

Homework for Lecture 3.7 KM notation

1. Show algebraically that $\hat{P}_{(p/q/r)} = \hat{P}_{(p/qr)}\hat{P}_{(q/r)} = \hat{P}_{(pq/r)}\hat{P}_{(p/q)}$ and explain why these identities follow from the definition of the index antisymmetrizers.

2. Prove the following identities.

$$\tilde{a}_{q_1 \dots q_m}^{p_1 \dots p_m} = N[a_{q_1}^{p_1} \dots a_{q_m}^{p_m}] \quad N[a_{q_1 \dots q_m}^{p_1 \dots p_m} a_{s_1 \dots s_n}^{r_1 \dots r_n}] = N[a_{q_1}^{p_1} \dots a_{q_m}^{p_m} a_{s_1}^{r_1} \dots a_{s_n}^{r_n}] = \tilde{a}_{q_1 \dots q_m s_1 \dots s_n}^{p_1 \dots p_m r_1 \dots r_n}$$

Furthermore, explain why these identities do not apply to contracted operators.

3. Explain why we cannot write:

$$\hat{P}_{(r/s)}^{(p/q)} \tilde{a}_r^p \tilde{a}_s^q$$

4. Put the Hamiltonian in Φ -Normal ordering using KM notation
5. Prove Slater's second rule using KM notation

$$\langle \Phi | H | \Phi_i^a \rangle = h_{ia} + \sum_j \langle ij || aj \rangle$$

6. Prove Slater's third rule using KM notation

$$\langle \Phi | H | \Phi_{ij}^{ab} \rangle = \langle ij || ab \rangle$$

7. Show that the Wick expansion of a triple excitation operator is:

$$a_{stu}^{pqr} = \tilde{a}_{stu}^{pqr} + \hat{P}_{(s/tu)}^{(p/qr)} \tilde{a}_{s^\circ tu}^{p^\circ qr} + \hat{P}_{(st/u)}^{(p/q/r)} \tilde{a}_{s^\circ t^\circ u}^{p^\circ q^\circ r} + \hat{P}^{(p/q/r)} \tilde{a}_{s^\circ t^\circ u^\circ}^{p^\circ q^\circ r^\circ}$$

8. Practice evaluating the following matrix elements using KM notation:

$$\langle \Phi_j^b | \Phi_i^a \rangle$$

$$\langle \Phi_j^b | H_c | \Phi_i^a \rangle$$

$$\langle \Phi_{kl}^{cd} | \Phi_{ij}^{ab} \rangle$$

$$\langle \Phi_{kl}^{cd} | H_c | \Phi_{ij}^{ab} \rangle$$

The answers can be found in the last section of Andreas's "3q-1h-kutzelnigg-mukherjee.pdf" notes. Use it to check your results, but be sure you understand the work involved.