

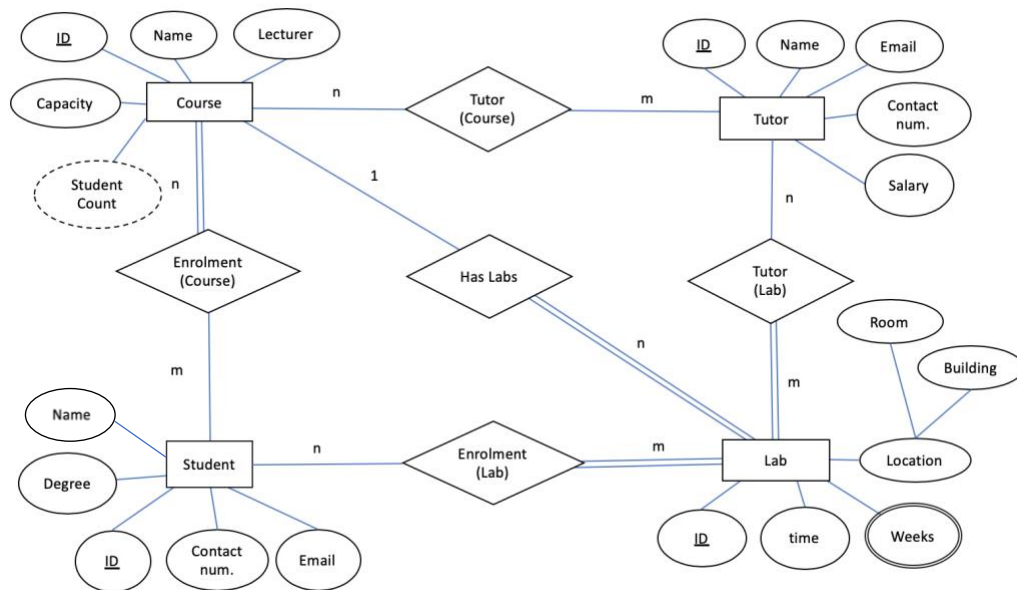
20T3 COMP9311 Sample Solution

Q1:

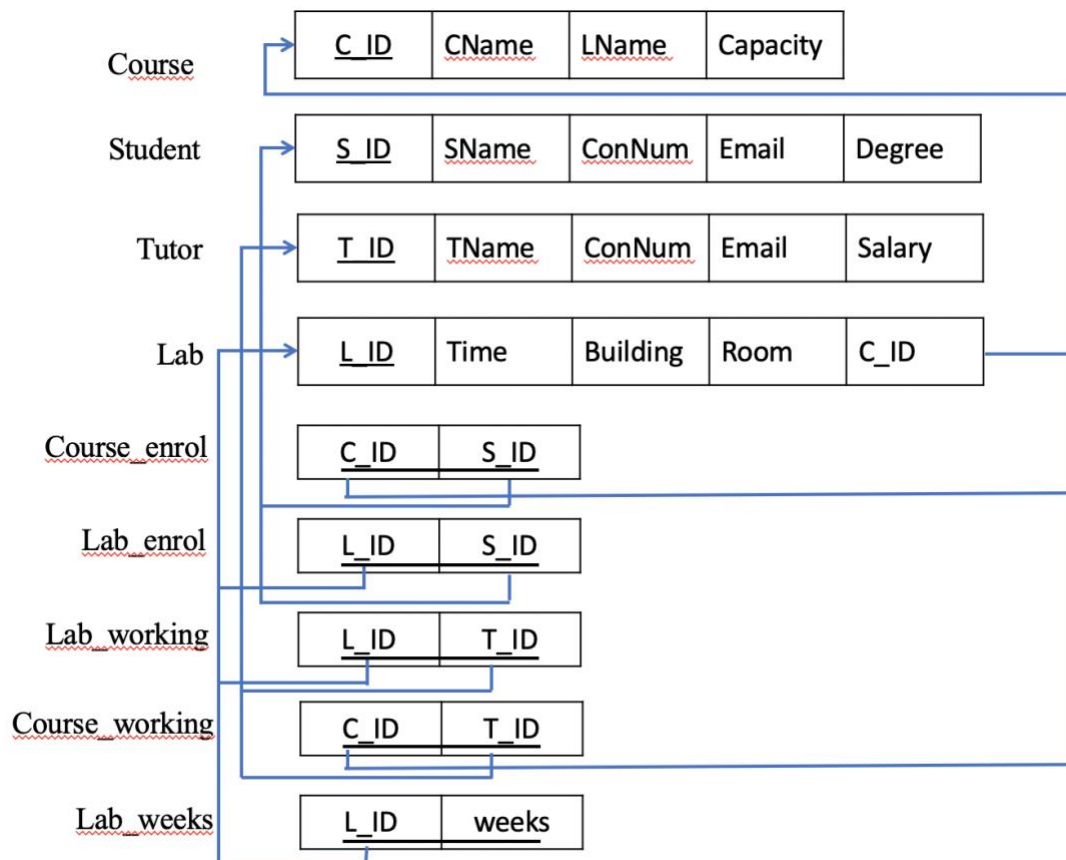
1. **False**, the CREATE TYPE statement allows to create a new type.
2. **False**, because in SQL AS is only to rename the attribute.
3. **True**, 2NF requires that every *nonprime* attribute is fully dependent on every candidate key. BCNF requires that every attribute must be fully dependent on every key.
4. **False**, the *primary key* is an attribute or a set of attributes that uniquely identify a specific instance of an entity. Every entity in the data model must have a primary key whose values uniquely identify instances of the entity.
5. **False**, A lossless and dependency-preserving decomposition into 3NF is always possible.
6. **True**
7. **True**, SQL cannot control sequences of database operations
8. **False**, Hash index is not suitable for range check, it is suitable for specific value query
9. **False**, ISAM does not store data
10. **False**, optimistic control is a good option if there is not much interaction between transactions.

Q2:

(a):



(b):



Q3:

(a):

(1):

Reduce right side.

$F' = \{BD \rightarrow C, BD \rightarrow H, BC \rightarrow H, BC \rightarrow I, EI \rightarrow H, H \rightarrow A, H \rightarrow B, I \rightarrow E, EJ \rightarrow I\}$

Reduce left side.

$BD \rightarrow C$,

$B^+ = \{B\}$; thus $B \rightarrow C$ is not inferred by F' .

Hence, $BD \rightarrow C$ cannot be replaced by $D \rightarrow C$.

$D^+ = \{D\}$; thus $D \rightarrow C$ is not inferred by F' .

Hence, $BD \rightarrow C$ cannot be replaced by $B \rightarrow C$.

$EI \rightarrow H$,

$E^+ = \{E\}$; thus $E \rightarrow H$ is not inferred by F' .

Hence, $EI \rightarrow H$ cannot be replaced by $E \rightarrow H$.

$I^+ = \{E, H, I\}$; thus $I \rightarrow H$ is inferred by F' .

Hence, $EI \rightarrow H$ can be replaced by $I \rightarrow H$.

Iteratively reduce left side, then we can get:

$F'' = \{BD \rightarrow C, BD \rightarrow H, BC \rightarrow H, BC \rightarrow I, I \rightarrow H, H \rightarrow A, H \rightarrow B, I \rightarrow E, EJ \rightarrow I\}$

Remove redundant FDs.

$BD^+|_{F'' - \{BD \rightarrow C\}} = \{A, B, D, H\}$; thus $BD \rightarrow C$ is not inferred by $F'' - \{BD \rightarrow C\}$. That is, $BD \rightarrow C$ is not redundant.

$BD^+|_{F'' - \{BD \rightarrow H\}} = \{A, B, C, D, E, H, I\}$; thus $BD \rightarrow H$ is redundant.

Thus, we can remove $BD \rightarrow H$ from F'' and get F''' .

$F''' = \{BD \rightarrow C, BC \rightarrow H, BC \rightarrow I, I \rightarrow H, H \rightarrow A, H \rightarrow B, I \rightarrow E, EJ \rightarrow I\}$

$BC^+|_{F''' - \{BC \rightarrow H\}} = \{A, B, C, E, H, I\}$; thus $BC \rightarrow H$ is redundant.

Thus, we can remove $BC \rightarrow H$ from F''' and get F'''' .

$F'''' = \{BD \rightarrow C, BC \rightarrow I, I \rightarrow H, H \rightarrow A, H \rightarrow B, I \rightarrow E, EJ \rightarrow I\}$

Iteratively, we can get F_{\min}

Thus, **$F_{\min} = \{BD \rightarrow C, BC \rightarrow I, I \rightarrow H, H \rightarrow A, H \rightarrow B, I \rightarrow E, EJ \rightarrow I\}$.**

(2):

Find a super key X.

Let $X := \{BCDEGJHI\}$,

Try to remove B, $\{CDEGJHI\}^+ = \{A, B, C, D, E, G, H, I, J\}$

Thus, $X := \{CDEGJHI\}$

Try to remove C, $\{DEGJHI\}^+ = \{A, B, C, D, E, G, H, I, J\}$

Thus, $X := \{DEGJHI\}$

Try to remove D, $\{EGJHI\}^+ = \{A, B, E, G, H, I, J\}$

Thus, D cannot be removed.

Try to remove E, $\{DGJHI\}^+ = \{A, B, C, D, E, G, H, I, J\}$

Thus, $X := \{DGJHI\}$

Try to remove G, $\{DJHI\}^+ = \{A, B, C, D, E, H, I, J\}$

Thus, G cannot be removed.

Try to remove J, $\{DGH\}^+ = \{A, B, C, D, E, H, I\}$

Thus, J cannot be removed.

Try to remove H, $\{DGJI\}^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E,G,H,I,J\}$

Thus, $X := \{DGJI\}$

Try to remove I, $\{DGJ\}^+ = \{D,G,J\}$

Thus, I cannot be removed.

So $\{DGJI\}$ is a candidate key and add to T.

Find another super key X.

Let $X := \{BCDEGJH\}$,

Try to remove B, $\{CDEGJH\}^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E,G,H,I,J\}$

Thus, B can be removed.

Try to remove C, $\{DEGJH\}^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E,G,H,I,J\}$

Thus, C can be removed.

Try to remove D, $\{EGJH\}^+ = \{A,B,E,G,H,I,J\}$

Thus, D cannot be removed.

Try to remove E, $\{DGJH\}^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E,G,H,I,J\}$

Thus, E can be removed.

Also, we can find that G,J,H cannot be removed.

So $\{DGJH\}$ is a candidate key and add to T.

Find another super key X.

Let $X := \{BCDEGJ\}$,

Try to remove B, $\{CDEGJ\}^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E,G,H,I,J\}$

Thus, B can be removed.

Try to remove C, $\{DEGJ\}^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E,G,H,I,J\}$

Thus, C can be removed.

Also, we can find that D,E,G,J cannot be removed.

So $\{DEGJ\}$ is a candidate key and add to T.

Find another super key X.

Let $X := \{BCDGJ\}$,

Try to remove B, $\{CDGJ\}^+ = \{C,D,G,J\}$

Thus, B cannot be removed.

Try to remove C, $\{BDGJ\}^+ = \{A,B,C,D,E,G,H,I,J\}$

Thus, C can be removed.

Also, we can find that D,G,J cannot be removed.

So $\{BDGJ\}$ is a candidate key and add to T.

Cannot find any other super keys.

So, candidate keys are **$\{BDGJ\}$, $\{DEGJ\}$, $\{DGJH\}$, $\{DGJI\}$.**

(3):

No.

	A	B	C	D	E	G	H	I	J
R1	a	a	a	a	b	b	a	b	b
R2	b	b	b	b	a	a	a	a	a

	A	B	C	D	E	G	H	I	J
R1	a	a	a	a	b	b	a	b	b
R2	a	a	b	b	a	a	a	a	a

No row is entirely made up by "a" value, so the decomposition is not lossless join.

(4):

1NF, since A is a non-prime attribute, while it is partially functionally dependent on DGJH.

BCNF:

Consider $BD \rightarrow CH$, BD is not a superkey, split R into R1(B,D,C,H) and R2(A,B,D,E,G,I,J)

Consider $BC \rightarrow H$, BC is not a superkey, split R1 into R11(B,C,H) and R12(B,D,C)

Consider $H \rightarrow B$, H is not a superkey, split R11 into R111(H,C) and R112 (B,H)

Consider $I \rightarrow E$, I is not a superkey in R2, split R2 into R21(E,I) and R22(A,B,D,G,I,J)

Consider $BD \rightarrow A$ ($BD \rightarrow H$ and $H \rightarrow A$), BD is not a super key. Split R22 into R221 (BDA) and R222(BDGIJ).

Consider $BD \rightarrow I$ ($BD \rightarrow C$ and $BC \rightarrow I$), BD is not a super key. Split R222 into R2221 (BDI) and R2222(BDGJ).

(b):

(1):

$R_0 = Customer \bowtie Review \bowtie Restaurant$

$R_1 = \pi_{\{rID\}}(\pi_{\{rID, gender\}}(R_0) \div (\pi_{\{gender\}} Customer))$

$Result = \pi_{\{rID\}} Review - R_1$

(2):

$R_0 = \pi_{\{cID\}}(\pi_{\{cID, rID\}}(Customer \bowtie Review \bowtie Restaurant) \div \pi_{\{rID\}}(Restaurant))$

$R_1 = \pi_{\{cID\}} Customer - \pi_{\{cID\}} Review$

$Result = R_0 \cup R_1$

(3):

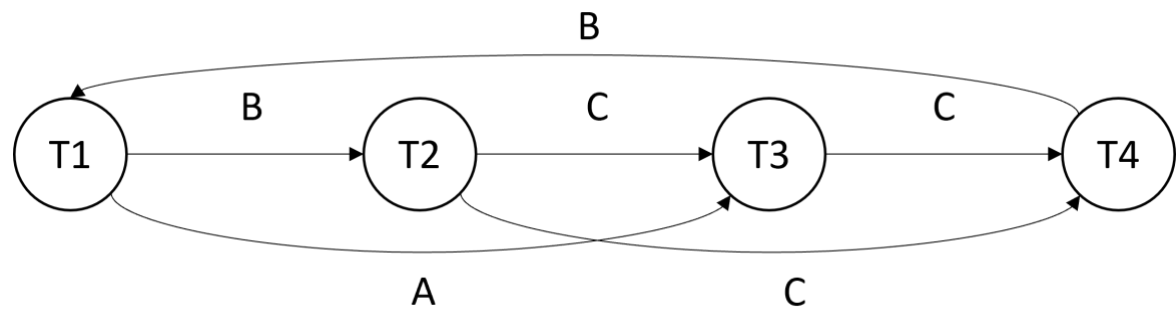
$R_0 = \pi_{\{cID, age, gender\}}(Customer \bowtie Review)$

$Result = \gamma_{\{gender, AVG(age)\}}(R_0)$

Q4:

(a):

(1):

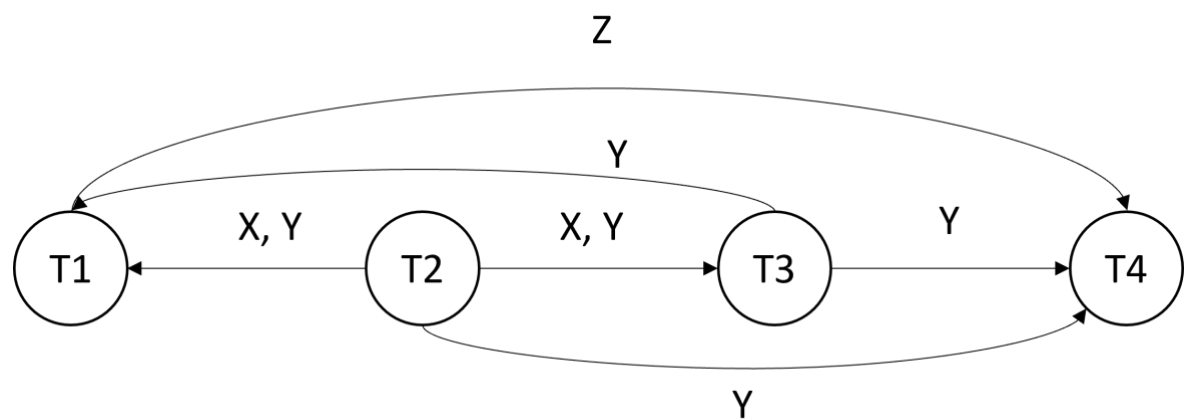


(2):

There is a dead lock.

(b):

(1):



(2):

Yes. T2-T3-T1-T4

Q5:

(a):

(1):

buffer size = 4,

Query stream: p1, p2, p3, p4, p5, p1, p2, p3, p4

Most Recently used:

	p1	p2	p3	p4	p5	p1	p2	p3	p4
1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p1
2		p2	p2	p2	p2	p2	p2	p2	p2
3			p3	p3	p3	p3	p3	p3	p4
4				p4	p5	p5	p5	p5	p5
	F	F	F	F	F	T	T	T	F

of page faults = 6

Least recently used:

	p1	p2	p3	p4	p5	p1	p2	p3	p4
1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p5	p5	p5	p5	p4
2		p2	p2	p2	p2	p1	p1	p1	p1
3			p3	p3	p3	p3	p2	p2	p2
4				p4	p4	p4	p4	p3	^{p1} p2
	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F

of page faults = 9

First In First Out:

	p1	p2	p3	p4	p5	p1	p2	p3	p4
1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p5	p5	p5	p5	p4
2		p2	p2	p2	p2	p1	p1	p1	p1
3			p3	p3	p3	p3	p2	p2	p2
4				p4	p4	p4	p4	p3	p3
	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F	F

of page faults = 9

Since MRU results in the least number of page faults, it outperforms the other buffer updating policies.

(2):

buffer size = 4,

Query stream: p1, p2, p3, p4, p5, p2, p6, p3, p4

Most Recently used:

	p1	p2	p3	p4	p5	p2	p6	p3	p4
1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p1
2		p2	p2	p2	p2	p2	p6	p6	p6
3			p3	p3	p3	p3	p3	p3	p4
4				p4	p5	p5	p5	p5	p5
	F	F	F	F	F	T	F	T	F

of page faults = 7

Least recently used:

	p1	p2	p3	p4	p5	p2	p6	p3	p4
1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p5	p5	p5	p5	p4
2		p2	p2	p2	p2	p2	p2	p2	p2
3			p3	p3	p3	p3	p6	p6	p6
4				p4	p4	p4	p4	p3	p3
	F	F	F	F	F	T	F	F	F

of page faults = 8

First In First Out:

	p1	p2	p3	p4	p5	p2	p6	p3	p4
1	p1	p1	p1	p1	p5	p5	p5	p5	p5
2		p2	p2	p2	p2	p2	p6	p6	p6
3			p3	p3	p3	p3	p3	p3	p3
4				p4	p4	p4	p4	p4	p4
	F	F	F	F	F	T	F	T	T

of page faults = 6

Since FIFO results in the least number of page faults, it outperforms the other buffer updating policies.