DATA CATALOG



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500 Cities



Description The 500 Cities Project provided model derived estimates for chronic

disease risk factors, health outcomes, and clinical preventive services

use for the 500 largest US cities.

Time Frame Year; 2016 to 2019

Spatial Scale City and Census Tract

Format Tables and Shapefiles

Source Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

Original All Years (Look for datasets labeled GIS Friendly Format)

Repository

Living Atlas 2016 2017 2018 2019

Details

This project reported city- and census tract-level data and used small area estimation methods to obtain 27 chronic disease measures for the 500 largest American cities. Dataset includes estimates for 27 measures (definitions here):

- Chronic disease-related unhealthy behaviors (5),
- Health outcomes (13), and
- Use of preventive services (9).

These estimates can be used to identify emerging health problems and to inform development and implementation of effective, targeted public health prevention activities. Because the small area model cannot detect effects due to local interventions, users are cautioned against using these estimates for program or policy evaluations.





Description "The American Community Survey (ACS) is an ongoing survey that

provides vital information on a yearly basis about our nation and its people. Information from the survey generates data that help determine how more than \$675 billion in federal and state funds are

distributed each year." (U.S Census Bureau)

Time Frame 5 Years; 2009 to 2022

Spatial Scale Nation, State (including DC and Puerto Rico), Metropolitan Area,

Congressional District, County, Place, Census Tract and Block Group

Format Feature Layers
Source US Census Bureau

Original All Years

Repository

Living Atlas Current

Details

The Living Atlas hosts the current ACS 5-year estimates in a series of several features grouped by topic. Each topic is hosted as both boundaries and centroids. Topics may contain single or multiple ACS tables Layers can be accessed and used within your GIS workflows, for example, make a map about your community.

If you are looking for historical data, the census gov website can be difficult to go through. Census Reporter can make it easier to find and download tables at various spatial scales.

Climate & Economic Justice Screening Tool (CEJST)



DescriptionIdentifies communities that experience disadvantages due to a combination

of environmental and socioeconomic factors. It assists federal agencies in

distributing money to improve climate and economic fairness.

Time Updated on Unknown Basis; Current

Frame

Spatial Census Tract

Scale

Format CSV and Shapefile

Source Council on Environmental Quality (CEQ)

Original All Years

Reposi-

tory

Living Justice 40 Tracts

Atlas

{tbl-colwidths="[20,80]"}

Details

This dataset focuses on highlighting tracts that are disadvantaged with respect to climate and economic justice. It contains over 100 different measures of burden in addition to aggregate indicators of burden. Burdne is organized into the following categories:

- Climate Change
- Energy
- Health
- Housing
- Legacy Pollution
- Transportation
- Water and wastewater
- Workforce development





Description This service provides information on Center of Medicare & Medicaid

Services (CMS) approved facilities such as federally qualified health centers (FQHCs), rural health clinics, critical access hospitals and

nursing facilities.

Time Frame Updated on Unknown Basis; Current

Spatial Scale Point

Format Feature Service

Source Health Resources & Services Administration (HRSA)

Original Current (Additional Information)

Repository

Living Atlas N/A

Details

This is the "Provider of Service" extract from the Quality Improvement Evaluation System (QIES) database maintained by the Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services (CMS). These data include provider number, name, and address and characterize the participating institutional provider (including hospitals, skilled nursing facilities, home health agencies, and other types of facilities).

Add to an ArcGIS Project by using "Data from Path" and paste the above URL as the server to use. Export using Feature Class to Feature Class.

County Health Rankings & Roadmaps



Descriptiondes information on health outcomes and health factors for all 50 states

Time Year; 2010 to 2024

Frame

SpatiaCounty

Scale

FormatSV and Shapefiles

SourceRobert Wood Johnson Foundation and the University of Wisconsin Population Health Initiative

Origina 010 to 2022 2023 or 2024

Repos-

i-

tory

Living 2018 2019 2020 2021 2022 2023 2024

Atlas

{tbl-colwidths="[20,80]"}

Details

This dataset offers county level estimates of health outcomes and risk factors. Estimates help identify ares requiring improvement and guide the creation and use of effective, focused health interventions. As a result of the difficulty in finding local intervention effects, users should be careful when using these figures to judge programs or policies.





Description Heart Disease and Stoke Mortality

Time Frame Three year average from 2005-2007 to 2019-2021

Spatial Scale State and County

Format Tables

Source Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC) Division for Heart

Disease and Stroke Prevention

Original Interactive Data Atlas

Repository

Living Atlas Heart Disease Mortality - 2014-2016 2017-2019 2018-2020

Stroke Mortality - 2014-2016 2016-2018 2017-2019 2018-2020

Details

Offers Heart Disease and Stroke mortality data obtained from the National Vital Statistics System. Data can be stratified by age, race/ethnicity, and gender. The Interactive Atlas of Heart Disease and Stroke offers a way to visualize, export, and generate reports from heart disease and stroke mortality data, as well as data regarding...

- Prevalence
- Risk Factors
- Social, Economic, Environmental variables
- Demographics
- Health Care Delivery and Insurance
- Health Care Costs

Environmental Justice Index (EJI)



Description list of all the measures of environmental justice in the United States. This

helps communities find and fix environmental injustices, with a focus on vulnerable groups that are gripped by health risks in the environment.

Time Year; 2023

Frame

Spatial Nation, State, County, and Census Tract

Scale

Format Tables and Shapefiles

Source Centers of Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

Original 2022

Reposi-

tory

Living N/A

Atlas

{tbl-colwidths="[20,80]"}

Details

The EJI is an aggregate measure of environmental burden that incorporates data from the Census Bureau, Environmental Protection Agency, Mine Safety and Health Administation and Centers of Disease Control and Prevention. The index measure is broken down into the modules: Environmental Burden, Social Vulnerability, and Health Vulnerability which are formed by 36 environmental, social, and health factors. The Environmental Burden and Social Vulnerability burden modules also form the Social-Environmental Ranking (SER), which aims to measure distributive and procedural environmental justice factors.





Description List of federally-funded health centers that provide health services.

Time Frame Updated on Unknown Basis; Current

Spatial Scale Point

Format CSV with Address and X/Y

Source Health Resources & Services Administration (HRSA)

Original Current

Repository

Living Atlas N/A

Details

Health centers are community-based and consumer-run organizations that serve populations with limited access to health care. These include low-income populations, the uninsured, those with limited English proficiency, migratory and seasonal agricultural workers, individuals and families experiencing homelessness, and those living in public housing.





Description Point-level representation of the locations of IHS Facilities in the

United States

Time Frame Updated on Unknown Basis; Currents

Spatial Scale Point

Format Feature Service

Source Indian Health Service (IHS)

Original Current

Repository

Living Atlas Current

Details

The IHS is an agency within the Department of Health and Human Services responsible for providing federal health services to American Indians and Alaska Natives. These services include hospitals, behavioral health facilities, health centers, dental clinics, health stations, Alaska Village Clinics and other services. The IHS is the principal federal health care provider and health advocate for Indian people, and its goal is to raise their health status to the highest possible level. The IHS provides a comprehensive health service delivery system for American Indians and Alaska Natives who are members of 566 federally recognized Tribes across the U.S.





Description Health outcomes measures to map Medicare disparities

Time Frame Updated on Unknown Basis; Current

Spatial Scale State/Territory, County, and Tract (depending on measure)

Format CSV

Source Center of Medicare & Medicaid Services

Original Current (date listed)

Repository

Living Atlas N/A

Details

Composed of multiple tools which display disparities through three views:

- Population "The MMD interactive tool contains health outcome measures for disease prevalence, costs, hospitalization for 60 specific chronic conditions, emergency department utilization, readmissions rates, mortality, preventable hospitalizations, and preventive services."
- Hospital "The MMD interactive map hospital tool identifies area of disparities between hospital quality and cost of care. It allows for a way to compare measures at the hospital, county, state, territory, and national levels"
- Social Determinants of Health "This addition to the MMD tool identifies areas of disparities by key Social Determinant of Health (SDOH) domains and measures"





Description Measure of an area's social determinants of health status, or

"deprivation," based on the American Community Survey

Time Frame Mixed; 2010 to 2019; 2017

Spatial Scale State and County

Format Shapefile

Source US Census Bureau
Original 2010 to 2019 2017

Repository

Living Atlas N/A

Details

MDI value is equal to the percent of households in that region that qualify as "deprived." Can be treated as an exposure value. A composite measure based on six dimensions:

- Neighborhood Quality
- Standard of Living
- Education
- Health
- Economic Security
- Housing Quality

Cannot map by individual dimension.





Description The PLACES Project replaces the 500 Cities Project and provides

model-based population-level analysis and community estimates for

the entire US at several spatial scales

Time Frame Year; 2019 to 2023

Spatial Scale County, Place, ZCTA, and Census Tract

Format Tables and Shapefiles

Source Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

Original All Years

Repository

Living Atlas Current

Details

This project reported city- and census tract-level data and used small area estimation methods to obtain 29 chronic disease measures for the United States.

Dataset includes estimates for 29 measures (definitions here):

- Chronic Disease Related Health Outcomes (13)
- Prevention Measures (9)
- Health Risk Behaviors (4)
- Disability (7)
- Health Status (3)

These estimates can be used to identify emerging health problems and to inform development and implementation of effective, targeted public health prevention activities. Because the small area model cannot detect effects due to local interventions, users are cautioned against using these estimates for program or policy evaluations.





Description The rural-urban commuting area (RUCA) codes classify U.S. census

tracts using measures of population density, urbanization, and daily

commuting. Also approximated at ZIP code level

Time Frame Mixed; 1990, 2000, and 2010 Decennial Census, 2006-10 ACS **Spatial Scale** County level representation of counties that are defined as

PRCDAs/CHSDA

Format CSV with GEOIDs

Source US Department of Agriculture Economic Research Service

Original All Y

Repository

Living Atlas N/A

Details

The classification contains two levels. Whole numbers (1-10) delineate metropolitan, micropolitan, small town, and rural commuting areas based on the size and direction of the primary (largest) commuting flows. These 10 codes are further subdivided based on secondary commuting flows, providing flexibility in combining levels to meet varying definitional needs and preferences.





Description Facility, population, and geographic boundaries for Health

Professional Shortage Areas (HPSAs) and Medically Underserved

Areas/Populations (MUA/Ps).

Time Frame Updated on Unknown Basis; Current

Spatial Scale Mixed (Point, Tract, County Subdivision, County)

Format Shapefile and Feature Service

Source Health Resources & Services Administration

Original Current

Repository

Living Atlas N/A

Details

HRSA's Bureau of Health Workforce (BHW) develops shortage designation criteria and uses them to decide whether or not a geographic area or population group is a Health Professional Shortage Area (HPSA), Medically Underserved Area (MUA), or Medically Underserved Population (MUP). For HPSAs, scores range from 1 to 25 for primary care and mental health, 1 to 26 for dental health. The higher the score, the greater the priority. HPSAs may have shortages of primary medical care, dental, or mental health providers; may be urban or rural areas; population groups; or medical or other public facilities.

Small Area Health Insurance Estimate (SAHIE) Program



DescriptionOffers estimates of health insurance coverage in countries and states

throughout the United States. It aids in the identification of locations with large uninsured populations, as well as policy-making and resource allocation.

Time Mixed; 2000, 2001, 2005 to 2007, 2008 to 2021

Frame

Spatial State and County

Scale

Format CSV and Shapefile Source U.S. Census Bureau

Original All Years

Repository

Living N/A

Atlas

{tbl-colwidths="[20,80]"}

Details

SAHIE estimates are available for several demographic groups:

- Age Groups
- · Levels of income
- Race and ethnicity (in states)
- Gender

These estimates aid in identifying regions with a significant number of individuals without health insurance coverage.





Description Offers yearly estimates of income and poverty information for every

school district, country and state in the United States.

Time Frame Year; 1989 to 2022

Spatial Scale State, County, and School District

Format Tables

Source U.S. Census Bureau

Original

All Years

Repository

Living Atlas N/A

Details

This research presents yearly estimates of income and poverty data, encompassing:

- Total number of people in poverty
- Number of children under age 18 in poverty
- Number of related children ages 5 to 17 in families in poverty
- · Median household income

Produced for every school district, county, and state, these figures help pinpoint locations with high poverty rates, which in turn informs policy choices and the creation of targeted solutions.





Description The Social Vulnerability Index uses 15 U.S. census variables to help

local officials identify communities that may need support before,

during, or after disasters.

Time Frame Year; 2000, 2010, 2014, 2016, 2018, 2020

Spatial Scale County and Census Tract

Format CSV and Shapefile

Source Centers for Disease Control and Prevention (CDC)

Original All Years

Repository

Living Atlas 2018 2020

Details

Ranking by social vulnerability. Can look at rank within a state or within the entire US. A composite measure based on four dimensions:

- Housing Type and Transportation
- Household Composition and Disability
- Socioeconomic Status
- Minority Status and Language

Can also map by individual dimension.

Tribal Census Tract Boundaries



Description Polygons representing individual tribal census tracts throughout the

United States

All Years

Years Year; 2007 to 2023

Spatial Scale Tribal Tract **Format** Shapefile

Source US Census Bureau

Original

Repository

Living Atlas N/A

Details:

Tribal census tracts are small statistical subdivisions of a reservation and off- reservation trust land. Their primary purpose is the same as census tracts: the presentation of statistical data. However, rather than nesting within a county, tribal census tracts nest within a single federally recognized American Indian area, providing coverage across all federally recognized American Indian reservations and off-reservation trust lands. Tribal census tracts have population criteria identical to county-based census tracts.

If you would like attributes associated with these Tribal Census Tract Boundaries, you can visit https://data2.nhgis.org/main. Select Geographic levels -> Native American/Alaskan/Hawaiian -> Tribal Census Tracts. You can then select years, topics, and datasets to filter ACS Tables