
Observability with Dynatrace

FastAPI + Dynatrace Observability Demo

— Mehmet Oğuz Arslan
— Ezgi Sena Karabacak
— Davida Lamagna
— Pol Verdura

What is dynatrace ?

A single platform to monitor, optimize, and secure your apps, infrastructure, and users — all in real time.

- **Full-Stack Monitoring:** From backend to frontend, cloud to user
- **Smart AI (Davis):** Finds root causes and alerts on issues automatically
- **Observability:** Metrics, Logs, Traces, Real User Monitoring (RUM)
- **Cloud-Ready:** Works with Kubernetes, AWS, Azure, GCP
- **Built-in Security:** Detects threats and vulnerabilities at runtime

Observability Concepts

- **Trace:** Tracks the full path of a request through the system, showing timing and errors.
- **Metric:** Numeric data collected over time (e.g., response time, CPU usage).
- **Log:** Text-based records of events or actions for debugging and analysis.
- **RUM:** Captures real user interactions and performance from the browser.

OpenTelemetry

OpenTelemetry is an open-source toolkit to collect traces, metrics, and logs from applications, in a standard, vendor-neutral way.

Why it matters:

- Auto-instruments apps like FastAPI
- Works with tools like Dynatrace
- Sends data in a unified format (OTLP)

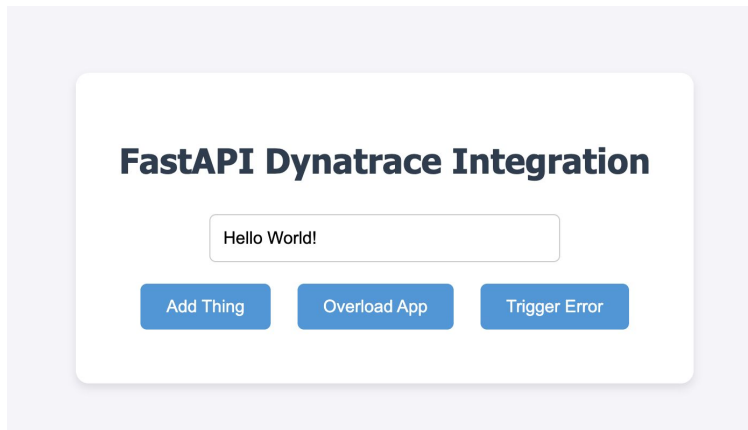
FastAPI + Dynatrace Observability Demo

In this lab, you will:

- Run a FastAPI app
- Configure .env to connect to Dynatrace
- Trigger backend endpoints
- Open the frontend and interact
- View the data live in Dynatrace

Available Endpoints

- Add Thing → Sends a custom log to Dynatrace
- Overload App → Runs CPU load, exports a metric
- Error → Returns HTTP 500 to test tracing + alerts
- RUM (Frontend) → Tracks user behavior via JS tag



Dynatrace Setup

Generate API Token

- Go to Dynatrace → Settings → Integration → API
- Enable scopes: logs.ingest, metrics.ingest, traces, etc.

Create .env File

- Set your environment ID, token, and OTLP endpoint:
 - DYNATRACE_ENV_ID=...
 - DYNATRACE_API_TOKEN=...
 - DYNATRACE_OTLP_ENDPOINT=https://<env>.live.dynatrace.com/api/v2/otlp

Start the App:

- `uvicorn main:app --reload`

How It Works – Backend Observability

- **Tracing (Automatic)**

- Each FastAPI route is auto-instrumented to generate distributed traces
- Captures method, route, status code, and latency
- Exported to Dynatrace via OTLP exporter

- **Metrics (Custom)**

- CPU load duration tracked via a custom metric (overload_duration_seconds)
- Metrics are exported when the overload endpoint is triggered
- Logs (Manual)

- **Logs sent via Dynatrace Logs API using a custom function**

- Includes details like log level, route, and error messageS
- View everything in Dynatrace under Traces, Metrics, and Logs

Test Backend Endpoints

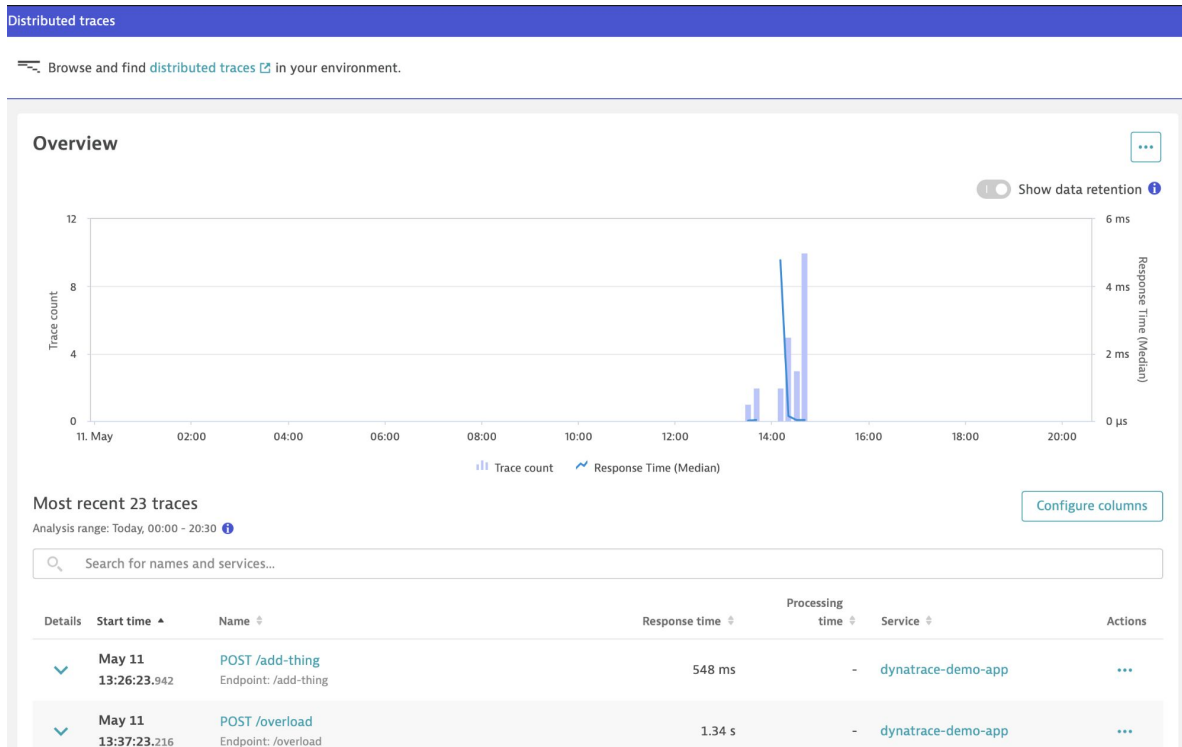
Using the Terminal:

- Send requests to the backend endpoints using tools like **curl**, **httpie**, or **Postman**.
- This allows you to simulate adding logs, triggering CPU load, and causing errors

Using the Frontend Interface:

- Open the index.html file in your browser.
- Use the buttons on the page to:
 - Add a log entry
 - Simulate CPU overload
 - Trigger an intentional error

View Backend Observability



View Backend Observability

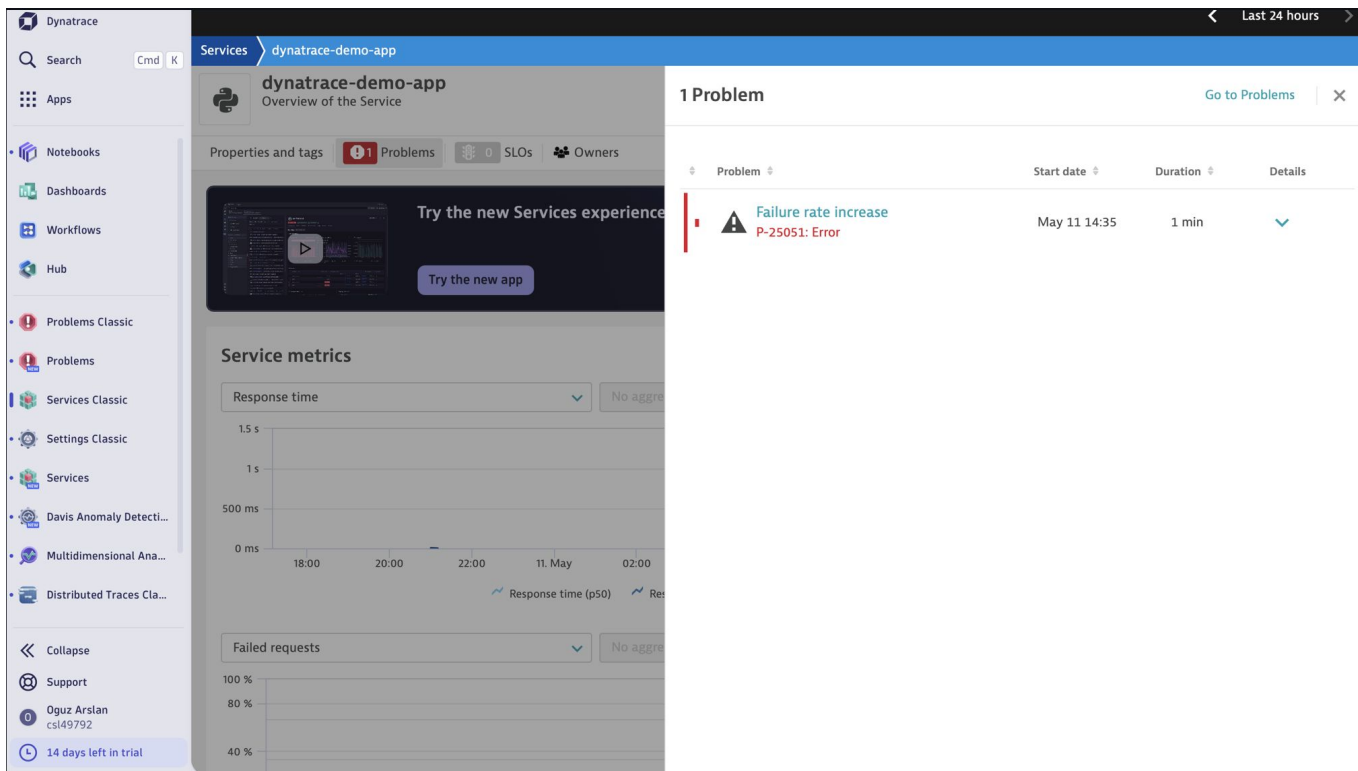
Logs + Add logs ?

1 `fetch logs | filter matchesPhrase(dt.auth.origin, "dt0c01.246J6FI6AFK4HW2L47B2YWM7")` Last 24 hours < > ▶ Run query :

Search results × 69 records Open with 🗄

timestamp	status	content
11 May 12:35:02.931	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:35:00.931	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:34:58.818	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:32:48.004	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:32:44.969	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:32:42.984	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:31:16.265	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:31:13.534	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:31:09.867	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:31:07.702	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:29:51.851	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:29:49.667	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:29:46.267	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:17:31.871	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:17:25.504	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 12:17:23.125	NONE	Intentional error triggered
11 May 11:37:28.343	NONE	Adding thing: example
11 May 11:37:24.018	NONE	Overload completed in 0.23s
11 May 11:37:23.216	NONE	Overload triggered
11 May 11:26:23.945	NONE	Adding thing: example
11 May 11:25:52.548	NONE	Adding thing: example
11 May 11:24:13.215	NONE	Adding thing: example
11 May 11:22:34.521	NONE	Adding thing: example
11 May 11:20:33.960	NONE	Adding thing: example

View Backend Observability



Frontend + RUM Integration

Create a Web App in Dynatrace

- Go to: Applications → Web → Set up new app

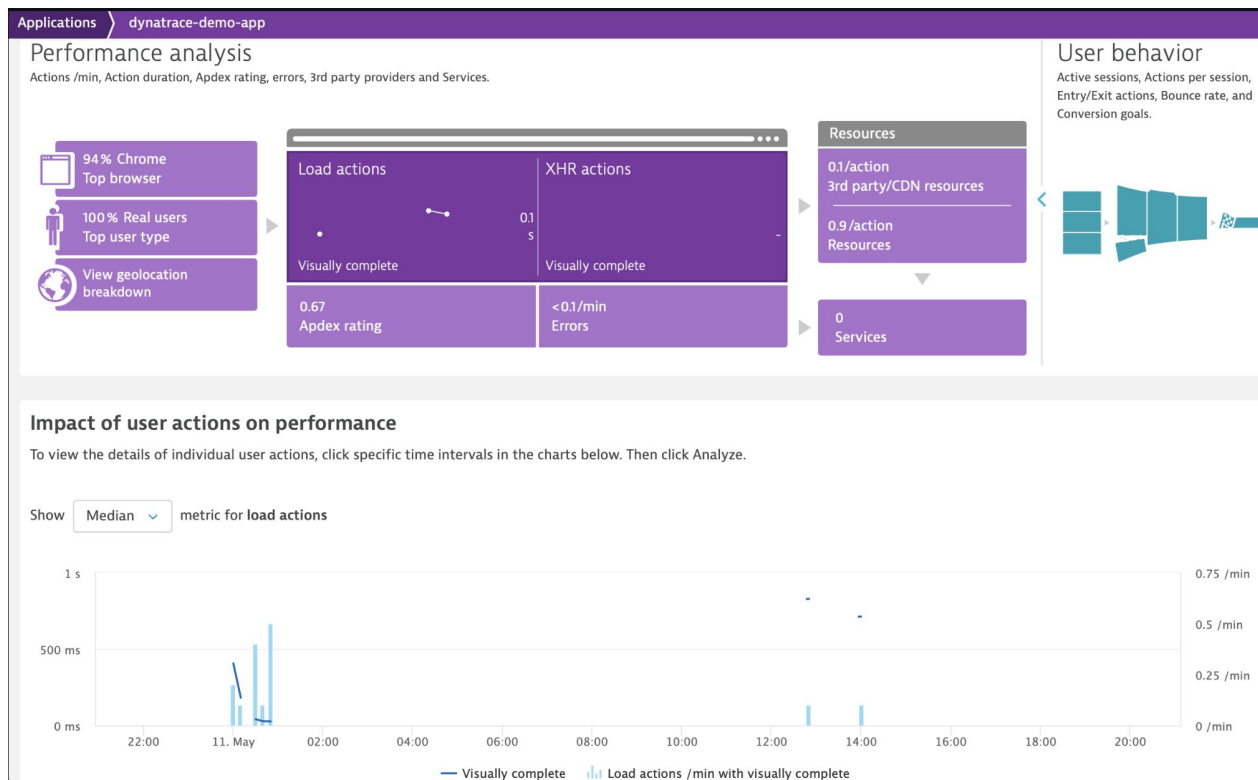
Add Dynatrace JS Tag

- Copy the script and place it in <head> of index.html:
 - `<script src="https://<env>.live.dynatrace.com/jstag/<app-id>" async></script>`

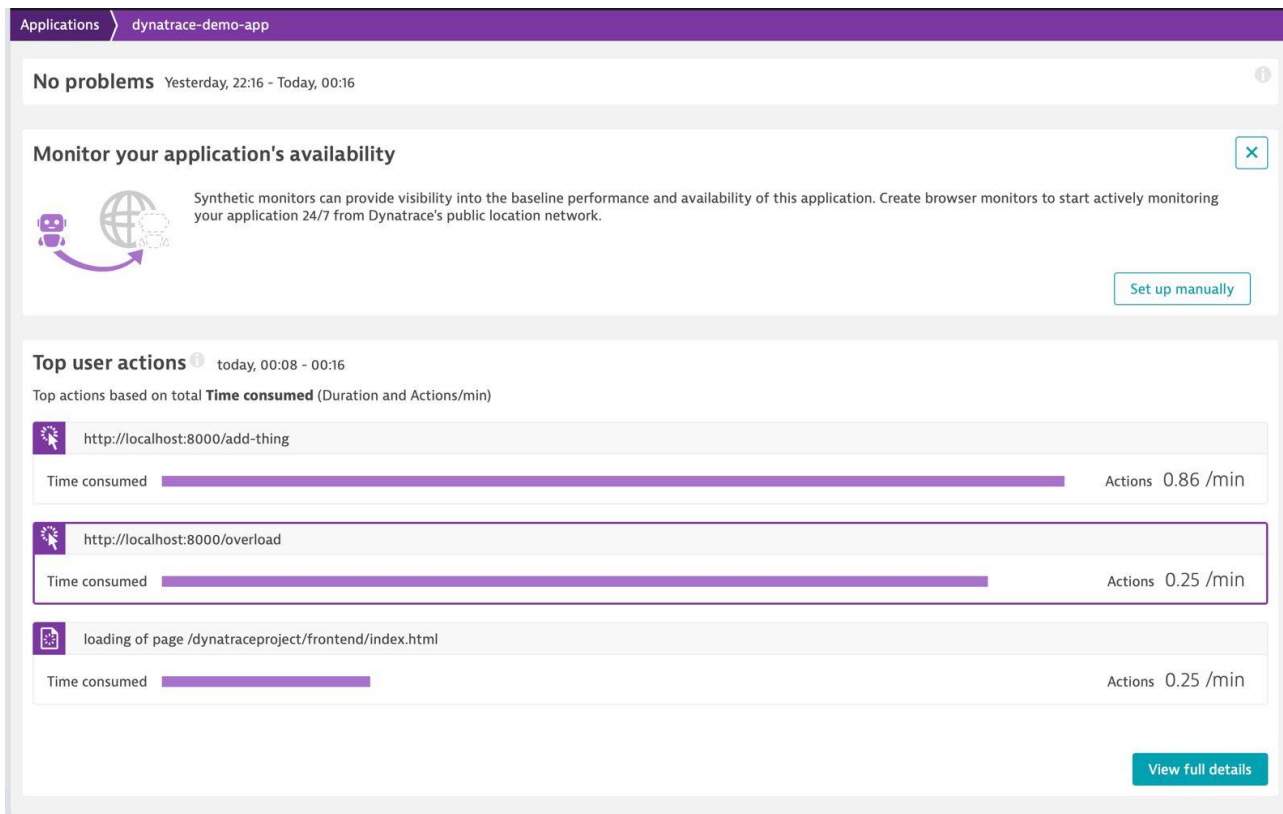
What RUM Captures:

- Page loads
- User clicks
- JS errors
- Frontend performance

View Frontend Observability



View Frontend Observability



Summary

A FastAPI application was made **fully observable**

- Both backend and frontend were integrated with Dynatrace
- Observability was demonstrated through **Traces, Metrics, Logs, and RUM**
- Instrumentation was achieved using **OpenTelemetry** and Dynatrace APIs

Thank you for listening :)

Questions?

Observability with Dynatrace

FastAPI + Dynatrace Observability Demo

— Mehmet Oğuz Arslan
— Ezgi Sena Karabacak
— Davida Lamagna
— Pol Verdura
