

CS 417

Design Patterns

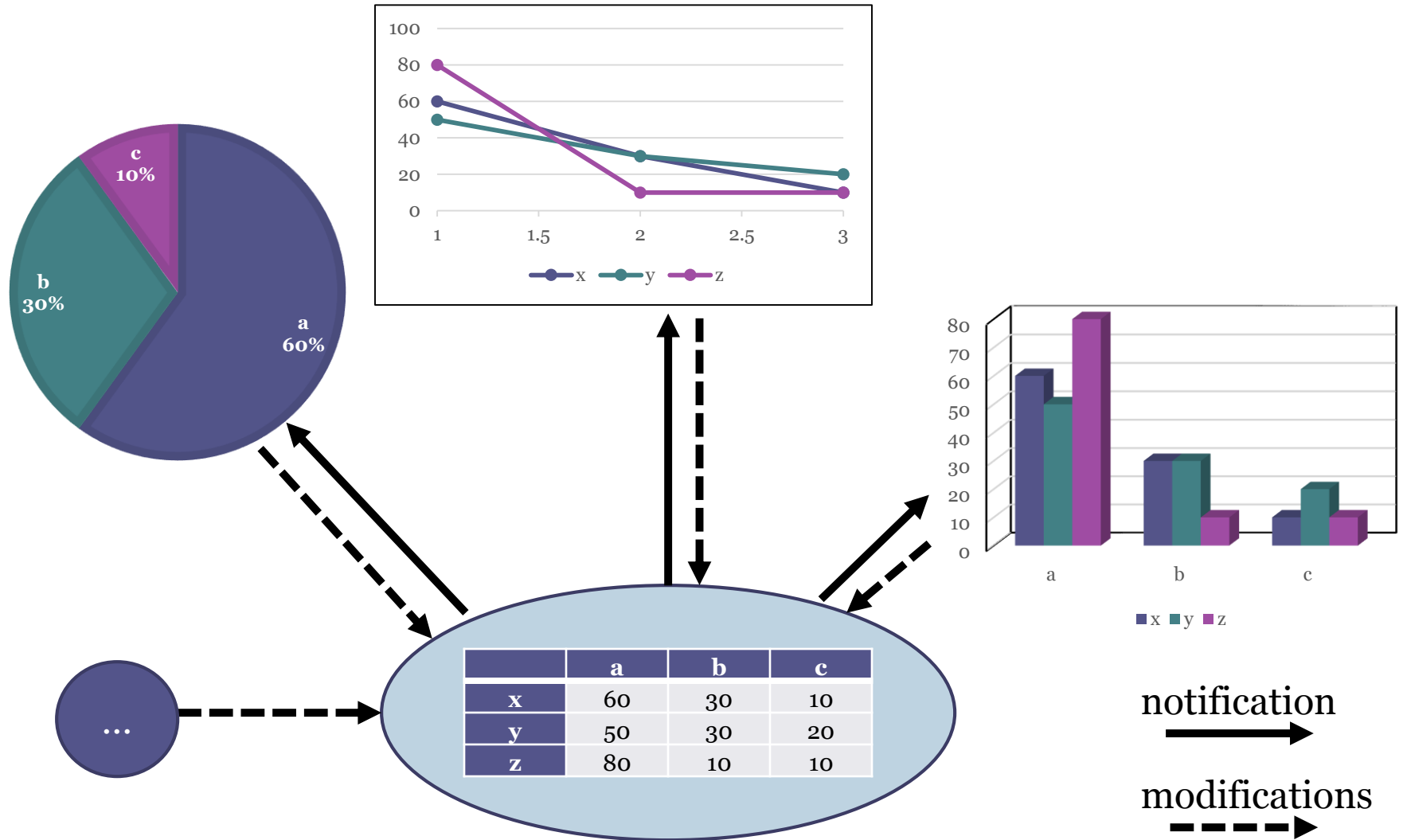
Observer and Command

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Design pattern: Observer

- **Category:** Behavioral design pattern
- **Intent:**
 - Define one-to-many dependency so that when one object changes state all of its dependents are notified and updated automatically
- **Motivation**
 - Collection of cooperating objects needing to maintain consistency/updates without becoming tightly coupled

Motivation cont.



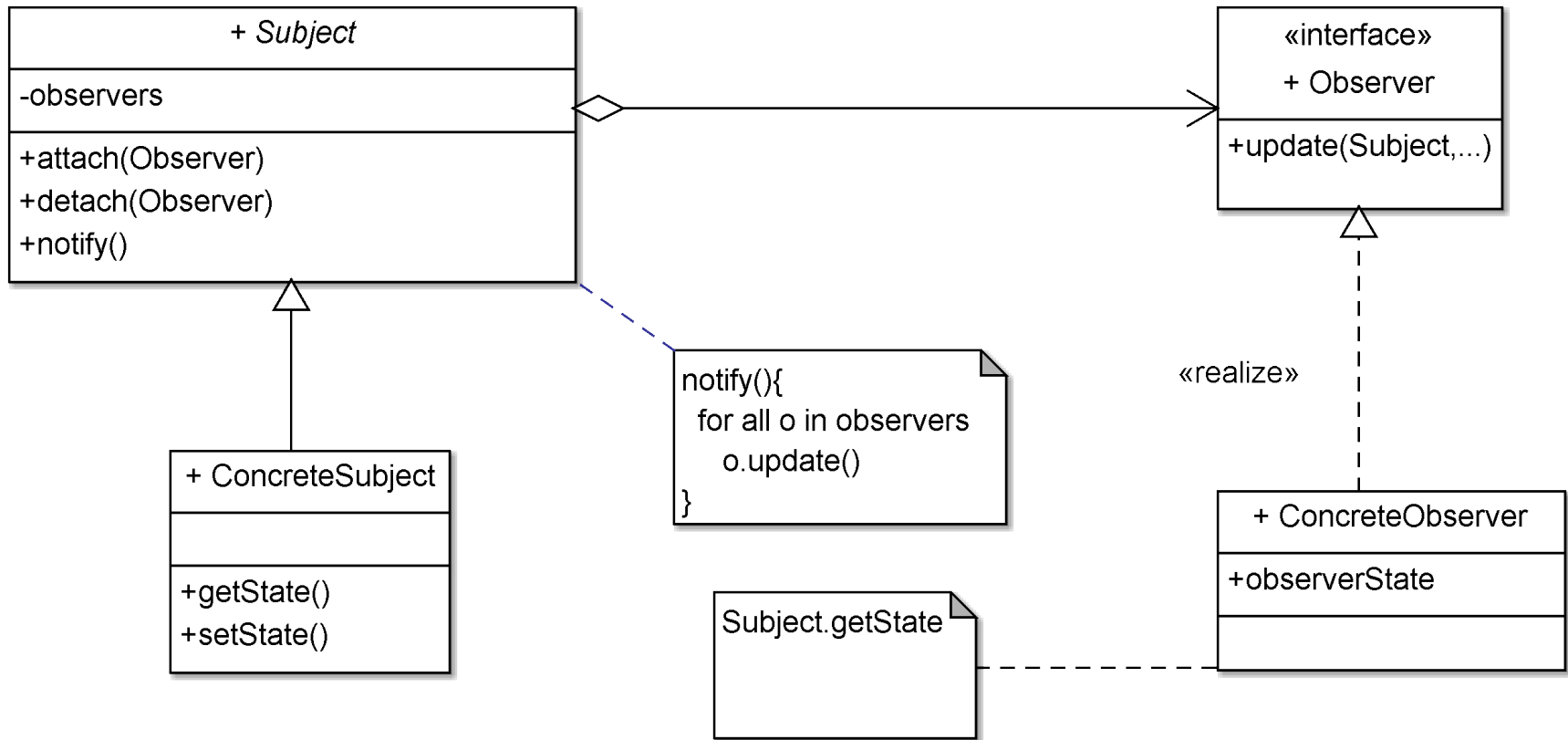
Applicability

- Abstraction has two aspects, one dependent on the other. Encapsulating in separate objects lets you vary and reuse them independently
- Changing one requires changing others and you don't know how many others will need to change
- Object should be able to notify others without making assumptions about that object – you don't want the objects tightly coupled

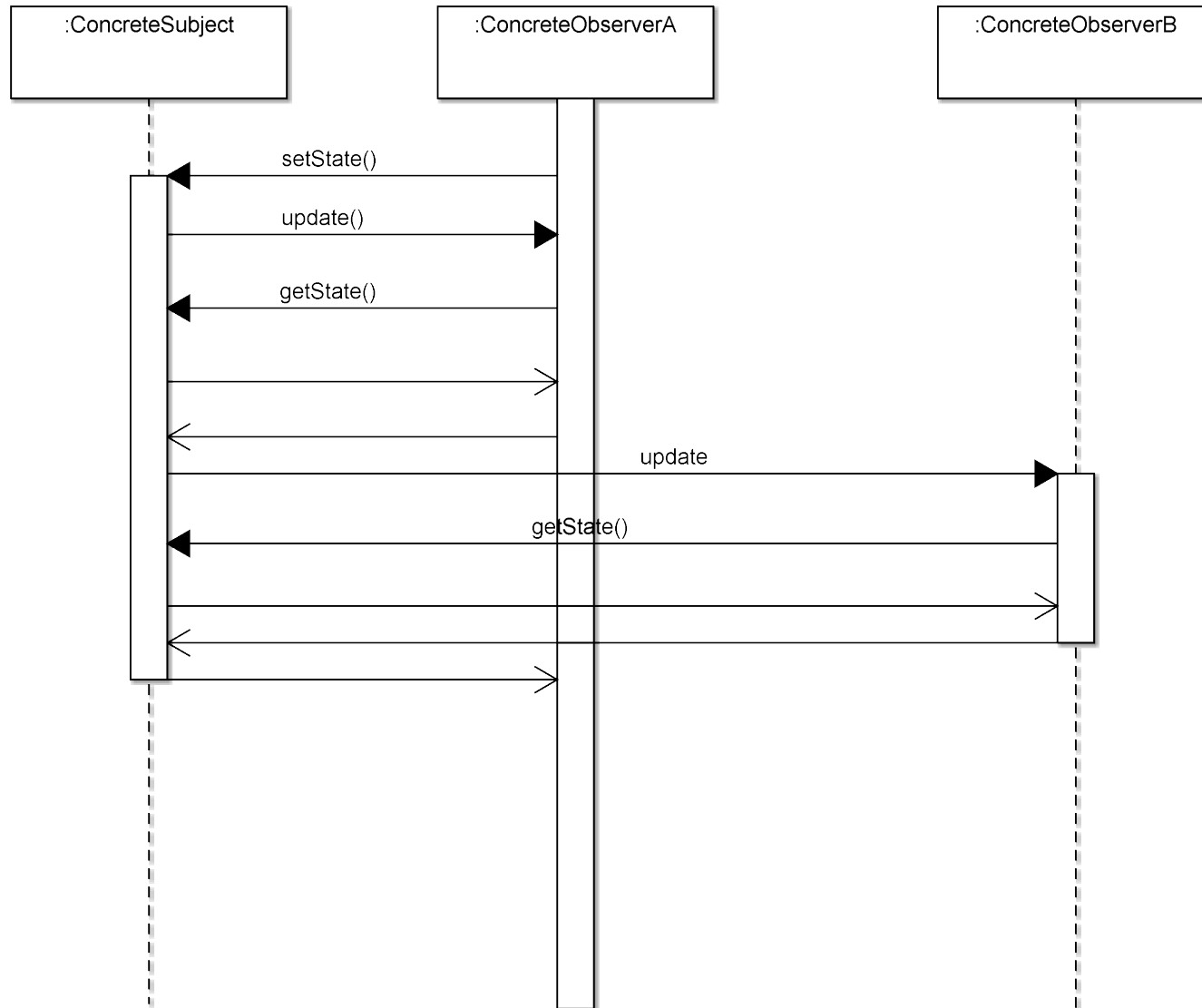
Participants

- **Subject**
 - Knows its observers. Any number of Observer objects may observe
 - Provides interface for attaching/detaching Observer object
- **Observer**
 - Defines an updating interface for objects that should be notified of changes in a subject
- **ConcreteSubject**
 - Stores state of interest to ConcreteObservers
 - Sends notification to its observers when its state changes
- **ConcreteObserver**
 - Maintains reference to ConcreteSubject object
 - Stores state that should stay consistent with the subject's
 - Implements the Observer updating interface

Observer UML



Sequence



In class examples

- Excel document
- Class registration waitlist

Design pattern: Command

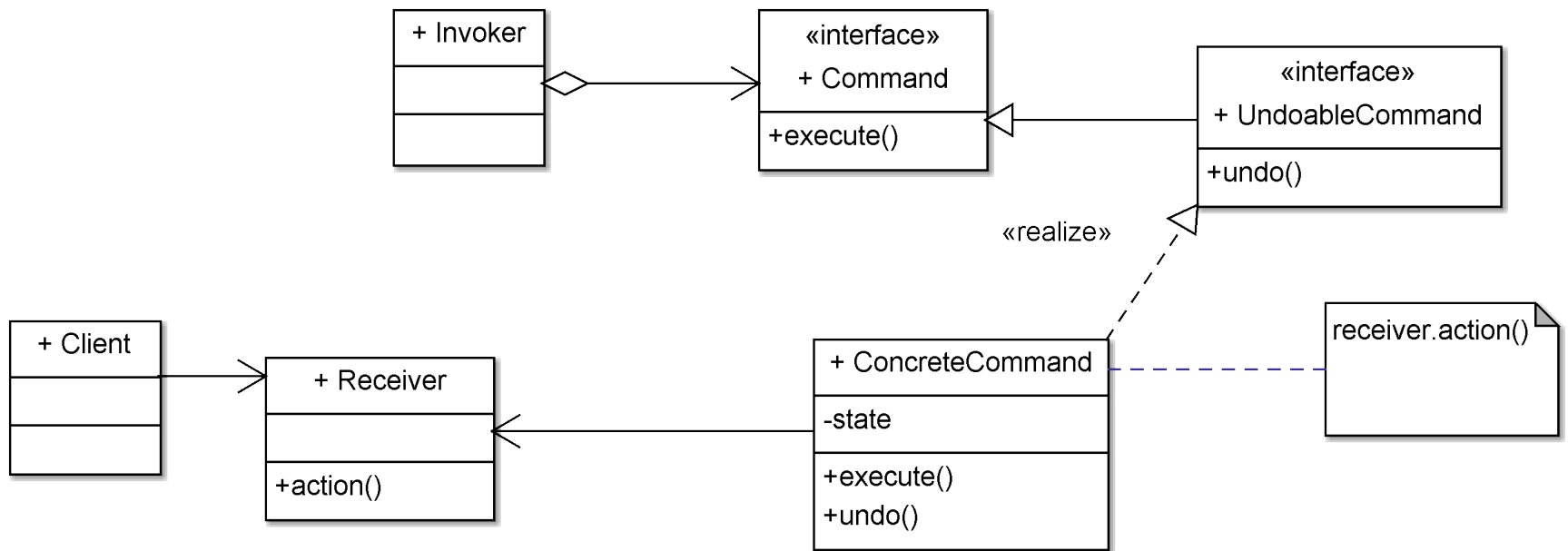
- **Category:** Behavioral design pattern
- **Intent:**
 - Encapsulate a request as an object, thereby letting you parameterize clients with different requests, queue, or log, and support undoable operations
- **Motivation**
 - Sometimes necessary to issue request to object without knowing anything about operation being requested or the receiver of the request
 - Example application menu framework same regardless of application, but depending on app options and actions change

Applicability

- Parameterize objects by an action to perform such as menu item
- Specify, queue, and execute requests at different times
- Support undo
- Log calls
- Encapsulate group of actions in a transaction

Participants

- Command
 - Declares an interface for executing an operation
- ConcreteCommand (PasteCommand, OpenCommand)
 - Defines a binding between a Receiver object and an action
 - Implements Execute by invoking the corresponding operation(s) on Receiver
- Client (Application)
 - Creates a ConcreteCommand object and sets its receiver
- Invoker (MenuItem)
 - Asks the command to carry out the request
- Receiver (Document, Application)
 - Knows how to perform the operations associated with carrying out the request



In class examples

- MS Word
- Your application