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel region)	Grade 2	10-0ct-2016	10-0ct-2016	21-Mar-2024	8,300,000	8,300,000		0.00%
2024, over 6 mi		argeted for huma	nitarian aid, 8.3 n	nillion people nee		t could lead to death in essistance, 2.2 million I			
Nigeria	Cholera	Grade 3		01-Jan-2024	28-Jan-2024	169	9	2	1.20%
affected, followe	ed by those aged	5-14, with males	comprising 52%	. Bayelsa State re	ported 144 case	irmed cases and two d s (85%), with Southerr eased by 71%, with cu	ı Ijaw LGA record	ing 81 cases (48°	% of the
Nigeria	Dengue	Grade 3	01-Nov-2023	01-Jan-2023	24-Mar-2024	72	14		0.00%
Nigeria is respo December 2023		outbreak that sta	rted in 2023. As o	of 3 March 2024,	there has been 7	2 suspected cases rep	orted with 14 con	firmed and zero o	leaths since 19
Nigeria	Diphtheria	Ungraded	01-Dec-2022	01-Dec-2022	11-Feb-2024	27,078	16,603	650	2.40%
						reported from 36 states compatible cases.	in Nigeria. Amor	ng these cases, 1	6 603 were
Nigeria	Lassa Fever	Ungraded	08-Jan-2023	01-Jan-2024	03-Mar-2024	3,272	676	109	3.30%
						ed, with 128 reported o out of 36 states (Edo, (			
Nigeria	Measles	Ungraded	01-Apr-2024	01-Jan-2024	24-Mar-2024	4646	2 840		0.00%
epidemiological		npatible cases. A	dditionally, there	were 88 IgM+ ca	ses of rubella, w	prising 581 confirmed th 339 samples pendin			
Nigeria	Meningitis	Ungraded	29-Jan-2024	08-0ct-2023	10-Mar-2024	1852	135	163	8.80%
states. Of the 13 10 cases (7.4 %	35 confirmed case	es, 119 (82%) we s influenzae and	ere caused by Nei 1 (0.7%) by Neis	sseria meningitid	is serogroup C(N	ned cases and 163 dea ImC) while 5 cases (3.7 mX). As of 10 March 20	7%) were caused	by streptococcus	pneumoniae,
Nigeria	Мрох	Protracted 2	31-Jan-2022	01-Jan-2022	31-Dec-2023	3,771	1,086	17	0.50%
						ted from 36 States and eventeen (17) deaths h			
Nigeria	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	01-Jun-2018	01-Jan-2022	20-Mar-2024	139	139	-	-
No cVDPV2 cas	e was reported th	is week. There w	ere four cases re	ported in 2024, 8	7 cVDPV2 cases	reported in 2023 and 4	8 cases in 2022.		
Senegal	Chikungunya	Ungraded	08-Jun-2023	01-Jan-2024	17-Mar-2024	6	6		0.00%
	to 17 March 202 al number of conf			unya were report	ed from the regio	ons of Dakar (1), Kolda	(1), Matam (2), a	and Tambacounda	(2) in Senega
Senegal	Crimean- Congo haemorrhagic fever (CCHF)	Ungraded	26-Mar-2024	22-Mar-2024	26-Apr-2024	3	3	0	0.00%
from the Guingo 11 samples coll 40-year-old mal respectively reto	uinéo district, pro ected from conta le and a 25-year-c	bably contracted cts at the Dakar h old male from Pik CCHF on PCR or	the disease while nospital have teste ine and Yeumbeu	e working in the Ned negative. On 2 Il districts of Daka	ldoffane district. 6 April 2024, Wh ar respectively. B	nagic fever (CCHF) in a Investigations are ongo IO was informed of the lood samples collected rellow fever, dengue, R'	oing in all the area confirmation of t from the two ma	as visited by the p wo additional CC le cases on 17 ar	oatient. So far HF cases in a d 19 April 202
Senegal	Dengue	Grade 3	14-Nov-2022	31-Jan-2023	17-Feb-2024	6	6		0.00%
Dakar (14), Lou						17 2024, a total of 22 in the 15-35 age group			
Senegal	Measles	Ungraded	04-Jul-2022	01-Jan-2024	17-Mar-2024	150	150		0.00%
	t de l'année jusqu ge (46), Matam (2					dans 11 régions du S	énégal. Les régior	ns les plus touché	es étant les
Senegal	Zika	Ungraded	11-Dec-2023	14-Nov-2023	25-Mar-2024	2	2		0.00%
(PCR) testing. [ outcomes inclu	Details regarding t	he age of the wo y, other congenit	men in Sokone re al malformations	emain unspecified	l, and their pregr	the districts of Sédhio ancy status has not be mature birth or miscarr	en disclosed. The	re is a potential r	isk for adverse

## WEEKLY BULLETIN ON OUTBREAKS AND OTHER EMERGENCIES WEEK 18: 29 APRIL TO 5 MAY 2024

South Africa	Cholera	Grade 3	20-Jan-2024	20-Jan-2024	18-Apr-2024	155	12	0	0.00%
cally transmitt		mpopo in Januar	y. As of 4 April 20			rted cases linked to or eaths have been repor			
South Sudan	Food insecurity (Horn of Africa crisis)	Grade 3	18-Dec-2020	05-Apr-2021	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
Crisis) or worse 5 and 75 %, is f the dire food	e levels of acute f reported in the s	ood insecurity du tates of Unity, Up are protracted m	uring the lean sea oper Nile and Jong nacroeconomic ch	son between Apri Jlei, in Pibor Adm	il and July 2024. iinistrative Area a	people (56 % of the t The highest prevalenc nd among returnees for the insufficient food sup	e of severe acute rom the conflict-a	food insecurity, ra Iffected Sudan. Th	anging betwee ie main driver
South Sudan	Humanitarian crisis	Protracted 3	15-Aug-2016	15-Aug-2016	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
Sudan crisis s ne urgent remo	still ongoing with val of recently im	about 658 021 a posed taxes and	rrivals from Suda charges as more	n since April 202 than 60 000 peo	3, mostly returne ple have already l	people requiring assis es. In April 2024, hum been affected after the should the measures	nanitarian partner United Nations w	s called on the Go	vernment for
South Sudan	Impact of Sudan crisis in South Sudan	Grade 3	15-Apr-2023	01-May-2023	10-May-2024	-	-	-	
	317 other nationa					ongoing conflict, of wei Administrative area,			
South Sudan	Hepatitis E	Ungraded	03-Jan-2018	01-Jan-2019	03-Apr-2024	4,253	63	12	0.30%
epatitis E in Tw	ric County, promp	ted by a 3-year-o	old girl's positive	test result, marki	ng a significant p	State government in So ublic health concern in Juba after laboratory t	n the region. This	alarming declarat	ion came afte
South Sudan	Measles	Ungraded	23-Feb-2022	01-Jan-2023	24-Mar-2024	429	116	4	0.90%
ere five (5) on lest, Baliet, Mu	going outbreaks i Indri West, Pibor,	n Ibba, Juba, Yei Tambura, Tereke	, Rumbek Centre,	and Tonj East, re ridi continue to b	spectively. Suspe	nfirmed, four deaths, ected/confirmed cases ruary. These cases have	in Abiemnhom, A	Aweil Centre, Awe	il South, Awe
South Sudan	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	26-Feb-2024	01-Jan-2024	27-Mar-2024	3	3	0	0.00%
			(GPEI) , two cVE untry this year gi			pper Nile. One had an I since last year.	onset of paralysis	s in December an	d the one in
South Sudan	Yellow fever	Ungraded	24-Dec-2023	24-Dec-2023	03-Mar-2024	81	3	6	7.40%
cluding 78 sus	spected and three	confirmed cases	have been repor	ted. About six su	spected deaths h	norities on 6 January 2 ave been also reportec nties (01) as of 3 Marc	d. All cases were i		
Tanzania, United Republic of	Cholera	Grade 3	03-Oct-2023	07-Sep-2023	24-Mar-2024	2 549	2 549	46	1.80%
hinyanga, Tabo	ra, Ruvuma, Mw	anza, Geita, Rukv	va, Dodoma, Man	yara, Morogoro,	Katavi and Dar es	s (Mara, Arusha, Kilin s Salaam) in Tanzania eita, Mara, Arusha, Kil	Mainland, where	a total of 2,549 ca	
Togo	Measles	Ungraded	14-Mar-2024	14-Mar-2024	14-Mar-2024	133		0	0.00%
ountry, particul	larly in the distric	ts of Kéran and C		e entered into an		nforming the public ab Indeed, since the beg			
Uganda	Food insecurity (Horn of Africa crisis)	Grade 3	17-Feb-2022	01-Jan-2022	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
ith periodic he nd carryover st art to seasona	avy rains resultin tocks from 2023, I cultivation activi	g in localized floo followed by first ities, While the si	oding interspersed season harvests ustained impacts	d with short dry s beginning in June of the multi-seas	spells. Minimal (II e. In unimodal Ka on drought, inclu	imodal areas, rainfall i PC Phase 1) outcomes ramoja, above-averag ding low coping capac vill improve to Stresse	s will be sustained e rainfall in April i city and limited ho	d by seasonal according generally supportant busehold assets, controlly assets, cont	ess to income orting a norm continue to
Uganda	Anthrax	Grade 2	27-Nov-2023	19-Nov-2023	24-Mar-2024	92	26	11	12.00%
n epi week 9. Tl	he district rapid r	esponse team ha	s been notified to	investigate the e	vent. There were	suspected anthrax cas zero new cases in the ibilatuk, Nakapiripiri, N	8 remaining affect		

Uganda	Crimean- Congo haemorrhagic fever (CCHF)	Ungraded	12-Feb-2024	28-Jan-2024	10-Mar-2024	7	5	3	42.90%		
	As of week 10, 2024, the Crimean-Congo Haemorrhagic fever (CCHF) outbreak is still active in Kiruhura, Lyantonde and Kyankwanzi districts. The cumulative numbers are: seven cases, five confirmed and three deaths (CFR 42.9%). The outbreak was controlled in Kampala city (one case, one death) and Mbarara city (one death)										
Uganda         Measles         Ungraded         04-Oct-2023         01-Jan-2024         22-Mar-2024         727         47         7         1.00%											
confirmed), Am Obongi ( 19 cas	The measles outbreak in Kyenjonjo (81 cases, six confirmed and two deaths ) was controlled , however the following districts are still in outbreak: Kasese (29 cases, three confirmed), Amuru (27 cases, three confirmed and one death), Kassanda (48 cases, four confirmed and three deaths), Hoima (421 cases, 14 confirmed and two deaths), Obongi (19 cases, five confirmed), Maracha (five cases, four confirmed), Koboko (13 cases, four confirmed), Yumbe (14 cases, 10 confirmed), Arua city (138 cases, 111 confirmed and one death) and Mbale (13 cases and five confirmed).										
Zambia	Drought/food insecurity	Ungraded	08-Mar-2024	15-Jan-2024	29-Feb-2024	-	-	-			
and power gene families. The dr one million hec	ration and the co y spell has from r ares of maize des	untry struggles to mid-January this y stroyed, almost ha	recover a recent rear affected mos alf of the country'	t cholera outbreal st of the central a s maize cultivation	k. The lack of rair nd southern half on. It is also proje	cional disaster and eme thas devastated the ag of the country, which h toted that the drought v of Zambia electricity g	ricultural sector, as received less vill lead to a pow	affecting more th than normal rainf er deficit and affe	an one million all leaving ct ground and		
Zambia	Cholera	Grade 3	24-Jan-2023	20-Jan-2023	07-Apr-2024	22,692	22,692	729	3.20%		
	of cholera with se					as (peri-urban). From ( ave confirmed local tra					
Zambia	Measles	Ungraded	13-Jun-2022	13-Jun-2022	27-Feb-2024	1,594	57		0.00%		
						firming 5 cases distribu ne first week of 2024.	uted across 5 dis	tricts. This adds t	o the		
Zimbabwe	Drought/food insecurity	Ungraded	05-Apr-2024	05-Apr-2024	05-Apr-2024	-	-	-	-		
						veeping across much of country received bel			ienomenon. it		
Zimbabwe	Anthrax	Grade 2	13-Nov-2023	14-Nov-2023	12-Feb-2024	683		1	0.10%		
						ave reported cases sin 2023, from Gokwe So		2023 with the maj	ority of cases		
Zimbabwe	Cholera	Grade 3	12-Feb-2023	12-Feb-2023	05-May-2024	33,567	3,953	709	2.10%		
	The first cholera outbreak in the country in 2023 started on the 12 February 2023. Cumulatively there were 335 67 cholera cases with 709 deaths (CFR 2.0%) as of 5 May 2024. All of the ten provinces are affected with majority of the cases reported from Manicaland, Harare, Mash West and Mash Cent provinces.										
Closed Events											
Uganda	Cholera	Grade 3	04-Feb-2024	04-Feb-2024	03-Mar-2024	32	5	1	3.10%		
		ra outbreak was orefore the event w		city. As of 3 Mar	ch 2024 , 32 cas	es including five confir	med and one dea	th were reported	(CFR 3.1%).		

†Grading is an internal WHO process, based on the Emergency Response Framework. For further information, please see the Emergency Response Framework: http://www.who.int/hac/about/erf/en/.

Data are taken from the most recently available situation reports sent to WHO AFRO. Numbers are subject to change as the situations are dynamic.

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#### **Data sources**

Data and information is provided by Member States through WHO Country Offices via regular situation reports, teleconferences and email exchanges. Situations are evolving and dynamic therefore numbers stated are subject to change.

