CS 416 Web Programming

Ruby on RAILS Chapter 5 Filling out layout

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A look ahead

- Tag helpers
- Routes
- Partials
- Asset pipeline
- Incorporating CSS
 - CSS frameworks
 - Custom CSS
 - Sass preprocessing
- Getting started

```
git checkout -b filling-in-layout
```

Add common site navigation

Add to app/views/layouts/application.html.erb

```
<header class="navbar navbar-fixed-top navbar-inverse">
 <div class="container">
  <%= link to "sample app", '#', id: "logo" %>
  <nav>
   <\= link to "Log in", '#' \%>
   </nav>
 </div>
</header>
<div class="container">
 <%= yield %>
</div>
```

Link_to

```
<%= link_to "sample app", '#', id: "logo" %>
```

Create an anchor link

- Remember Ruby functions don't require parentheses
- 1st argument is text associated with link
- 2nd is the hyperlink (currently "#" is placeholder)
- 3rd is id to give anchor link tag

Home page

```
<div class="center jumbotron">
  <h1>Welcome to the Sample App</h1>
  < h2>
    This is the home page for the
    <a href="http://www.railstutorial.org/">
          Ruby on Rails Tutorial</a>
    sample application.
  </h2>
  <%= link to "Sign up now!", '#',</pre>
       class: "btn btn-lg btn-primary" %>
</div>
<%= link to image tag("rails.png",</pre>
    alt: "Rails logo"), 'http://rubyonrails.org/'
응>
```

Tag helpers

Link to helper

```
<%= link_to "Sign up now!", '#', class:
    "btn btn-lg btn-primary" %>
```

Results in:

```
<a href="#" class="btn btn-lg
   btn-primary">Sign up now!</a>
```

Layout links

Could use hard coded path

```
<a href="/static_pages/about">About</a>
```

Instead want to use named routes

```
<%= link_to "About", about_path %>
```

This allows if route changes in future all dependent links get the update – fix once, fixes everywhere

Rails routes

- Creates a name that maps url to controller method
- Original entry in routes.rb:

```
get 'static_pages/help'
```

 Matches GET to "static_pages/help" and maps to static_pages_controller#help

- static_pages_controller#help
- Creates two named routes:

```
help_path -> '/help'
help_url -> 'http://www.example.com/help'
```

Create for rest of routes (root special case) Update rest of layout paths

Add contact page

• Add route to contact page In *config/routes.rb* add:

```
get '/contact', to: 'static_pages#contact'
```

Add action to controller static_pages_controller.rb def contact end

Create view contact.html.erb

```
<% provide(:title, 'Contact') %>
<h1>Contact</h1>

    Contact the Ruby on Rails Tutorial about the sample app at the
        <a href="http://www.railstutorial.org/contact">contact page</a>.
```

Update static pages controller test for new paths

Partials

- Like functions simplify common code, partials simplifies common HTML
- Name partials underscore, name, html.erb
- Move common header to:
 app/views/layouts/_header.html.erb
- Add call to partial in application.html.erb
- <%= render 'layouts/header' %>

Partials cont.

Create footer partial:

```
app/views/layouts/_footer.html.erb
```

```
<footer class="footer">
 <small>
   The <a href="http://www.railstutorial.org/">
           Ruby on Rails Tutorial</a>
 </small>
 <nav>
   <111>
     <%= link to "About", about path %>
     <%= link to "Contact", contact path %>
     <a href="http://news.railstutorial.org/">
     News</a>
   </nav>
</footer>
```

Now do the same with rails_default includes

The asset pipeline

- Asset pipeline
 - Designed to simplify management of <u>static</u> assets such as: CSS, JavaScript, and images
- 3 standard asset directories
 - app/assets: assets specific to the present application
 - lib/assets: assets for libraries written by your dev team
 - vendor/assets: assets from third-party vendors
- Each has subdirectories for each asset class:

```
images/ javascripts/ stylesheets/
```

Rails image assets

```
image_tag("rails.png", alt: "Rails logo")
```

- Rails will automatically find any images in the app/assets/images/ directory using the asset pipeline
- To download a file in Linux such as Cloud 9:

```
curl -o app/assets/images/rails.png -OL
railstutorial.org/rails.png
```

Results in:

```
<img src="/assets/rails-9308b8f92fea4c19a3a0d8385b494526.png"
alt="Rails logo" />
```

Note src is generated file name appearing directly in assets directory

Manifest files

• Specify the order to build combined assets into single file (applies to CSS and Javascript not images)

app/assets/stylesheets/application.css

app/assets/javascripts/application.js

```
//= require jquery
//= require jquery_ujs
//= require turbolinks
//= require_tree .
```

Preprocessor engines

- Runs preprocessing for:
 - Sass .scss
 - CoffeeScript .coffee
 - Embedded Ruby .erb
- Processes manifest files to build single combined file, and minifies (removes all extra spaces, line breaks, indentations) to make it efficient for production
 - application.css
 - application.js

CSS revisited

Revisit style sheet tag in layout

```
<%= stylesheet_link_tag 'application',
   media: 'all',
   'data-turbolinks-track': 'reload' %>
```

Outputs

```
<link data-turbolinks-track="true"
   href="/assets/application.css"
   media="all" rel="stylesheet" />
```

Add Bootstrap

Add Bootstrap gem in Gemfile and install

```
gem 'bootstrap-sass', '3.3.6'
bundle install
```

Add a custom CSS file to asset pipeline

```
touch app/assets/stylesheets/custom.scss
".scss" extension is "Sassy CSS"
```

Now import Bootstrap into custom CSS

```
@import "bootstrap-sprockets";
@import "bootstrap";
```

See full custom.scss from text

Sass stylesheets

- Allows short hand and scripting in CSS file with .scss extension that is then preprocessed with Sass
- Generates out resulting basic CSS to be sent to browser
- Result is easier, more readable stylesheets

Sass nesting

```
.center {
  text-align: center;
.center h1 {
 margin-bottom: 10px;
Becomes
.center {
  text-align: center;
  h1 {
    margin-bottom: 10px;
```

Sass references

```
#logo {
  float: left;
  font-weight: bold;
#logo:hover {
  color: #fff;
  text-decoration: none;
Becomes
                  Pointer to
                 outer element
#logo {
  float: left;
  font-weight: bold;
  &:hover {
    color: #fff;
    text-decoration: none;
```

Sass variables

```
$light-gray: #777;
h2 {
  color: $light-gray;
footer{
  color: $light-gray;
```

Wrap up

```
git add .
git commit -m "Finish layout and routes"
git checkout master
git merge filling-in-layout
rails test
git push origin master
```

git push heroku (might need to create if not done already)