# LSCI 3000 Synthetic Biology Workshop Lab Log 1

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# 1. Experiment 1

#### 1.1. Objective

• To prepare LB bacteria culture broth.

#### 1.2. Materials

- 20g LB culture powder
- 1L ddH<sub>2</sub>O

#### 1.3. Equipment

# 1.3.1. Machineries

- Electronic balance
- Autoclave

#### 1.3.2. Tools

• Spatula

# 1.3.3. Containers

• Glass jar

# 1.3.4. Miscellaneous

- Weighing paper
- Autoclave labels

#### 1.4. Procedures

- 1. Weigh and add 20g of LB culture powder to a glass jar.
- 2. Add ddH<sub>2</sub>O to the jar until there is 1L of culture broth.
- 3. Gently mix the culture solution.
- 4. Put an autoclave label onto the cap.
- 5. Loosen the jar cap slightly to allow pressure to equalise during the autoclave process.
- 6. Add the culture solution to an autoclave for 45 minutes at 120°C.

#### **2. Experiment 2** (*Prerequisite: Lab 1 Experiment 1*)

# 2.1. Objective

• To transform E. coli (DH5α) with two different plasmids (pRSFDuet-1 and pLadder6K).

# 2.2. Precautions

- Wear gloves.
- Dispose of the pipette tips after each transfer.
- Complete procedures with a flame nearby to ensure aseptic conditions.

#### 2.3. Materials

- 300μL of competent DH5α E. coli cells
- 1 μL of pRSFDuet-1 plasmid
- 1 µL of pLadder6K plasmid
- 1200µL of LB culture broth
- LB agar solution with diluted kanamycin and ampicillin
- Ice

# 2.4. Equipment

#### 2.4.1. Machineries

- 37°C incubator
- 42°C heat block
- 4°C refrigerator
- Bunsen burner

#### 2.4.2. <u>Tools</u>

- Pipettes (P10/P20/P200/P1000) and appropriate pipette tips
- Spreader

# 2.4.3. Containers

- 5 centrifuge tubes
- 3 petri dishes
- Ice bucket
- Beaker

#### 2.4.4. Miscellaneous

- Marker pen
- Lighter
- 70% ethanol
- Aluminium foil
- Laboratory wrapping film

### 2.5. Preparations

- Pour enough 70% ethanol into the beaker to submerge the spreading end of the spreader and cover the beaker with aluminium foil until use.
- Pour LB agar solution with antibiotics into the petri dishes. Allow them to set and keep them warm.
- Transfer 100μL of E. coli sample to each of the three separate centrifuge tubes.
- Transfer the two plasmids to two separate centrifuge tubes.
- Label the centrifuge tubes and petri dishes appropriately.
- Light a flame to generate an aseptic convection current.

#### 2.6. Procedures

- 1. Pre-chill the samples of E. coli and plasmids.
- 2. Pipette 1µL of pRSFDuet-1 plasmid to E. coli sample 1.
- 3. Pipette 1µL of pLadder6K plasmid to E. coli sample 2.
- 4. Gently flick the tubes to mix.
- 5. Chill the samples with ice for 5 minutes.
- 6. Heat shock the samples at 42°C for 90 seconds.
- 7. Chill the mixtures with ice for 1 minute.
- 8. Pipette 400µL of LB culture broth into each of the samples.
- 9. Incubate the samples at 37°C with ~250rpm shaking for 45 minutes.
- 10. Sterilise the spreader with ethanol and a flame and allow it to cool slightly.
- 11. Pipette 50µL of a sample onto a warm agar plate.
- 12. Spread the liquid evenly with a sterilised spreader until the surface looks dry.
- 13. Repeat steps 10-12 for the other two samples.
- 14. Incubate the petri dishes upside-down at 37°C for 12-16 hours.
- 15. Wrap the petri dishes with laboratory wrapping film and keep them chilled at 4°C for future use.

# 2.7. <u>Results</u>

Colonies can be observed in both sample 1 and 2 while no colonies can be observed in sample 3 (negative control).



Figure 1 - E. coli transformed with pRSFDuet-1 plasmid



Figure 2 - E. coli transformed with pLadder6K plasmid

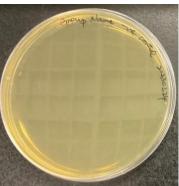


Figure 3 - Untransformed E. coli (negative control)