Nene Diallo, David Devkota, Osamwonyi.I Python for Business Analytics: SQL Check-up 3/29/22

Given the two data tables below, please provide SQL queries for the following questions. If needed, you can segment your answer into more than one query.

Viewership Table: fact view

Field	Data Type
video_id	varchar
session_id	varchar
date	timestamp
user_id	varchar
seconds_watche	int

Series Metadata Table: dim_video

Field	Data Type
video_id	varchar
episode_name	varchar
episode_number	int
season_number	int
series_name	varchar
runtime_seconds	int
genre	varchar

SQL Project

Question 1: How many unique viewers did the Game of Thrones & Westworld garner in the past 7 days? [hint: use series_names]

Query1:

select count(distinct VW.user_id) as UniqueViewers from fact_view VW JOIN dim_video V ON (VW.video_id=V.video_id) where V.series_name IN ('Game of Thrones','Westworld gamer') and VW.date between DATE(NOW() - INTERVAL 7 DAY) AND DATE(NOW());

```
Question2: What is the average completion rate ( seconds watched divided by runtime) for the first episode of every series?
```

Query 2

```
select V.series_name, ROUND(SUM(VW.seconds_watched) / MAX(V.runtime_seconds),2) as AvgCompletionRate from fact_view VW JOIN dim_video V ON (VW.video_id=V.video_id) where V.episode_number=1 Group by V.series_name;
```

Extra Credit:

Question 3: What is the 2nd most watched episode per genre in terms of minutes watched? Query 3

```
Select genre, episode_number, MinutesWatched, RANK() OVER ( ORDER BY MinutesWatched ) as Rank from

(
    select V.genre as genre, V.episode_number as episode_number,
    (SUM(VW.seconds_watched)/60) as
    MinutesWatched
    from fact_view VW JOIN dim_video V ON (VW.video_id=V.video_id)
    Group by V.genre, V.episode_number
) A

Where Rank=2;
```