CS 417-505 Design Patterns

Observer and State patterns

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Announcements

CS 505 teams

- Java interfaces, Javadoc for supported component due this Friday 10/27 to public team repo
- UML for component will be due same day to our private team repo

First sprint will be due 11/3 (next Friday)

- Specific patterns and link to create private team repos will be posted this evening
- UML class diagram
 - Add a note as to which classes are part of which pattern
- Make sure you use packages where appropriate
- All non-trivial objects are well behaved (equals, toString, hashCode)
- Don't forget your JUnit for any non-trivial functions

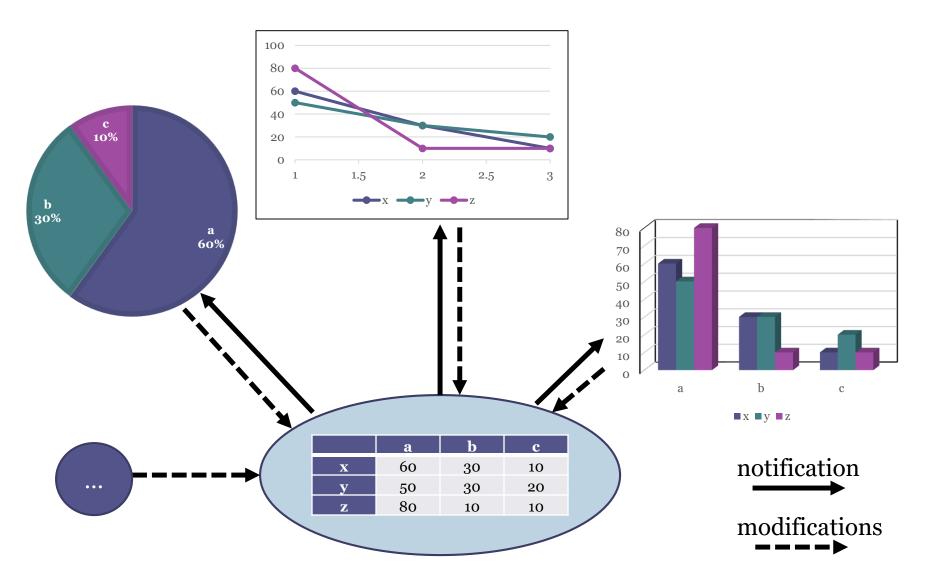
Design pattern: Observer

- Category: Behavioral design pattern
- Intent:
 - Define one-to-many dependency so that when one object changes state all of its dependents are notified and updated automatically

Motivation

 Collection of cooperating objects needing to maintain consistency/updates without becoming tightly coupled

Motivation cont.



Applicability

- Abstraction has two aspects, one dependent on the other. Encapsulating in separate objects lets you vary and reuse them independently
- Changing one requires changing others and you don't know how many others will need to change
- Object should be able to notify others without making assumptions about that object – you don't want the objects tightly coupled

Participants

Subject

- Knows its observers. Any number of Observer objects may observe
- Provides interface for attaching/detaching Observer object

Observer

 Defines an updating interface for objects that should be notified of changes in a subject

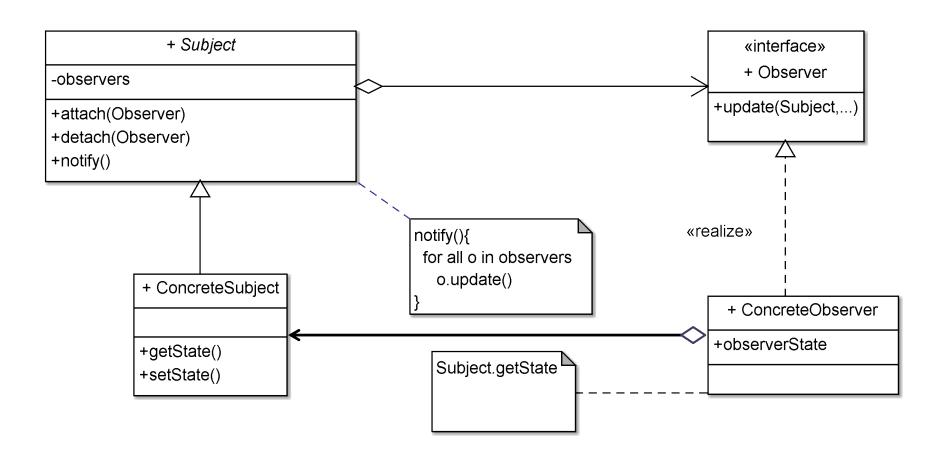
ConcreteSubject

- Stores state of interest to ConcreteObservers
- Sends notification to its observers when its state changes

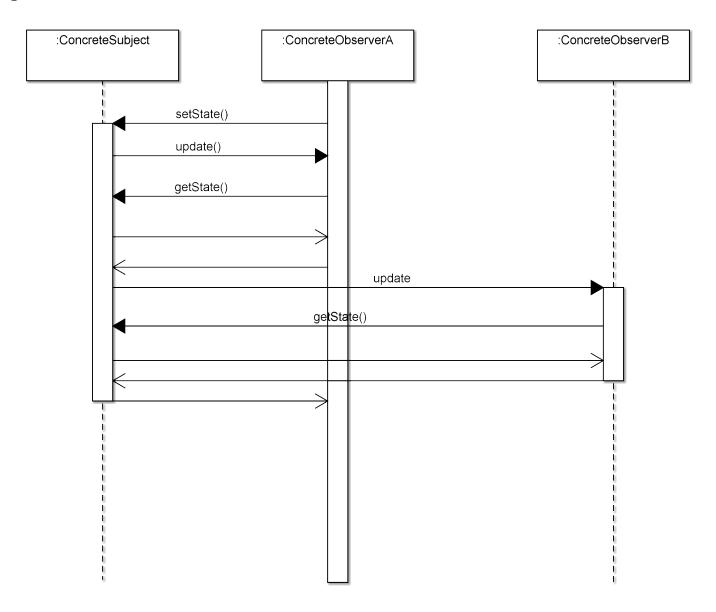
ConcreteObserver

- Maintains reference to ConcreteSubject object
- Stores state that should stay consistent with the subject's
- Implements the Observer updating interface

Observer UML



Sequence



In class examples

- Excel document
- Class registration waitlist

Design pattern: State

- Category: Behavioral design pattern
- Intent:
 - Allow an object to alter its behavior when internal state changes. The object appears to change its class

Motivation

- Significant changes in behavior of same object depending on state
- Reduce complexity of long conditional logic

Applicability

Use in either of these cases:

- Object's behavior depends on its state, and it must change its behavior at runtime depending on state
- Operations have large multipart conditional logic with several containing same conditional structure

Participants

Context

- Class defines the interface of interest to client
- Maintains an instance of ConcreteState subclass that defines current state

State

- Defines interface for encapsulating the behavior associated with particular state of the Context
- ConcreteState subclasses
 - Each subclass implements a behavior associated with a state of the Context

In class examples

- TCP connection
 - Open
 - PassiveOpen
 - Closed
- Phone
 - Off
 - Locked
 - □ On
 - Camera