In [1]: import matplotlib.pyplot as plt import seaborn as sns import datetime from sklearn.preprocessing import LabelEncoder from sklearn import preprocessing from sklearn.preprocessing import StandardScaler from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split import seaborn as sns from keras.layers import Dense, BatchNormalization, Dropout, LSTM from keras.models import Sequential from keras.utils import to_categorical from keras.optimizers import Adam from tensorflow.keras import regularizers from sklearn.metrics import precision_score, recall_score, confusion_matrix from keras import callbacks import pandas as pd import numpy as np np.random.seed(0)

WARNING:tensorflow:From C:\Users\chand\anaconda3\Lib\site-packages\keras\s rc\losses.py:2976: The name tf.losses.sparse_softmax_cross_entropy is deprecated. Please use tf.compat.v1.losses.sparse_softmax_cross_entropy instead.

In [2]: data = pd.read_csv("weatherAUS.csv")
 data.head()

| _ | | | : | |
|---------|----|-----|------|----|
| (1 | 11 | + 1 | l ') | ٠. |
| \circ | u | L. | _ | |

| | Date | Location | MinTemp | MaxTemp | Rainfall | Evaporation | Sunshine | WindGustDir | Wind(|
|---|----------------|----------|---------|---------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|-------|
| 0 | 2008- 12-01 | Albury | 13.4 | 22.9 | 0.6 | NaN | NaN | W | |
| 1 | 2008- 12-02 | Albury | 7.4 | 25.1 | 0.0 | NaN | NaN | WNW | |
| 2 | 2008- 12-03 | Albury | 12.9 | 25.7 | 0.0 | NaN | NaN | WSW | |
| 3 | 2008- 12-04 | Albury | 9.2 | 28.0 | 0.0 | NaN | NaN | NE | |
| 4 | 2008- 12-05 | Albury | 17.5 | 32.3 | 1.0 | NaN | NaN | W | |

5 rows × 23 columns

In [3]: data.info()

<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'> RangeIndex: 145460 entries, 0 to 145459 Data columns (total 23 columns):

```
Column
                  Non-Null Count
                                  Dtype
    ----
                  -----
0
    Date
                  145460 non-null object
    Location
1
                  145460 non-null object
                  143975 non-null float64
2
    MinTemp
3
                  144199 non-null float64
    MaxTemp
                  142199 non-null float64
4
    Rainfall
5
    Evaporation
                  82670 non-null float64
6
    Sunshine
                  75625 non-null
                                 float64
    WindGustDir
7
                  135134 non-null object
    WindGustSpeed 135197 non-null float64
8
9
    WindDir9am
                  134894 non-null object
10 WindDir3pm
                  141232 non-null object
    WindSpeed9am
11
                  143693 non-null float64
                  142398 non-null float64
    WindSpeed3pm
12
13 Humidity9am
                  142806 non-null float64
14 Humidity3pm
                  140953 non-null float64
                  130395 non-null float64
15 Pressure9am
16 Pressure3pm
                  130432 non-null float64
17 Cloud9am
                  89572 non-null float64
18 Cloud3pm
                  86102 non-null float64
                  143693 non-null float64
19
    Temp9am
20 Temp3pm
                 141851 non-null float64
21 RainToday
                 142199 non-null object
22 RainTomorrow
                  142193 non-null object
dtypes: float64(16), object(7)
```

memory usage: 25.5+ MB

In [4]: #Parsing datetime

#exploring the length of date objects lengths = data["Date"].str.len()

lengths.value counts()

Out[4]: Date

10 145460

Name: count, dtype: int64

```
In [5]: #There don't seem to be any error in dates so parsing values into datetime
data['Date']= pd.to_datetime(data["Date"])
#Creating a collumn of year
data['year'] = data.Date.dt.year

# function to encode datetime into cyclic parameters.
#As I am planning to use this data in a neural network I prefer the months of
def encode(data, col, max_val):
    data[col + '_sin'] = np.sin(2 * np.pi * data[col]/max_val)
    data[col + '_cos'] = np.cos(2 * np.pi * data[col]/max_val)
    return data

data['month'] = data.Date.dt.month
data = encode(data, 'month', 12)

data['day'] = data.Date.dt.day
data = encode(data, 'day', 31)
data.head()
```

Out[5]:

| | Date | Location | MinTemp | MaxTemp | Rainfall | Evaporation | Sunshine | WindGustDir | Wind(|
|---|----------------|----------|---------|---------|----------|-------------|----------|-------------|-------|
| 0 | 2008- 12-01 | Albury | 13.4 | 22.9 | 0.6 | NaN | NaN | W | |
| 1 | 2008- 12-02 | Albury | 7.4 | 25.1 | 0.0 | NaN | NaN | WNW | |
| 2 | 2008- 12-03 | Albury | 12.9 | 25.7 | 0.0 | NaN | NaN | WSW | |
| 3 | 2008- 12-04 | Albury | 9.2 | 28.0 | 0.0 | NaN | NaN | NE | |
| 4 | 2008- 12-05 | Albury | 17.5 | 32.3 | 1.0 | NaN | NaN | W | |

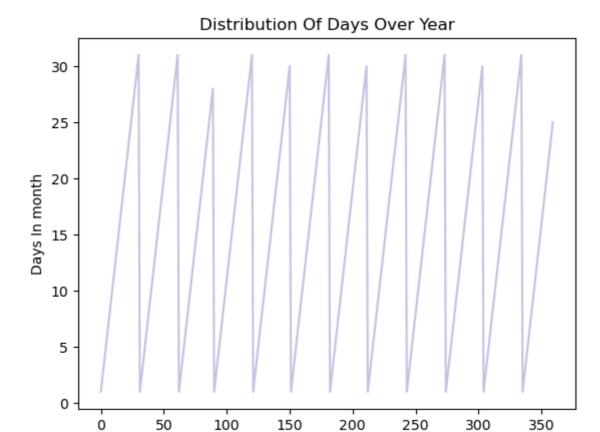
5 rows × 30 columns

```
In [6]: # roughly a year's span section
          section = data[:360]
         tm = section["day"].plot(color="#C2C4E2")
          tm.set_title("Distribution Of Days Over Year")
         tm.set_ylabel("Days In month")
tm.set_xlabel("Days In Year")
```

Out[6]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Days In Year')

0

50



150

200

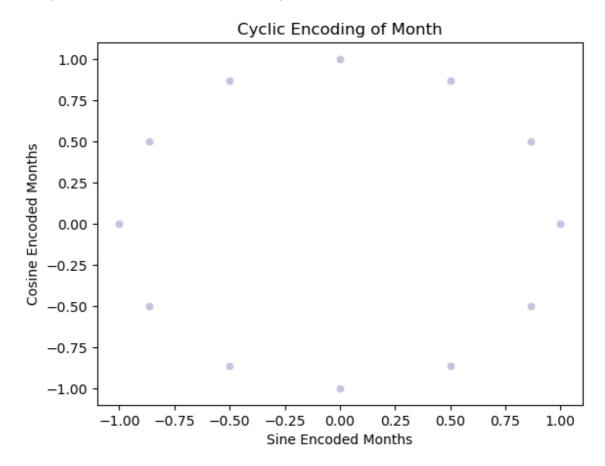
Days In Year

300

350

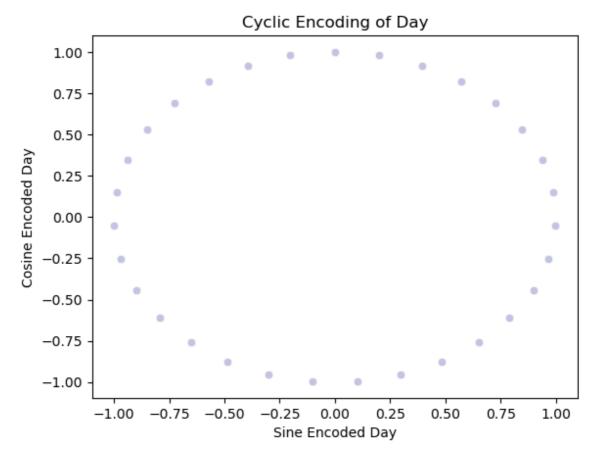
250

Out[7]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Sine Encoded Months')



```
In [8]: cyclic_day = sns.scatterplot(x='day_sin',y='day_cos',data=data, color="#C2C-
cyclic_day.set_title("Cyclic Encoding of Day")
    cyclic_day.set_ylabel("Cosine Encoded Day")
    cyclic_day.set_xlabel("Sine Encoded Day")
```

Out[8]: Text(0.5, 0, 'Sine Encoded Day')



```
In [9]: # Get list of categorical variables
s = (data.dtypes == "object")
object_cols = list(s[s].index)

print("Categorical variables:")
print(object_cols)

Categorical variables:
['Location', 'WindGustDir', 'WindDir9am', 'WindDir3pm', 'RainToday', 'RainTomorrow']
```

```
In [10]: # Missing values in categorical variables

for i in object_cols:
    print(i, data[i].isnull().sum())
```

Location 0 WindGustDir 10326 WindDir9am 10566 WindDir3pm 4228 RainToday 3261 RainTomorrow 3267

```
In [11]: |# Filling missing values with mode of the column in value
         for i in object_cols:
             data[i].fillna(data[i].mode()[0], inplace=True)
In [12]: # Get list of neumeric variables
         t = (data.dtypes == "float64")
         num_cols = list(t[t].index)
         print("Neumeric variables:")
         print(num cols)
         Neumeric variables:
         ['MinTemp', 'MaxTemp', 'Rainfall', 'Evaporation', 'Sunshine', 'WindGustSpe
         ed', 'WindSpeed9am', 'WindSpeed3pm', 'Humidity9am', 'Humidity3pm', 'Pressu
         re9am', 'Pressure3pm', 'Cloud9am', 'Cloud3pm', 'Temp9am', 'Temp3pm', 'mont
         h_sin', 'month_cos', 'day_sin', 'day_cos']
In [13]: # Missing values in numeric variables
         for i in num_cols:
             print(i, data[i].isnull().sum())
         MinTemp 1485
         MaxTemp 1261
         Rainfall 3261
         Evaporation 62790
         Sunshine 69835
         WindGustSpeed 10263
         WindSpeed9am 1767
         WindSpeed3pm 3062
         Humidity9am 2654
         Humidity3pm 4507
         Pressure9am 15065
         Pressure3pm 15028
         Cloud9am 55888
         Cloud3pm 59358
         Temp9am 1767
         Temp3pm 3609
         month_sin 0
         month cos 0
         day_sin 0
         day_cos 0
```

```
In [14]: # Filling missing values with median of the column in value
                  for i in num cols:
                         data[i].fillna(data[i].median(), inplace=True)
                  data.info()
                  <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
                  RangeIndex: 145460 entries, 0 to 145459
                  Data columns (total 30 columns):
                            Column
                                                       Non-Null Count
                                                                                         Dtype
                  ---
                           ----
                                                        -----
                                                                                        ----
                          Date 145460 non-null datetime64[ns]
Location 145460 non-null object
MinTemp 145460 non-null float64
MaxTemp 145460 non-null float64
Rainfall 145460 non-null float64
Evaporation 145460 non-null float64
Sunshine 145460 non-null float64
WindGustDir 145460 non-null object
WindGustSpeed 145460 non-null float64
                    0
                    1
                    2
                    3
                    4
                    5
                    6
                    7
                    8
                           WindGustSpeed 145460 non-null float64
                    9
                           WindDir9am 145460 non-null object
                   10 WindDir3pm 145460 non-null object
11 WindSpeed9am 145460 non-null float64
                    12 WindSpeed3pm 145460 non-null float64
                   13 Humidity9am 145460 non-null float64
14 Humidity3pm 145460 non-null float64
15 Pressure9am 145460 non-null float64
                   16 Pressure3pm 145460 non-null float64
17 Cloud9am 145460 non-null float64
18 Cloud3pm 145460 non-null float64
19 Temp9am 145460 non-null float64
20 Temp3pm 145460 non-null float64
21 RainToday 145460 non-null object
22 RainTomorrow 145460 non-null object
23 year 145460 non-null int32
```

dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(20), int32(3), object(6) memory usage: 31.6+ MB

145460 non-null int32 145460 non-null int32

23

year

```
In [15]:
                        # Apply label encoder to each column with categorical data
                        label_encoder = LabelEncoder()
                        for i in object cols:
                                   data[i] = label encoder.fit transform(data[i])
                        data.info()
                        <class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
                        RangeIndex: 145460 entries, 0 to 145459
                        Data columns (total 30 columns):
                                     Column
                                                                           Non-Null Count
                                                                                                                         Dtype
                                     ----
                                                                            -----
                         ---
                                    Date 145460 non-null datetime64[ns]
Location 145460 non-null int32
MinTemp 145460 non-null float64
MaxTemp 145460 non-null float64
Rainfall 145460 non-null float64
Evaporation 145460 non-null float64
Sunshine 145460 non-null float64
WindGustDir 145460 non-null int32
WindGustSpeed 145460 non-null float64
                           0
                           1
                           2
                           3
                           4
                           5
                           6
                           7
                           8
                                     WindGustSpeed 145460 non-null float64

    9 WindDir9am 145460 non-null int32
    10 WindDir3pm 145460 non-null int32

                           11 WindSpeed9am 145460 non-null float64
                           12 WindSpeed3pm 145460 non-null float64

      12
      WindSpeed3pm
      145460 non-null float64

      13
      Humidity9am
      145460 non-null float64

      14
      Humidity3pm
      145460 non-null float64

      15
      Pressure9am
      145460 non-null float64

      16
      Pressure3pm
      145460 non-null float64

      17
      Cloud9am
      145460 non-null float64

      18
      Cloud3pm
      145460 non-null float64

      19
      Temp9am
      145460 non-null float64

      20
      Temp3pm
      145460 non-null float64

      21
      RainToday
      145460 non-null int32

      22
      RainTomorrow
      145460 non-null int32

      23
      year
      145460 non-null int32
```

23 year 145460 non-null int32
24 month 145460 non-null int32
25 month_sin 145460 non-null float64
26 month_cos 145460 non-null float64
27 day 145460 non-null int32
28 day_sin 145460 non-null float64
29 day_cos 145460 non-null float64 dtypes: datetime64[ns](1), float64(20), int32(9) memory usage: 28.3 MB

29 day_cos

145460 non-null float64

```
In [16]: # Prepairing attributes of scale data

features = data.drop(['RainTomorrow', 'Date','day', 'month'], axis=1) # drop

target = data['RainTomorrow']

#Set up a standard scaler for the features

col_names = list(features.columns)

s_scaler = preprocessing.StandardScaler()

features = s_scaler.fit_transform(features)

features = pd.DataFrame(features, columns=col_names)

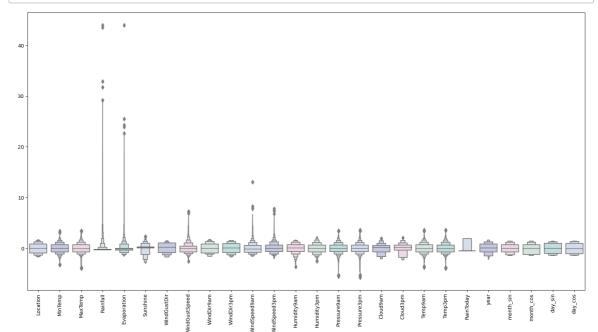
features.describe().T
```

Out[16]:

| | count | mean | std | min | 25% | 50% | 75% | |
|---------------|----------|-------------------|----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---|
| Location | 145460.0 | 7.815677e- 18 | 1.000003 | -1.672228 | -0.899139 | 0.014511 | 0.857881 | |
| MinTemp | 145460.0 | -4.501830e- 16 | 1.000003 | -3.250525 | -0.705659 | -0.030170 | 0.723865 | |
| MaxTemp | 145460.0 | 3.001220e- 16 | 1.000003 | -3.952405 | -0.735852 | -0.086898 | 0.703133 | |
| Rainfall | 145460.0 | 7.815677e- 18 | 1.000003 | -0.275097 | -0.275097 | -0.275097 | -0.203581 | 4 |
| Evaporation | 145460.0 | -3.282584e- 17 | 1.000003 | -1.629472 | -0.371139 | -0.119472 | 0.006361 | 4 |
| Sunshine | 145460.0 | -5.424080e- 16 | 1.000003 | -2.897217 | 0.076188 | 0.148710 | 0.257494 | |
| WindGustDir | 145460.0 | 6.252542e- 18 | 1.000003 | -1.724209 | -0.872075 | 0.193094 | 1.045228 | |
| WindGustSpeed | 145460.0 | 1.824961e- 16 | 1.000003 | -2.588407 | -0.683048 | -0.073333 | 0.460168 | |
| WindDir9am | 145460.0 | 7.190423e- 17 | 1.000003 | -1.550000 | -0.885669 | 0.000105 | 0.885879 | |
| WindDir3pm | 145460.0 | 8.284618e- 17 | 1.000003 | -1.718521 | -0.837098 | 0.044324 | 0.925747 | |
| WindSpeed9am | 145460.0 | 5.627287e- 17 | 1.000003 | -1.583291 | -0.793380 | -0.116314 | 0.560752 | 1 |
| WindSpeed3pm | 145460.0 | 6.565169e- 17 | 1.000003 | -2.141841 | -0.650449 | 0.037886 | 0.611499 | |
| Humidity9am | 145460.0 | 2.250915e- 16 | 1.000003 | -3.654212 | -0.631189 | 0.058273 | 0.747734 | |
| Humidity3pm | 145460.0 | -8.440931e- 17 | 1.000003 | -2.518329 | -0.710918 | 0.021816 | 0.656852 | |
| Pressure9am | 145460.0 | -4.314254e- 16 | 1.000003 | -5.520544 | -0.616005 | -0.006653 | 0.617561 | |
| Pressure3pm | 145460.0 | 5.027043e- 15 | 1.000003 | -5.724832 | -0.622769 | -0.007520 | 0.622735 | |
| Cloud9am | 145460.0 | -1.016038e- 16 | 1.000003 | -2.042425 | -0.727490 | 0.149133 | 0.587445 | |
| Cloud3pm | 145460.0 | 7.346736e- 17 | 1.000003 | -2.235619 | -0.336969 | 0.137693 | 0.612356 | |
| Temp9am | 145460.0 | 7.503050e- 17 | 1.000003 | -3.750358 | -0.726764 | -0.044517 | 0.699753 | |
| Temp3pm | 145460.0 | -6.877796e- 17 | 1.000003 | -3.951301 | -0.725322 | -0.083046 | 0.661411 | |
| RainToday | 145460.0 | -8.988029e- 18 | 1.000003 | -0.529795 | -0.529795 | -0.529795 | -0.529795 | |
| year | 145460.0 | 2.080221e- 14 | 1.000003 | -2.273637 | -0.697391 | 0.090732 | 0.878855 | |
| month_sin | 145460.0 | 5.861758e- 19 | 1.000003 | -1.434333 | -0.725379 | -0.016425 | 0.692529 | |
| month_cos | 145460.0 | -2.745257e- 17 | 1.000003 | -1.388032 | -1.198979 | 0.023080 | 0.728636 | |
| day_sin | 145460.0 | 1.075877e- 17 | 1.000003 | -1.403140 | -1.019170 | -0.003198 | 1.012774 | |

day_cos 145460.0 -1.353700e-17 1.000003 -1.392587 -1.055520 -0.044639 1.011221

```
In [17]: #Detecting outliers
    #looking at the scaled features
    colours = ["#D0DBEE", "#C2C4E2", "#EED4E5", "#D1E6DC", "#BDE2E2"]
    plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
    sns.boxenplot(data = features,palette = colours)
    plt.xticks(rotation=90)
    plt.show()
```

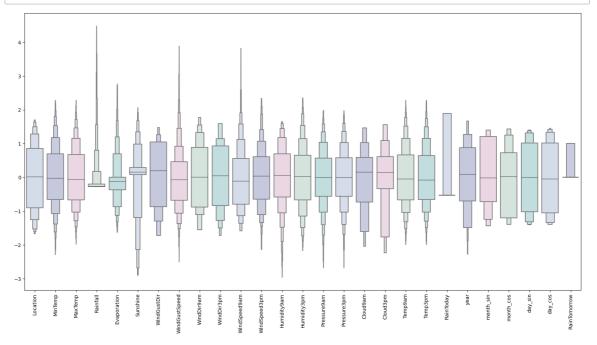


```
In [18]: #full data for
         features["RainTomorrow"] = target
         #Dropping with outlier
         features = features[(features["MinTemp"]<2.3)&(features["MinTemp"]>-2.3)]
         features = features[(features["MaxTemp"]<2.3)&(features["MaxTemp"]>-2)]
         features = features[(features["Rainfall"]<4.5)]</pre>
         features = features[(features["Evaporation"]<2.8)]</pre>
         features = features[(features["Sunshine"]<2.1)]</pre>
         features = features[(features["WindGustSpeed"]<4)&(features["WindGustSpeed"]</pre>
         features = features[(features["WindSpeed9am"]<4)]</pre>
         features = features[(features["WindSpeed3pm"]<2.5)]</pre>
         features = features[(features["Humidity9am"]>-3)]
         features = features[(features["Humidity3pm"]>-2.2)]
         features = features[(features["Pressure9am"]< 2)&(features["Pressure9am"]>-:
         features = features[(features["Pressure3pm"]< 2)&(features["Pressure3pm"]>-
         features = features[(features["Cloud9am"]<1.8)]</pre>
         features = features[(features["Cloud3pm"]<2)]</pre>
         features = features[(features["Temp9am"]<2.3)&(features["Temp9am"]>-2)]
         features = features[(features["Temp3pm"]<2.3)&(features["Temp3pm"]>-2)]
         features.shape
```

Out[18]: (127536, 27)

```
In [19]: #looking at the scaled features without outliers

plt.figure(figsize=(20,10))
sns.boxenplot(data = features,palette = colours)
plt.xticks(rotation=90)
plt.show()
```



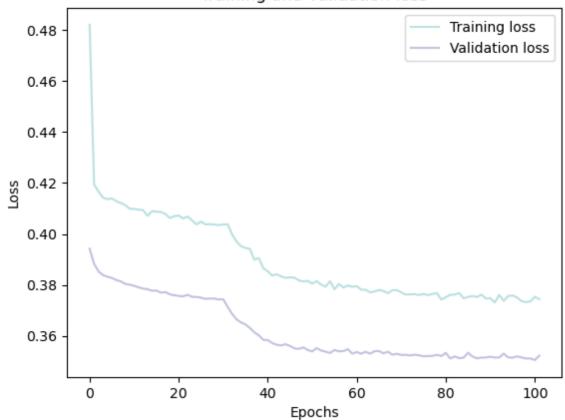
```
In [20]:
        #Model building
         X = features.drop(["RainTomorrow"], axis=1)
         y = features["RainTomorrow"]
         # Splitting test and training sets
         X_train, X_test, y_train, y_test = train_test_split(X, y, test_size = 0.2,
         X.shape
Out[20]: (127536, 26)
In [22]: #Early stopping
         early stopping = callbacks.EarlyStopping(
            min delta=0.001, # minimium amount of change to count as an improvement
             patience=20, # how many epochs to wait before stopping
             restore_best_weights=True,
         )
         # Initialising the NN
         model = Sequential()
         # Layers
         model.add(Dense(units = 16, kernel_initializer = 'uniform', activation = 're
         model.add(Dense(units = 16, kernel initializer = 'uniform', activation = 're
         model.add(Dense(units = 8, kernel_initializer = 'uniform', activation = 're
         model.add(Dropout(0.25))
         model.add(Dense(units = 4, kernel_initializer = 'uniform', activation = 're
         model.add(Dropout(0.5))
         model.add(Dense(units = 1, kernel_initializer = 'uniform', activation = 'si
         # Compiling the ANN
         opt = Adam(learning_rate=0.00009)
         model.compile(optimizer = opt, loss = 'binary_crossentropy', metrics = ['ac
         # Train the ANN
         history = model.fit(X_train, y_train, batch_size = 16, epochs = 50, callback
         Epoch 1/50
         5102/5102 [============ ] - 18s 3ms/step - loss: 0.4931
         - accuracy: 0.7842 - val_loss: 0.3982 - val_accuracy: 0.7860
         Epoch 2/50
         5102/5102 [============= ] - 15s 3ms/step - loss: 0.4451
         - accuracy: 0.7842 - val loss: 0.3951 - val accuracy: 0.7860
         Epoch 3/50
         5102/5102 [============== ] - 15s 3ms/step - loss: 0.4394
         - accuracy: 0.7842 - val_loss: 0.3945 - val_accuracy: 0.7860
         Epoch 4/50
         5102/5102 [============= ] - 16s 3ms/step - loss: 0.4376
         - accuracy: 0.7842 - val loss: 0.3942 - val accuracy: 0.7860
         5102/5102 [============== ] - 16s 3ms/step - loss: 0.4378
         - accuracy: 0.7842 - val_loss: 0.3948 - val_accuracy: 0.7860
         Epoch 6/50
         5102/5102 [============= ] - 17s 3ms/step - loss: 0.4380
         - accuracy: 0.7842 - val loss: 0.3929 - val accuracy: 0.7860
         Epoch 7/50
         100/5100 5
```

```
In [26]: history_df = pd.DataFrame(history.history)

plt.plot(history_df.loc[:, ['loss']], "#BDE2E2", label='Training loss')
    plt.plot(history_df.loc[:, ['val_loss']], "#C2C4E2", label='Validation loss'
    plt.title('Training and Validation loss')
    plt.xlabel('Epochs')
    plt.ylabel('Loss')
    plt.legend(loc="best")

plt.show()
```

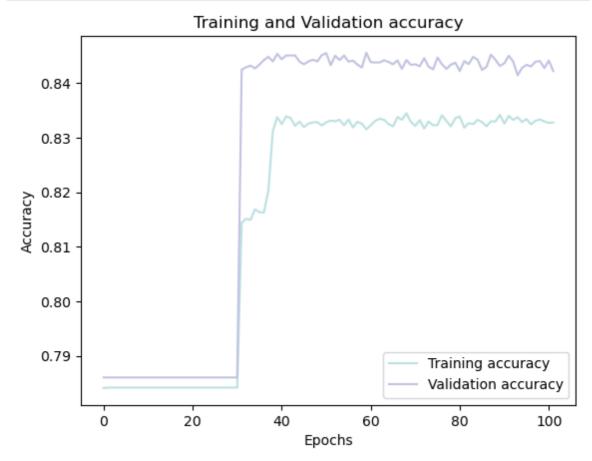




```
In [27]: history_df = pd.DataFrame(history.history)

plt.plot(history_df.loc[:, ['accuracy']], "#BDE2E2", label='Training accuracy
plt.plot(history_df.loc[:, ['val_accuracy']], "#C2C4E2", label='Validation a

plt.title('Training and Validation accuracy')
plt.xlabel('Epochs')
plt.ylabel('Accuracy')
plt.legend()
plt.show()
```



```
In [ ]:
```