

## ADVANCED ALGORITHM

### LAB-01

### RANDOMIZED QUICKSORT

#### CODE:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int count=0;
int partition(int A[],int p,int r)
{
    int x = A[r];
    int i=p-1;
    int j;

    for(j=p;j<=r-1;j++)
    {
        count++;
        if(A[j]<=x)
        {
            i++;
            swap(A[i],A[j]);
        }
    }
    swap(A[i+1],A[r]);
    return i+1;
}
int randomized_partition(int A[],int p,int r)
{
    int a= p+rand()%(r-p+1);
    swap(A[a],A[r]);

    return partition(A,p,r);
}
int randomized_quicksort(int A[],int p,int r)
{
    if(p<r)
    {
        int q=randomized_partition(A,p,r);
        randomized_quicksort(A,p,q-1);
        randomized_quicksort(A,q+1,r);
    }
}
```

```

    return 0;
}
int main()
{
    srand(time(NULL));
    int A[1002];
    for(int i=0;i<=1000;i++)
    {
        A[i] = i;
    }
    randomized_quicksort(A,1,1000);
    cout<<"No of Comparison:"<<count;
}

```

### **Kth SMALLEST ELEMENT**

```

#include<iostream>
#include<climits>
#include<cstdlib>
using namespace std;

int randomPartition(int arr[], int l, int r);
int kthSmallest(int arr[], int l, int r, int k)
{
    if (k > 0 && k <= r-l+1)
    {
        int pos = randomPartition(arr, l, r);
        if (pos-l == k-1)
            return arr[pos];
        if (pos-l > k-1)
            return kthSmallest(arr, l, pos-1, k);
        return kthSmallest(arr, pos+1, r, k-pos+l-1);
    }

    return INT_MAX;
}

int partition(int arr[], int l, int r)
{
    int x = arr[r], i = l;
    for (int j = l; j <= r - 1; j++)
    {
        if (arr[j] <= x)
        {

```

```

        swap(arr[i], arr[j]);
        i++;
    }
}
swap(arr[i], arr[r]);
return i;
}
int randomPartition(int arr[], int l, int r)
{
    int n = r-l+1;
    int pivot = rand() % n;
    swap(arr[l + pivot], arr[r]);
    return partition(arr, l, r);
}
int main()
{
    int arr[] = {1,8,5,3,11,12,6,97,33};
    int n = sizeof(arr)/sizeof(arr[0]), k = 4;
    cout << "K'th smallest element is " << kthSmallest(arr, 0, n-1, k);
    return 0;
}

```

## LAB=02

### PRIMALITY TESTING

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
float count=0;
int gcd(int a,int b)
{
    if(a<b)
    {
        return gcd(b,a);
    }
    else if(a%b==0)
    {
        return b;
    }
    else
    {
        return gcd(b,a%b);
    }
}

int power(int a,unsigned int x,int p)
{
    int res=1;
    a = a%p;
    while(x>0)
    {
        if(x & 1)
        {
            res = (res*a)%p;
        }
        x=x/2;
        a=(a*a)%p;
    }

    return res;
}

bool isPrime(unsigned long int n,int k)
{
    if(n<=1 || n==4)
    {
        return false;
    }
}
```

```

    }
    if(n<=3)
    {
        return true;
    }
    while(k>0)
    {
        int a = 2 + rand() % (n-4);
        if(gcd(n,a)!=1)
        {
            return false;
        }
        if(power(a,n-1,n)!=1)
        {
            return false;
        }
        for(a=2;a<=n;a++)
        {
            int r=power(a,n-1,n);
            if(r==1)
            {
                count++;
            }
        }
        k--;
    }

    return true;
}
int main()
{
    int k=3;
    if(isPrime(1009,k)==true)
    {
        cout<<"Prime";
    }
    else
    {
        cout<<"Composite";
    }
    cout<<endl<<"Count: "<<count;
    return 0;
}

```

Output

Clear

/tmp/Lp800TRf2E.o

Prime

Count: 3021