```
"Illustration of conditional statements and the importance of start value"
parameter Real a=2;
parameter Real b=-10;
parameter Integer n = 6;
Boolean bigThan5(start=false);
Real x(start=-
10); // the start value of x obliges modelica to find the second solution of the 2d order equation.
Real y; // Integer y would give an error
equation
x^2 + a^*x + b = 0;
bigThan5= n>5;
algorithm
 y := n * x;
 if y > x then
  y := x;
 else
   y := -x;
 end if:
end Example03c;
partial model PartialCap
               // partial model. Number of unkowns > nb of equations
Modelica. Thermal. Heat Transfer. Interfaces. Heat Port a heat Port;
final parameter Modelica. Slunits. Heat Capacity CNom "nominal capacity value";
Modelica. Slunits. Heat Capacity C "capacity. Notice: it is a variable!";
Modelica.SIunits.Temperature T;
equation
 heatPort.T=T;
 C*der(T)=heatPort.Q_flow;
 // one equation is missing.
end PartialCap;
model FixedCap // extension of PartialCap
  extends Classes.PartialCap;
equation
  C = CNom;
end FixedCap;
```

model Example03c

```
model Array_TSet
parameter Integer n=4;
parameter Real[n] cvalues={600,1000,400,600}; // write the modifiers as parameters
parameter Real[n] Tstarts={500,350,600,200};
 with.mass[n] mass(c=cvalues, T(start=Tstarts)) annotation (Placement(transformation(extent={{-
20,-10},{0,10}})));
 with.resistor[n-1] resistor
  annotation (Placement(transformation(extent={{2,-10},{22,10}})));
PrescribedTemp TSet(T=step.y);
Modelica.Blocks.Sources.Step step(height=50,startTime=3000,offset=300); // use modelica's library!
Step input source
equation
for i in 1:n-1 loop
connect(mass[i].heatPort,resistor[i].heatPort_a) annotation (Line(
    points=\{\{-3.8,0\},\{4,0\}\},
    color=\{0,0,0\},\
    smooth=Smooth.None));
connect(mass[i+1].heatPort,resistor[i].heatPort_b) annotation (Line(
   points=\{\{-3.8,0\},\{0,0\},\{0,8\},\{26,8\},\{26,0\},\{20,0\}\},
    color=\{0,0,0\},\
    smooth=Smooth.None));
end for:
connect(TSet.heatPort,resistor[1].heatPort_b);
end Array_TSet;
```