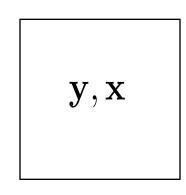
A single "group"



$$g(\beta_0, \beta_1, x_i) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x_i$$
$$[\beta_0, \beta_1, \sigma^2 \mid y_i] \propto [\beta_0, \beta_1, \sigma^2, y_i]$$

factoring rhs using DAG:

$$[\beta_0, \beta_1, \sigma^2 \mid y_i] \propto [y_i \mid g(\beta_0, \beta_1, x_i), \sigma^2][\beta_0], [\beta_1][\sigma^2]$$
 joint for all data:

$$[\beta_0, \beta_1, \sigma^2 \mid \mathbf{y}] \propto \prod_{i=1}^n [y_i \mid g(\beta_0, \beta_1, x_i), \sigma^2] [\beta_0] [\beta_1] [\sigma^2]$$

choose specific distributions:

$$[\beta_0, \beta_1, \sigma^2 \mid \boldsymbol{y}] \propto \prod_{i=1}^n \operatorname{normal}(y_i \mid g(\beta_0, \beta_1, x_i), \sigma^2)$$

$$\times \text{ normal}(\beta_0 \mid 0, 10000) \text{ normal}(\beta_1 \mid 0, 10000)$$

$$\times \text{uniform}(\sigma^2 \mid 0, 500)$$