# WEEKLY BULLETIN ON OUTBREAKS AND OTHER EMERGENCIES

Week 25: 17 to 23 June 2024 Data as reported by: 17:00; 23 June 2024

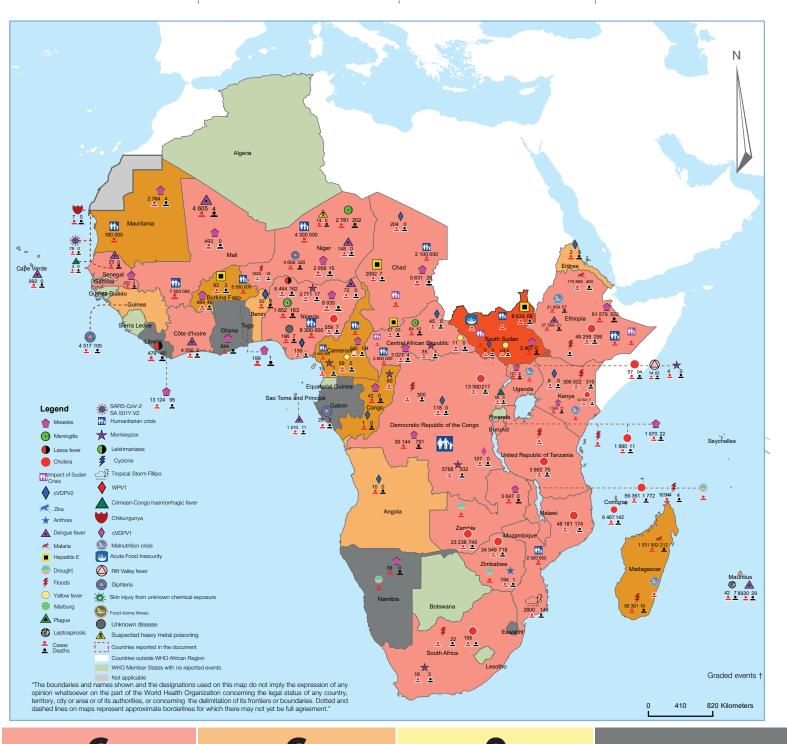


New events

119
Ongoing events

85
Outbreaks

36
Humanitarian crises



Grade 3 events

Grade 2 events

Protracted 2 events

**5** Protracted 1 events

Grade 1 events

**54**Ungraded events

Protracted 3 events

Health Emergency Information and Risk Assessment

# **Overview**

# **Contents**

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This Weekly Bulletin focuses on public health emergencies occurring in the WHO African region. This week's articles cover:

- Humanitarian Crisis in Cameroon
- Cholera in Burundi
- Humanitarian Crisis in Chad

For each of these events, a brief description, followed by public health measures implemented and an interpretation of the situation, is provided.

A table is provided at the end of the bulletin with information on all new and ongoing public health events currently being monitored in the region, as well as recent events that have been controlled and closed.

## Major issues include

The humanitarian situation in Cameroon remains concerning due to conflicts and natural disasters. The Lake Chad Basin conflict, the socio-political crisis in the North-West and South-West regions, the impact of the Central African refugee influx in the eastern part of the country and climate-related shocks are generating significant population movements. It is estimated that nearly one million people are internally displaced, and almost half a million refugees and asylum seekers are hosted in the country. The many people in need have placed an immense strain on already scarce resources, intensifying the humanitarian and health crisis. This has led to a heightened risk of disease outbreaks, malnutrition, and protection concerns, including human rights abuses and violence. Insecurity and funding shortfalls are hindering humanitarian efforts, thus intensifying the vulnerabilities and needs of both displaced/refugee populations and host communities.

# Cameroon

# **Humanitarian Situation**

**EVENT DESCRIPTION** 

Cameroon is currently experiencing a significant humanitarian crisis characterized by widespread population displacement resulting from conflicts and climate-related shocks. The country is grappling with multiple crises, including conflict-related displacements in its northern, eastern and southern-west parts. In the conflict-affected areas, needs in terms of protection and access to basic social services generated by a deteriorating socio-economic environment are reported.

The reported climate events in the country are related to episodes of flooding and landslides, which affect thousands of people and damage homes, crops, and livelihoods. Furthermore, reduced rainfall, water scarcity, and soil depletion, which affect the livelihoods of farmers, herders, and fishermen, are also reported. Reducing resources available to herders, farmers, and fishermen further exposes communities to the risk of malnutrition.

In the Far North region, about 1.6 million people need humanitarian assistance and 966 000 are targeted by the 2024 humanitarian response plan. The region is also hosting more than 500 000 internally displaced persons (IDPs) and 110 000 refugees settled in and out of camps.

The security situation continued to be marked by the persistent activities of non-state armed groups (NSAGs) and operations by state security forces (SSF). Civilians continued to suffer from the incursions and attacks of the NSAGs. Insecurity is also having a major impact on people's livelihoods. Frequent incursions and attacks on villages and roads by the NSAG are often systematically accompanied by looting and/or destruction of property.

The Adamawa, North and East regions host 94.0% of 353 000 refugees from the Central African Republic (CAR). Access to livelihoods, food, WASH services, and education remains limited for them and host communities. The number of refugees continues to exert significant pressure on natural resources and basic social services in the host areas, which often creates conflicts between the refugees and host populations over the use of scarce resources, including land.

In the North-West and South-West regions, an estimated number of 1.7 million people need humanitarian assistance, and 990 465 have been targeted by humanitarian partners for the 2024 response. The two regions sum up to nearly 583 000 IDPs. The populations continued to be affected by violence and insecurity. Abuses, including killings, destruction of property, kidnappings for ransom, illegal taxation, arbitrary arrests, and extortion are reported. Freedom of movement is restricted due

to the proliferation of informal roadblocks, disrupting socioeconomic opportunities and thwarting efforts to rebuild lives/ resilience.

According to the United Nations Office for the Coordination of Humanitarian Affairs (OCHA), climate scenarios for Cameroon predict warming in all regions by 2050, with significant and widespread temperature increases in the northern regions. While the country's northern regions are exposed to extreme temperatures and flooding episodes, rising temperatures in the southern regions could lead to more severe episodes of heavy rainfall and flooding or landslides. Deforestation and the construction of new settlements in vulnerable areas lead to loss of life, displacement, and increased vulnerability.

### PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIONS

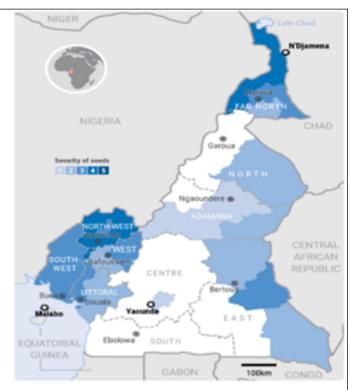
- The humanitarian response plan for 2024, targeting 2.3 million people out of 3.4 million total population in need of humanitarian assistance, was jointly developed by the humanitarian organizations and country authorities
- At least 88 humanitarian partners, including 17 under the health sector (WHO and others), operate in the country, striving to implement humanitarian assistance to reduce the mortality and morbidity of 1.5 million people affected by the crisis.
- The National Advisory Group on Immunization Technical Group is being established to guide vaccine use. There are ongoing discussions on the possibility of using the mpox vaccine for targeted population groups in South Africa.

### SITUATION INTERPRETATION

The humanitarian situation in Cameroon remains dire, and according to OCHA, it is expected that violence will persist in the most affected areas in 2024. Along with the impact of natural disasters and outbreaks, it will continue negatively impacting access to basic services. Insecurity and physical constraints will continue challenging humanitarian access in 2024, especially in the North-West, South-West and Far North regions. Underfunding remains the most important impediment to reaching people in need.



- Cameroon Humanitarian Response Plan 2024: US\$371.4 million requires to assist 2.3 million most vulnerable people.
- The ordeal of repeated fires ravaging IDP settlements in Far North Cameroon.
- Natural disasters and Climate change at the root of community crises in Cameroon.



Source: Humanitarian Needs Overview 2024 The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.

Source: UNICEF-NAMIBIA

# **Burundi**

# 1 954 11 0.6 % Cases Deaths CFR

# Cholera

### **EVENT DESCRIPTION**

Burundi declared a cholera outbreak in January 2023, and to date, cases have been reported from 12 health districts: Cibitoke, Bujumbura North, Bujumbura South, Bujumbura Center, Isare, Kabezi, Rwibaga, Mpanda, Bubanza, Mabayi, Rumonge, and Bugarama.

As of 23 June 2024, there were nine active cholera cases, five new cases recorded during epidemiological week 25 (ending 23 June 2024), and four ongoing cases. The new cases originated from three health districts: three reported from Isare, one from Bujumbura North, and one from Bujumbura South.

Since the beginning of the epidemic (epidemiological week 48 in 2022) up to 23 June 2024, a cumulative total of 1 954 cholera cases have been reported across 12 health districts, with 11 deaths recorded, resulting in a case fatality rate of 0.6% (CFR 0.6%). The majority of cases were reported from Isare health district (708 cases, 36.2%), followed by Bujumbura North (582 cases, 29.8%), Cibitoke (275 cases, 14.1%), and Bujumbura Center (172 cases, 8.8%).

Isare Health District reported the highest number of confirmed cases in two specific health areas: Gatumba (172 cases) and Rubirizi (164 cases). In the Bujumbura North district, the highest case counts were observed in three health areas: Kinama (143 cases), Buterere I (140 cases), and Gihosha (113 cases). Furthermore, Buyenzi health area within Bujumbura Center recorded 115 cases.

Isare district reported the highest number of deaths (7 cases, 63.6%), followed by Bujumbura North (3 cases, 27.3%) and Bujumbura South (1 case, 9.1%).

Among the 1 954 reported cases, patients aged 11 to 20 years and 21 to 30 years were the most affected, 22.4% and 22.1%, respectively, followed by children under 5 years old, yielding a rate of 17.2%. The sex ratio (M/F) was 1.3.

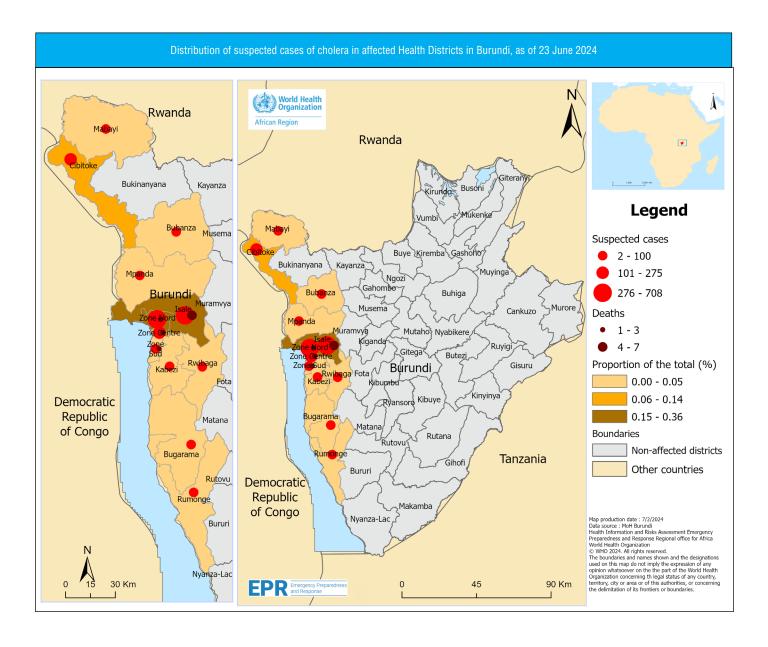
### PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIONS

- The Ministry of Health and its partners continue to hold regular pillar and coordination meetings
- Surveillance is being conducted, with activities including contact tracing, active case search, and community-based surveillance in all affected areas.
- Medical staff are being deployed to support the Cholera Treatment Centers (CTCs) in managing cases. In addition, a cholera treatment unit has been established at Buterere Health Center.

- Household disinfection and population awareness campaigns on cholera prevention measures are being carried out.
- Risk communication and community engagement activities are ongoing, including educating healthcare professionals and the community through the broadcast of radio spots on cholera prevention.

### SITUATION INTERPRETATION

New cases of cholera have been reported in Isare health district, underscoring significant efforts to contain the outbreak while emphasizing the imperative of maintaining and enhancing responses in persistently affected areas. Key challenges identified, particularly regarding WASH (Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene) conditions, require attention. This involves improving access to clean water, educating households on the proper construction and use of adequate latrines, and continuing population awareness efforts. The Ministry of Health and its partners must intensify efforts to address these challenges while sustaining ongoing public health measures.



# Chad

# 2 100 000

## People affected

# **Complex humanitarian**

### **EVENT DESCRIPTION**

Eastern Chad is facing a humanitarian and health crisis triggered by the massive influx of Sudanese refugees and Chadian returnees fleeing the conflict in Sudan. As of June 2024, Eastern Chad has received over 608 715 Sudanese refugees, of which 58.0% are women and 21.0% are children under five years. The crisis has resulted in 7 187 injuries and 350 deaths.

Over 2.1 million people are affected, including both refugees and host populations, and 1 213 515 individuals are in urgently need of humanitarian assistance. The crisis has led to over 783 608 displacements of people, with those affected currently seeking shelter in camps and health centres in 11 health districts across Ennedi Est, Ouaddaï, Sila and Wadi-Fira. As a result, these provinces are now struggling to cope with the influx of people, straining already limited resources and infrastructure, including healthcare facilities and water supply systems.

The crisis has also had a devastating impact on the mental health and well-being of both children and adults, with many suffering from trauma, anxiety, and depression. Additionally, the population faces food insecurity, malnutrition, and inadequate access to water and sanitation. The situation has also triggered a health crisis, with outbreaks of hepatitis E and other diseases and a high risk of waterborne diseases due to limited access to safe drinking water and inadequate sanitation and hygiene.

### PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIONS

- WHO is working alongside the Ministry of Public Health and Prevention, UN agencies and operational partners for the response to the hepatitis E epidemic in the health districts of Adré, Hadjer-Hadid and Amleyouna in the province of Ouaddaï and Koukou Angarana Gozbeida, in the province of Sila as well as the chickenpox epidemic in the Abéché remand centre in the province of Ouaddaï.
- WHO has provided critical support to the Chadian Ministry of Health, including deploying mental health experts to refugee camps to address trauma and psychological needs, enhancing surveillance and data collection at all levels, including community-based surveillance, supporting the Ministry of Health in investigating health outbreaks and deploying epidemiologists to the field.

- The Government of Chad, in collaboration with the WHO and other humanitarian partners, has provided critical emergency assistance to the affected population. This vital support has included essential healthcare services, nutrition programs, and protection services, all of which have been tailored to address the specific needs of the affected communities.
- Emergency assistance has been designed to save lives, alleviate suffering, and support the resilience of the affected populations. It has included initiatives such as mobile health clinics, food distribution, and psychological support.

### SITUATION INTERPRETATION

The humanitarian response in Chad is facing multiple challenges, including insufficient funding, limited access to affected areas, and persistent insecurity. These challenges have severely restricted access and created an unsafe environment for humanitarian actors. Additionally, the response to the crisis is hindered by the lack of a health and humanitarian data management system, weak coordination at the health district and community levels, and insufficient deployment of human resources in the field. Without sustained attention and action, the situation in eastern Chad risks further deterioration, exacerbating the suffering of affected populations and undermining efforts to protect and support them.





# **Integrated Disease Surveillance and Response** Weekly data submission report

Health Emergency Information Management & Risk Assessment Programme

**Update on Reporting - Epidemiological Week 25:** 17 – 23 June, 2024 **Point du rapportage hebdomadaire – Semaine 25 :** 17 – 23 juin 2024

34 Countries out of 47, reported for

week 25

60 % **Timeliness** 

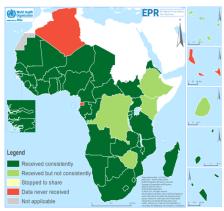
for weekly reporting

72 % Completeness

All the correspondences related to this document should be directed to/ Toutes les correspondances relatives à ce document doivent être adressées à:

Dr Etien Luc Koua, HIR Programme Area Manager (kouae@who.int) Emergency Preparedness and Response, WHO Regional Office for Africa

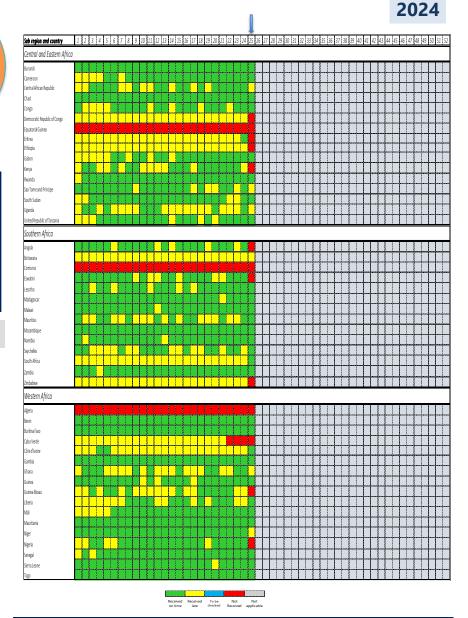
2024 Summary of Reporting - Frequency of weekly reports received at AFRO



Please, refer to the calendar below to submit your IDSR data on a weekly basis:

Veuillez-vous référer au calendrier ci-dessous pour soumettre vos données de la SIMR sur une base hebdomadaire :

> afrooutbreak@who.int afrgoeprhir@who.int



Reminder: Upcoming deadlines for weekly data submission Rappel: Dates limites prochaines de soumission des données hebdomadaires

	Week 25	Week 26	Week 27	Week 28
Start date	17-Jun2024	24-Jun2024	01-Jul2024	8-Jul2024
End date	23-Jun2024	30-Jun2024	07-Jul2024	14-Jul2024
Deadline / Date limite	26-Jun2024	03-Jul2024	10-Jul2024	17-Jul2024

# All events currently being monitored by WHO AFRO

Country	Event	Grade	Date notified to WCO	Start of reporting period	End of reporting period	Total cases	Cases Confirmed	Deaths	CFR
New Events									
Ethiopia	Malaria	Ungraded	20-Jun-2024	01-Jan-2024	09-Jun-2024	177,561	170,969	409	0.20%
		n 2023. As of 9 J	une ( epi-week 23	), a total of 177 5	61 cases , 409 d	k 23, there was 110.8 ° eaths are reported. Ab 6 and Plasmodium Viva	out 96.3 % (170		
Ongoing Events									
Angola	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	15-May-2024	15-May-2024	23-Jun-2024	10	10	0	0.00%
of Congo. Curr		laboratory confi				sipality, Lunda Norte pr anda, Huambo, Lunda			
Burkina Faso	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel Region)	Protracted 2	01-Jan-2019	01-Jan-2019	18-Apr-2024	5,500,000	5,500,000	-	-
major challeng	e for the affected	population. As of		5.5 million people		ue to attacks by armed arian assistance, 3.2 m			
Burkina Faso	Hepatitis E	Ungraded	06-Jun-2024	04-Jan-2024	01-Jun-2024	93	8	3	3.20%
tested positive	for hepatitis E by	PCR. The media	pected cases of he n age of the cases nong pregnant wo	is 22 and wome	ported from the k n represent 47.39	Kaya health district of t 9% of the cases. Fourty	he North central /-six (48.46%) o	region. Eight out of the 93 suspected	of 63 samples d cases are
Burkina Faso	Measles	Ungraded	06-Feb-2024	14-Jan-2024	28-May-2024	9904	484	46	0.50%
	downward trend easles.	is observed in all		cts that conducte	d the anticipated	otal of 9 904 suspected reactive campaign. Cu			
Burundi	Flood	Grade 2		01-Sep-2023	26-Apr-2024	-	-	-	
26 April 2024, recorded. From	more than 237 00 January to mid-	00 people have be April 2024, more	een affected and n	nore than 42 000 ople have been af	are internally dis ffected and more	s, floods and landslide placed. A total of 175 p than 31 200 have beer umbura.	people have beer	n injured and 29 d	eaths have been
Burundi	Cholera	Grade 3	01-Jan-2023	14-Dec-2022	01-Jun-2024	1,890		11	0.60%
			ar in some areas. been reported sind			s officially declared on	1 January 2023.	As of 1 June 202	4, a total of 1
Burundi	Measles	Ungraded	15-Feb-2024	01-Jan-2023	12-Feb-2024	1670	1 670	22	1.30%
were identified In 2023, there	as having unvaco were 1670 confir	cinated children in med cases resulti	n the 2022 Nation	al Vaccination Co epresenting a cas	verage Survey. T se fatality rate of	try's 49 health districts he epidemic curve indi 1.3%. Among the conf health districts.	cates a steady in	icrease in cases si	nce May 2023.
Cameroon	Humanitarian crisis (Noth- West & South-West )	Protracted 2	01-Oct-2016	27-Jun-2018	07-May-2024	3,400,000		-	-
homes to neigl		nd communities.				e exacerbating humani le: 3.4M people in neec			
Cameroon	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel Region)	Protracted 2	31-Dec-2013	27-Jun-2017	13-Feb-2024	-	-	-	-
most affected I	by the armed continued groups. Mo	flict. Between Aug	gust and Septemb	er 2023, nearly 6	000 newly displa	r area with Nigeria and aced people were regis ame period at Goureng	tered in Mokolo	district following	repeated attacks
Cameroon	Measles	Ungraded	02-Apr-2019	01-Jan-2024	31-Mar-2024	645	232	104	16.10%
cases were cor		129 IgM positive				hs (CFR 16%) were reportible. In 2023, 6088 (			

Go to overview

Go to map of the outbreaks

Cameroon	Мрох	Protracted 2	24-Feb-2022	01-Jan-2024	04-Apr-2024	15	2	1	6.70%
						death have been repor 3 confirmed cases and			
Cameroon	Yellow Fever	Ungraded	20-Nov-2023	23-Jan-2023	10-Mar-2024	59	30	5	8.50%
and confirmed c	ases of yellow fe egions, including	ver were reported	I consistently thr	oughout 2023, fr	om week 4 onwar	ed in the last quarter of d. As of week 2 of 202 lses, 30 have been clas	4, a total of 32 cd	nfirmed cases ha	ve been
Cape Verde	Dengue	Grade 3	06-Nov-2023	06-Nov-2023	24-Mar-2024	992	543		0.00%
	y, Santiago Island	d, Cabo Verde. Th	e same day three	more suspected		engue through Polymer rted from the Central H			
Central African Republic	Humanitarian crisis	Protracted 2	11-Dec-2013	11-Dec-2013	05-Jun-2024	6,100,000	2,800,000	-	-
assisted and in 2	2024, 1.9 million	people have beer	targeted. Of the	country's popula	ition of 6.1 millior	military-political conflic 1 inhabitants, 2.8 millic 6 000 are CAR refugee	n, need humanita		
Central African Republic	Impact of Sudan crisis in CAR	Grade 3	01-May-2023	01-May-2023	10-May-2024	-	-	-	
					the ongoing Suda gees\asylum seek	an conflict with 29 444 kers.	forcibly displace	d people from Su	dan who arrived
Central African Republic	Hepatitis E	Ungraded	13-Jun-2024	14-Apr-2024	02-Jun-2024	27	6	3	11.10%
cases, six confir	med were reporte	ed, including thre	e deaths. Out of	the six laboratory	-confirmed cases	ikikédé health area. Fro , one died and was a S Gudanese refugees.			
Central African Republic	Measles	Ungraded	13-Mar-2022	01-Jan-2023	26-Nov-2023	3,027	1,145	4	0.10%
At the end of epi outbreak.	-week 47, 2023,	the country reco	ded 3 027 suspe	cted cases and 4	deaths. Since the	e start of 2023, 15 out	of 35 health distri	cts (43%) experi	enced measles
Central African Republic	Meningitis	Ungraded	27-Mar-2024	22-Mar-2024	26-Apr-2024	64	5	10	15.60%
meningitis cases 52 cerebrospina	s including 10 de: I fluid samples w	aths (CFR: 16%) ere collected fror	were reported fron	om three communicases and analyze	nes of Batangafo- ed at Institut Paste	n week 7 to week 16 (e Kabo health district, na eur of Bangui. Bacteria 3 and 2 samples respe	mely Kabo, Sido I pathogens were	and Ouaki comm	unes. A total of
Central African Republic	Мрох	Protracted 2	03-Mar-2022	04-Mar-2022	26-Nov-2023	35	35	1	2.90%
From 4 March 20 18 laboratory-co	022 to 26 Novem Infirmed cases, in	ber 2023, 35 cor ncluding one deat	firmed cases of I h.	Mpox and one de	ath have been rep	orted in the country. S	ince the start of 2	2023, the country	has reported
Central African Republic	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	24-May-2019	24-May-2019	13-Dec-2023	45	45		0.00%
						2022. Although no nev cases reported in 2023			r cVDPV2
Central African Republic	Yellow Fever	Ungraded	12-Jun-2023	01-Jan-2023	21-Apr-2024	11	5		0.00%
bringing the tota confirmed cases	I number of prob	oable cases in 202 vere recorded for	24 to six. Other p	robable cases for	the year have be	tion neutralization test en reported in the Mba rati (1), Bambari (2), an	îki and Kémo hea	Ith districts. In 20	)23, five
Chad	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel region)	Protracted 2	11-Feb-2022	01-Mar-2016	16-Jun-2024	2,100,000	-	-	-
	and 350 deaths.					omen and 21.0% are cl st populations, and 1 2			
Chad	Impact of Sudan crisis in Chad	Grade 3	15-Apr-2023	15-Apr-2023	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
across Ennedi Es	st, Wadi Fira, Oua	addai and Sila pro	vinces. From 15	April 2023 to 3 N	/lay 2024, about 5	lees. These Sudanese r 188 825 Sudanese refu are persons with specia	gees have been li		

From 2 January	Hepatitis E	Ungraded	17-Feb-2024	02-Jan-2024	28-Apr-2024	2092	36	7	0.30%
Hadjer-Hadid). ˈ	Thirty-six (36) cas	ses were laborato	ry-confirmed by	RT-PCR at Institu	t Pasteur of Daka	re reported from two h ar between 1 and 19 Ma ases respectively. Male	arch 2024. The m	ost affected age-g	groups are 6-17
Chad	Measles	Ungraded	24-May-2018	01-Jan-2024	05-May-2024	5,631	,	20	0.40%
Arada, N'Djame		nena East, Gagal,	Gore, N'Djamena	a North, Amtiman	, Pala, Kouno, M	orded in the health distr assakory, and Koukou ted.			
Chad	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	18-0ct-2019	09-Sep-2019	13-Dec-2023	204	204		0.00%
						est reported case had ( from three different ou			
Comoros	Cholera	Grade 3	02-Feb-2024	02-Feb-2024	18-Jun-2024	9467		142	1.50%
						18 June 2024, a cumu vali (550 cases ); 142 d			
Congo	Measles	Ungraded	15-May-2024	02-Apr-2024	21-Apr-2024	42	42	0	0.00%
epi-link ), Poto-	ning of this year , poto ( five confirr lemiological link)	there is an ongoined cases : one t	ing measles outb hrough laborator	reak for Congo af y and four cases	fecting three dist by epidemiologic	ricts of Etoumbi ( 25 c al link) and Impfondo (	onfirmed cases : 12 confirmed ca	10 laboratory con ses : seven throu	firmed and 15 gh laboratory
Congo	Мрох	Protracted 2	23-May-2022	01-Jan-2024	23-Apr-2024	60	19		0.00%
Brazzaville. Froi		7 November 2023				cts in five departments: 5 deaths (CFR 8.3%) w			
Congo	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV1)	Grade 2	21-Mar-2023	01-Mar-2023	13-Dec-2023	1	1	-	-
No Circulating \	accine-derived po	oliovirus type 1 (d	VDPV1) cases w	ere reported this	week. As of 6 De	cember 2023, only one	case reported th	is year.	
Côte d'Ivoire	Dengue	Grade 3	10-Jul-2023	19-Jun-2023	11-May-2024	4,050	332	2	0.00%
An outbreak of deaths (CFR 0.0		ngoing in Ivory C	oast. A total of 4	050 cases have b	een reported fro	m 1 January 2023 to 1	1 May 2024, with	325 confirmed ca	ases and 2
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Flood	Ungraded	09-Jan-2024	09-Jan-2024	03-Jun-2024			300	
humanitarian ne	eeds. The floods i River basin. This	nundated around flooding has sev	1.1 million acres erely impacted fa	of land, including armers, potentially	g nearly 52,000 a v exacerbating fo	provinces, placing app cres of cropland, in are od insecurity in the cor	eas surrounding L ming months. The	ake Tanganyika a ongoing El Niño	nd upstream
	ng heavy rainfall, <sub>l</sub>	particularly to the	central and nort	hern regions, with	n forecasts indica	ting that the water leve	I in Lake Tangany	ika will continue t	to rise, peaking
expected to brir	ng heavy rainfall, p Humanitarian crisis	oarticularly to the Grade 3	central and north	hern regions, with	n forecasts indica	ting that the water leve	I in Lake Tangany -	ika will continue t	to rise, peaking -
expected to bring in late June.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  The humanitaria Currently, 7 100	Humanitarian crisis an crisis in Demod 000 people have	Grade 3 cratic Republic of been displaced s	20-Dec-2016 Congo has affec ince onset. There	17-Apr-2017 ted about six provare currently 522	11-May-2024 rinces namely, No 2 410 new refuge	orth Kivu, South Kivu, es. There have been va	turi, Tshopo and rious levels of sec	- Tanganyika provii curity threats, wic	- nces.
expected to brin in late June.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  The humanitaria Currently,7 100	Humanitarian crisis an crisis in Demod 000 people have	Grade 3 cratic Republic of been displaced s	20-Dec-2016 Congo has affec ince onset. There	17-Apr-2017 ted about six provare currently 522	11-May-2024 rinces namely, No 2 410 new refuge	orth Kivu, South Kivu, es. There have been va	turi, Tshopo and rious levels of sec	- Tanganyika provii curity threats, wic	- nces.
expected to bring in late June.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  The humanitaric Currently, 7 100 instability, and the Congo  From week 1 to Haut Katanga, 5	Humanitarian crisis  an crisis in Demor 000 people have gang violence. The Cholera  week 15, 2024 (v. South Kivu, and H.	Grade 3 cratic Republic of been displaced s e IDPs live in pred Grade 3 veek ending 14 A aut Lomami are t	20-Dec-2016  Congo has affectince onset. There carious condition  16-Jan-2015  pril), 13 360 sushe most affected	17-Apr-2017  ted about six provare currently 522 s. At present, the  01-Jan-2024 pected cholera ca provinces, accou	11-May-2024 vinces namely, No. 2 410 new refuge re are multiple of 14-Apr-2024 ses including 21: nting for 58.5%	orth Kivu, South Kivu, es. There have been va utbreaks like, cholera, r	turi, Tshopo and rious levels of se neasles and Mpoo 1,571 ere reported from 287), 10.2% (n=	Tanganyika provir curity threats, wic k. 217 n 13/26 provinces 1 365), and 9.2%	1.60%  North Kivu, (n=1 230)
expected to bring in late June.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  The humanitaric Currently, 7 100 instability, and the Congo  From week 1 to Haut Katanga, Sof cases respection.	Humanitarian crisis  an crisis in Demor 000 people have gang violence. The Cholera  week 15, 2024 (v. South Kivu, and H.	Grade 3 cratic Republic of been displaced s e IDPs live in pred Grade 3 veek ending 14 A aut Lomami are t	20-Dec-2016  Congo has affectince onset. There carious condition  16-Jan-2015  pril), 13 360 sushe most affected	17-Apr-2017  ted about six provare currently 522 s. At present, the  01-Jan-2024 pected cholera ca provinces, accou	11-May-2024 vinces namely, No. 2 410 new refuge re are multiple of 14-Apr-2024 ses including 21: nting for 58.5%	orth Kivu, South Kivu, es. There have been va utbreaks like, cholera, r 13,360 7 deaths (CFR 1.6%) w (n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2	turi, Tshopo and rious levels of se neasles and Mpoo 1,571 ere reported from 287), 10.2% (n=	Tanganyika provir curity threats, wic k. 217 n 13/26 provinces 1 365), and 9.2%	1.60%  North Kivu, (n=1 230)
expected to britin late June.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  The humanitaric Currently, 7 100 instability, and the Congo  From week 1 to Haut Katanga, Sof cases respected.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  From Week 1 to Haut Katanga, Sof cases respected.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  In 2023, a total	Humanitarian crisis  an crisis in Demod 000 people have gang violence. The Cholera  week 15, 2024 (violence) week 15, 2024 (violence). The majorite Measles  of 311 500 suspe	Grade 3  cratic Republic of been displaced selDPs live in preduced 3  week ending 14 A aut Lomami are try of deaths (59%)  Ungraded	20-Dec-2016  Congo has affecting affection conset. There carious condition  16-Jan-2015  pril), 13 360 sustem most affected of have been reported to the consequence of the consequence	17-Apr-2017  ted about six provare currently 522 s. At present, the  01-Jan-2024  pected cholera ca provinces, accounted from the Hau  01-Jan-2024	11-May-2024 vinces namely, No. 2410 new refuge re are multiple of 14-Apr-2024 ses including 21: nting for 58.5% ut Katanga provir 17-Mar-2024	orth Kivu, South Kivu, es. There have been vautbreaks like, cholera, r 13,360  7 deaths (CFR 1.6%) w (n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 loc. In 2023, more than	turi, Tshopo and rious levels of seconeasles and Mpox 1,571  ere reported from 287), 10.2% (n= 62 000 cases and 1,178	Tanganyika provincurity threats, wick.  217  13/26 provinces 1 365), and 9.2% d more than 700  791  March ), a total of	1.60%  North Kivu, (n=1 230) deaths were
expected to britin late June.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  The humanitaric Currently, 7 100 instability, and the Congo  From week 1 to Haut Katanga, Sof cases respected.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  From Week 1 to Haut Katanga, Sof cases respected.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  In 2023, a total	Humanitarian crisis  an crisis in Demod 000 people have gang violence. The Cholera  week 15, 2024 (violence) week 15, 2024 (violence). The majorite Measles  of 311 500 suspe	Grade 3  cratic Republic of been displaced selDPs live in preduced 3  week ending 14 A aut Lomami are try of deaths (59%)  Ungraded	20-Dec-2016  Congo has affecting affection conset. There carious condition  16-Jan-2015  pril), 13 360 sustem most affected of have been reported to the consequence of the consequence	17-Apr-2017  ted about six provare currently 522 s. At present, the  01-Jan-2024  pected cholera ca provinces, accounted from the Hau  01-Jan-2024	11-May-2024 vinces namely, No. 2410 new refuge re are multiple of 14-Apr-2024 ses including 21: nting for 58.5% ut Katanga provir 17-Mar-2024	orth Kivu, South Kivu, es. There have been vautbreaks like, cholera, r 13,360  7 deaths (CFR 1.6%) w (n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 nce. In 2023, more than 30,144	turi, Tshopo and rious levels of seconeasles and Mpox 1,571  ere reported from 287), 10.2% (n= 62 000 cases and 1,178	Tanganyika provincurity threats, wick.  217  13/26 provinces 1 365), and 9.2% d more than 700  791  March ), a total of	1.60%  North Kivu, (n=1 230) deaths were
expected to britin late June.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  The humanitaria Currently,7 100 instability, and of the Congo  From week 1 to Haut Katanga, Sof cases respected.  Democratic Republic of the Congo  In 2023, a total 1 178 confirme  Democratic Republic of the Congo  In 2024, cumulation of the Congo	Humanitarian crisis  an crisis in Demodo 000 people have gang violence. The Cholera  week 15, 2024 (v. South Kivu, and H. tively. The majorit Measles  of 311 500 susped and 791 deaths  Mpox  atively from week	Grade 3  cratic Republic of been displaced selDPs live in prediction of the prediction of the prediction of the prediction of the protected of	20-Dec-2016  Congo has affectince onset. There carious condition  16-Jan-2015  pril), 13 360 sus the most affected on the most affected	ted about six provare currently 522 s. At present, the 01-Jan-2024 prected cholera ca provinces, accounted from the Hair old-Jan-2024 aths were reporter rovinces have reported from the Hair old-Jan-2024 ril 2024), a total of the data of the first size of the first	11-May-2024 vinces namely, No. 2410 new refuge re are multiple of 14-Apr-2024 ses including 21: nting for 58.5% of 17-Mar-2024 d. This year, from 17-Apr-2024 d. This year, from 21-Apr-2024 of 5 768 cases, 6	orth Kivu, South Kivu, es. There have been vautbreaks like, cholera, roman 13,360  7 deaths (CFR 1.6%) w (n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 nce. In 2023, more than 30,144  m week 1 through weel measles outbreak since	turi, Tshopo and rious levels of seconeasles and Mpox 1,571  erer reported from 287), 10.2% (n= 62 000 cases and 1,178  c 11 ( ending 17 Note the begining of 1 632 deaths (CFR 5.8%	Tanganyika provincurity threats, wick.  217  13/26 provinces 1 365), and 9.2% d more than 700  791  March ), a total of this year.  332	1.60%  North Kivu, (n=1 230) deaths were  2.60%  30 144 cases,  5.80%

Democratic Republic of the Congo	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	26-Feb-2021	01-Jan-2023	15-May-2024	118	118		0.00%
As per the Glob	al Polio Eradicatio	n Initiative (GPEI	), no cVDPV2 cas	ses were reported	this week. The n	number of 2023 cases i	remains 118.		
Ethiopia	Flood	Grade 2	15-May-2024	01-May-2024	24-May-2024	-	-	-	
	veral districts, incl					been affected by the he h Ethiopia, Southwest			
Ethiopia	Food insecurity (Horn of Africa crisis)	Grade 3	17-Feb-2022	01-Jan-2022	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
of the country, i improvements i	food security cond	litions are expect onditions and mi	ed to improve by Ik availability. In	June. In norther northern Ethiopia	n pastoral areas, , levels of acute r	e expected to remain w rainfall is expected to i nalnutrition remain hig critical range.	mprove pasture a	vailability and sup	port
Ethiopia	Humanitarian crisis (Northern Ethiopia)	Grade 3	04-Nov-2020	04-Nov-2020	09-May-2024	-	-	-	-
between the Eth Amhara regions	niopian National De s continued to rise a communities in (	efense Force (ENI in contested terr	DF) and Fano mil itories along the	itias continues, w Amhara and Tigra	rith clashes repor ay regional borde	and impede humanitar ted in North Shewa and rs. In Afar region, sinc accement of several tho	d North Wello zor e February 2024 i	es. Tensions betv	een Tigray and
Ethiopia	Impact of Sudan crisis in Ethiopia	Grade 3	01-May-2023	01-May-2023	10-May-2024	-	-	-	
						53 923 individuals in res\asylum seekers and		nal protection cro	ssed the
Ethiopia	Cholera	Grade 3	17-Sep-2022	01-Aug-2022	14-Jun-2024	49,259		607	1.20%
	olera outbreak in E of 18 023 cases ar			2022. As of 14 Jui	ne 2024, a total o	f 49 259 cases, 607 de	aths (CFR 1.2%)	are reported. This	year from
Ethiopia	Dengue	Grade 3	16-May-2023	10-May-2023	10-Jun-2024	27,577	27,569	21	0.00%
	break that started ses (1 762 confirm				ill ongoing. As of	10 June 2024, a total	of 27 577 cases v	with 21 deaths are	reported. In
Ethiopia	Drought/food insecurity	Ungraded	13-Apr-2017	01-Jan-2024	14-Jun-2024	23,217	21,854	57	0.80%
Measles outbre		in Ethiopia. In 20	24, as of week 2	3 ( ending 9 June	), a total of 23 2	17 suspected cases, 2	854 confirmed a	and 57 deaths are	reported (
	Lassa Fever	Ungraded	03-Mar-2022	06-Jan-2022	05-Jun-2024	479	151	45	9.40%
From January 6	, 2022, to may 30	of 2024, a cumu	lative total of 466	6 cases of Lassa I	ever have been r	eported with 151 confi	rmed and 45 dea	ths (CFR 39%).	
Gabon	Diphtheria	Ungraded	23-Jan-2024	01-Dec-2023	19-Mar-2024	28	2	3	10.70%
symptoms occu person died on	irred on 1 Decemb	oer 2023, and he . The sample test	sought medical of ted positive for D	consultation on 3 iphtheria on 23 Ja	December 2023 anuary 2024. As	9-year-old male from B in the Enongal health a of 19 March 2024, a to	rea, Ebolowa hea	Ith district in Cam	eroon. The
Ghana	Measles	Ungraded	01-Apr-2024	01-Jan-2024	25-Feb-2024	1398	644		0.00%
weeks, 30 healt		nced a measles e				onfirmed IgM positive one million inhabitants			
Guinea	Diphtheria	Grade 2	21-Aug-2023	04-Jul-2023	09-Apr-2024	4,517	4,307	105	2.30%
Faranah, Labé,	Mamou, Conakry a compatible and 10	and N'Nzérékoré	regions, includin	g 4 307 confirme	d cases and 105	9 April 2024, 4 517 sus deaths. Of the confirm Ikan region is the epice	ed cases, 29 were	laboratory-confi	med, 4 173
Kenya	Flood	Grade 2	24-Apr-2024	24-Apr-2024	13-Jun-2024	306522	306522	315	0.10%
affected, with m	najor flooding occu	ırring in Nairobi,	Kiambu and Mac	chakos Counties.	More than 314 pe	perty and disruption of eople died, 188 were in g the Government-led i	jured, 21 were m	issing, 58 641 pe	ple were
Kenya	Food insecurity (Horn of Africa crisis)	Grade 3	17-Feb-2022	01-Jan-2022	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
property, and fa April, and May)	rmland, - as well a rains are expected	as localized resol d to further impro	urce-based and hove the seasonal	uman-wildlife cor performance and	nflicts. During the thus improve the	floods – resulting in the projection period (Aprel food security situation in Phase 4 and 1.2 mil	ril to June 2024), n. Approximately,	the forecasted Ma	AM (March,

# WEEKLY BULLETIN ON OUTBREAKS AND OTHER EMERGENCIES WEEK 25: 17 TO 23 JUNE 2024

					WLLN 25.	17 TO 23 JUNE 202	24		
Kenya	Cholera	Grade 3	19-0ct-2022	05-0ct-2022	13-Jun-2024	12,521	79	1	0.00%
	rted. Eight (8) cas					er (60), Lamu (18) and r County attack rate is			
Kenya	Measles	Ungraded	29-Jun-2022	01-Jan-2023	13-Jun-2024	1,543	199	11	0.70%
			January 2023. Nii 543 cases with 1			measles cases; Garissa reported.	a, Kilifi, Mombasa	a, Turkana, Sambu	ru, Wajir, Meru,
Kenya	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	06-Jul-2023	26-May-2023	29-May-2024	8	8		0.00%
According to GI				<u> </u>		ve been eight cases rep	·	•	
Liberia	Measles	Ungraded	03-Feb-2022	13-Dec-2021	02-Jun-2024	13,711	13,056	95	0.70%
	est affected is Mo		er 2021, there ha 373 confirmed cas		suspected cases,	13056 confirmed case	s, and 95 deaths	with CFR 0.7%, a	s of June 2,
Madagascar	Cyclone Gamane\Flood	Grade 2	26-Feb-2024	05-Feb-2024	19-May-2024	95391	-	19	0.00%
	nd infrastructure					of Madagascar. This hition, and hygiene infras			
Madagascar	Malnutrition crisis	Protracted 2	01-Jul-2021	01-Jan-2021	17-Apr-2024			-	-
expected to rea	ch IPC Phase 4 (E	mergency) in Iko	ngo and Varika d	uring the lean se	ason. Nearly 196	hus reversing the marg 500 children under the ase, and four will be or	age of five may	suffer from acute	malnutrition
Madagascar	Malaria	Ungraded	28-Feb-2024	01-Jan-2024	12-May-2024	1531902		212	0.00%
Madagascar ha 212 deaths are		ng a malaria outb	reak since last ye	ar and the same	trend continues	n 2024. From week 1 t	o week 19, 2024,	a total of 1 531 9	02 cases and
Malawi	Drought	Ungraded	26-Mar-2024	28-Mar-2024	28-Mar-2024	-	-	-	-
						districts. Preliminary a significant damage, dir			
Malawi	Flood	Ungraded	28-Feb-2024	27-Feb-2024	3/3/2024	10944		4	0.00%
			t of 27 February to Ikhotakota distric			emergencies in Nkhota cted.	akota and Karong	a, affecting more	than 15,000
Malawi	Cholera	Grade 3	03-Mar-2022	03-Mar-2022	30-Apr-2024	59,361	59,361	1,772	3.00%
	n reported since t			2 in the Machinga	a district. As of 3	0 April 2024, a cumula	tive total of 59 36	61 cases and 1 77	2 deaths (CFR
Mali	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel region)	Protracted 2	11-Sep-2017	11-Sep-2017	24-Mar-2024	7,500,000	7,500,000		0.00%
only 11% of the (20%). As of M	required funding arch 2024, over 7	secured for the 4.1M people requi	4.1M(million) peo	ple targeted. The ssistance and as	ere has been a sig long as it persis	ent Humanitarian Respo gnificant increase in IDI ts, 2M people have acc ht education.	Ps in the regions	of Kidal (32.8%) a	and Ménaka
Mali	Dengue	Grade 3	12-Sep-2023	01-Jan-2024	26-May-2024	4,605	614	4	0.10%
From 1 January	to 26 May 2024,	Mali reported 4 6	305 suspected cas		cluding 614 conf	rmed cases and four d	eaths.		
Mali	Measles	Ungraded	20-Feb-2018	01-Jan-2024	26-May-2024	493	277		0.00%
	ting a 4% decreas		ted cases of meas ared to the previou		d, with 277 conf	irmed cases. During th	e same period in	2023, there were	288 confirmed
Mauritania	Influx of refugees from Mali (Sahel region)	Protracted 2	11-Mar-2024	14-Mar-2024	19-Mar-2024	180000	-	-	-%
and violence. It are outside the	is estimated that formal camp syst	over 180 000 reformers, many with liver	ugees and returne restock, putting p	es are registered ressure on natur	l or awaiting regi al resources (suc	the massive arrival of t stration in the Bassikn ch as water and grazing cilities, as well as health	ou district. Accord I land) and basic	ding to UNHCR da social services. Bo	ita, over 40%
Mauritania	Measles	Ungraded	07-Mar-2023	01-Jan-2024	12-May-2024	2,384	280	4	0.20%
and 199 via lab	oratory tests. In re	esponse, a vaccin		s scheduled from		districts, with 280 corne 2024, targeting 1 94			
Mauritius	Dengue	Grade 3	17-Dec-2023	17-Dec-2023	09-Jun-2024	8930	8930	29	0.30%
The index for the reported.	e ongoing dengu	e outbreak in Mai	ıritius was report	ed on 11 Decemb	oer 2023, as of 9	June 2024, a total of 8	930 cases and 2	9 deaths (CFR 0.3	%) have been
Mauritius	Leptospirosis	Ungraded	10-May-2024	01-Jan-2024	09-Jun-2024	42	42	7	16.70%
						nce of leptospirosis cas cases and seven death		vith a total of 20 c	ases reported

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Mozambique	Humanitarian crisis in Cabo Delgado	Protracted 2	01-Jan-2020	12-0ct-2023	15-May-2024	2 000 000	2 000 000	-	-
season. Childrer 154 children we cumulative total	n, women, and me re missing, and 1	en comprise 62% 82 were unaccor The highest num	, 23%, and 15% npanied. As of 15 lber of cases wer	of the displaced. May 2024, eight e reported from t	Food aid reached t out of eleven pro	ks, including 91 239 fa d over 64,000 individua ovinces and at least 22 lampula, Tete, Cabo Do	als, and 24,000 re districts have re	eceived shelter. By ported cholera ca	5 March 2024, ses, with a
Mozambique	Tropical Storm Filipo	Ungraded	11-Mar-2024	14-Mar-2024	04-Apr-2024	2800	197 903	146	
affected. As of 0 and 1,773 totally teachers, 155 po provinces in the	4 April 2024, a to destroyed, while ower poles, and 8	otal of 197,903 per e 31,375 were flo 9 health centers beeding eight inch	ople (39,581 fam oded. Additionally were also affected	nilies) have been y, public infrastru d. Authorities for	affected, with 140 uctures, including ecast moderate to	ong gusts as it hit mul 6 deaths and 202 wour 1,041 classrooms in 4 b heavy rains, with pot nore than 50 mph, it c	nded. About 5,629 168 schools, affeo ential impacts on	0 houses were pa cting 111,785 stu Maputo, Gaza, ar	tially damaged dents and 2,297 d Inhambane
Mozambique	Cholera	Grade 3	18-Apr-2024	12-0ct-2023	06-May-2024	48 181	48 181	174	0.00%
with 12 deaths (	CFR 0.2%) for th	e year 2024. To d	ate, eight provinc	ces have been aff	fected, with 24 dis	8 April 2024, the counstricts with active case otal of 48,181 cases an	s. Cases have bee	en declining over	the last three
Namibia	Drought	Ungraded	31-May-2024	22-May-2024	22-May-2024	-	-	-	-
considered food driven by the El governments an are required to a	insecure, with ov Niño-induced dro d partners. It is c Illeviate the hards	ver 331 000 hous bught and concur rucial to mobilize thips and sufferin	eholds already er rent floods in Sou funds to enhanc g of the populatio	nrolled in the gov uthern Africa, des e prevention pro ons, particularly i	vernment-funded spite current effor grams aimed at n in light of the exa	ght the country has exp drought relief program ts, necessitates more nitigating climate risks cerbating presence of (	to support affect focused attention Furthermore, tai disease outbreaks	ted communities. and proactive me geted and effectives.	This situation, asures from re interventions
Namibia	Measles	Ungraded	07-Jun-2024	01-Jan-2024	05-Jun-2024	39	6	0	0.00%
June 2024, 39 s		ncluding six conf				n Omaruru health distri ealth facility. All six con			
Niger	Floods	Ungraded	12-Jun-2024	10-Jun-2024	13-Jun-2024	3825	-	18	
out of the eight comprising 3,82	regions in the cou 5 displaced perso ing 12 in Maradi	untry are affected ons. There have b	, encompassing 1	18 departments,	with the Maradi r	ross the entire nationa egion being the most a s (a total of 329 house	ffected. A total of	f 499 households	are affected,
Niger	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel region)	Protracted 2	01-Feb-2015	01-Feb-2015	18-Apr-2024	4,300,000	4,300,000		0.00%
over from Mali, Sahel in under t these adversities March 2024. Co population in 20	Burkina Faso, and hree years. Intern s, there has been ncurrently, Niger	d Nigeria, compor ational sanctions a slight decrease has seen the inte amplifying the de	unded by the cou , environmental c in refugee and a rnally displaced p mand for humani	ntry's internal po challenges, deep- sylum seeker figu oopulation escala	olitical turmoil foll seated poverty, a ures, although ne te dramatically, fi	li, Diffa, and Tahoua re owing a military coup nd frail social support w arrivals from Chad, l rom 1.9 million in 2017 urrently afflicts 3.3 mil	on 28 July 2023 have further strai Mali, Burkina Fas 7 to 4.3 million in	— the third such ned the relief effo o, and Nigeria per dividuals, which i	coup in the rts. Despite sist post-21 s 15% of the
Niger	Dengue	Grade 3	03-Nov-2023	01-Jan-2023	24-Mar-2024	148			0.00%
	ses of dengue fe n 19th December			en reported in Ni	iger since its ons	et in 2023. No new cas	es or deaths have	e been reported s	nce the last
Niger	Diphtheria	Ungraded	28-Aug-2023	04-Jul-2023	19-Jun-2024	5,367	4,656	320	6.00%
						se was reported on 17 e ongoing in affected d		week number 24	of 2024, 5367
Niger	Measles	Ungraded	05-Apr-2022	01-Jan-2024	11-May-2024	2,956	467	15	0.50%
	ogical week 19, a ts in epidemic are		spected cases of	measles were rep	ported, including	467 confirmed cases a	and 15 deaths (ca	se fatality rate: 0.	51%), across
Niger	Meningitis	Ungraded	07-Dec-2022	01-Jan-2024	18-May-2024	2,781	1,076	202	7.30%
						2781 suspected cases aberi and Zinder. Agade			
Niger	Suspected heavy metal poisoning	Ungraded	12-Jun-2024	27-May-2024	12-Jun-2024	14			
began experience potentially linked are available. A	ing symptoms or d to drinking wate	n 15 May . The pa er from boreholes team has been de	tient's family of s . Cases have bee ployed. Samples	six has also been n reported in fou have been sent t	affected. All are s ir regions: Tahoua	ke ascites, abdominal p suspected to have con a (2), Dosso (5), Marao results pending. Insec	tracted the illness li (6), and Tillabe	s from an unknow rry (1). No labora	n source, ory results

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Nigeria	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel region)	Protracted 2	10-Oct-2016	10-Oct-2016	21-Mar-2024	8,300,000	8,300,000		0.00%
2024, over 6 m	illion people are ta		itarian aid, 8.3 n	nillion people nee		t could lead to death in ssistance, 2.2 million I			
Nigeria	Cholera	Grade 3		01-Jan-2024	24-Mar-2024	559		7	1.30%
Bayelsa State re Ondo (11), Kats	egistering 356 cas sina (9), and Osur	ses (64% of all sunting to the second of the	spected cases). ( or 31% of the ca	Other affected sta uses this year. Su	ates include Cross spected cholera c	ding seven deaths (CFI s River (42 cases), Bau cases and deaths have of sillowed by those aged 5	chi (38), Abia (24 decreased by 71%	), Delta (24), Nas	arawa (19),
Nigeria	Dengue	Grade 3	01-Nov-2023	01-Jan-2023	24-Mar-2024	72	14		0.00%
Nigeria is respo December 2023		outbreak that star	ted in 2023. As o	of 3 March 2024,	there has been 7	2 suspected cases repo	orted with 14 con	firmed and zero d	leaths since 19
Nigeria	Lassa Fever	Ungraded	08-Jan-2023	01-Jan-2024	26-May-2024	6,464	897	162	2.50%
						rted, with 162 reported (Edo, Ondo, and Bauch			
Nigeria	Measles	Ungraded	01-Apr-2024	01-Jan-2024	12-May-2024	8935	4 633		0.00%
and 119 classif	ed as compatible		e were 280 lgM	positive rubella o g a significant ou	cases. The measle	1 141 confirmed cases es incidence rate is 18.4			
Nigeria	Meningitis	Ungraded	29-Jan-2024	08-0ct-2023	10-Mar-2024	1852	135	163	8.80%
states. Of the 1 10 cases (7.4 %	35 confirmed case b) by Haemophilu	es, 119 (82%) we s influenzae and 1 ombe, Katsina, and	re caused by Nei (0.7%) by Neiss	sseria meningitid	dis serogroup C(N	ned cases and 163 dea ImC) while 5 cases (3.7 mX). As of 10 March 20	7%) were caused	by streptococcus	pneumoniae,
Nigeria	Мрох	Protracted 2	31-Jan-2022	01-Jan-2022	31-Dec-2023	3,771	1,086	17	0.50%
						ted from 36 States and eventeen (17) deaths h			
Nigeria	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	01-Jun-2018	01-Jan-2022	20-Mar-2024	139	139	-	-
No cVDPV2 cas	e was reported th	nis week. There we	ere four cases re	ported in 2024, 8	7 cVDPV2 cases	reported in 2023 and 4	8 cases in 2022.		
Nigeria	Uknown disease	Ungraded	20-Mar-2024	20-Mar-2024	22-Apr-2024	196	0	7	3.60%
from Isa LGA, v 196 cases with	vho presented wit 7 deaths (CFR 3.6	th symptoms inclu 6%) were reported	iding abdominal d. 70% are aged	pain and distensi 0 – 10 years, foll	ion, and vomiting owed by 11 – 20	o State Ministry of Heal on 6 February 2024. C years (20%), >30 years n Birni LGA (7 cases) i	tumulatively, from s (6%), and 21 –	n weeks 6 to week	(15, a total of
Senegal	Chikungunya	Ungraded	08-Jun-2023	01-Jan-2024	26-May-2024	7	7		0.00%
						nged from eight to 30 y a each with one. The la			
Senegal	Covid-19		24-Jun-2024	24-Jun-2024		124	78	0	0.00%
Senegal	Crimean- Congo haemorrhagic fever (CCHF)	Ungraded	26-Mar-2024	22-Mar-2024	26-Apr-2024	3	3	0	0.00%
from the Guing 11 samples col 40-year-old ma respectively ret	uinéo district, pro lected from conta le and a 25-year-c	bably contracted cts at the Dakar hold male from Pikic CCHF on PCR on	the disease while ospital have teste ne and Yeumbeu	e working in the Ned negative. On 2 Il districts of Daka	Ndoffane district. 26 April 2024, WH ar respectively. Bl	agic fever (CCHF) in a Investigations are ongo IO was informed of the lood samples collected rellow fever, dengue, R\	oing in all the area confirmation of t from the two ma	as visited by the p wo additional CCI le cases on 17 an	patient. So far HF cases in a d 19 April 2024
Senegal	Dengue	Grade 3	14-Nov-2022	31-Jan-2023	12-May-2024	23	23		0.00%
females and 14	males. The major	rity of cases have	been reported in	the Dakar region	1 (15 cases, 65%)	n age from 15 to 62 yea ), followed by Louga (4 e, and the most recent o	cases, 17%), Sai	int-Louis (2 cases	s, 9%), Matam
Senegal	Measles	Ungraded	04-Jul-2022	01-Jan-2024	26-May-2024	252	252		0.00%
were evenly spl months to five	it between female	s (125) and males se cases, 69% we	s (127), ranging	from 0.4 to 42 ye	ears old, with a m	est numbers in Louga ( edian age of 6 years. N ed the epidemic thresh	lost cases (70%)	were among chil	dren aged nine

South Africa	Flood	Ungraded	04-Jun-2024	10-Jun-2024	11-Jun-2024	-	-	22	-
damage and fata	ılities. As of 6 Jun	e, 22 people hav	e died, including	11 in the Eastern	Cape province a	Zulu-Natal provinces, c nd 11 in Durban city in people have been evac	KwaZulu-Natal p	rovince. Addition	ally, 55 people
South Africa	Cholera	Grade 3	20-Jan-2024	20-Jan-2024	10-Jun-2024	155	12	0	0.00%
locally transmitt		npopo in Januar	y. As of 17 May 2			rted cases linked to ong deaths have been repor			
South Africa	Мрох	Protracted 2	15-May-2024	15-May-2024	25-Jun-2024	16	16	3	18.80%
	atory on 9 May 20					x case from Johannesb g; and 1 from Western			
South Sudan	Food insecurity (Horn of Africa crisis)	Grade 3	18-Dec-2020	05-Apr-2021	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
(Crisis) or worse 65 and 75 %, is of the dire food	e levels of acute for reported in the sta	ood insecurity du ates of Unity, Up are protracted m	iring the lean sea per Nile and Jong nacroeconomic cl	son between Apr glei, in Pibor Adm	il and July 2024. inistrative Area a	people (56 % of the to The highest prevalence nd among returnees fro , insufficient food supp	of severe acute om the conflict-a	food insecurity, ra ffected Sudan. Th	inging between e main drivers
South Sudan	Humanitarian crisis	Protracted 3	15-Aug-2016	15-Aug-2016	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
to Sudan crisis s the urgent remo	still ongoing with a val of recently imp	about 658 021 a cosed taxes and	rrivals from Suda charges as more	an since April 202 than 60 000 peo	3, mostly returne ple have already t	people requiring assis es. In April 2024, hum been affected after the should the measures	anitarian partners United Nations w	s called on the Go	vernment for
South Sudan	Impact of Sudan crisis in South Sudan	Grade 3	15-Apr-2023	01-May-2023	10-May-2024	-	-	-	
	317 other national					ongoing conflict, of whei Administrative area, l			
South Sudan	Hepatitis E	Ungraded	03-Jan-2018	01-Jan-2019	19-May-2024	6,633		68	1.00%
Western Bahr El 2 of 2023; in Ru	-Ghazal State sind	ce February 202 ce the outbreak	3 (week 8). As of	week 20, 2024, i	n n Fangak count	December 2018, in Fan y 643 cases, with 22 re en reported; in Western	ported deaths si	nce the outbreak	began in week
South Sudan	Measles	Ungraded	23-Feb-2022	01-Jan-2024	19-May-2024	2,407	2,286	-	-
(56.1%) clinicall received at least	y compatible. Abo one dose of the n ngak, Jur-River, an	out 66% (1 604 d neasles vaccine.	out of 2 407) of a In the last four w	ıll cases were in c	hildren under five	164 (6.8%) were lab-co e years old, and only 23 es were recorded, with	3% of those case	s involved childre	n who had
South Sudan	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	26-Feb-2024	01-Jan-2023	19-Jun-2024	9	9	0	0.00%
According to the year.	Global Polio Erac	dication Initiative	(GPEI), one cVD	PV2 case was re	ported in Jonglei.	There are six cases re	ported this year a	ind three cases re	ported last
South Sudan	Yellow fever	Ungraded	24-Dec-2023	24-Dec-2023	19-May-2024	124	3	6	4.80%
	hree confirmed) a					ng a cumulative total of ed: Yambio (64), Tamb			
Tanzania, United Republic of	Flood	Grade 2	24-Apr-2024	24-Apr-2024	09-May-2024	-	-	-	
subsequently, se include Morogoi	evere floods and n	nudslides have o usha, Katavi, Kiç	ccurred in severagoma, and Mara.	al regions in April	, including the de	Indian Ocean dipole sy vastating Rufiji and Kit nounced that the rains	oiti floods in Pwa	ni region. Other a	ffected regions
Tanzania, United Republic of	Cholera	Grade 3	03-Oct-2023	05-Sep-2023	19-Jun-2024	3,892		70	1.80%
Mwanza, Geita, I		Manyara, Morog				aro, Kigoma, Kagera, S ım) in Tanzania Mainlaı			
Togo	Measles	Ungraded	14-Mar-2024	14-Mar-2024	16-Jun-2024	628	199	1	0.20%
	an ongoing measl les cases, 1 death					reek 23 in 2024, there a	are a total of 628	suspected cases	reported, 199

Uganda	Food insecurity (Horn of Africa crisis)	Grade 3	17-Feb-2022	01-Jan-2022	12-Jun-2024	-	-	-	-
production. The and induced mi	2023/24 crop pr	oduction season oring districts. Th	yields were below e situation is exp	v average due to ected to improve	a series of prolor in the projected	nificantly contribute to p nged dry spells, which r period (August 2024 – vely.	educed the availa	bility of pastures	for livestock
Uganda	Anthrax	Grade 2	13-Jun-2024	04-Jun-2024	04-Jun-2024	4	4	0	0.00%
There is an ong zero death as of		oreak reported thr	ough epidemiolo	gical weekly bulle	etin for Uganda at	ffecting Amudat district	since 4 June 202	24 with four confi	rmed cases and
Uganda	Cholera	Grade 3	13-May-2024	11-May-2024	26-May-2024	57	15	4	7.00%
The cholera out	break in Kyotera (	district is still ong	oing since 5 May	2024. As of 26	May 2024, a total	of 57 cases ,15 confir	ned, and four dea	aths are reported.	
Uganda	Crimean- Congo haemorrhagic fever (CCHF)	Ungraded	12-Feb-2024	24-Apr-2024	02-Jun-2024	16	4	3	18.80%
	24, the Crimean-Outbreak started or				ctive in Kiruhura	and Kasese districts wi	th 16 cases, four	confirmed and th	ree deaths
Uganda	Measles	Ungraded	04-0ct-2023	05-Mar-2024	12-Jun-2024	121	12	4	3.30%
	one death); the m					96 cases, six confirmed nine confirmed and fou			
Uganda	Rift Valley Fever (RVF)	Ungraded	24-May-2024	23-Feb-2024	02-Jun-2024	14	7	2	14.30%
						(RVF) with a cumulative and one death) and She			
Zambia	Drought/food insecurity	Ungraded	08-Mar-2024	15-Jan-2024	27-May-2024	-	-	-	
and power gene According to a assistance. Mor people at IPC P	eration and the co recent rapid asses reover, the Integra hase 3 or above b	untry struggles to ssment and the P ated Food Security by March 2024. It	o recover a recent resident's Drough y Phase Classifica is also projected	t cholera outbrea nt Response Appe ation (IPC) report that the drought	k. As of 27 May 2 eal on 16 April 20 released in Nove will lead to a pov	tional disaster and eme 2024, 84 out of the 116 124, nearly 6.6 million p ember 2023 projected t ver deficit and affect gr omes from hydropowel	districts in Zamb eople are now in hat Zambia would ound and surface	oia are affected by urgent need of h I have more than	the drought. umanitarian 2 million
Zambia	Cholera	Grade 3	24-Jan-2023	20-Jan-2023	12-May-2024	23,238	23,238	740	3.20%
The current cho reported cases with 740 deaths	of cholera with se	rted with Lusaka even provinces co	Province confirm nfirming cholera	ing cases in the o	cholera-prone are al of 40 districts h	as (peri-urban). From ( nave confirmed local tra	October 2023 to 6 Insmission. Cum	6 May, 2024, nine ulative cases stan	provinces have d at 23 221
Zambia	Measles	Ungraded	13-Jun-2022	13-Jun-2022	24-Jun-2024	3,647	158		0.00%
As of 23 June, 2	2024, Zambia has	recorded a cumu	ılative total of 3 6	47 suspected ca	ses of measles w	ith 158 confirmed since	the start of 202	4.	
Zimbabwe	Drought/food insecurity	Ungraded	05-Apr-2024	05-Apr-2024	20-May-2024	-	-	-	-
						veeping across much o of country received bel			enomenon. it
Zimbabwe	Anthrax	Grade 2	13-Nov-2023	14-Nov-2023	05-May-2024	784		1	0.10%
						oorted cases since begi rom Gokwe South.	nning of 2023 wi	th the majority of	cases coming
Zimbabwe	Cholera	Grade 3	12-Feb-2023	12-Feb-2023	30-Jun-2024	34,549	4,217	718	2.10%
	a outbreak in the creak has now spre					e were 34 549 cholera c	ases with 718 de	aths (CFR 2.0%)	as of 30 June
<b>Closed Events</b>									
Liberia	Мрох	Protracted 2	21-Jul-2022	23-Jul-2022	13-Feb-2024	119	7		0.00%
						ses reported and 7 con with no new case repo		recent case was	in week 42 of
Nigeria	Diphtheria	Ungraded	01-Dec-2022	01-Jan-2024	10-Mar-2024	4,178	2,009	30	0.70%
Between weeks	1 and 10 of 2024	, a total of 4 178	diphtheria cases	have been report	ed in Nigeria, inc	luding 2 009 confirmed	cases and 30 de	aths.	

†Grading is an internal WHO process, based on the Emergency Response Framework. For further information, please see the Emergency Response Framework: http://www.who.int/hac/about/erf/en/.

Data are taken from the most recently available situation reports sent to WHO AFRO. Numbers are subject to change as the situations are dynamic.

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### **Data sources**

Data and information is provided by Member States through WHO Country Offices via regular situation reports, teleconferences and email exchanges. Situations are evolving and dynamic therefore numbers stated are subject to change.

