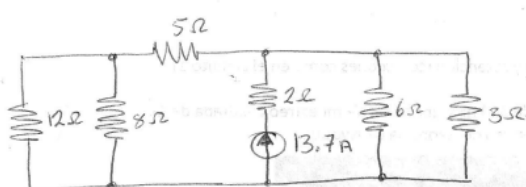
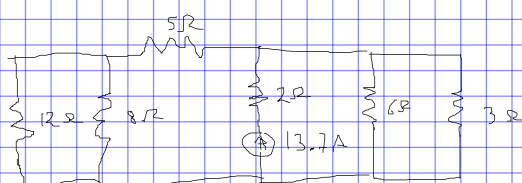


• Para el siguiente circuito en contrar las corrientes en todas las resistencias.



1) Sol:



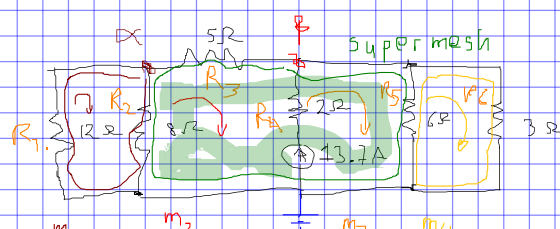
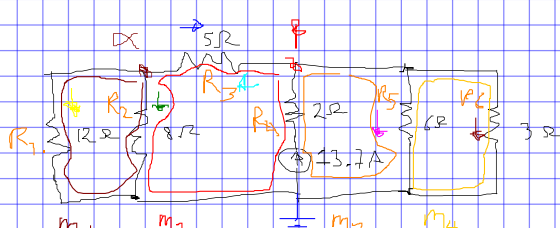
1)

$$i_{R1} = i_{R4} = 13.7 \text{ A}$$

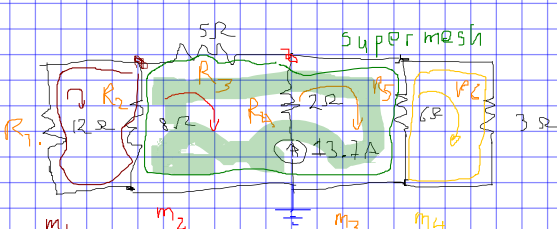
$$i_{R2} = i_{R5} =$$

$$i_{R3} = i_{R6} =$$

2)

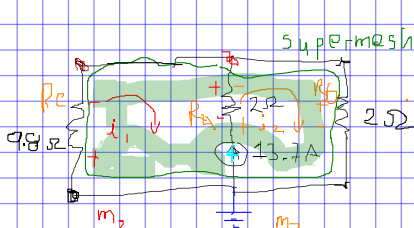
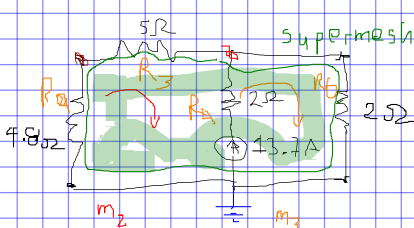


3)



$$R_A = R_1 \parallel R_2 = \frac{R_1 R_2}{R_1 + R_2} = \frac{(12)(8)}{12 + 8} = 4.8 \Omega$$

$$R_B = R_5 \parallel R_6 = \frac{R_5 R_6}{R_5 + R_6} = \frac{(6)(3)}{6 + 3} = 2 \Omega$$



4)

Applying KVL at supermesh:

$$-V_{R1} - V_{R2} = 0$$

$$-R_1 i_1 - R_2 i_2 = 0$$

$$-9.8 i_1 - 2 i_2 = 0 \quad \text{--- (1)}$$

Applying KCL at GND:

$$i_2 - i_1 - 13.7 \text{ A} = 0$$

$$i_2 - i_1 = 13.7 \text{ A} \quad \text{--- (2)}$$

$$(1) + (2)$$

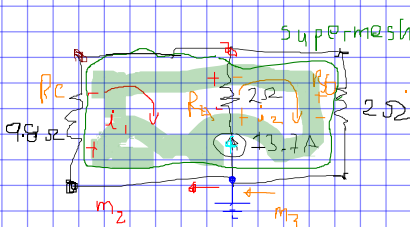
$$-9.8 i_1 - 2 i_2 = 0$$

$$-2 i_1 + 2 i_2 = 27.4 \text{ A}$$

$$-11.8 i_1 = 27.4 \text{ A}$$

$$i_1 = \frac{27.4 \text{ A}}{11.8}$$

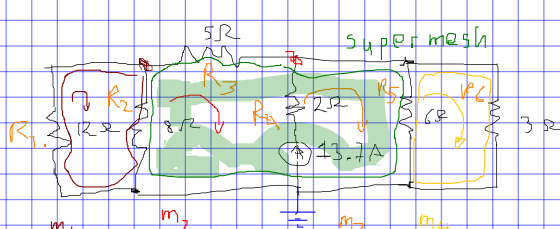
$$i_1 = -2.32 \text{ A}$$



$$i_2 = 13.7 \text{ A} + i_1$$

$$= 13.7 \text{ A} - 2.32$$

$$i_2 = 11.38 \text{ A}$$



Applying a Current Divider:

$$i_{R6} = \frac{R_6}{R_5 + R_6} i_2$$

$$= \frac{2 \Omega}{3 \Omega + 2 \Omega} (11.32 \text{ A})$$

$$i_{R6} = 7.58 \text{ A}$$

$$i_{R1} = 0.92 \text{ A}$$

$$i_{R2} = i_1 - i_{R1} = 2.32 - 0.92 \text{ A} = 1.4 \text{ A}$$

$$i_{R3} = i_1 = -2.32 \text{ A}$$

$$i_{R4} = 13.7 \text{ A}$$

$$i_{R5} = i_2 - i_{R6} = (11.32 - 7.58) \text{ A} = 3.74 \text{ A}$$

$$i_{R6} = 7.58 \text{ A}$$

Applying Ohm's Law

$$i_{R1} = \frac{V_x}{R_1} = \frac{11.14 \text{ V}}{12 \Omega} = 0.92 \text{ A}$$

$$i_{R2} = \frac{V_x}{R_2} = \frac{11.14 \text{ V}}{8 \Omega} = 1.39 \text{ A}$$

$$i_{R3} = \frac{V_x - V_B}{R_3} = \frac{11.14 \text{ V} - 22.75 \text{ V}}{5 \Omega} = -2.32 \text{ A}$$

$$i_{R4} = 13.7 \text{ A}$$

$$i_{R5} = \frac{V_B}{R_5} = \frac{22.75 \text{ V}}{6 \Omega} = 3.79 \text{ A}$$

$$i_{R6} = \frac{V_B}{R_6} = \frac{22.75 \text{ V}}{3 \Omega} = 7.58 \text{ A}$$

5) Com.p.

