# WEEKLY BULLETIN ON OUTBREAKS AND OTHER EMERGENCIES

Week 23: 3 - 9 June 2024 Data as reported by: 17:00; 9 June 2024



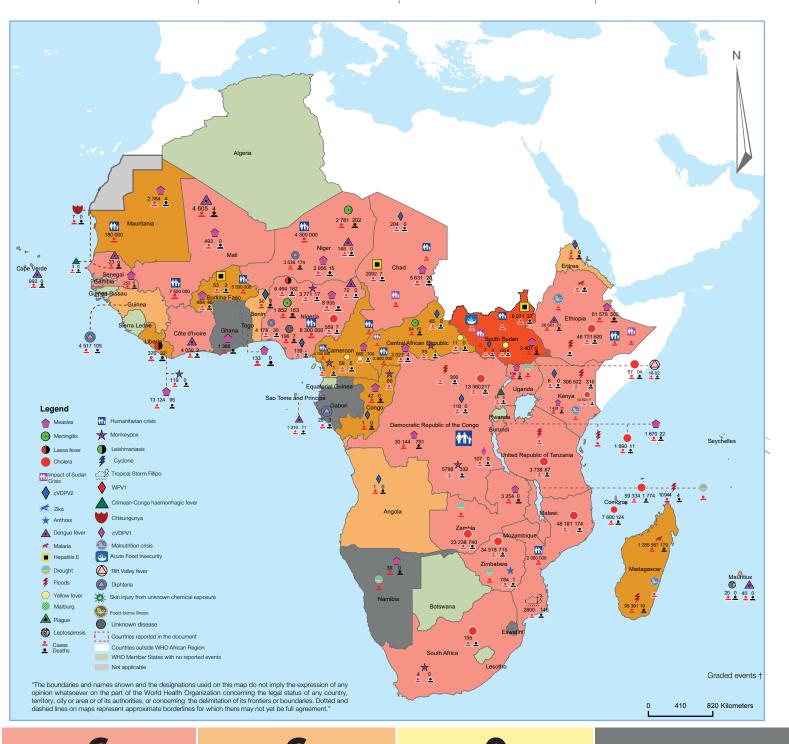
New events

114

Ongoing events

82
Outbreaks

35
Humanitarian crises



Grade 3 events

Protracted 3 events

Grade 2 events

**5**Protracted 2 events

Grade 1 events

Protracted 1 events

Ungraded events

## **Overview**

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- 9 All events currently being monitored

This Weekly Bulletin focuses on public health emergencies occurring in the WHO African region. This week's articles cover:

- Measles in Kenya
- Oholera in The United Republic of Tanzania
- Humanitarian Crisis in the Democratic Republic of the Congo

For each of these events, a brief description, followed by public health measures implemented and an interpretation of the situation, is provided.

A table is provided at the end of the bulletin with information on all new and ongoing public health events currently being monitored in the region, as well as recent events that have been controlled and closed.

#### Major issues include

- The humanitarian situation in the Democratic Republic of the Congo remains complex. It continues to escalate with the report of new waves of armed violence and natural disasters, mainly in the eastern part of the country. The eastern provinces, particularly North Kivu, South Kivu, and Ituri are experiencing severe insecurity due to ongoing clashes between armed groups such as the Movement of 23 March (M23), the Allied Democratic Forces, and the Government military forces. Recent intercommunity violence has been reported in the Ituri and Tshopo provinces. This situation has exacerbated the internal population displacement crisis. Furthermore, since the beginning of the year, the province of Tanganyika has been facing natural disasters due to unprecedented floods. The situation is getting worse as the province continues to record heavy rainfall. All these humanitarian situations are ongoing in a concerning epidemiological country profile dominated by cholera, measles, and Mpox outbreaks.
- The United Republic of Tanzania has managed to control cholera outbreaks in more than half of its regions that have battled cholera outbreaks since September 2023. However, fatalities continue in active regions. Addressing risk factors such as the displacement of fishing communities in Kagera is crucial to prevent further spread. Ongoing challenges include financial deficits, limited access to clean water, and insufficient laboratory resources. To effectively mitigate the outbreak, mobilising resources for surveillance, diagnostic kits, Risk Communication and Community Engagement, and Water, Sanitation, and Hygiene activities is essential for sustained control efforts.

## Kenya

1 536 11 0.7% Cases Deaths CFR

### **Measles**

#### EVENT DESCRIPTION

The measles outbreak in Kenya has been ongoing since 17 December 2023. As of 11 June 2024, 1 536 cases were reported, including 199 confirmed cases and 11 deaths, resulting in a case-fatality rate (CFR) of 0.7%. The highest number of cases is in the under-five year age group, with 563 cases, followed by the 15 years and older age group, with 386 cases; the 5-9 years age group, with 319 cases; and the 10-14 years age group with 242 cases, with 26 cases in the unknown category. Of the reported cases, 52% are males.

This outbreak has been reported across (21.3%), 10 of the 47 counties in Kenya, with nine flood-affected counties actively reporting cases. Garissa county has reported 48.2% of all reported cases (740 cases) mostly in Dadaab sub-county (634 cases), followed by Turkana (582 cases, 37.9%), Mombasa (52 cases), Mandera (48), Wajir (36), Kwale (20), Kilifi (18), Samburu (16), Meru (16), and Tana River (8). Six sub-counties in three counties have active outbreaks: Dadaab, Fati, and Garissa Township in Garissa County, Loima and Turkana West in Turkana County, and Wajir South in Wajir County. Of the 11 deaths, 10 occurred in Turkana County (CFR 1.7%) and one in Garissa County (CFR 0.1%).

Only 6.0% of measles cases reported receiving two doses of the measles-containing vaccine, 14.0% received one dose, 34.0% were reported unvaccinated, and 46.0% had unknown vaccination status.

Before the start of the March-April-May (MAM) rainy season, the doubling time of the measles outbreak was 8.2 days. After the onset of the MAM rains, this doubling time decreased to 7.1 days, suggesting a potentially accelerated growth rate during the rainy season compared to before it began.

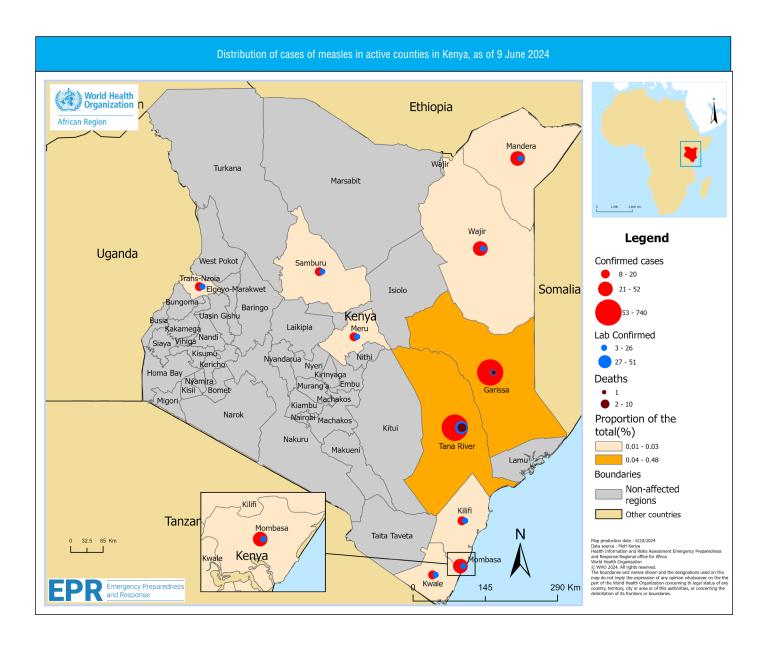
#### PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIONS

- The Ministry of Health, in collaboration with partners, is leading the response to the outbreak to ensure an organized and effective approach.
- Surveillance efforts have been strengthened to facilitate the early detection of cases and enable rapid response.
- Efforts are being made to manage new cases according to the national guidelines, aiming to control the disease spread and reduce disease severity and fatalities.

- A comprehensive line list of cases is being maintained to monitor the outbreak's progress and guide interventions.
- The Ministry of Health plans to implement a reactive vaccination campaign in the affected sub-counties. An application has been submitted to the Measles Rubella Initiative for additional support, including vaccines, medical supplies, and operational funds for the vaccination campaign.
- Risk communication and community engagement efforts have been strengthened in the affected areas.

#### SITUATION INTERPRETATION

The measles outbreak in Kenya has severely affected children under five, who account for the majority of cases. Low vaccination coverage, with only a small percentage having received two doses and a substantial proportion unvaccinated, highlights a major public health gap. The outbreak's doubling time decreased during the March-April-May rainy season, suggesting a faster spread due to environmental factors. Immediate action to increase vaccination coverage and address these contributing factors is critical to controlling the outbreak.



## Democratic Republic of the Congo

## **Complex Humanitarian Situation**

#### **EVENT DESCRIPTION**

The Democratic Republic of the Congo (DRC) has been facing a complex humanitarian crisis for several decades, with violence, displacement, and human rights abuses worsening amidst a challenging subregional geopolitical landscape. The armed conflict has exacerbated the displacement crisis, with over 7 million people internally displaced and millions more seeking refuge in neighbouring countries. The country's four eastern provinces (Ituri, North Kivu, South Kivu, Tanganyika) have witnessed increased violence and displacement, with more than 400 000 people recently fleeing to the Goma city. This has led to overcrowded displacement camps and a surge in cholera cases due to poor sanitation and access to clean water. The country also faces natural disasters, with recent floods reported in several provinces. It is estimated that 19.5 million people in DRC need humanitarian assistance.

In Ituri province, recent armed violence has exacerbated intercommunity tensions. Between April 17 and 19, an armed group abducted nine civilians in the Bangole area of Mambasa territory. Additionally, armed groups are extorting payments, both in goods and cash, from local populations to access their farmlands in Bakwanza, Bapwele, and Bangole groupings. The humanitarian community is concerned that these incidents may further escalate community tensions. Ituri province currently hosts nearly 1.8 million internally displaced people due to ongoing armed conflicts and intercommunity violence spanning over two years.

In North Kivu province, from 1 to 15 May 2024, a total of 22 385 internally displaced people were recorded in the Kibirizi health zone following heavy artillery bombardments in their villages between the Government forces and the rebels of Movement of 23 March (M23). In the Masisi health zone, from 27 April to 7 May 2024, approximately 39 424 displaced people (5 632 households) were recorded, fleeing the clashes between M23 and the Government forces. The provincial capital city of Goma and the Nyiragongo territory (outskirts of Goma) are hosting more than 542 000 displaced people spread across 98 sites.

In South Kivu province, around 47,000 displaced individuals from combat zones in North Kivu arrived in April, settling in Minova, Bunyakiri, and Kalonge health zones. The province also faces significant flood impacts across multiple districts. Stormy rains from March to April damaged over 6 000 households in Babungwe North, affecting homes, latrines, water points, and fields.

Since early 2024, Tanganyika province has experienced unprecedented floods, affecting over 163 432 people.

Approximately 17 000 houses, five health facilities, and 130 schools have been destroyed. Flooded water sources and 2 000 hectares of food crop fields have also been devastated. Affected individuals are either staying with host families or are homeless and exposed to harsh weather conditions.

Tshopo province has been added to the list of provinces reporting recent intercommunity violence in the country. It is reported that there would be about 732 deaths recorded following new inter-community violence that occurred in May 2024 in the Lubunga health zone, where Mbole community militia carried out attacks between 9 and 11 May in several villages of Lengola community (Kubagu, Masengo, Ngenngene, Lokata, etc.). The situation has generated about 19 780 internally displaced people (5 202 men, 5 361 women, and 9 217 children) living in four IDP sites with no humanitarian assistance so far.

#### PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIONS

- At least 200 humanitarian partners, including national NGOs, operate in the country and implement humanitarian projects. These projects target at least 8.7 million people affected by the ongoing humanitarian crisis out of 19.5 million in need of humanitarian assistance this year
- Through the health cluster, WHO and health partners are supporting the Government's efforts to respond to health situations generated by the humanitarian crisis, including response to disease outbreaks in the IDP camps and sites.
- In the Tshopo province, the national Inter Cluster and the Ituri humanitarian coordination mission assessed the humanitarian situation and identified needs for IDPs affected by the recent Mbole-Lengola intercommunity conflict and floods.

#### SITUATION INTERPRETATION

The humanitarian situation in DRC requires sustained attention from everyone, including national authorities and the international community, as the level of suffering generated by this crisis for the affected populations is very worrying. Among the efforts to be made, there is an urgent need to increase the coverage of humanitarian needs that suffer from a lack of funding. For example, this year, the \$2.6 billion humanitarian response plan for the country was only around 14.0% funded as of the end of the first quarter.



# The United Republic of Tanzania

**3 823 68 1.8**%

Cases Deaths CFR

## Cholera

#### **EVENT DESCRIPTION**

Since 5 September 2023, The United Republic of Tanzania has been contending with a cholera outbreak, which has been reported in 20 regions in Tanzania Mainland, with a total of 3 823 cases and 68 deaths (CFR 1.8%). As of 9 June 2024, eight regions, including Simiyu, Katavi, Kagera, Shinyanga, Ruvuma, Tanga, Singida, and Dodoma, were still active and displayed a cumulative total of 1 249 cases with 23 deaths (CFR 1.8%).

During epidemiological week 23 (ending 9 June 2024), two new cases were reported from Dodoma, with no deaths. Of the reported cases from currently active regions, most cases (593 cases, 47.5%) were aged between 15 and 49 years old, followed by those over 50 years (279 cases, 22.3%). Children under five were the least affected (119 cases, 9.5%), and overall, more cases were reported among women (638 cases, 51.1%, sex ratio M/F 0.9).

Simiyu region was the most affected with 889 reported cases (71.3%), followed by Singida (78 cases, 6.2%), Tanga (69 cases, 5.5%), Shinyanga (68 cases, 5.4%), Kagera (61 cases, 4.9%), Dodoma (49 cases, 3.9%), Ruvuma (29 cases, 2.3%), and Katavi (6 cases, 0.5%).

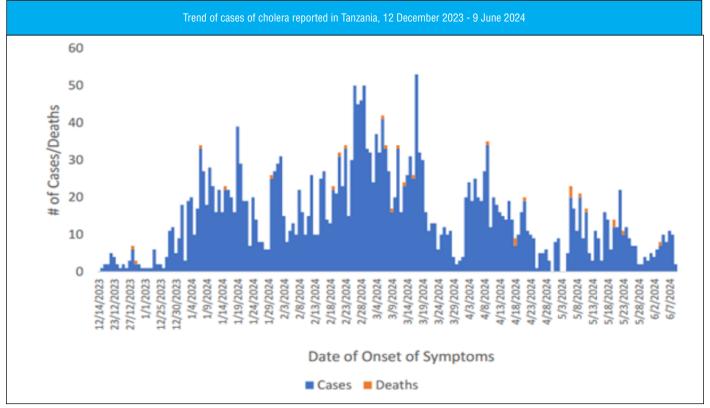
- Case management of suspects is ongoing and facilitated by establishing a diarrhoea treatment centre in Tanga.
- A team of WASH experts was deployed in Shinyanga and Dodoma to conduct WASH activities, including distributing water purifiers and hygiene kits to communities.
- Risk communication and community engagement activities, including health education on the disease and preventivemeasures, are underway in all affected districts.

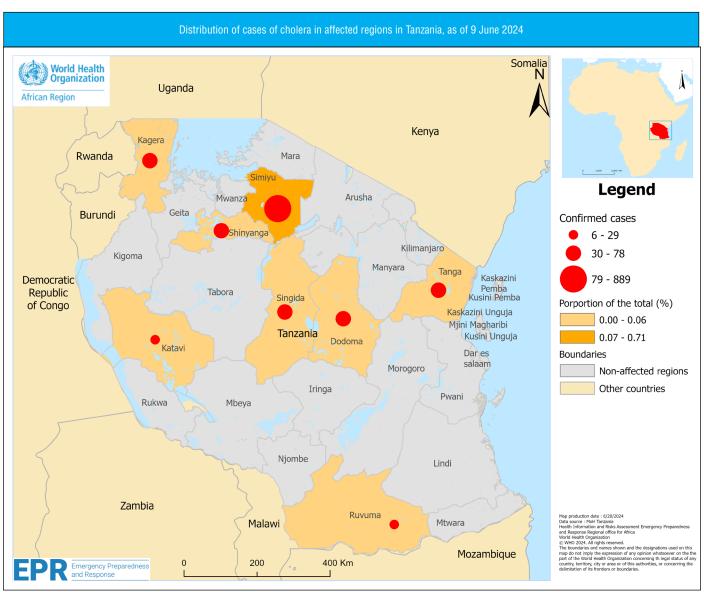
#### SITUATION INTERPRETATION

The United Republic of Tanzania achieved control of the outbreak in more than half of the cholera-affected regions. However, fatalities continue to be reported in active regions. Identifying and addressing risk factors contributing to the spread of the epidemic in other regions, such as the displacement of fishing communities in Kagera, is essential to containment efforts.

#### **PUBLIC HEALTH ACTIONS**

- The Ministry of Health and its partners continue to hold regular pillar and coordination meetings, with the development of daily situation reports.
- Travelers are being screened for health issues at points of entry, and water quality testing is being performed at three points of entry and in regions bordering cholera-affected countries.
- A multidisciplinary team comprising members from the Ministry of Health, WHO, and partner organisations at both national and subnational levels was deployed to conduct extensive epidemiological investigations, active case searches, and community mobilisation efforts in the affected areas.
- Surveillance activities are being conducted to investigate and monitor diarrhoea cases in all affected regions.
- The National Public Health Laboratory continues to support affected regions by providing testing kits and collecting samples in case of any reported cholera suspects.







### **Integrated Disease Surveillance and Response** Weekly data submission report

Health Emergency Information Management & Risk Assessment Programme



2024

33 Countries out of 47, reported for

week 23

60 % **Timeliness** for weekly

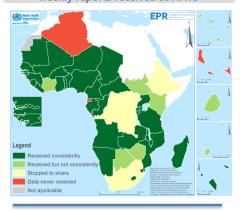
reporting

70 % Completeness

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2024 Summary of Reporting - Frequency of weekly reports received at AFRO



Please, refer to the calendar below to submit your IDSR data on a weekly basis:

Veuillez-vous référer au calendrier ci-dessous pour soumettre vos données de la SIMR sur une base hebdomadaire :

> afrooutbreak@who.int afrgoeprhir@who.int



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 12 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52

Reminder: Upcoming deadlines for weekly data submission Rappel: Dates limites prochaines de soumission des données hebdomadaires

	Week 21	Week 22	Week 23	Week 24
Start date	20-May2024	27-May2024	03-Jun2024	10-Jun2024
End date	26-May -2024	02-Jun2024	09-Jun2024	16-Jun -2024
Deadline / Date limite	29-May -2024	05-Jun2024	12-Jun2024	19-Jun -2024

## All events currently being monitored by WHO AFRO

Country	Event	Grade	Date notified to WCO	Start of reporting period	End of reporting period	Total cases	Cases Confirmed	Deaths	CFR
New Events									
Burkina Faso	Hepatitis E	Ungraded	6-Jun-2024	4-Jan-2024	1-Jun-2024	93	8	3	3.2%
From 4 Januari	to 1 June 0004	a tatal of 00 auga	aatad aaaaa af ba	notitio Funero rer	artad fram tha I/	ava baalth diatriat of th	a Narth control r	anian Finhtauta	f CO comples

From 4 January to 1 June 2024, a total of 93 suspected cases of hepatitis E were reported from the Kaya health district of the North central region. Eight out of 63 samples tested positive for hepatitis E by PCR. The median age of the cases is 22 and women represent 47.39% of the cases. Fourty-six (48.46%) of the 93 suspected cases are internally displaced persons. No case reported among pregnant women.

Namibia	Meas		Ungraded	7-Jun-2024	1-Jan-2024	5-Jun-2024	39	6	0	0.0%
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The Ministry of Health and Social Services (MoHSS) has reported a confirmed outbreak of Measles in Omaruru health district of Erongo Region,. Between 1 January and 5 June 2024, 39 suspected cases, including six confirmed cases, have been reported from the same health facility. All six confirmed cases have been reported among learners attending the same primary school

South Africa Flood Ungraded 4-Jun-2024 10-Jun-2024 11-Jun-2024 - - 22

From 1 to 3 June 2024, heavy rainfall, strong winds, and snowfall affected the Eastern Cape and KwaZulu-Natal provinces in eastern South Africa, causing floods and resulting in significant material damage and fatalities. As of 6 June, 22 people have died, including 11 in the Eastern Cape province and 11 in Durban city in KwaZulu-Natal province. Additionally, 55 people have been injured, 120 people have been displaced to three temporary shelters, and more than 2,000 people have been evacuated in Nelson Mandela Bay Municipality. Several houses and schools have also been damaged. Over the next 48 hours, more rainfall is forecasted for western and southern South Africa, while drier conditions are expected in the eastern provinces. Ongoing efforts are underway to provide humanitarian relief to those affected, and further interventions are being implemented.

#### Ongoing Events

Angola	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	15-May-2024	15-May-2024	15-May-2024	1	1	0	0.0%
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On 3 May, 2024, Angolan health authorities announced that polio had been detected in Chitato Municipality, Lunda Norte province, which borders the Democratic Republic of Congo. A person infected with 'circulating vaccine-derived poliovirus type 2 was confirmed. According to the Global Polio Eradication Initiative, this is the only case reported this year in the country as of 15 May 2024.

	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel Region)	Protracted 2	1-Jan-2019	1-Jan-2019	18-Apr-2024	5,500,000	5,500,000	-	-
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Since 2015, the security situation in the Sahel and Eastern Burkina Faso has gradually deteriorated due to attacks by armed groups. Access to healthcare services remains a major challenge for the affected population. As of February 2024, 5.5 million People needed humanitarian assistance, 3.2 million of which are children and over 2.06 million IDPs registered and 5478 schools closed. The situation remains fluid.

Burkina Faso | Measles | Ungraded | 6-Feb-2024 | 14-Jan-2024 | 28-May-2024 | 9904 | 484 | 46 | 0.5%

Burkina Faso is experiencing a decrease change in measles cases. Between week 1 and week 21 of 2024, a total of 9904 suspected measles cases, resulting in 46 deaths, have been recorded. This downward trend is observed in all 9 health districts which conducted the anticipated reactive campaign. Currently only 4 health districts have active outbreaks of measles.

Burundi Flood Grade 2 1-Sep-2023 26-Apr-2024 - - -

Since the beginning of the rainy season in September 2023, Burundi has been affected by heavy rains, floods and landslides, exacerbated by the El niño phenomenon. As of 26 April 2024, more than 237 000 people have been affected and more than 42 000 are internally displaced. A total of 175 people have been injured and 29 deaths have been recorded. From January to mid-April 2024, more than 179, 200 people have been affected and more than 31 200 have been displaced. The most affected health districts are located in the western part of the country, including Cibitoke, Bubanza, Rumonge, Makamba and Bujumbura.

1-Jan-2023 Burundi Cholera Grade 3 14-Dec-2022 1-Jun-2024 1.89 11 0.6% Burundi faces cholera outbreaks almost every year in some areas. The ongoing cholera outbreak was officially declared on 1 January 2023. As of 1 June 2024, a total of 1 890 cases, 11 deaths (CFR 0.6%), have already been reported since the start of the outbreak 12-Feb-2024 Burundi Measles Ungraded 15-Feb-2024 1-Jan-2023 1670 1,670

On 14 February 2024, Burundi's Ministry of Health reported a measles outbreak, with 20 of the country's 49 health districts experiencing active outbreaks. These districts were identified as having unvaccinated children in the 2022 National Vaccination Coverage Survey. The epidemic curve indicates a steady increase in cases since May 2023.

In 2023, there were 1670 confirmed cases resulting in 22 deaths, representing a case fatality rate of 1.3%. Among the confirmed cases, 55% were aged 6-59 months, and 82% were under 15 years old. From 1 January to 12 February 2024, 34 deaths were reported in five health districts.

| Humanitarian | crisis (Noth-West & South-West ) | Protracted 2 | 1-Oct-2016 | 27-Jun-2018 | 7-May-2024 | 3,400,000 | - - - -

In the North-West and South-West regions, the unstable security situation and persistent violence are exacerbating humanitarian needs. Affected people continue to flee their homes to neighboring villages and communities. By May 2024, the following observations were made: 3.4M people in need, 2.3M people targeted, 1M IDPs, 658k Returnees and 489K Refugees and Asylum Seekers.

Go to overview



Cameroon	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel Region)	Protracted 2	31-Dec-2013	27-Jun-2017	13-Feb-2024	-	-	-	-
most affected b	y the armed confl state armed grou	lict. Between Aug	ust and Septemb	er this year, nearl	y 6 000 newly dis	r area with Nigeria and splaced people were re or the same period at th	gistered in the Mo	okolo district follo	wing repeated
Cameroon	Measles	Ungraded	2-Apr-2019	1-Jan-2024	31-Mar-2024	645	232	104	16.1%
cases were con		129 lgM positive				hs (CFR 16%) were repoatible. In 2023, 6088 c			
Cameroon	Мрох	Protracted 2	24-Feb-2022	1-Jan-2024	4-Apr-2024	15	2	1	6.7%
						death have been repor 8 confirmed cases and			
Cameroon	Yellow Fever	Ungraded	20-Nov-2023	23-Jan-2023	10-Mar-2024	59	30	5	8.5%
and confirmed of	cases of yellow fe egions, including	ver were reported	l consistently thro	oughout 2023, fro	om week 4 onwa	ed in the last quarter of rd. As of week 2 of 202 ases, 30 have been clas	4, a total of 32 cd	nfirmed cases ha	ve been
Cape Verde	Dengue	Grade 3	6-Nov-2023	6-Nov-2023	24-Mar-2024	992	543		0.0%
borderline case	in the city of Prai	a, Santiago Island	d, Cabo Verde. Th	ie same day three	more suspected	engue through Polyme I cases were reported f 1992 suspected cases, ir	rom the Central H	ospital Dr. Agosti	nho Neto
Central African Republic	Humanitarian crisis	Protracted 2	11-Dec-2013	11-Dec-2013	5-Jun-2024	6,100,000	2,800,000	-	-
assisted and in	2024, 1.9 million	people have been	targeted. Of the	country's popula	tion of 6.1 millio	military-political conflic n inhabitants, 2.8 millic 6 000 are CAR refugee	on, need humanita		
Central African Republic	Impact of Sudan crisis in CAR	Grade 3	1-May-2023	1-May-2023	10-May-2024	-	-	-	
		affected among t hich 6 158 are ret				an conflict with 29 444 kers.	forcibly displace	d people from Su	dan who arrived
Central African Republic	Measles	Ungraded	13-Mar-2022	1-Jan-2023	26-Nov-2023	3.027	1.145	4	0.1%
At the end of ep outbreak.	i-week 47, 2023,	the country reco	rded 3 027 suspe	cted cases and 4	deaths. Since the	e start of 2023, 15 out	of 35 health distr	icts (43%) experi	enced measles
Central African Republic	Meningitis	Ungraded	27-Mar-2024	22-Mar-2024	26-Apr-2024	64	5	10	15.6%
On 22 March 20 meningitis case 52 cerebrospina	s including 10 de al fluid samples w	aths (CFR: 16%) vere collected fror	were reported from the suspected of	om three commur cases and analyze	nes of Batangafo- d at Institut Past	n week 7 to week 16 (e Kabo health district, na eur of Bangui. Bacteria 3 and 2 samples respe	amely Kabo, Sido I pathogens were	and Ouaki comm	unes. A total of
Central African Republic	Мрох	Protracted 2	3-Mar-2022	4-Mar-2022	26-Nov-2023	35	35	1	2.9%
		nber 2023, 35 cor ncluding one deat		Mpox and one de	ath have been rep	ported in the country. S	ince the start of 2	2023, the country	has reported
Central African Republic	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	24-May-2019	24-May-2019	13-Dec-2023	45	45		0.0%
						2022. Although no new cases reported in 2023			r cVDPV2
Central African Republic	Yellow Fever	Ungraded	12-Jun-2023	1-Jan-2023	21-Apr-2024	11	5		0.0%
bringing the total confirmed cases	al number of prob	oable cases in 202 were recorded for	24 to six. Other p	robable cases for	the year have be	tion neutralization test en reported in the Mba rati (1), Bambari (2), a	ïki and Kémo hea	Ith districts. In 20	)23, five

					WEEK 20.	0 10 0 00NE 2024			
Chad	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel region)	Protracted 2	11-Feb-2022	1-Mar-2016	11-Feb-2024	-	-	-	-
refugees have b		the four crisis-af	fected provinces	in the East, bring	ing the total num	Sudanese refugees to ber of Sudanese refuge			
Chad	Impact of Sudan crisis in Chad	Grade 3	15-Apr-2023	15-Apr-2023	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
refugees are ma May 2024, abou	inly hosted in the	refugee's camps ese refugees hav	s across Ennedi E e been welcomed	st, Wadi Fira, Ou in the country in	addai and Sila pro	nillion refugees impacte ovinces. Regarding the nat have crossed the bo	ongoing Sudan (	Conflict, from 15 A	April 2023 to 3
Chad	Hepatitis E	Ungraded	17-Feb-2024	2-Jan-2024	28-Apr-2024	2092	36	7	0.3%
Hadjer-Hadid). 1	Thirty-six (36) cas	ses were laborato	ry-confirmed by	RT-PCR at Institu	ıt Pasteur of Daka	re reported from two h ar between 1 and 19 Ma ases respectively. Male	arch 2024. The m	ost affected age-	groups are 6-1
Chad	Measles	Ungraded	24-May-2018	1-Jan-2024	5-May-2024	5.631		20	0.4%
Arada, N'Djame		nena East, Gagal,	Gore, N'Djamena	a North, Amtiman	i, Pala, Kouno, Ma	orded in the health distrassakory, and Koukou atted.			
Chad	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	18-0ct-2019	9-Sep-2019	13-Dec-2023	204	204		0.0%
						est reported case had of from three different out			
Comoros	Cholera	Grade 3	2-Feb-2024	2-Feb-2024	29-May-2024	7600		124	1.6%
						29 May 2024, a cumula 5%), and Mwali (504 c			
Congo	Measles	Ungraded	15-May-2024	2-Apr-2024	21-Apr-2024	42	42	0	0.0%
pi-link ), Poto-						ricts of Etoumbi ( 25 co al link) and Impfondo (			
Congo	Mpox	Protracted 2	23-May-2022	1-Jan-2024	23-Apr-2024	60	19		0.0%
Brazzaville. Fror		November 2023				cts in five departments: 5 deaths (CFR 8.3%) we			
Congo	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV1)	Grade 2	21-Mar-2023	1-Mar-2023	13-Dec-2023	1	1	-	-
No Circulating v	accine-derived po	oliovirus type 1 (d	cVDPV1) cases w	ere reported this	week. As of 6 De	cember 2023, only one	case reported th	nis year.	
Côte d'Ivoire	Dengue	Grade 3	10-Jul-2023	19-Jun-2023	11-May-2024	4.05	332	2	0.0%
An outbreak of I leaths (CFR: 0.0	Dengue fever is o 0 %).	ngoing in Ivory C	coast. A total of 4	050 cases have t	peen reported fro	m 1 January 2023 to 1	1 May 2024, with	325 confirmed c	ases and 2
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Flood	Ungraded	9-Jan-2024	9-Jan-2024	3-Jun-2024			300	
heightened hum and upstream fr tools necessary	nanitarian needs. rom the Congo Ri for the next plant	The floods inunda ver basin. This flo ing cycle, potent	ated around 1.1 n ooding has severe ially exacerbating	nillion acres of la ely impacted farm food insecurity i	nd, including nea ners, damaging th n the coming mo	rika provinces, placing rly 52,000 acres of cro neir harvests and essen nths. The ongoing El N Tanganyika will continu	pland, in areas si tial agricultural ii iño season is exp	urrounding Lake T nputs such as see pected to bring he	anganyika ds and
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Humanitarian crisis	Grade 3	20-Dec-2016	17-Apr-2017	11-May-2024	-	-	-	-
Currently,7,100, nstability, and g o various healtl	,000 people have gang violence. The	been displaced se IDPs live in pre- present, there are	ince onset. There carious condition e multiple outbrea	are currently 522 s (poor hygiene, aks like, Cholera a	2,410 new refuge inadequate water affecting 16,554 p	th Kivu, South Kivu, Itu es. There have been va supply, promiscuity, la beople so far with 250 c	rious levels of se ick of proper sew	curity threats, wid age disposal pred	despread disposing
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Cholera	Grade 3	16-Jan-2015	1-Jan-2024	14-Apr-2024	13.36	1.571	217	1.6%
Haut Katanga, S	South Kivu, and H	aut Lomami are t	he most affected	provinces, accou	inting for 58.5% (	7 deaths (CFR 1.6%) w (n=7 815), 17.1% (n=2 nce. In 2023, more than	287), 10.2% (n=	1 365), and 9.2%	(n=1 230)

Democratic Republic of the Congo	Measles	Ungraded	12-0ct-2021	1-Jan-2024	17-Mar-2024	30.144	1.178	791	2.6%
						n week 1 through weel measles outbreak sinc			30 144 cases,
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Mpox	Protracted 2	30-Mar-2019	1-Jan-2024	21-Apr-2024	5.768	632	332	5.8%
19 out of 26 Pro		d 143 out of 519				32 confirmed and 332 pected case of mpox in			
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV1)	Grade 2	27-Aug-2022	1-Jan-2023	15-May-2024	107	107		0.0%
As per the Globa	al Polio Eradicatio	on Initiative (GPEI	), no cVDPV1 cas	se was reported t	his week. There i	s one case reported thi	s year and 106 ca	ases in 2023.	
Democratic Republic of the Congo	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	26-Feb-2021	1-Jan-2023	15-May-2024	118	118		0.0%
As per the Globa	al Polio Eradicatio	on Initiative (GPEI	), no cVDPV2 cas	ses were reported	this week. The r	number of 2023 cases	remains 118.		
Ethiopia	Flood	Grade 2	15-May-2024	1-May-2024	24-May-2024	-	-	-	
	veral districts, inc					been affected by the he th Ethiopia, Southwest			
Ethiopia	Food insecurity (Horn of Africa crisis)	Grade 3	17-Feb-2022	1-Jan-2022	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
of the country, f improvements in	ood security con n livestock body	ditions are expect	ed to improve by ilk availability. In	June. In norther northern Ethiopia	n pastoral areas, , levels of acute i	e expected to remain w rainfall is expected to i malnutrition remain hiç Critical range.	mprove pasture a	vailability and sup	oport
Ethiopia	Humanitarian crisis (Northern Ethiopia)	Grade 3	4-Nov-2020	4-Nov-2020	9-May-2024	-	-	-	-
between the Eth Amhara regions	iopian National D continued to rise	efense Force (EN e in contested terr	DF) and Fano mil itories along the	itias continues, w Amhara and Tigra	rith clashes repor ay regional borde	and impede humanitar ted in North Shewa an ers. In Afar region, sinc acement of several tho	d North Wello zor e February 2024	nes. Tensions bety	veen Tigray and
	in Ethiopia			-		53 923 individuals in i	need of internatio	nal protection cro	ssed the
	dan to Ethiopia in	cluding 33 852 S	udanese refugees		ationalities refuge	ees\asylum seekers and	9 580 returnees		
Ethiopia	Cholera	Grade 3	17-Sep-2022	1-Aug-2022	17-May-2024	46.731		600	1.3%
		· ·			· ·	f 46 731 cases, 600 de		<del> </del>	0.00/
May 2024, a cur	mulative total of 2	26,601 dengue fév	er cases and 21	deaths (CFR 0.08	8%) have been re	26,601 en experiencing an out ported across five affec a Jebdu woredas of th	cted regions. As o	of 27 May 2024, 8	
Ethiopia	Malaria	Ungraded	31-Jan-2023	1-Jan-2023	19-May-2024	-	-	-	
641 malaria cas		in epi-week 20, w				a total of 1 858 835 ca k 19, 2024 and 26 new			
Ethiopia	Measles	Ungraded	13-Apr-2017	1-Jan-2023	18-Apr-2024	61,579	61,579	503	0.8%
out of the 359 V	Voredas affected.	As of 24 March 2	2024, a total of 61	1 579 cases with	503 deaths have	s outbreak. The outbre been reported, a Case orted in the last seven (	Fatality Rate (CFF	R) of 0.82%. 15 53	
Gabon	Diphtheria	Ungraded	23-Jan-2024	1-Dec-2023	19-Mar-2024	28	2	3	10.7%
symptoms occu person died on	irred on 1 Decem 7 December 2023	ber 2023, and he	sought medical of ted positive for D	consultation on 3 iphtheria on 23 J	December 2023 anuary 2024. As	9-year-old male from E in the Enongal health a of 19 March 2024, a to	rea, Ebolowa hea	Ith district in Cam	eroon. The
Ghana	Measles	Ungraded	1-Apr-2024	1-Jan-2024	25-Feb-2024	1398	644		0.0%
weeks, 30 health		enced a measles e				onfirmed IgM positive one million inhabitant			

						3 10 9 JOINE 2024			
Guinea	Diphtheria	Grade 2	21-Aug-2023	4-Jul-2023	9-Apr-2024	4.517	4.307	105	2.3%
aranah, Labé, N	Mamou, Conakry compatible and 10	and N'Nzérékoré	regions, includin	g 4 307 confirme	d cases and 105	9 April 2024, 4 517 sus deaths. Of the confirmonkan region is the epice	ed cases, 29 were	e laboratory-confi	rmed, 4 173
Kenya	Flood	Grade 2	24-Apr-2024	24-Apr-2024	2-Jun-2024	306522		315	0.1%
ffected, with m	ajor flooding occ	curring in Nairobi,	Kiambu and Mac	hakos Counties.	More than 314 pe	perty and disruption of eople died, 188 were in g the Government-led i	jured, 21 were m	issing, 58 641 pe	ople were
Kenya	Food insecurity (Horn of Africa crisis)	Grade 3	17-Feb-2022	1-Jan-2022	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
roperty, and fa April, and May)	rmland, - as well rains are expecte	as localized reso	urce-based and h ove the seasonal	uman-wildlife cor performance and	nflicts. During the thus improve the	floods – resulting in the projection period (Apres food security situation in Phase 4 and 1.2 mil	il to June 2024), n. Approximately,	the forecasted M	AM (March,
Kenya	Cholera	Grade 3	19-0ct-2022	5-0ct-2022	2-Jun-2024	12.521	68	1	0.0%
ave been repor						r (60), Siaya (1), and L County attack rate is 1			
Kenya	Measles	Ungraded	29-Jun-2022	1-Jan-2023	2-Jun-2024	1.428	195	11	0.8%
	dera, since early		January 2023. Ni 428 cases with			measles cases; Garissa eported.	, Kilifi, Mombasa	, Turkana, Sambu	ru, Wajir, Me
Kenya	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	6-Jul-2023	26-May-2023	29-May-2024	8	8		0.0%
ccording to Glo	obal Polio Eradic	ation Initiative, no	cVDPV2 cases v	ere reported this	week. There hav	e been eight cases repo	orted in 2023.	,	
Liberia	Lassa Fever	Ungraded	3-Mar-2022	6-Jan-2022	13-Feb-2024	376	110	32	8.5%
	, 2022, to week 6		,		Y	eported with 110 confi		<u> </u>	
Liberia	Measles	Ungraded	3-Feb-2022	13-Dec-2021	13-Feb-2024	13.124	12.475	95	0.7%
			oer 2021, there ha with 433 ongoing		suspected cases,	12 475 confirmed case	s, and 95 deaths	with CFR 0.7%, a	s of week 5
Liberia	Mpox	Protracted 2	21-Jul-2022	23-Jul-2022	13-Feb-2024	119	7		0.0%
	ed its first case of Kru and Nimba co		/ 2022, with a cur	nulative total of 1	19 suspected ca	ses reported and 7 con	firmed. The most	recent case was	in week 42 c
Madagascar	Cyclone Gamane\Flood	Grade 2	26-Feb-2024	5-Feb-2024	19-May-2024	95391	-	19	0.0%
ince weeks 6 a oss of homes a	and 7, 2024 heavy and infrastructure	y rainfall has trigg , including roads	gered flooding in t , bridges, agricult	he central and no ure, health faciliti	ortheastern parts es, water, sanitat	of Madagascar. This ha ion, and hygiene infras	s resulted in pop tructure. Seven r	ulation displacem egions have been	ents and the affected.
Madagascar	Malnutrition crisis	Protracted 2	1-Jul-2021	1-Jan-2021	17-Apr-2024			-	-
xpected to read	ch IPC Phase 4 (E	Emergency) in Iko	ongo and Varika d	uring the lean sea	ason. Nearly 196	nus reversing the marg 500 children under the ase, and four will be on	age of five may	suffer from acute	malnutrition
Madagascar	Malaria	Ungraded	28-Feb-2024	1-Jan-2024	28-Apr-2024	1285567		179	0.0%
			oreak since last ye ak and 26 in alert		trend continues i	n 2024. From week 1 to	week 7, 2024, a	total of 1 285 56	7 cases and
Malawi	Drought	Ungraded	26-Mar-2024	28-Mar-2024	28-Mar-2024	-	-	-	-
						districts. Preliminary a significant damage, dire			
Malawi	Flood	Ungraded	28-Feb-2024	27-Feb-2024	3-Mar-2024	10944		4	0.0%
			t of 27 February t Ikhotakota distric			emergencies in Nkhota cted.	kota and Karong	a, affecting more	than 15,000
Malawi	Cholera	Grade 3	3-Mar-2022	3-Mar-2022	7-Apr-2024	59.334	59.334	1.774	3.0%
wenty-nine dis .0%) have bee	tricts have report n reported since	ted Cholera cases the onset of the c	since March 202 outbreak.	2 in the Maching	a district. As of 7	April 2024, a cumulati	ve total of 59 334	cases and 1 774	deaths (CFF
Mali	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel region)	Protracted 2	11-Sep-2017	11-Sep-2017	24-Mar-2024	7,500,000	7,500,000		0.0%
Mali is facing pr only 11% of the (20%). As of Ma	region) rolonged conflict, required funding arch 2024, over 7	poverty, climate g secured for the 7.1M people requi	shocks, and grow 4.1M(million) pec	ring insecurity. He ple targeted. The ssistance and as	owever, the curre re has been a sig long as it persist	nt Humanitarian Respo nificant increase in IDF s, 2M people have acco	nse Plan for Mali	of Kidal (32.8%) a	e funded, v and Ménaka

Mali	Dengue	Grade 3	12-Sep-2023	1-Jan-2024	26-May-2024	4.605	614	4	0.1%
						rmed cases and four d			
Mali	Measles	Ungraded	20-Feb-2018	1-Jan-2024	26-May-2024	493	277		0.0%
		2024, 493 suspectuse in 2024 compa			d, with 277 confi	rmed cases. During the	e same period in :	2023, there were	288 confirmed
Mauritania	Influx of refugees from Mali (Sahel region)	Protracted 2	11-Mar-2024	14-Mar-2024	19-Mar-2024	180000	-	-	-%
and violence. It are outside the	is estimated that formal camp syst	over 180 000 refutem, many with liv	ugees and return restock, putting p	ees are registered pressure on natur	l or awaiting regis al resources (suc	the massive arrival of t stration in the Bassikno th as water and grazing itities, as well as health	ou district. Accord land) and basic s	ling to UNHCR da social services. B	ata, over 40%
Mauritania	Measles	Ungraded	7-Mar-2023	1-Jan-2024	12-May-2024	2.384	280	4	0.2%
and 199 via labo	oratory tests. In r		ation campaign i	s scheduled from		districts, with 280 cor ne 2024, targeting 1 94			
Mauritius	Dengue	Grade 3	17-Dec-2023	17-Dec-2023	14-Jan-2024	40	40	0	0.0%
	ek 2, 2024 (endi					ıntry has recorded an ı With the recent rains t			
Mauritius	Leptospirosis	Ungraded	10-May-2024	1-Jan-2024	30-Apr-2024	20	20	0	
On 4 May 2024, since the beginn	, the Ministry of I ning of 2024. In <i>I</i>	Health and wellnes April 2024, five ca	ss of Mauritius no ses were reporte	otified the public d. Prevention and	of a rising incider response activiti	nce of leptospirosis cas	ses in Mauritius w	vith a total of 20 c	ases reported
Mozambique	Humanitarian crisis in Cabo Delgado	Protracted 2	1-Jan-2020	12-0ct-2023	15-May-2024	2,000,000	2,000,000	-	-
season. Children 154 children we cumulative total	n, women, and mere missing, and for 15,386 cases atbreak affecting	nen comprise 62% 182 were unaccor	o, 23%, and 15% npanied. As of 15 nber of cases wer	of the displaced. May 2024, eighter re reported from t	Food aid reached t out of eleven pro	ks, including 91 239 fa d over 64,000 individua ovinces and at least 22 Nampula, Tete, Cabo De	als, and 24,000 re districts have rep	ceived shelter. By ported cholera cas	5 March 2024, ses, with a
Mozambique	Tropical Storm Filipo	Ungraded	11-Mar-2024	14-Mar-2024	4-Apr-2024	2800	197,903	146	
affected. As of C and 1,773 total! teachers, 155 p provinces in the still recovering	04 April 2024, a t y destroyed, whil ower poles, and b coming days.ex from Freddy cycl	otal of 197,903 pe le 31,375 were flo 89 health centers ceeding eight inch	eople (39,581 fan oded. Additionall were also affecte	nilies) have been y, public infrastru d. Authorities for	affected, with 140 octures, including ecast moderate to	ong gusts as it hit mult 6 deaths and 202 wour 1,041 classrooms in 4 5 heavy rains, with pot nore than 50 mph, it c	nded. About 5,620 168 schools, affec ential impacts on	) houses were pa ting 111,785 stu Maputo, Gaza, an	rtially damaged dents and 2,297 d Inhambane
Mozambique	Cholera	Grade 3	18-Apr-2024	12-0ct-2023	6-May-2024	48,181	48,181	174	0.0%
with 12 deaths	(CFR 0.2%) for th	ne year 2024. To d	late, eight provin	ces have been aff	ected, with 24 dis	8 April 2024, the coun stricts with active case otal of 48,181 cases ar	s. Cases have bee	n declining over	the last three
Namibia	Drought	Ungraded	31-May-2024	22-May-2024	22-May-2024	-	-	-	
considered food driven by the El governments ar	l insecure, with o Niño-induced dr nd partners. It is o	over 331 000 hous ought and concur crucial to mobilize	seholds already e rent floods in So funds to enhand	nrolled in the gov uthern Africa, des e prevention pro	ernment-funded spite current effor grams aimed at n	ght the country has exp drought relief program ts, necessitates more nitigating climate risks. cerbating presence of o	to support affect focused attention Furthermore, tar	ed communities. and proactive me geted and effective	This situation, easures from
Niger	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel region)	Protracted 2	1-Feb-2015	1-Feb-2015	18-Apr-2024	4,300,000	4,300,000		0.0%
over from Mali, Sahel in under t these adversitie March 2024. Co population in 20	Burkina Faso, an hree years. Interi s, there has been oncurrently, Niger 024, significantly	d Nigeria, compoi national sanctions a slight decrease has seen the inte	unded by the cou s, environmental o in refugee and a rnally displaced p mand for human	ntry's internal po challenges, deep- sylum seeker figu population escala	litical turmoil foll seated poverty, a ures, although ne te dramatically, fi	li, Diffa, and Tahoua re owing a military coup nd frail social support w arrivals from Chad, I rom 1.9 million in 2017 urrently afflicts 3.3 mil	on 28 July 2023 - have further strai Mali, Burkina Faso 7 to 4.3 million ind	— the third such ned the relief effo o, and Nigeria per dividuals, which is	coup in the rts. Despite sist post-21 s 15% of the
Niger	Dengue	Grade 3	3-Nov-2023	1-Jan-2023	24-Mar-2024	148			0.0%
		ever, including zer er 2023 till week 1		een reported in N	ger since its ons	et in 2023. No new cas	es or deaths have	been reported si	nce the last
Niger	Diphtheria	Ungraded	28-Aug-2023	4-Jul-2023	25-Feb-2024	3.536	3.536	174	4.9%
						se was reported on 17 are ongoing in affected		25 February 2024	, 3536

Niger	Measles	Ungraded	5-Apr-2022	1-Jan-2024	11-May-2024	2.956	467	15	0.5%
	ogical week 19, a		spected cases of	measles were rep	oorted, including	467 confirmed cases a	nd 15 deaths (ca	se fatality rate: 0.5	51%), across
Niger	Meningitis	Ungraded	7-Dec-2022	1-Jan-2024	18-May-2024	2.781	1.076	202	7.3%
						f 2781 suspected cases aberi and Zinder. Agade			
Nigeria	Humanitarian crisis (Sahel region)	Protracted 2	10-0ct-2016	10-0ct-2016	21-Mar-2024	8,300,000	8,300,000		0.0%
2024, over 6 mi	illion people are t		nitarian aid, 8.3 m	nillion people nee		t could lead to death in ssistance, 2.2 million I			
Nigeria	Cholera	Grade 3		1-Jan-2024	24-Mar-2024	559		7	1.3%
Bayelsa State re Ondo (11), Kats	egistering 356 cas sina (9), and Osui	ses (64% of all sun 1 (8), accounting	spected cases). ( for 31% of the ca	Other affected sta ses this year. Su	tes include Cross spected cholera c	ding seven deaths (CFI River (42 cases), Bau ases and deaths have llowed by those aged 5	chi (38), Abia (24 decreased by 71%	l), Delta (24), Nas	arawa (19),
Nigeria	Dengue	Grade 3	1-Nov-2023	1-Jan-2023	24-Mar-2024	72	14		0.0%
Nigeria is respo December 2023		outbreak that sta	rted in 2023. As o	of 3 March 2024,	there has been 7	2 suspected cases repo	orted with 14 con	firmed and zero d	eaths since 19
Nigeria	Diphtheria	Ungraded	1-Dec-2022	1-Jan-2024	10-Mar-2024	4.178	2.009	30	0.7%
Between weeks	1 and 10 of 2024	l, a total of 4 178	diphtheria cases	have been report	ed in Nigeria, inc	luding 2 009 confirmed	d cases and 30 de	eaths.	
Nigeria	Lassa Fever	Ungraded	8-Jan-2023	1-Jan-2024	26-May-2024	6.464	897	162	2.5%
						rted, with 162 reported (Edo, Ondo, and Bauch			
Nigeria	Measles	Ungraded	1-Apr-2024	1-Jan-2024	12-May-2024	8935	4,633		0.0%
and 119 classifi	ed as compatible		re were 280 IgM	positive rubella c	ases. The measle	1 141 confirmed case is incidence rate is 18.4			
Nigeria	Meningitis	Ungraded	29-Jan-2024	8-0ct-2023	10-Mar-2024	1852	135	163	8.8%
states. Of the 13 10 cases (7.4 %	35 confirmed cas 6) by Haemophilu	es, 119 (82%) we	ere caused by Nei 1 (0.7%) by Neiss	sseria meningitid	is serogroup C(N	ned cases and 163 dea ImC) while 5 cases (3.7 mX). As of 10 March 20	7%) were caused	by streptococcus	pneumoniae,
Nigeria	Мрох	Protracted 2	31-Jan-2022	1-Jan-2022	31-Dec-2023	3.771	1.086	17	0.5%
						ted from 36 States and eventeen (17) deaths h			
Nigeria	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	1-Jun-2018	1-Jan-2022	20-Mar-2024	139	139	-	-
No cVDPV2 cas	e was reported th	nis week. There w	ere four cases rep	oorted in 2024, 8	7 cVDPV2 cases	reported in 2023 and 4	8 cases in 2022.		
Nigeria	Uknown disease	Ungraded	20-Mar-2024	20-Mar-2024	22-Apr-2024	196	0	7	3.6%
from Isa LGA, w 196 cases with	vho presented wi 7 deaths (CFR 3.	th symptoms incl 6%) were reporte	uding abdominal d. 70% are aged (	pain and distensi 0 – 10 years, foll	on, and vomiting owed by 11 – 20	o State Ministry of Heal on 6 February 2024. C years (20%), >30 year n Birni LGA (7 cases) i	Sumulatively, from s (6%), and 21 –	n weeks 6 to week	15, a total of
Senegal	Chikungunya	Ungraded	8-Jun-2023	1-Jan-2024	26-May-2024	7	7		0.0%
Between 1 Janu	ary and 26 May 2	2024, Senegal rep			es. The cases rar	nged from eight to 30 y a each with one. The la			
Senegal	Crimean- Congo haemorrhagic fever (CCHF)	Ungraded	26-Mar-2024	22-Mar-2024	26-Apr-2024	3	3	0	0.0%
from the Guingu 11 samples coll 40-year-old mal respectively retu	uinéo district, pro ected from conta le and a 25-year-o	bably contracted cts at the Dakar hold male from Pik CCHF on PCR or	the disease while lospital have teste ine and Yeumbeu	working in the Ned negative. On 2 I districts of Daka	Idoffane district. 6 April 2024, WH ar respectively. Bl ned negative for y	nagic fever (CCHF) in a Investigations are ong IO was informed of the ood samples collected ellow fever, dengue, R <sup>o</sup>	oing in all the area confirmation of t from the two ma	as visited by the p two additional CCH le cases on 17 an	atient. So far HF cases in a d 19 April 2024
Senegal	Dengue	Grade 3	14-Nov-2022	31-Jan-2023	12-May-2024	23	23		0.0%
females and 14	males. The majo	rity of cases have	been reported in	the Dakar region	(15 cases, 65%)	n age from 15 to 62 yea , followed by Louga (4 e, and the most recent o	cases, 17%), Sa	int-Louis (2 cases	s, 9%), Matam

WEEK 2	23: 3 TO 9 JUNI	E 2024							
Senegal	Measles	Ungraded	4-Jul-2022	1-Jan-2024	26-May-2024	252	252		0.0%
were evenly spli months to five y	t between female	s (125) and male se cases, 69% we	s (127), ranging	from 0.4 to 42 ye	ars old, with a m	est numbers in Louga ( edian age of 6 years. N ed the epidemic thresh	lost cases (70%)	were among chil	dren aged nine
South Africa	Cholera	Grade 3	20-Jan-2024	20-Jan-2024	10-Jun-2024	155	12	0	0.0%
locally transmitt	ted cases from Li		y. As of 17 May 2			rted cases linked to one deaths have been repor			
South Africa	Mpox	Protracted 2	15-May-2024	15-May-2024	4-Jun-2024	4	4	0	0.0%
	et Laboratory on 9					mpox case from Johan om Durban on 25 May.			
South Sudan	Food insecurity (Horn of Africa crisis)	Grade 3	18-Dec-2020	5-Apr-2021	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
(Crisis) or wors 65 and 75 %, is of the dire food	e levels of acute f reported in the s security situation	food insecurity du tates of Unity, Up	ıring the lean sea per Nile and Jonq nacroeconomic ch	son between Apr glei, in Pibor Adm	il and July 2024. ninistrative Area a	n people (56 % of the to The highest prevalence and among returnees fr n, insufficient food supp	of severe acute for the of severe acute for the conflict-at	ood insecurity, rafected Sudan. Th	anging between e main drivers
South Sudan	Humanitarian crisis	Protracted 3	15-Aug-2016	15-Aug-2016	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
to Sudan crisis the urgent remo	still ongoing with oval of recently im I assistance as fu	about 658 021 a posed taxes and	rrivals from Suda charges as more	n since April 202 than 60 000 peo	3, mostly returne ple have already l	people requiring assis ses. In April 2024, hum been affected after the , should the measures	anitarian partners United Nations wa	called on the Go	vernment for
South Sudan	Impact of Sudan crisis in South Sudan	Grade 3	15-Apr-2023	1-May-2023	10-May-2024	-	-	-	
refugees and 3 Western Bahr al	317 other nationa Ghazal	llities refugees. Th	hese individuals f	nave entered Sou	th Sudan via Aby	ongoing conflict, of whei Administrative area,		Ghazal, Unity, Up	
South Sudan	Hepatitis E	Ungraded	3-Jan-2018	1-Jan-2019	12-May-2024	6.071		27	0.4%
total of 5 451 ca (2 853 cases) w	ases, including 27	' deaths reported inted 48% (2 598	since the outbrea	ak began in 2018	; 43% of the case	mber 2018 and in Fang is were reported among the Camp. In Fangak ,	g age group 15 –	44 years; Male ad	count for 52%
South Sudan	Measles	Ungraded	23-Feb-2022	1-Jan-2024	12-May-2024	2.407	2.271	-	-
affected. In 202	4, as of epi-week	19 (ending 12 Ma	ay) , a cumulative	e total of 2 407 su	ispected measles	07 cases including 1 15 cases have been repoil ildren under five years	rted, 164 (6.8%)	tal of 69 counties were lab confirm	have been ed, 772 (32.1%)
South Sudan	Poliomyelitis (cVDPV2)	Grade 2	26-Feb-2024	1-Jan-2023	29-May-2024	7	7	0	0.0%
According to the year.	e Global Polio Era	idication Initiative	(GPEI), no cVDF	PV2 cases were re	eported this week	There are four cases	reported this year	and three cases	reported last
South Sudan	Yellow fever	Ungraded	24-Dec-2023	24-Dec-2023	12-May-2024	120	3	6	5.0%
fever cases (117	7 suspected and 3		e reported from s	even counties in	Western Equatori	horities on 6 January 2 ia state: Yambio (64), T			
Tanzania, United Republic of	Flood	Grade 2	24-Apr-2024	24-Apr-2024	9-May-2024	-	-	-	
subsequently, sinclude Morogo	evere floods and ro, Kilimanjaro, A	mudslides have o	ccurred in severagoma, and Mara.	al regions in April	, including the de	Indian Ocean dipole sy evastating Rufiji and Kib enounced that the rains	oiti floods in Pwar	ni region. Other a	ffected regions
Tanzania, United Republic of	Cholera	Grade 3	3-0ct-2023	5-Sep-2023	28-May-2024	3.738		67	1.8%
Since 5 Septem Mwanza, Geita, were reported. (	Rukwa, Dodoma, Out of 20 regions	Manyara, Morog , a Cholera outbre	oro, Katavi, Pwai eak was declared	ni, Tanga and Dar over in 12 region	es Salaam) in Ta s (Manyara, Kigo	iaro, Kigoma, Kagera, S nzania Mainland, wheri ma, Arusha, Kilimanjar re total of 1265 cases a	e a total of 3 738 o, Morogoro, Do	cases and 67 dea doma, Geita, Mwa	iths (CFR 1.8%) anza, Katavi,
Togo	Measles	Ungraded	14-Mar-2024	14-Mar-2024	14-Mar-2024	133		0	0.0%
country, particu	larly in the distric		iti Sud, which hav	ve entered into ar		nforming the public abo . Indeed, since the begi			

Uganda	Food insecurity (Horn of Africa crisis)	Grade 3	17-Feb-2022	1-Jan-2022	10-May-2024	-	-	-	-
with periodic he and carryover s start to season	eavy rains resultin tocks from 2023, al cultivation activ	g in localized floc followed by first ities, While the su	oding intersperse season harvests istained impacts	d with short dry s beginning in Jun of the multi-seas	spells. Minimal (II e. In unimodal Ka on drought, inclu	nimodal areas, rainfall ir PC Phase 1) outcomes aramoja, above-average Iding low coping capac will improve to Stresse	will be sustained rainfall in April i ity and limited ho	by seasonal access generally suppo usehold assets, c	ess to income rting a normal ontinue to
Uganda	Cholera	Grade 3	13-May-2024	11-May-2024	19-May-2024	57	15	4	7.0%
The cholera out	break in Kyotera (	district is still ong	oing since 5 May	2024. As of 19 I	May 2024, a total	of 57 cases ,15 confir	med, and four dea	aths are reported.	
Uganda	Crimean- Congo haemorrhagic fever (CCHF)	Ungraded	12-Feb-2024	24-Apr-2024	19-May-2024	11	4	3	27.3%
	024, the Crimean- d on 24 April 2024		gic fever (CCHF)	outbreak is still a	active in Kiruhura	district with 11 cases,	four confirmed a	nd three deaths r	eported. The
Uganda	Measles	Ungraded	4-0ct-2023	5-Mar-2024	19-May-2024	106	12	3	2.8%
confirmed and		li ( five cases , thi				(76 cases, six confirme med and three deaths a			
Uganda	Rift Valley Fever (RVF)	Ungraded	24-May-2024	23-Feb-2024	19-May-2024	18	12	2	11.1%
six confirmed a		ce 1 March 2024				ir confirmed and one d h 2024. Cumulatively, 1			
Zambia	Drought/food insecurity	Ungraded	8-Mar-2024	15-Jan-2024	27-May-2024	-	-	-	
assistance. Mor people at IPC P	reover, the Integra hase 3 or above b	ited Food Security by March 2024. It	/ Phase Classifica is also projected	ation (IPC) report that the drought	released in Nove will lead to a pow	124, nearly 6.6 million permber 2023 projected to ver deficit and affect groomes from hydropowe	hat Zambia would ound and surface	d have more than	2 million
Zambia	Cholera	Grade 3	24-Jan-2023	20-Jan-2023	12-May-2024	23.238	23.238	740	3.2%
	of cholera with se					as (peri-urban). From ( nave confirmed local tra			
Zambia	Measles	Ungraded	13-Jun-2022	13-Jun-2022	21-May-2024	3.254	121		0.0%
As of week 19, Central (374), a	in 2024, Zambia h Ind Northwestern	nas recorded 53 n (265) Provinces,	ew suspected mo with Western (8)	easles cases, a cu and Southern (9	imulative total of ) Provinces repo	3,254. Most cases are rting the least.	concentrated in	Luapula (1241), N	lorthern (1057)
Zimbabwe	Drought/food insecurity	Ungraded	5-Apr-2024	5-Apr-2024	20-May-2024	-	-	-	-
						veeping across much o of country received bel			enomenon. it
Zimbabwe	Anthrax	Grade 2	13-Nov-2023	14-Nov-2023	5-May-2024	784		1	0.1%
						ported cases since begi rom Gokwe South.	nning of 2023 wi	th the majority of	cases coming
Zimbabwe	Cholera	Grade 3	12-Feb-2023	12-Feb-2023	9-Jun-2024	34.518	4.217	715	2.1%
	a outbreak in the creak has now spre					were 34 518 cholera c	cases with 715 de	eaths (CFR 2.0%)	as of 9 June
<b>Closed Events</b>									
Ghana	Мрох	Protracted 2	8-Jun-2022	24-May-2022	13-Feb-2024	138	138	5	3.6%
As of week 5 of the event is clo		been 138 confirm	ned cases and 5 (	deaths(CFR 3.6%	) reported from t	the 261 Districts. No ne	ew case reported	for more that two	months and
Mali	Zika	Ungraded	7-Dec-2023	10-Dec-2023	18-Mar-2024	22	22		0.0%
at the Molecula nine cases on 4	r and Genomic Bi	ology Laboratory As of 18 March 2	of the University	Center for Clinica	al Research (UCR	disease confirmed by re C) of Point G. Three ca were reported from 10	ses were confirm	ned on 1 Decembe	er 2023 and

†Grading is an internal WHO process, based on the Emergency Response Framework. For further information, please see the Emergency Response Framework: http://www.who.int/hac/about/erf/en/.

Data are taken from the most recently available situation reports sent to WHO AFRO. Numbers are subject to change as the situations are dynamic.

region (1), and Bamako district (12).

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#### **Data sources**

Data and information is provided by Member States through WHO Country Offices via regular situation reports, teleconferences and email exchanges. Situations are evolving and dynamic therefore numbers stated are subject to change.

