

Devices (Modbus RTU, Modbus TCP IP, OPC UA and OPC DA)

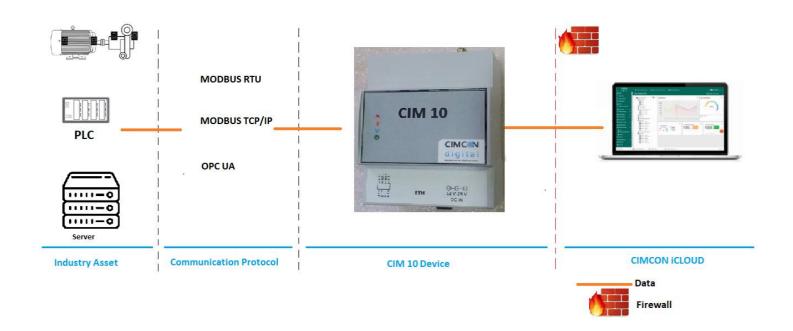
CIMCON DIGITAL (India) Pvt. Ltd.

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### **Block Diagram**



### 1. Modbus RTU

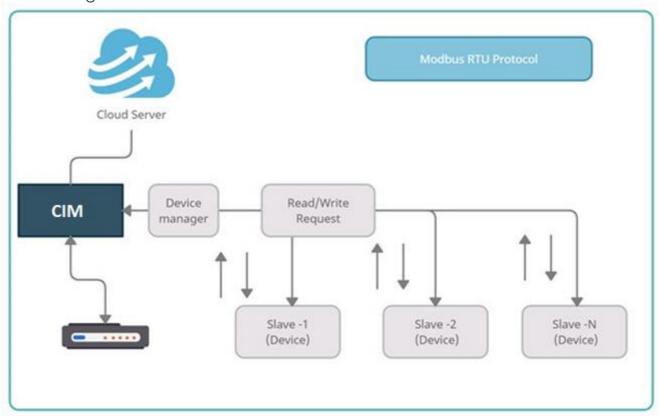
#### **Overview**

MODBUS Protocol used to establish master-slave/client-server communication between intelligent devices. It is a de facto standard, truly open, and the most widely used network protocol in the industrial manufacturing environment. The MODBUS protocol provides an industry-standard method that MODBUS devices use for parsing messages.

### **MODBUS REGISTER MAP**

CIM 10 device are pre-configured to work with CIMCON iCLOUD. Reliability manager can install these devices easily and quickly using mobile application and can start monitoring equipment in just few hours.

### **Block Diagram**





#### Communication between MODBUS Devices

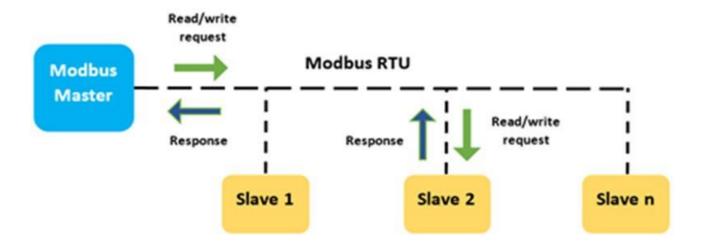
MODBUS devices communicate using a master-slave technique in which only one device (the master) can initiate transactions (called queries).

The other devices (slaves) respond by supplying the requested data to the master A slave is any peripheral device (I/O transducer, valve, network, or other measuring devices), which processes information and sends its output to the master.

Masters can address individual slaves or can initiate a broadcast message to all slaves.

#### **Basic Modbus Network**

Modbus serial protocol (the original version) is a master/slave protocol, e.g. one master that controls the Modbus data transactions with multiple slaves that respond to the master's requests to read from or write data to the slaves. Network architectures are shown in the Figure below.



### It's Application

- Used to establish master-slave/client-server communication between intelligent devices
- The machines you see in factories are commonly controlled by Programmable Logic Controllers (PLC), Industrial Control Systems (ICS), Distributed Control Systems (DCS), and/or Variable Frequency Drive (VFD).

- Modbus enables the communication between many (approximately 247) devices connected to the same network
- Programmable Logic Controller (PLC) and Programmable Automation Controller (PAC) are primarily industrial systems that are designed keeping in mind the manufacturing environment in a plant. These computers are highly reliable when it comes to gauging the ability to control and monitor industrial processes.
- MODBUS is used to monitor and program devices.
- MODBUS used to communicate intelligent devices with sensors and instruments
- MODBUS used to monitor field devices using PCs and HMIs
- MODBUS is also an ideal protocol for RTU applications where wireless communication is required.

### CIM 10 device support MODBUS RTU Features

- Supports multiple types of equipment via RTU
- Supports adjustable address base (0 or 1)
- Supports full address range (0-65535)
- Supports word and byte swapping (byte order):

MSW: Most significant word first

LSW: Least significant word first

MSB: Most significant byte first

LSB: Least significant byte first

- Supports equipment slave id full range (1-254)
- Supported functions:

```
read coil status (01);
```

read input status (02);

read holding registers (03);

read input registers (04);

force single-coil (05);

force multiple coils (15);

preset multiple registers (16); Connection status Supported data types; Boolean Integer8 Integer16 Integer32 Unsigned8 Unsigned16

Floating Point 32

Unsigned32

- Support for reading/writing data that spans multiple contiguous registers with different sizes and byte orders.
- Adjustable polling request time per equipment.
- Adjustable minimum request interval per register.
- Adjustable pooling request timeout.
- Supports minimum channel silence, forcing a time between every request on the serial bus.
- Allows different communication options (baud rate, byte size, parity and stop bits) on the same serial bus

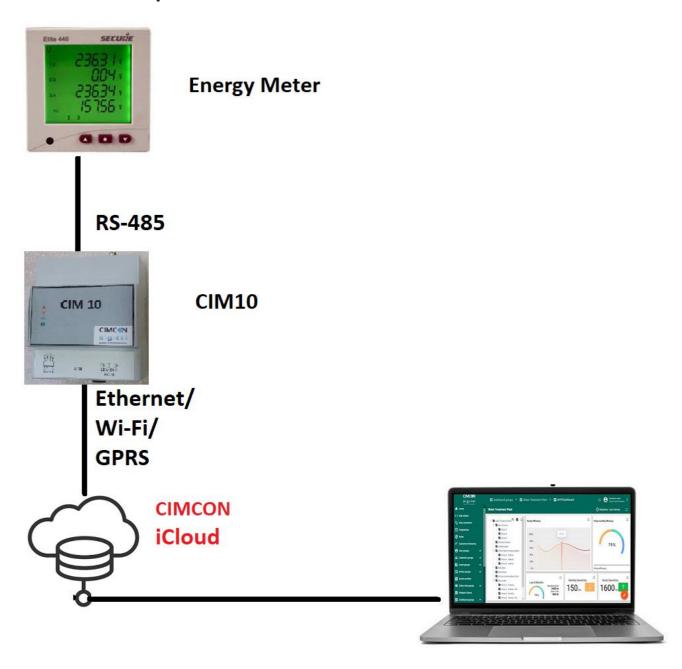
### **Pre-requisites**

- Modbus RTU Interface
- CIM 10 device and Rs485 Devices
- Interface CIM 10 device and Energy Meter Device on RS485 Port of RTU.

### **Example: Secure Meter**

Here we are using Modbus RTU Protocol to test the device data on Webui.

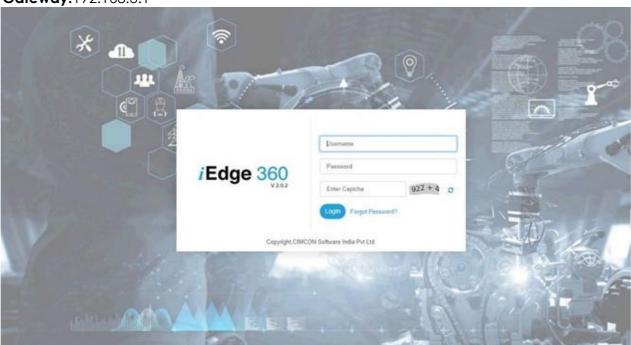
### **Connection Setup**



**Customer Dashboard** view on CIMCON iCloud

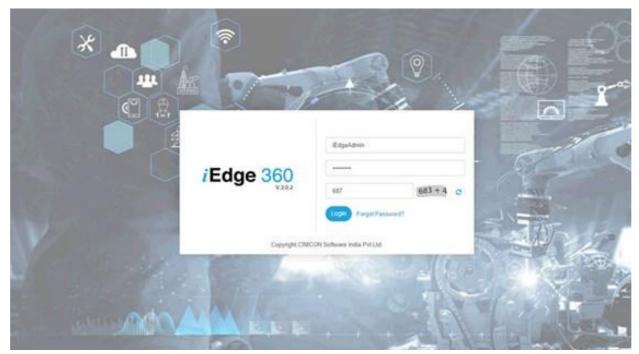
Open webUI with provided URL by CIMCON support team (192.168.3.100) and webpage look likeas below. Default configuration is as below.

**IP:** 192.168.3.100 **Subnet:**255.255.255.0 Gateway: 192.168.3.1



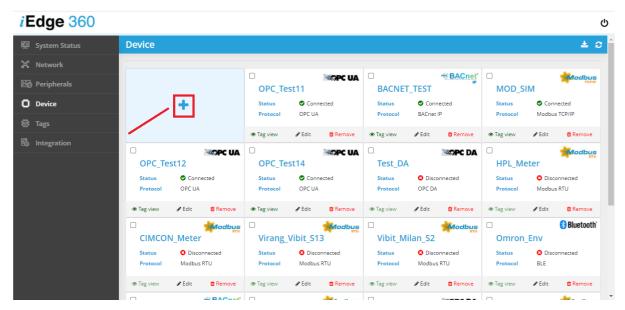
Login with Valid Username and Password.

User Name: iEdgeAdmin Password: iEA@12345



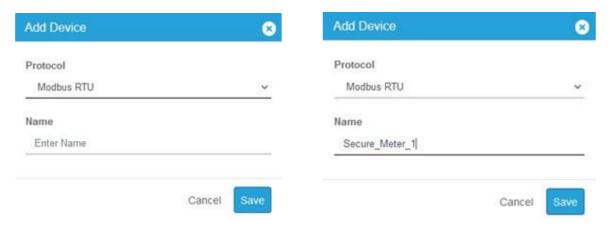
Connection Setup on webUI

We can add the new device using + sign as like in the below screenshot.



- After click on the add device option, we will get a pop-up window on which we can select the protocol on which we want to create a device and give a proper name for that device.

Then click on the "Save" button to see the device on the dashboard.



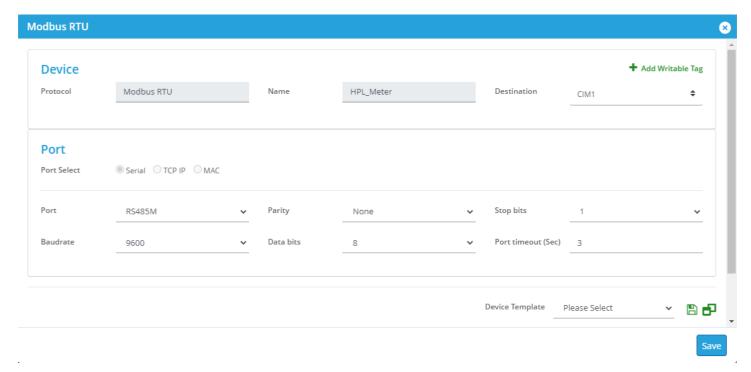
#### The device will be created like as below Image. It contains many details which as below

- Device Name. (Give a proper name to the device)
- Device Status. (Connected, Disconnected, Unknown)
- Tag View. (It is reflecting live data of the device after configuration)
- Edit. (Add configuration of the device)
- Remove. (To remove/delete the device from the dashboard)





- The below basic configuration would help in establishing a connection between Energy meters to Modbus RTU on the webUI.



#### **Under Modbus RTU**

#### Device

Protocol - Already selected during device creation step.

Name - Already configured during device creation step.

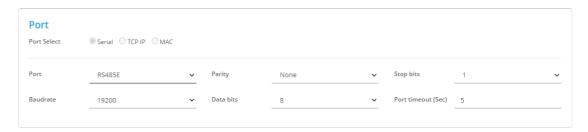
**Destination – Here** user need to mention destination ex. "CIM1" where user can see the result of all parameter. In this case, this service sends data to CIMCON iCLOUD.

#### **Port**

**Port Select** – There are two options for port selection. CIM 10 device supports one RS485 so based on wiring user can select an appropriate one. Need to select the "Serial" option for Modbus RTU protocol.



Port	RS485E	Parity	None	Stop	1	
Port	RS485M	railly	ty None		1	
Baudrate		Data	8	Port	5	
Daudiate	19200	bits	0	Timeout	3	



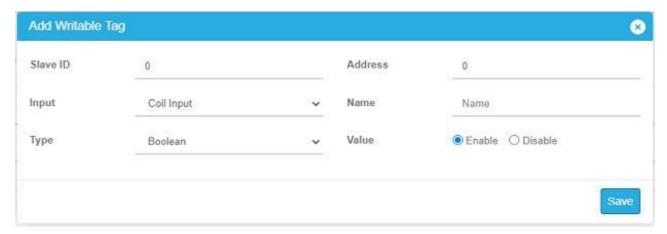
- webUI Support multiple baudrate to connect different peripheral devices.
- Below are port detail of CIM 10 device web portal i.e. webUI support and are configurable.

Parameter	Supported Values	Default Values
	4800	
	9600	
Baud Rate	19200	19200
Baud Rate	38400	19200
	57600	
	115200	
Data bits	8	8
Parity	EVEN =0	
	ODD = 1	None
	NONE = 2	
Stop Bit	1	1



### **Add Writable Tag**

webUI portal support to write a query on the physical device connected to CIM 10 device. Users can check the peripheral permission, to check writable option is allowed or not.



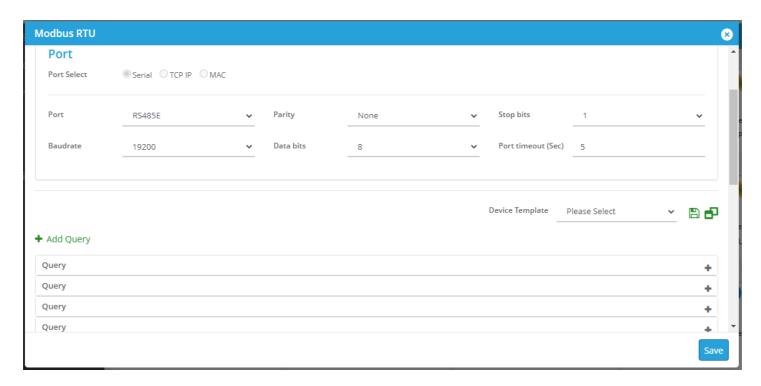
Below are detail need to be added for updating the writable tag.

Slave ID	1 to 254	Address	1 to 65535
	Coil input		
Input	Holding single register	ingle register Name	
mpat			configurable
	register		name option
	Boolean		Enable or
	Int16		Disable (For
Туре	Unit16	Value	Coil input)

### Configuration:

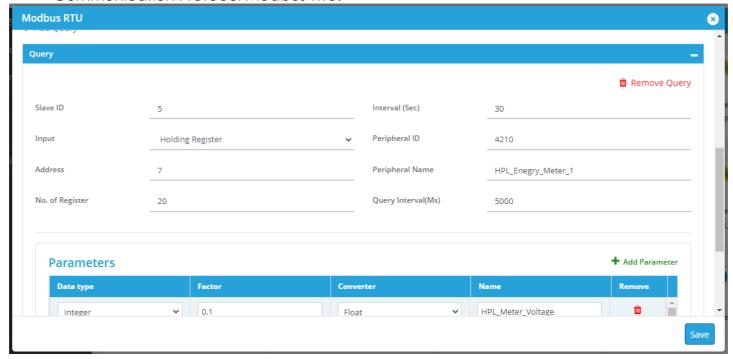
- We can configure the device using below details:
- First, the user needs to create a query on the webUI.





### The details to configure a single query would be as below:

Communication Protocol Modbus-RTU:





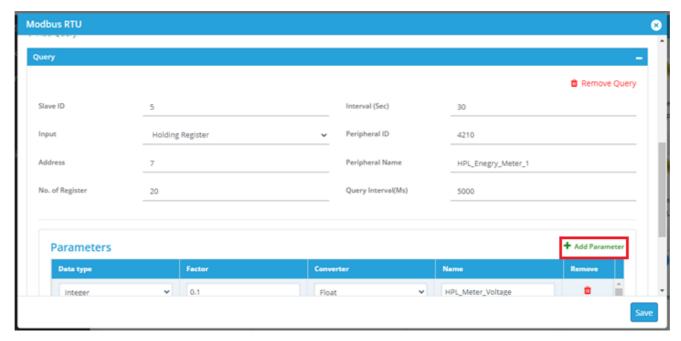
Slave ID	1 to 254		1 to 300	
Input	Drop down menu 1. Coil Input 2. Input status 3. Holding register	Interval (Sec)		
	4. Input register	Peripheral ID	1 to 9999	
Address	1 to 65535	Peripheral Name	User configurable	
No. of register	1 to 32	Query Interval	1 to 5000	

<sup>\*</sup> Input need to select one input from dropdown menu

- The slave ID of the device will be unique.
- Each query will have a peripheral name assigned to it.
- Peripheral ID Will be provided by the CIMCON Customer Success Team.

### How to add Parameter under that query

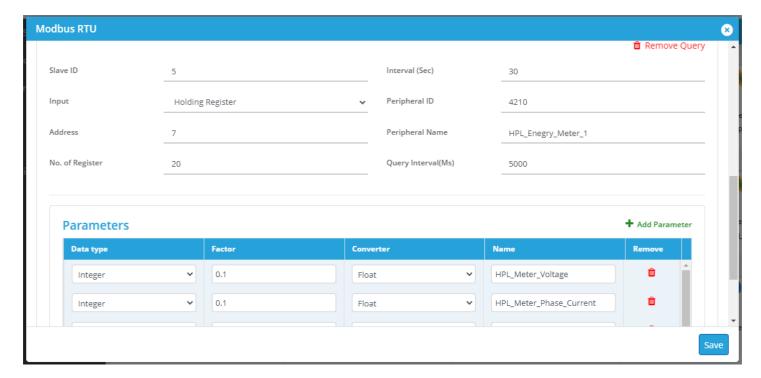
To add a parameter user need to click add a parameter. Users can add a maximum of 16 parameters.



Users can configure parameters as per the below detail and selection available at the webUl.

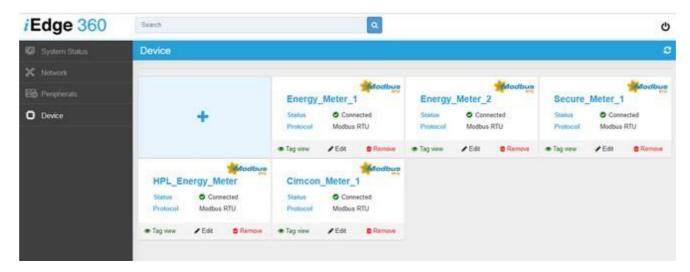


Data type	Factor	Converter	Name	
Float		Float		
Long		Swapped Float		
Binary	t- 000000		User can configure as per	
Integer	Up to 999999	Long	device manual	
Character		Hex		
Decimal		None		

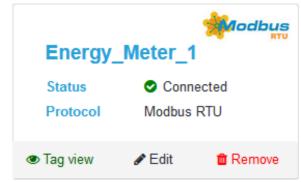


#### Note:

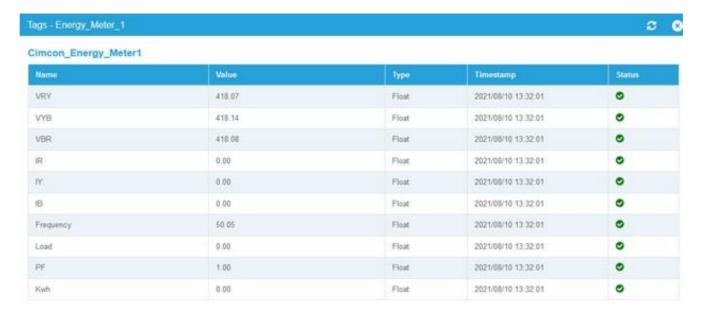
- We can add a maximum of 32 queries and 16 parameters each query-wise.
- Users can add different energy meter devices of different make supporting RTU Modbus to webUI
- After adding the Queries and parameters, the device will be created with connected status.



 Now user can able to see data on webUI, just needto click on Tag view



- Data Showing as per define query in device:-



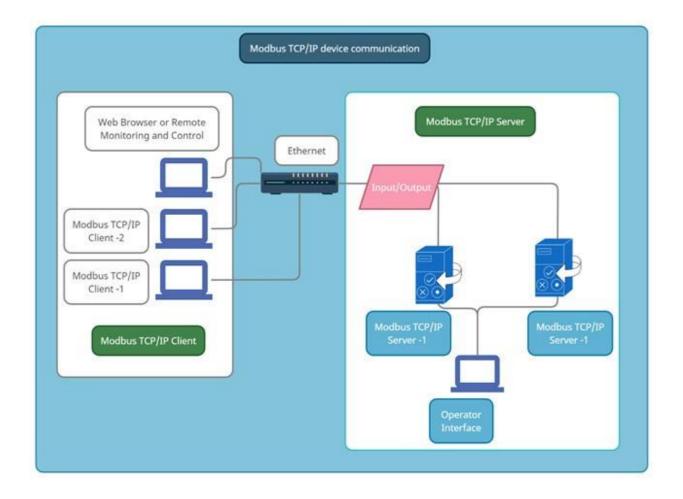
### 2. Modbus TCP/IP

#### Overview:

Modbus TCP/IP (also Modbus-TCP) is simply the Modbus RTU protocol with a TCP interface that runs on Ethernet. That is, Modbus TCP/IP combines a physical network (Ethernet), with a networking standard (TCP/IP), and a standard method of representing data (Modbus as the application protocol).

TCP/IP refers to the Transmission Control Protocol and Internet Protocol, which provides the transmission medium for Modbus TCP/IP messaging.

TCP/IP allows blocks of binary data to be exchanged between computers. It is also a worldwide standard that serves as the foundation for the World Wide Web. The primary function of TCP is to ensure that all packets of data are received correctly, while IP makes sure that messages are correctly addressed and routed.



### CIM 10 device support MODBUS TCP/IP Features

- Supports multiple types of equipment via IP addressing.
- Supports adjustable address base (0 or 1)
- Supports full address range (0-65535)
- Supports word and byte swapping (byte order):

```
MSW: Most significant word first
```

LSW: Least significant word first

MSB: Most significant byte first

LSB: Least significant byte first

- Supports equipment slave id full range (1-254)
- Supported functions:

```
read coil status (01);
```

read input status (02);

read holding registers (03);

read input registers (04);

force single-coil (05);

force multiple coils (15);

preset multiple registers (16);

Connection status

- Supported data types;

Boolean

Integer8

Integer16

Integer32

Unsigned8

Unsigned16

Unsigned32

Floating Point 32

- Support for reading/writing data that spans multiple contiguous registers with different sizes and byte orders.
- Adjustable polling request time per equipment.
- Adjustable minimum request interval per register.
- Adjustable pooling request timeout.
- Supports minimum channel silence, forcing a time between every request on the serial bus.
- Allows different communication options (baud rate, byte size, parity and stop bits) on the same serial bus

### **Pre-requisites:**

- Modbus Ethernet TCP/IP Simulator or Modbus TCP/IP device
- Whitelist IP address and Port.

Here we are using Modbus Ethernet Simulator to test the device data on webUI.

### **Connection Setup:**

Open CIM 10 device web page with provided URL by CIMCON support team (192.168.3.100) and webpage look likeas below. Default configuration is as below. IP: 192.168.3.100

**Subnet :**255.255.255.0 **Gateway:**192.168.3.1

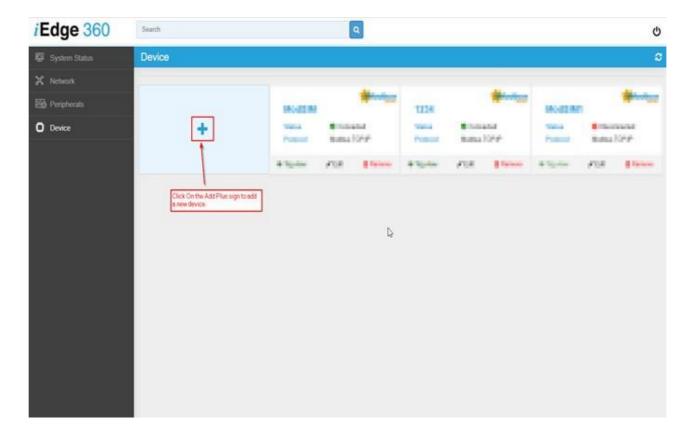


Login with Valid Username and Password.

User Name: iEdgeAdmin Password: iEA@12345.



- Connection Setup on webUI:
- We can add the new device using + sign as like in the below screenshot.



After click on the add device option, we will get a pop-up window on which we can select the protocol on which we want to create a device and give a proper name for that device. Then click on the "Save" button to see the device on the dashboard.



### The device will be created like as below Image. It contains many details which as below:

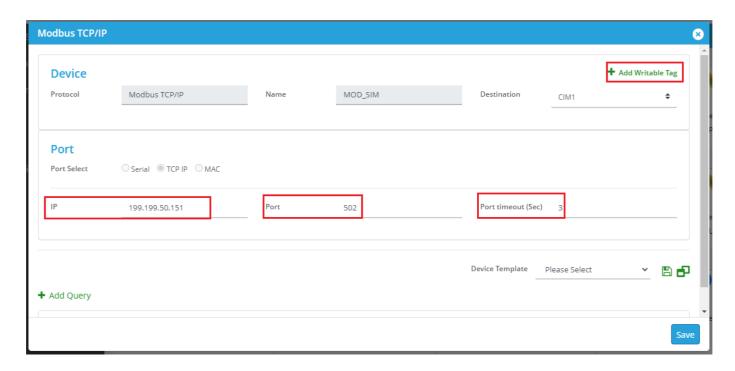
- Device Name. (Give a proper name to the device)
- Device Status. (Connected, Disconnected, Unknown)
- Tag View. (It is reflecting live data of the device after configuration)



- Edit. (Add configuration of the device)
- Remove. (To remove/delete the device from the dashboard)

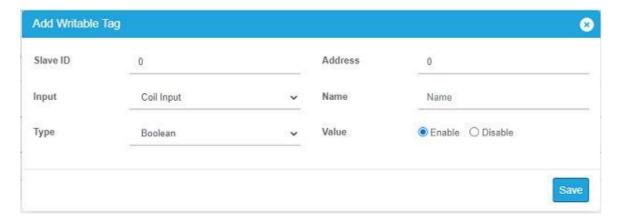
#### We use the "edit" option to configure a device. It requires below details:

- IP Address of the Simulator or the Modbus TCP/IP server.
- Port.
- Port timeout in second.
- The Above basic configuration would help in establishing a connection between Modbus TCP clients to Modbus TCP server.



### **Add Writable Tag**

webUI support to write a query on the physical device connected to CIM 10 device. Users can check the peripheral permission, to check writable option is allowed ornot.



Below are detail need to be added for updating the writable tag.

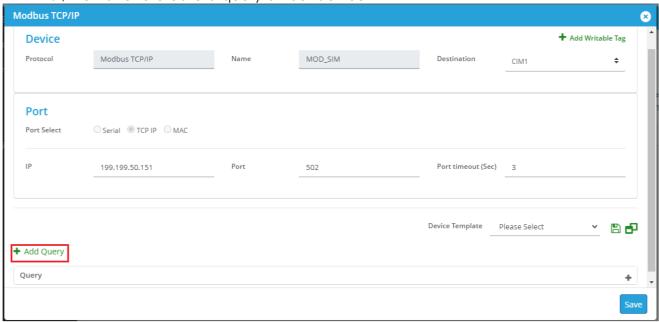
Slave ID	1 to 254	Address	1 to 65535
	Coil input		
Input	Holding single register	Name	User have
mpat	Holding multiple	Ivallie	configurable
	register		name option
	Boolean		Enable or
Type	Int16	Value	Disable (For
	Unit16		Coil input)



### **Configuration:**

#### We can configure the device using below details:

First, we have to create a query on our device



### The details to configure a single query would be as below:

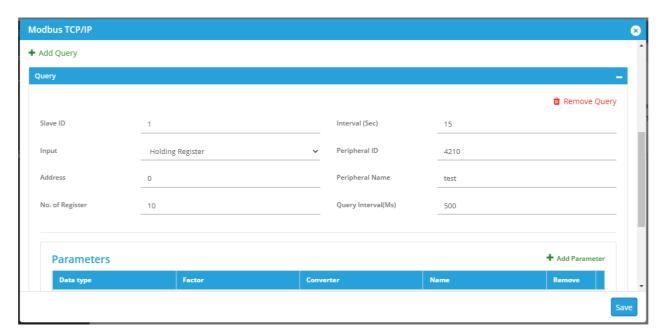
#### **Communication Protocol Modbus-TCP:**

- Slave Id. (Device Id of the peripheral. (max 255))
- Input.

Coil Input	Single bit	Read-Write	This type of data would alterable by an application.
Input Status	Single bit	Read-Only	This type of data would be provided by the I/O system only.
Input Register	16-bit word	Read-Only	This type of data would be provided by the I/O system only.
Holding Reg- ister	16-bit word	Read-Write	This type of data would alterable by an application.

- Address Field. (Start Address First register address to be read (01....F7 HEX))
- No. of Registers. (Number of registers (max 32) to be read)
- Interval. (Interval in second)

- Peripheral ID. (Number mentioned on "CIMCON iCLOUD" would be connected andreceive the data)
- Peripheral Name. (Display name of the peripheral on CIMCON iCLOUD application)
- Query Interval. (Ms)

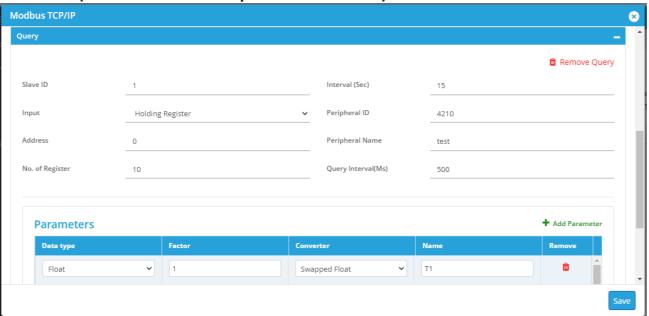


### We can add the parameters as below Image:

- Data type.
  - Float
  - 0 Long
  - Integer 0
  - Binary 0
  - Character 0
  - Decimal
- Factor (Max 999999)
- Converter.
  - Float 0
  - Swapped Float
  - 0 Long

- Hex 0
- None

Name (Parameter Name as per device manual)

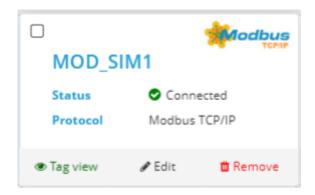


#### Note:

We can add a maximum of 32 queries and 16 parameters each query-wise.

### Tag View:

It will display output as per configuration.





### 3. OPC UA

#### **Overview:**

- OPC UA (short for Open Platform Communications United Architecture) is a data exchange standard for industrial communication (machine-to-machine or PCto-machine communication). This open interface standard is independent of the manufacturer or system supplier of the application, of the programming language in which the respective software was programmed, and of the operating system on which the application is running. OPC UA is a more secure, open, reliable mechanism for transferring information between Servers and Clients. It provides more open transports, better security, and a more complete information model. OPC UA provides a very flexible and adaptable mechanism for moving data between enterprise-type systems and the kinds of controls, monitoring devices, and sensors that interact with real-world data.
- OPC UA uses scalable platforms, multiple security models, multiple transport layers, and a sophisticated information model to allow the smallest dedicated controller to freely interact with complex, high-end server applications. OPC UA can communicate anything from simple downtime status to massive amounts of highly complex plantwide information.

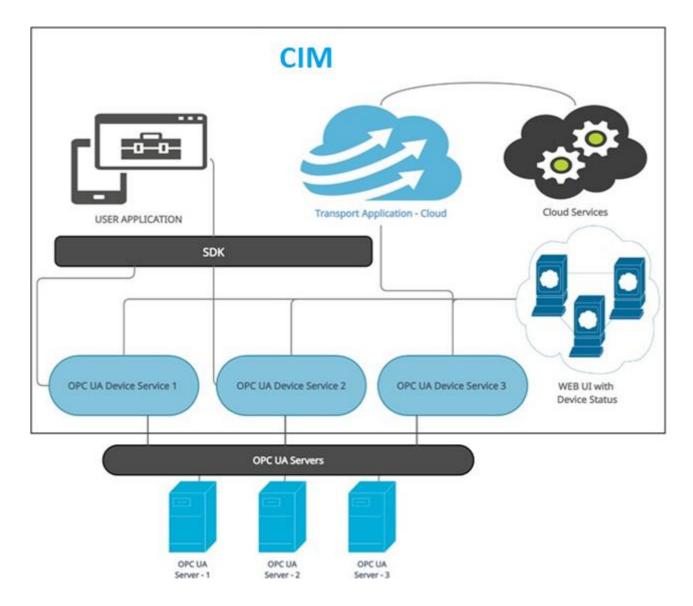


Figure 1: CIM10 device - OPC UA Block Diagram

#### **CIM 10 device OPC UA Features**

- Support for the OPC UA protocol over TCP on VPNs, through firewalls, and across the internet, WAN, or LAN.
- Support for reading and writing OPC UA variable nodes by node ID.
- Support for multiple OPC UA server connections.
- Support for basic authentication.
- Support for authentication through x509 certificates.
- Support for data encryption via RSA Standards.
- Supports Read, Write, and Subscription functionality.
- Adjustable pooling read time.

Supported data types: BOOL (boolean) SINT (int 8) USINT (uint 8) BYTE (uint 8) INT (int 16) UINT (uint 16) WORD (uint 16) DINT (int 32) UDINT (uint 32) DWORD (uint 32) LINT (int 64) ULINT (uint 64) LWORD (uint 64)

REAL (float)

LREAL (double)

CHAR (char)

WCHAR (2-byte char)

STRING (utf-8)

### **Pre-Requisite:**

To verify the functionality of the OPC UA application, we need OPC UA Server and client.

- 1. OPC UA Server (Device) or OPC UA Simulation Server
- 2. OPC UA Client (CIM 10 device)
- 3. Internet Connectivity
- 4. Whitelist IP/Port

### **OPC UA Client/Server Configuration:**

(For OPC UA Client server configuration we have taken Prosys Simulator as an example) Here, we have provided complete details of the OPC UA server - Client configuration with Prosys OPC UA simulation server.

#### Server Side

- First of all, we need to install the Prosys OPC UA Simulation Server into the PC, below is the link to download "Prosys OPC UA Simulation Server" for your ready reference. https://downloads.prosysopc.com/opc-ua-simulation-server-downloads.php Note: The application is a "self-contained" package that contains a private JRE for running the application, so no Java install is required.
- After successfully installation, the status View (Figure 1) displays short information about the current server status and available connection addresses. If everything is fine, Server Status displays Running. During startup, the status will show a message displaying the current startup phase. In case of errors, it may turn to error with additional information about the exact problem. The application can fail at startup, for example when another instance of the application is already running.

This is below an example of a Prosys simulation server.

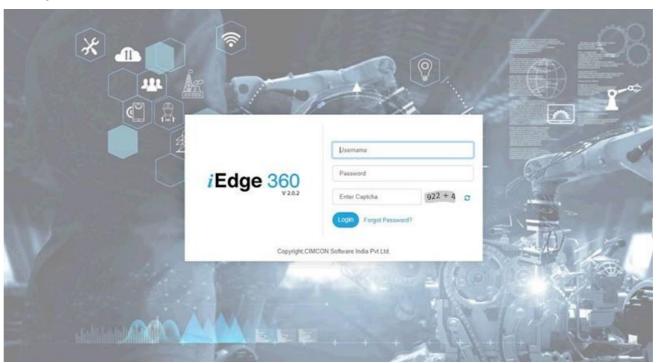


Figure 1. The Status View displays some basic information about the server.

### Client-Side:

Open webUI web page with provided URL by CIMCON support team (192.168.3.100) and webpage look like as below. Default configuration is as below.

**IP:** 192.168.3.100 **Subnet:**255.255.255.0 Gateway: 192.168.3.1



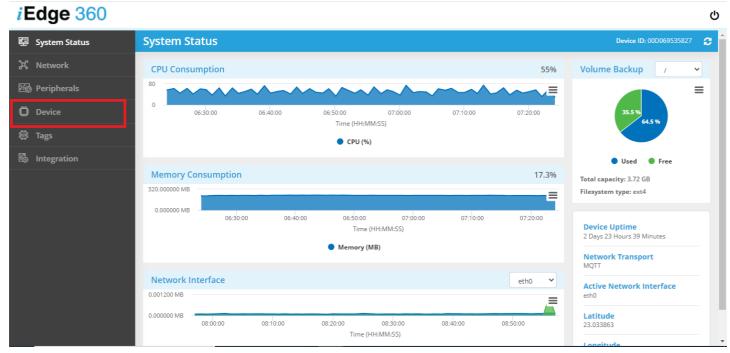
Login with Valid Username and Password.

User Name: iEdgeAdmin Password: iEA@12345

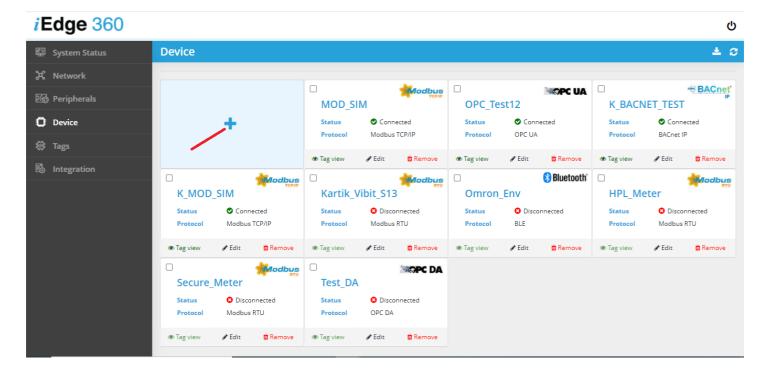


After successfully login in, you can able see the status page of the application as below.

On the left side of the status page, there is an option "Device", click on the "Device".



You can able to see the below page once you clicked on "Device". Now, add the device of "OPC UA" by clicking on "+".



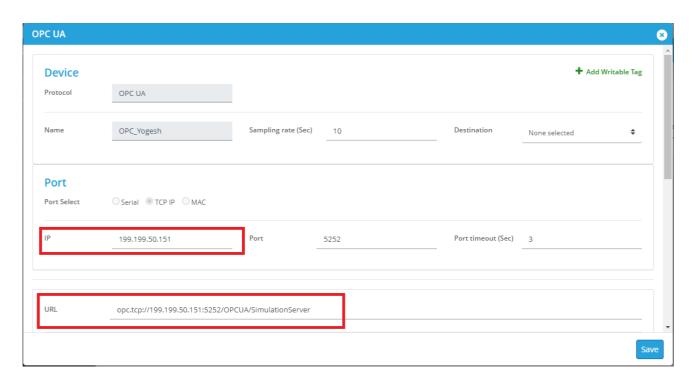
Select "OPC UA" protocol to add an OPC UA device, configured the Name of the OPC UA device, and click on "Save" to create an OPC UA device.



Initially, created OPC UA device status shows "Disconnected" as shown below image.



Click on "Edit" to configure the OPC UA Server URL on the client side. Now, you can see below the configuration page of OPC UA and here, configured "IP" of the PC where simulator server is installed and Prosys OPC UA Simulation Server Connection Address in URL and click on "Save" as shown in below image.

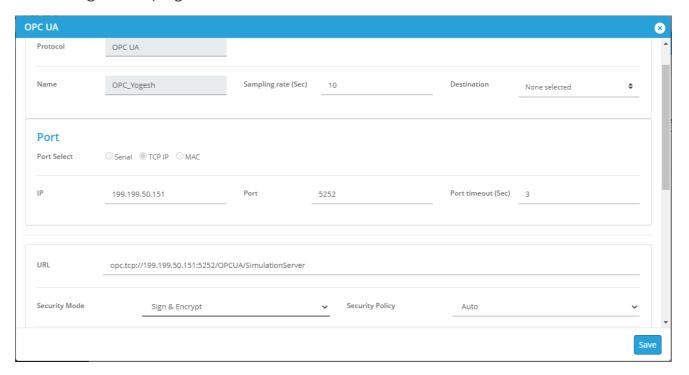


Now, device status has been changed to "Connected" as shown below image, which means OPC UA Server and Client connection set-up done successfully.



## **Parameter Configuration:**

Starting with the configuration page of the OPC UA application can able to see the configuration page as below.



### **Device**

- **Protocol:** OPC UA which is already selected when created device.
- Name: Already given the relevant name of when created device.
- Sampling rate (Sec): user can define sampling rate in second (0 to 3600), at which rate the user requires information/data on the cloud.
- **Destination:** user can define/add the list of applications on which the user wants data.

#### **Port**

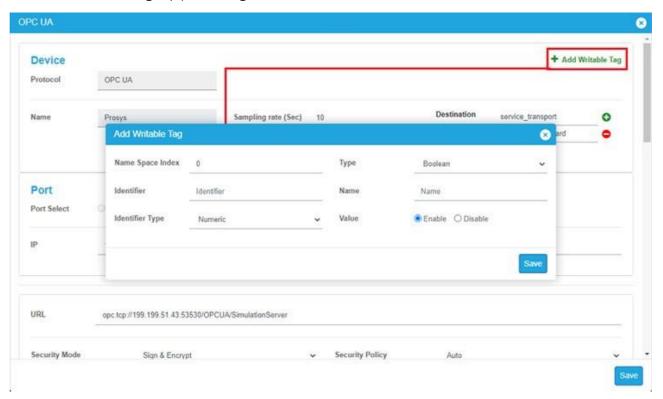
- Port Select: Serial or TCP IP
- IP & Port: user needs to configure the IP and port of the PC/Server.

### **URL**

- **URL:** Need to configure URL of the OPC UA simulation server/Device which is an OPC UA server.

### "+ Add Writable Tag"

Users can add a tag by providing the below details.



When adding a new Variable or Object or when editing an existing one, you will be prompted to fill all or some of the following information

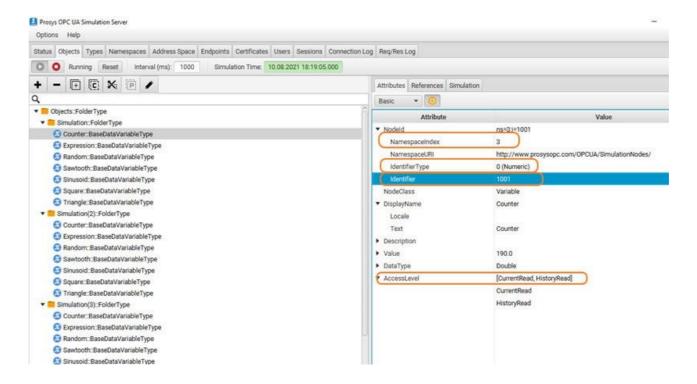
- Name Space Index defines the namespace that the Node belongs to
  - o Name Space Index: 0 to 99 (numeric)
- Identifier Type defines which Variable Type or Object Type the Node will implement. The type defines the structure of the Node.
  - o Identifier Type: 0 (Numeric) or 3 (string)
- Identifier defines the name or number of that particular variable/node.
  - o Identifier: name or number of Node



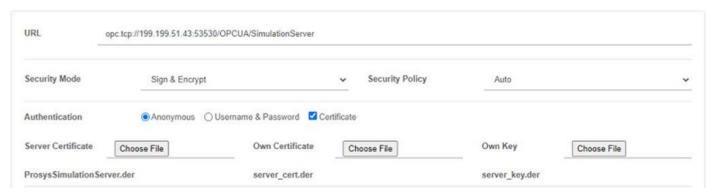
- Name: defines the Display Name and the Browse Name of the Node
  - o User can give name as per requirement
- Type: defines the Datatypes.
  - o Users can select the data type from the drop-down list

Note: User can get the variable or object details from Prosys simulator server as shown in the below image.

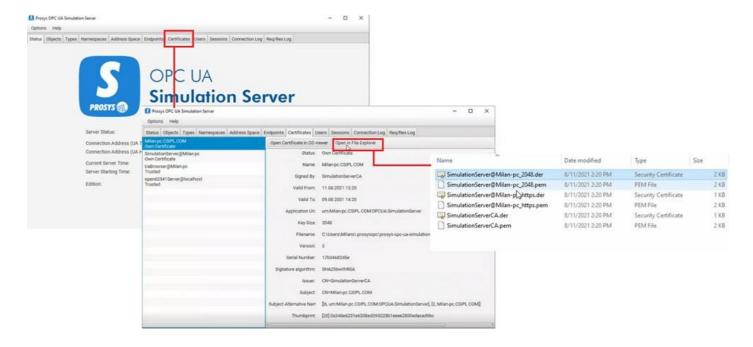
Object -> Select Variable (Counter) -> Attribute -> Node ID



### Security



- Security Mode: User need to select security mode as per drop down mentioned
  - a) None
  - b) Sign
  - c) Sign & Encrypt
- Security Policy: User needs to select security policy as per drop down mentioned.
  - a) **Auto**
  - b) Basic128Rsa15
  - Basic256 c)
  - Basic256Sha256 d)
  - e) Aes128Sha256RsaOaep
- Authentication User can choose the authentication mode
  - **Anonymous** (No login credential is required) a)
  - **Username & Password** (Login credential is required) b)
  - Certificate c)
- Server Certificate: we can get a certificate from the OPC server. Example as per below.

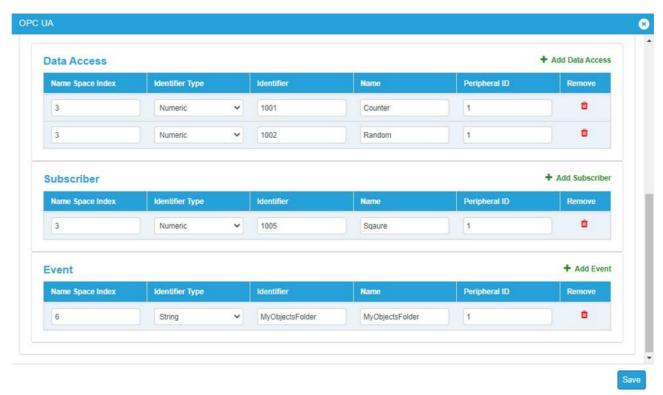


Own certificate and Own key: The certificate and key are of the CIM 10 device.

CIMCON CS team will provide the file.

## **Configuring a Variable or Object**

- Apart from this, the OPC UA application has main three parts in the configuration section as shown below image.
- "Data Access" read and write data/information based on access permissions.
- "Subscriber" monitor data/information and report-by-exception when values change based on a client's criteria.
- "Events" notify important information based on the client's criteria.

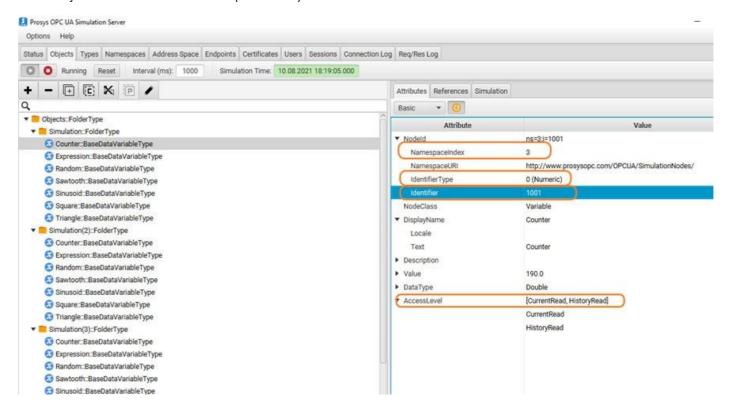


When adding a new Variable or Object or when editing an existing one, you will be prompted to fill all or some of the following information

- Name Space Index defines the namespace that the Node belongs to
  - Name Space Index: 0 to 99 (numeric)
- Identifier Type defines which Variable Type or Object Type the Node will implement. The type defines the structure of the Node.
  - **Identifier Type :** 0 (Numeric) or 3 (string)
- Identifier defines the name or number of that particular variable/node.
  - Identifier: name or number of Node

- Name: defines the Display Name and the Browse Name of the Node
  - User can give name as per requirement
- Peripheral ID: defines the ID number through which you'll get the data on CIMCON iCLOUD.
  - Users can define peripheral ID as per requirement Note: User can get the variable or object details from Prosys simulator server as shown in the below image.

Object -> Select Variable (Counter) -> Attribute -> Node ID



After configuring a variable or object on the configuration page of OPC UA, click on "Save".

Tag View: To see the value of configured parameters on the configuration page, click on "Tag View" as shown below image and you'll get the value of the configured parameters along with its data type, timestamp, and status.



## Tags - Prosys\_Simulator





### **Data Access**

Name	Value	Туре	Timestamp	Status
Counter	60.0	Double	2021/08/10 13:00:40	•
Random	59188350	Uint64	2021/08/10 13:00:40	•

## Subscribe

Name	Value	Туре	Timestamp	Status
Sqaure	1000	Uint32	2021/08/10 13:00:49	•

### **Event**

Name	Value	Туре	Timestamp	Status
MyObjectsFolder	Level exceeded	String	2021/08/10 13:00:13	•



## 4. OPC DA

### **Overview:**

- OPC XML DA is a SOAP Web Service based mechanism to communicate with OPC DA server running on Windows operating systems. This mechanism is a standard from the OPC Foundation and therefore helps a client process to communicate with a OPC DA server from any software vendor.
- A OPC XML DA client connects to a OPC XML DA gateway. The communication protocol is HTTP and the data is sent and received in SOAP XML packets. The SOAP XML packet structures in this case is defined by the OPC Foundation.
- The communication between a OPC XML DA gateway and a OPC DA server is through usual Windows DCOM components.
- For the purpose of CIM 10 device a UNIX daemon process shall act as a OPC XML DA client.

## **Pre-Requisite:**

To verify the functionality of the OPC DA application, we need OPC DA Server and client.

- OPC DA Server (Device) or OPC DA Simulation Server
- OPC DA Client (CIM 10 device)
- Installed gateway running during communication between client and server.
- Internet Connectivity
- Whitelist IP/Port

## **OPC DA Client/Server Configuration: Server Side**

(For OPC DA Client server configuration we have taken MitrokonOPC simulator as an example) Here, we have provided complete details of the OPC UA server - Client configuration with MitrokonOPC simulator simulation server.

### **Server Side**

- First of all, we need to install the Simulation Server into the PC i.e.
  - MatrikonOPCSimulation.exe, below is the link to download "MatrikonOPCSimulation" for your ready reference. <a href="https://www.matrikonopc.com/downloads/178/index.aspx">https://www.matrikonopc.com/downloads/178/index.aspx</a>
  - Note: The application is a "self-contained" package that contains a private JRE for running the application, so no Java install is required.
- After successfully installation, the status View displays short information about the current server status and available connection addresses.



This is below an example of a MatrikonOPC simulation server.

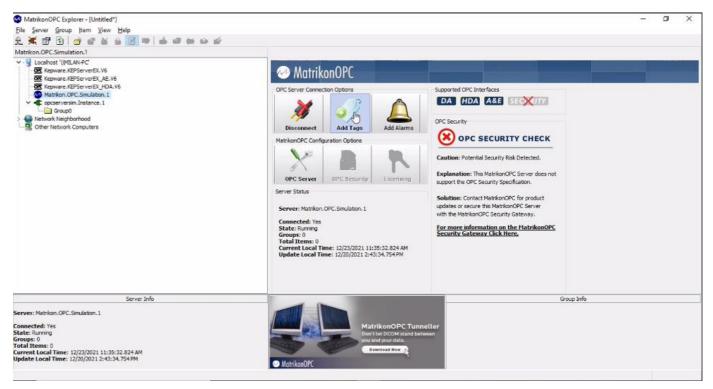
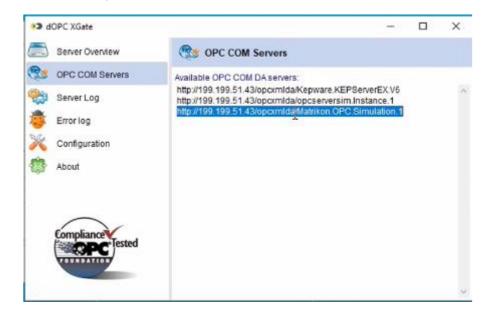


Figure 1. The Status View displays some basic information about the server.

Gateway installed must be running on server PC for communication. Below is the screen showing server IP address which will be as URL link during device creation. https://www.kassl.de/opc/download.shtml



## Client-Side:

Open webUI web page with provided URL by CIMCON support team (192.168.3.100) and webpage look like as below. Default configuration is as below.

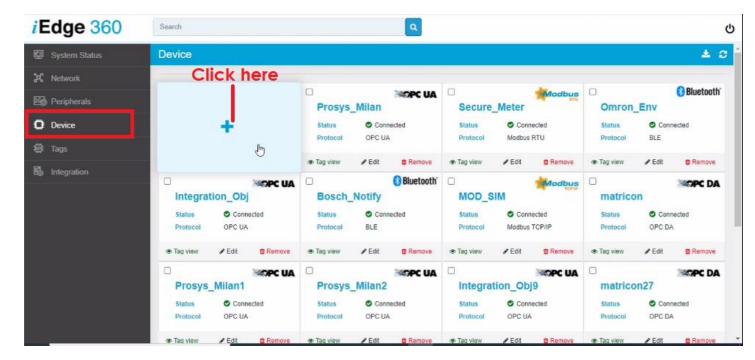
**IP:** 192.168.3.100 **Subnet:**255.255.255.0 Gateway:192.168.3.1



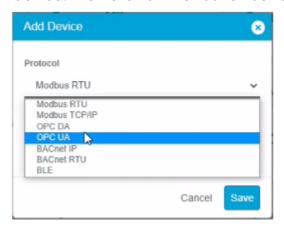
Login with Valid Username and Password. User Name: iEdgeAdmin Password: iEA@12345

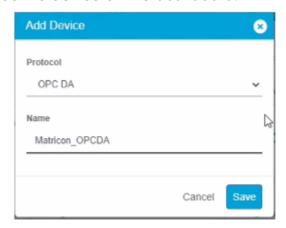


- User need to go to Device, click "+" sign to add new device.



- After click on the add device option, we will get a pop-up window on which we can select the protocol on which we want to create a device and give a proper name for that device. Then click on the "Save" button to see the device on the dashboard.





### The device will be created like as below Image. It contains many details which as below

- Device Name. (Give a proper name to the device)
- Device Status. (Connected, Disconnected, Unknown)
- Tag View. (It is reflecting live data of the device after configuration)
- Edit. (Add configuration of the device)
- Remove. (To remove/delete the device from the



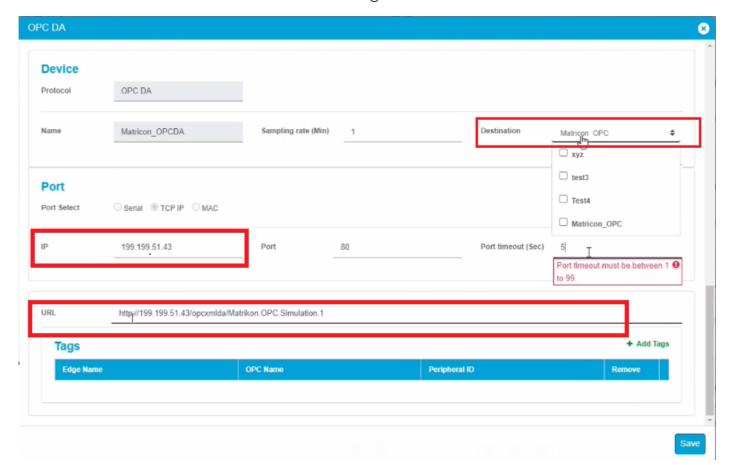


dashboard)

Initially, created OPC UA device status shows "Disconnected" as shown below image.



Click on "Edit" to configure the OPC DA Server URL on the client side. Now, you can see below the configuration page of OPC DA and here, configured "IP" of the PC where simulator server is installed and MatrikonOPC Simulation Server Connection Address in URL and click on "Save" as shown in below image



### **Under OPC DA**

### **Device**

**Protocol** - Already selected during device creation step.

Name - Already configured during device creation step.

**Sampling rate (MIN)** – user can define sampling rate in minute, at which rate the user requires information/data on the cloud.

Destination – user can define/add the list of applications on which the user wants data. For

example "Matricon\_OPC" here user need to select the destination from available drop down list (list available are already created in Integration).

### **Port**

Port Select - There are three options for port selection. Need to select the "TCP/IP" option as OPC DA simulator is used.

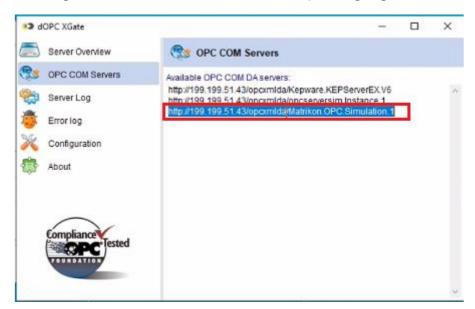
IP - Need to mention the IP address of OPC DA supported devices. Here in mention the IP address of OPC DA simulator is installed

Port- Port of PC/server

Port timeout - This is time at which Port of PC/server will automatically disconnected

### **URL**

**URL:** Need to configure URL of the OPC DA Gateway as highlighted below.

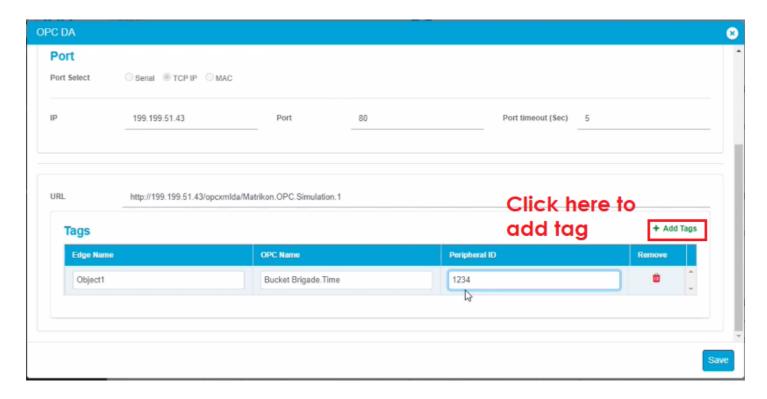


Now, device status has been changed to "Connected" as shown below image, which means OPC UA Server and Client connection set-up done successfully.



## **ADD Tags**

User can add multiple tags for different parameters. Maximum 32 tags can be added.

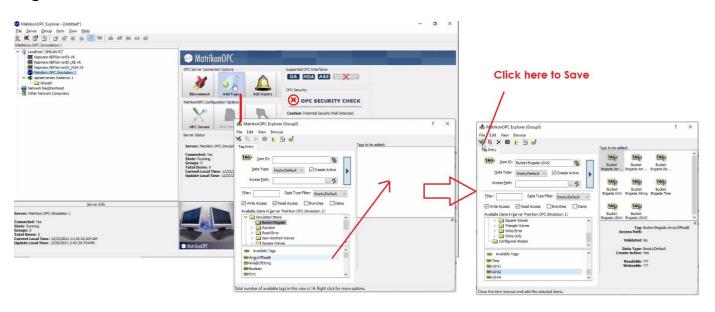


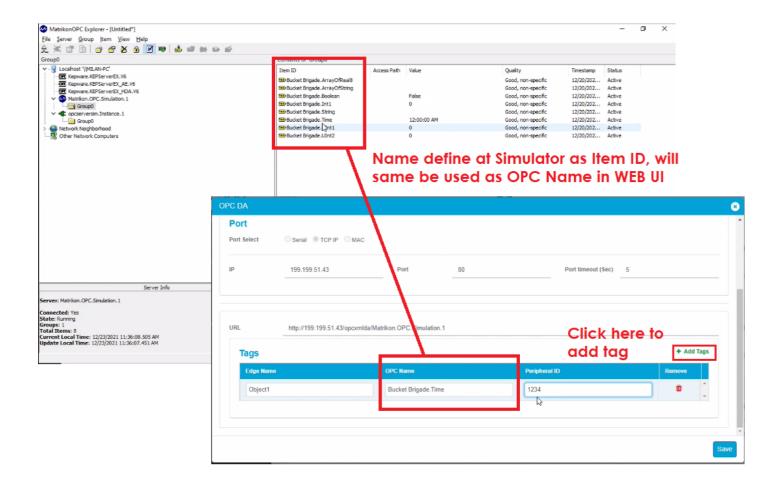
Edge Name: this is configurable option user can add Name as per there need

**OPC Name:** As defined in Simulators

Peripheral ID: as defined in CIMCON iCLOUD

## Tags defined at Simulation server





## After configuring a variable or object on the configuration page of OPC DA, click on "Save".

Tag View: To see the value of configured parameters on the configuration page, click on "Tag View" as shown below image and you'll get the value of the configured parameters along with its Value, data type, timestamp, and status.



# *i*Edge 360

#### Tags - Matricon\_OPCDA Matricon\_OPCDA Object1 1899-12-30T00:00:00:000+05:30 dateTime 2021/12/23 06:14:53 0 Random.ArrayOfRead8 2021/12/23 06:14.53 0 Random.ArrayOfString control,software ArrayOfString 2021/12/23 06:14:53 Random Boolean faise boolean 2021/12/23 06:14:53 2021/12/23 06:14:53 Random.Int4 30351 Random.Money 21621 2021/12/23 06:14:53 0 decimal Random.Real8 450.80591085 double 2021/12/23 06:14:53 Random Time 2021-12-23T06 11 25 000+05 30 2021/12/23 06:14:53 0 dateTime Random UInt1 2021/12/23 06:14:53

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