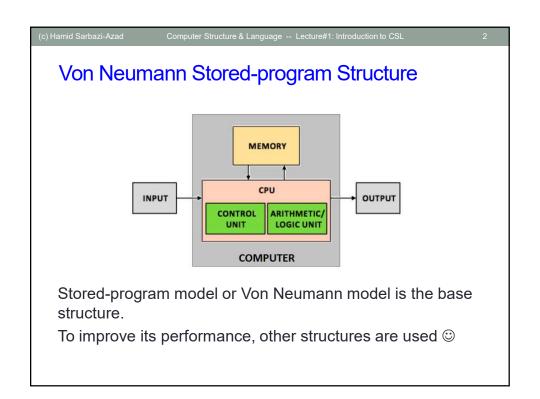
# Computer Structure and Language

### Hamid Sarbazi-Azad

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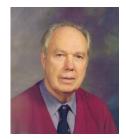


Flynn's Taxonomy for Computer Structure

Flynn introduced his taxonomy in 1966 based on the concept of data and instruction streams.

### Instruction Stream:

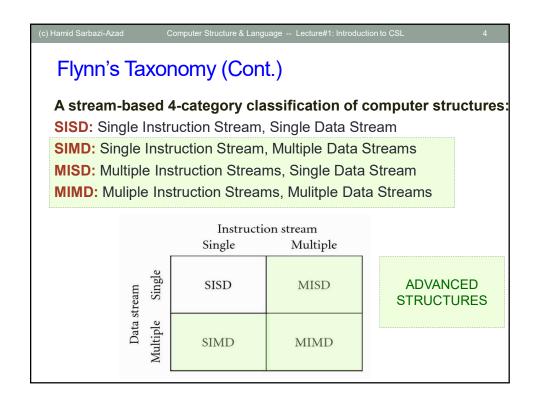
The sequence of instructions fetched and executed by the processor

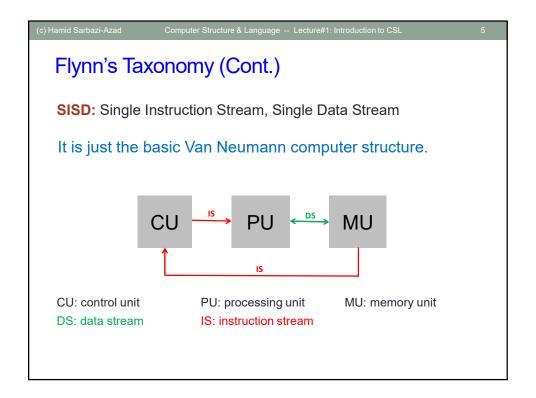


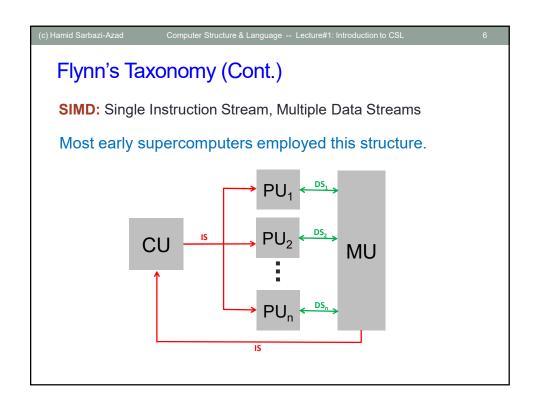
Michael J. Flynn (1934-)

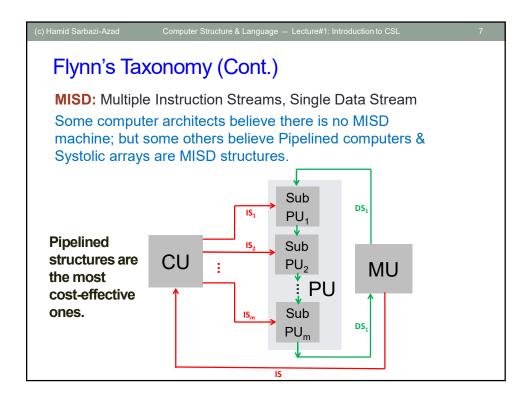
### Data Stream:

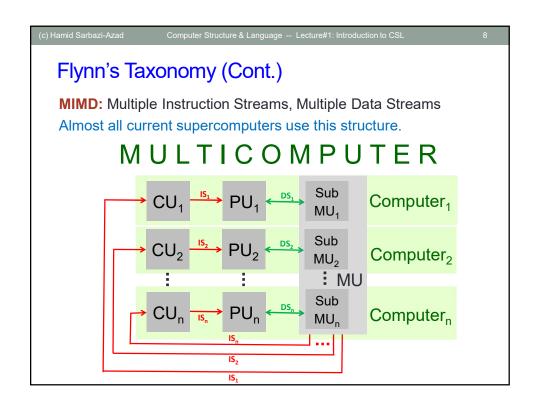
The sequence of data accessed and processed by an Instruction Stream











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### Supercomputers

Use of different Advanced Computer Structures in SIMD, MISD and MIMD categories and Advances in integrated circuits technology (i.e. Moore's law) have fuelled the thirst for building powerful computers (supercomputers) during the last 6 decades.

Supercomputers are evaluated every 6 months and listed in <a href="www.top500.org">www.top500.org</a> based on computing power in FLOPS (Floating-point Operations Per Second).

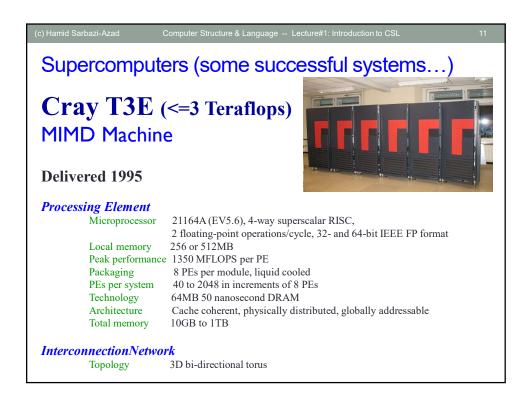
Remember IEEE 754 Floating-point format! Adding/multiplying two IEEE 754 floating-point numbers is considered a FLOP.

## (c) Hamid Sarbazi-Azad Computer Structure & Language -- Lecture#1: Introduction to CSL Supercomputers (some successful systems...)

### Cray I SIMD machine

- Year 1975
- 160 MFLOPS
- Vector machine
- 8 MB main memory





Supercomputers (some successful systems...)

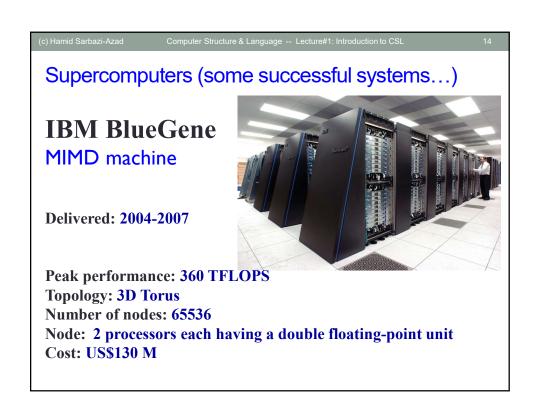
The Earth Simulator
Multi-SIMD machine

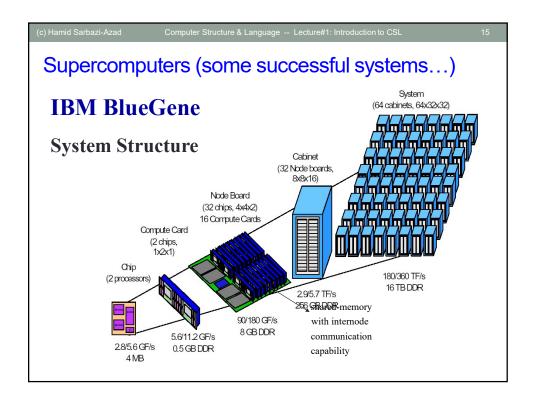
Operational in late 2002
Result of 5-year design and implementation effort
Equivalent power to top 15 US supercomputers @ 2002

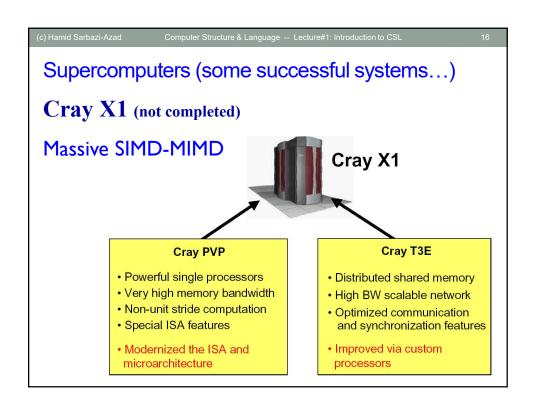
640 nodes
8 vector processors per node, 5120 total
8 GFLOPS per processor, 40 TFLOPS (40×10<sup>12</sup> FLOPS) total
16 GB memory per node, 10 TB total
2800 km of cables
320 cabinets (2 nodes each)

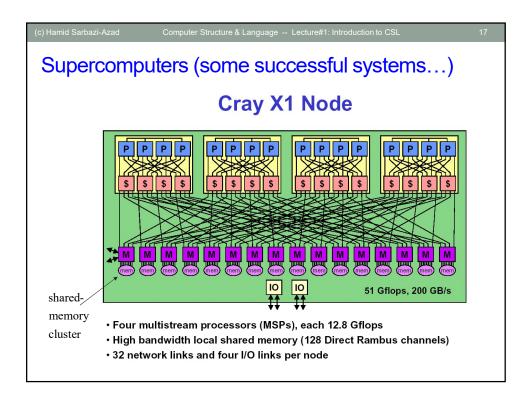
Cost: US\$350 M

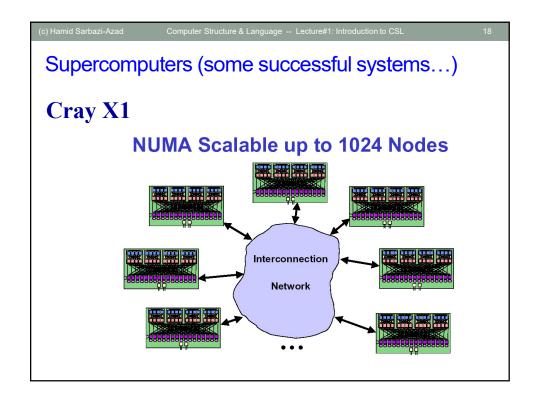


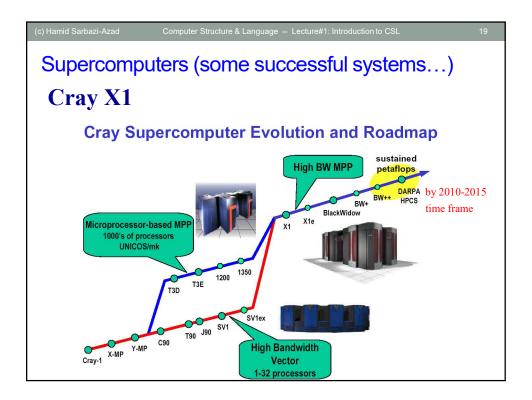












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Supercomputers (some successful systems...)

### **IBM Roadrunner**

Massive MIMD

IBM's recent supercomputer that has changed the known rules of supercomputing.

Project started in 2006 (delivered 2008) at Los Alamos National Lab to deliver world's first PFLOPS supercomputer.

Used to ensure safety & reliability of US nuclear weapons stockpile. Also used for research in astronomy, energy, human genome science, climate change, and military applications.



### **IBM Roadrunner**

It uses Cell (multi-core) processors designed by Sony, Toshiba and IBM, and introduced the new line of Low-Cost Supercomputing.

Total cost: US\$133 M

Uses: 12960 Cell processors (each a 9-core processor) Peak performance: 1.33 PFLOPS (1.33×10<sup>15</sup> FLOPS)

Sustained performance: I PFLOPS

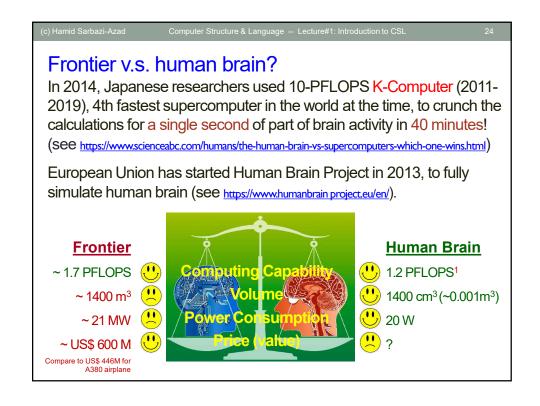
Power: 3.9 MW

Area: 296 Racks, 511 m<sup>2</sup>.

Weight: 227 Tons

,	lamid Sarbazi-Azad Computer Structure & Language Lecture#1: Introduction				
S	Supercomputers (current top 10 machines	s), JL	ine 2	2023	1
Rank	System	#Cores	Rmax (PFlop/s)		Power (kW)
	Froutier - HPE Cray EX235a, AMD Optimized 3rd Generation EPYC 64C 2GHz, AMD Instinct MI250X, Slingshot-11, HPE DOE/SC/Oak Ridge National Laboratory United States	8,699,904	1,194.00	1,679.82	22,70
2	Supercomputer Fugaku - Supercomputer Fugaku, A64FX 48C 2.2GHz, Tofu interconnect D, Fujitsu RIKEN Center for Computational Science Japan	7,630,848	442.01	537.21	29,89
3	LUMI - HPE Cray EX235a, AMD Optimized 3rd Generation EPYC 64C 2GHz, AMD Instinct MI250X, Slingshot-11, HPE EuroHPC/CSC Finland	2,220,288	309.10	428.70	6,01
1	Leonardo - BullSequana XH2000, Xeon Platinum 8358 32C 2.6GHz, NVIDIA A100 SXM4 64 GB, Quad-rail NVIDIA HDR100 Infiniband, Atos <u>EuroHPC/CINECA</u> Italy	1,824,768	238.70	304.47	7,40
5	Summit - IBM Power System AC922, IBM POWER9 22C 3.07GHz, NVIDIA Volta GV100, Dual-rail Mellanox EDR Infiniband, IBM DOE/SC/Oak Ridge National Laboratory United States	2,414,592	148.60	200.79	10,09
5	Sierra - IBM Power System AC922, IBM POWER9 22C 3.1GHz, NVIDIA Volta GV100, Dual-rail Mellanox EDR Infiniband, IBM / NVIDIA / Mellanox DOE-NNSA/LLNL United States	1,572,480	94.64	125.71	7,43
,	Sunway TaihuLight - Sunway MPP, Sunway SW26010 260C 1.45GHz, Sunway, NRCPC National Supercomputing Center in Wuxi China	10,649,600	93.01	125.44	15,37
	Perimutter - HPE Cray EX235n, AMD EPYC 7763 64C 2.45GHz, NVIDIA A100 SXM4 40 GB, Slingshot-10, HPE DOE/SC/L/BNL/NERSC United States	761,856	70.87	93.75	2,58
	Selene - NVIDIA DGX A100, AMD EPYC 7742 64C 2.25GHz, NVIDIA A100, Mellanox HDR Infiniband, Nvidia NVIDIA Corporation United States	555,520	63.46	79.22	2,64
0	Tianhe-2A - TH-IVB-FEP Cluster, Intel Xeon E5-2692v2 12C 2.2GHz, TH Express-2, Matrix-2000, NUDT National Super Computer Center in Guangzhou China	4,981,760	61.44	100.68	18,48





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### **CSL Course Outline:**

**Goal:** We learn different functional parts of a computer and their interactions to run a program written in machine language.

We also learn assembly programming, and the steps a high-level program sees to finally run on a given machine.

### **Topics covered:**

- 1. Computer structure/language and assembly programming (25%)
- 2. The IBM360/370 structure and assembly language (20%)
- 3. The Intel 8086/88 structure and assembly programming (25%)
- 4. The RISC-V structure and assembly language (10%)
- 5. The GPU structure and assembly programming (15%)

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### References

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- 2. W. Rudd, **Assembly language programming and the IBM360/370 computers**, Prentice-Hall.
- 3. Y.-C. Liu, G. Gibson, Microcomputer systems: the 8086/8088 family: architecture, programming, and design, Prentice-Hall.
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- 5. <u>Intel Corp., Intel 64 and IA-32 Architectures Software Developer's Manual.</u> <u>https://software.intel.com/en-us/download/intel-64-and-ia-32-architectures-sdm-combined-volumes-1-2a-2b-2c-2d-3a-3b-3c-3d-and-4</u>
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- 7. Nvidia, **CUDA-binary-utilities**, Release 12.2. <a href="https://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/pdf/CUDA">https://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/pdf/CUDA</a> Binary Utilities.pdf
- 8. <u>Nvidia, PTX ISA, Release 8.2.</u> <u>https://docs.nvidia.com/cuda/archive/12.2.1/pdf/ptx\_isa\_8.2.pdf</u>

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Marking polic	y:		
Midterm 1 Exam	20%	10:00AM, Thursday 11th Aban 1402	
Midterm 2 Exam	15%	10:00AM, Thursday 16th Azar 1402	
Midterm 3 Exam	15%	10:00AM, Thursday 7 <sup>th</sup> Dey 1402	
Final Exam	15%	9:00AM, Sunday 1st Bahman 1401	
Project	20%	Wednesday, 11 <sup>th</sup> Bahman 1402	
Homework	15%	Weekend (Friday night) for homework given in Sunday/Tuesday.	ζ

