

Basic Bash Command Encyclopedia

A comprehensive reference of **100 essential Bash commands** for terminal navigation, file manipulation, system management, and more.

Navigation & Directory Management

- **pwd** : Print working directory
- **ls** : List directory contents
- **cd** : Change directory
- **mkdir** : Create directory
- **rmdir** : Remove directory
- **tree** : Show directory structure
- **du** : Disk usage summary
- **df** : Display disk space usage
- **find** : Search for files/directories
- **locate** : Find files by name

Special Symbols & Shorthand

- **~** : Home directory
- **.** : Current directory
- ***** : Glob, match any character
- **|** : Pipe, send output from one command as input to another
- **>** : write to a file
- **>>** : append to a file
- **<** : Send input from file to command
- **;** : Separate multiple commands on a line
- **\t** : tab character
- **\n** : newline character
- **#** : comment, ignore to end of line

File Viewing & Manipulation

- **cat** : Display file contents
- **head** : Show first lines of file
- **tail** : Show last lines of file
- **cp** : Copy files or directories
- **mv** : Move or rename files
- **rm** : Remove files or directories
- **touch** : Create empty file
- **vim** : Open text editor
- **less** : View file content interactively
- **sort** : Sort lines in a file

Searching & Text Processing

- **grep** : Search for text in files
- **sed** : Stream editor for find/replace
- **wc** : Count lines, words, and bytes
- **cut** : Remove sections from lines
- **uniq** : Report or filter duplicate lines
- **diff** : Compare files line by line
- **comm** : Compare sorted files
- **tr** : Translate or delete characters
- **xargs** : Build and execute command lines

Compression & Archives

- **tar** : Create/extract archives
- **gzip** : Compress files
- **gunzip** : Decompress gzip files
- **zip** : Create zip archives
- **unzip** : Extract zip archives
- **zcat** : View compressed files

Network & Downloads

- **wget** : Download files from the web
- **curl** : Transfer data to/from URLs
- **ping** : Check network connection
- **scp** : Copy files via SSH
- **ssh** : Connect to remote server
- **host** : DNS lookup utility
- **ftp** : File transfer protocol client

Permissions & Ownership

- **chmod : Change file permissions**
- chown : Change file owner/group
- chgrp : Change group ownership
- sudo : Run command as superuser
- umask : Set default file permissions
- id : Display user identity
- whoami : Show current user
- groups : Show group memberships
- passwd : Change user password
- su : Switch user

System Info & Process Management

- top : Display running processes
- ps : Report current processes
- kill : Terminate processes
- pkill : Kill by process name
- jobs : List active jobs

Variables, Logic & Output

- echo : Print text to screen
- VAR=value : Assign a variable
- \$VAR : Use a variable
- export : Make variable available to subshells
- read : Read input from user
- if/fi : Conditional statement
- for/do/done : Loop structure
- while/do/done : Loop while condition true
- case/esac : Switch structure
- set : Set or unset shell options
- unset : Remove variable or function

Utilities & Shortcuts

- history : Show command history
- !! : Repeat last command
- !n : Run nth command from history
- alias : Create command shortcut
- unalias : Remove alias
- clear : Clear terminal screen
- man : Display command manual
- help : Show built-in help
- date : Show or set system date
- time : Show the runtime of the following command
- dos2unix : convert Windows file to readable Unix file, remove carriage returns