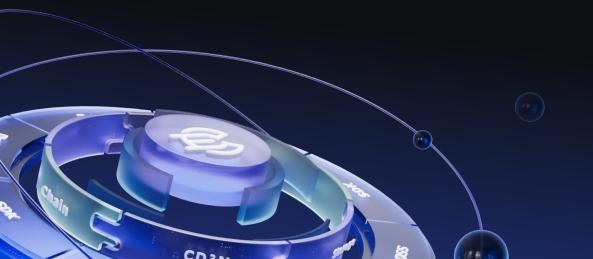


CESS Network

The Decentralized Data Infrastructure

Episode 10: Building Custom Pallets





https://www.cess.network

Course Logistics

Episode 1	 CESS Network Introduction
Episode 2	 CESS Architecture & Key Technologies
Episode 3	 CESS Ecosystem and Applications
Episode 4	 CESS Nodes & CESS Account Setup
Episode 5	 Demo: Running a Consensus Node
Episode 6	 Demo: Running a Storage Node
Episode 7	 CESS DeOSS and DeOSS REST API
Episode 8	 dApp Development using ink! Smart Contract
Episode 9	 dApp Development using Solidity Smart Contract
Episode 10	 Building Custom Pallet



Why build your own pallets? Purpose.



Pros:

- Flexible and the most powerful
- Can alter consensus mechanism, transaction fee, block time, etc.

Cons:

- · A high technical barrier
 - learning Rust and Substrate macro
 - Familiarize with existing codebase
- · Running your own chain requires more devOps and evening maintaining validator community.

Purpose

- Tailored Features: Developers can create features specifically designed to meet the needs of CESS users, enhancing
 the network's functionality and user experience.
- Expand Network Capabilities: Custom pallets can introduce features that drive the adoption and growth of the CESS network, attracting more users, developers, and stakeholders.
- Addressing Unique Challenges: Custom pallets allow developers to address specific challenges faced by the CESS network, providing solutions that are tailored to its unique requirements.

How to Contribute to CESS with Custom Pallets



Understand the CESS Codebase

Start by becoming familiar with CESS's architecture and existing codebase.

Identify Improvement Areas

• Look for opportunities to add new functionalities or enhance existing ones.

Develop Custom Pallets

• Create custom pallets tailored to the unique needs and challenges of the CESS network.

Engage with the Community

• Submit your custom pallets for review and participate in community discussions.

Participate in Governance

• Get involved in CESS's decentralized governance to influence protocol updates and policies.

Contribute to Ecosystem Growth

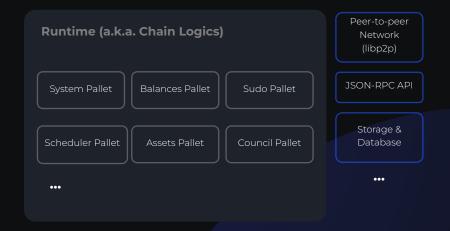
 Help shape the future of CESS by developing innovative solutions and enhancing the network's capabilities.

High Level Description of CESS (Substrate) Framework



- Client: p2p networking, low-level library inclusion of (merkle tree) storage & database, JSON-RPC API
- Runtime: a composition of pallets connected together to form the core chain logics and expose the extrinsics that are publicly available.
- Pallets: modules that perform a specific set of functions on-chain.

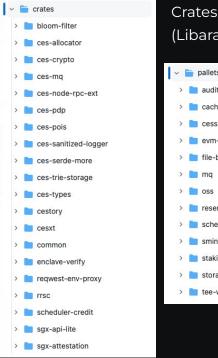
Client (a.k.a. Node)



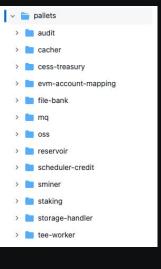
CESS Source Code



src: https://github.com/CESSProject/cess/blob/main



Crates and Pallets (Libararies)



chain

chain

chain

cog

cog

cor

cargo.toml

build.rs

primitives

runtime

creates

Cargo.toml

P build.rs

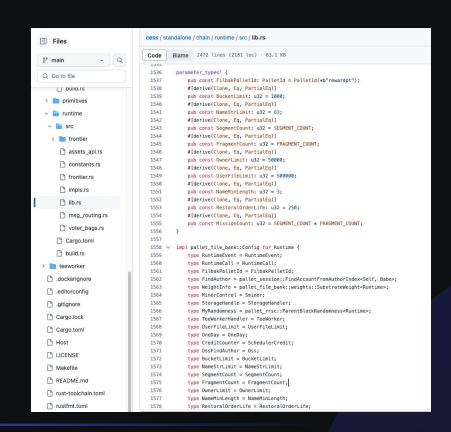
standalone

Node and Runtime

Overview of the CESS Node Runtime



Runtime implements the pallet::Config



Structure of the Runtime



Put the pallet inside the construct_runtime!{...} macro

```
// Create the runtime by composing the FRAME pallets that were previously configured.
       construct runtime!(
1618
           pub enum Runtime
1619
1620
               // Basic stuff
1621
               System: frame system = 0.
1622
               RandomnessCollectiveFlip: pallet_insecure_randomness_collective_flip = 1,
1623
               Timestamp: pallet_timestamp = 2,
1624
               Sudo: pallet_sudo = 3,
1625
               Scheduler: pallet_scheduler = 4,
1626
               Preimage: pallet_preimage = 5,
1627
               Mmr: pallet_mmr = 6,
1628
1629
               // Account lookup
1630
               // ...
1631
1632
               // Tokens & Fees
1633
               Balances: pallet_balances = 10,
1634
               TransactionPayment: pallet_transaction_payment = 11,
1635
               Assets: pallet_assets = 12,
1636
               AssetTxPayment: pallet_asset_tx_payment = 13,
1637
1638
               // Consensus
1639
               // ...
1640
1641
               // Governance
1642
               // ...
1643
1644
               // Smart contracts
1645
               Contracts: pallet contracts = 50,
1646
               Ethereum: pallet_ethereum = 51,
1647
               EVM: pallet_evm = 52,
1648
               EVMChainId: pallet_evm_chain_id = 53,
1649
               DynamicFee: pallet_dynamic_fee = 54,
1650
               BaseFee: pallet base fee = 55,
1651
1652
               // CESS pallets
1653
1654
               FileBank: pallet_file_bank = 60,
1655
1656
```

Example: EVM Runtime Pallet



Even the EVM capability in CESS node is setup the same way.

```
1442
         parameter types! {
1443
           pub BlockGasLimit: U256 = U256::from(BLOCK GAS LIMIT);
           pub const GasLimitPovSizeRatio: u64 = BLOCK_GAS_LIMIT.saturating_div(MAX_POV_SIZE);
1444
           pub PrecompilesValue: FrontierPrecompiles<Runtime> = FrontierPrecompiles::< >::new();
1445
           pub WeightPerGas: Weight = Weight::from_parts(weight_per_gas(BLOCK_GAS_LIMIT, NORMAL_DIS
1446
1447
1448
1449
         impl pallet evm::Config for Runtime {
1450
           type FeeCalculator = BaseFee;
           type GasWeightMapping = pallet evm::FixedGasWeightMapping<Self>;
1451
1452
           type WeightPerGas = WeightPerGas;
1453
           type BlockHashMapping = pallet_ethereum::EthereumBlockHashMapping<Self>;
           type CallOrigin = EnsureAddressTruncated;
1454
           type WithdrawOrigin = EnsureAddressTruncated;
1455
           type AddressMapping = HashedAddressMapping<BlakeTwo256>;
1456
1457
           type Currency = Balances:
1458
           type RuntimeEvent = RuntimeEvent;
1459
           type PrecompilesType = FrontierPrecompiles<Self>;
1460
           type PrecompilesValue = PrecompilesValue;
1461
           type ChainId = EVMChainId;
1462
           type BlockGasLimit = BlockGasLimit;
1463
           type Runner = pallet evm::runner::stack::Runner<Self>;
           type OnChargeTransaction = ();
1464
           type OnCreate = ();
1465
           type FindAuthor = FindAuthorTruncated<Babe>;
1466
           type GasLimitPovSizeRatio = GasLimitPovSizeRatio;
1467
1468
           type Timestamp = Timestamp;
1469
           type WeightInfo = pallet_evm::weights::SubstrateWeight<Self>;
1470
```



Walkthrough

CESS Pallets



Pallets Integrated in CESS Node



Foundational

System frame, Timestamp pallet, Sudo pallet, Scheduler pallet, etc...

Account & Fee

Proxy pallet, Indices pallet, Balances pallet, Assets pallet, etc...

Consensus

Authorship pallet, Babe pallet, Grandpa pallet, Staking pallet, etc...

Governance

Council, TechnicalCommittee, Treasury, Bounties, Multisig, etc...

Smart Contract

Contracts (ink!), Ethereum, EVM, EVMChainId, DynamicFee, etc...

CESS Specific

FileBank, TeeWorker, Audit, Sminer, StorageHandler, etc...



src: https://github.com/cessProject/cess/blob/main/pallets/file-bank/src/lib.rs

```
#[frame support::pallet]
pub mod pallet {
    // ...
    #[pallet::config]
    pub trait Config: frame_system::Config + sp_std::fmt::Debug {
       /// The overarching event type.
        type RuntimeEvent: From<Event<Self>> + IsType<<Self as frame_system::Config>::RuntimeEvent>;
        type WeightInfo: WeightInfo;
        type RuntimeCall: From<Call<Self>>;
        type FScheduler: ScheduleNamed<BlockNumberFor<Self>, Self::SProposal, Self::SPalletsOrigin>;
        type AScheduler: ScheduleAnon<BlockNumberFor<Self>, Self::SProposal, Self::SPalletsOrigin>;
        /// Overarching type of all pallets origins.
        type SPalletsOrigin: From<frame system::RawOrigin<Self::AccountId>>;
        // ...
        /// pallet address.
        #[pallet::constant]
        type FilbakPalletId: Get<PalletId>;
        #[pallet::constant]
        type UserFileLimit: Get<u32> + Clone + Eq + PartialEq;
        #[pallet::constant]
        type OneDay: Get<BlockNumberFor<Self>>;
        // User defined name length limit
        #[pallet::constant]
        type NameStrLimit: Get<u32> + Clone + Eq + PartialEq;
        // Maximum number of containers that users can create.
        #[pallet::constant]
        type BucketLimit: Get<u32> + Clone + Eq + PartialEq;
```

- Pallet Config
- Pallet Events
- Pallet Errors
- Pallet Storage
- Pallet Lifecycle Callbacks
- Pallet Extrinsics



src: https://github.com/cessProject/cess/blob/main/pallets/file-bank/src/lib.rs

```
#[pallet::event]
#[pallet::generate_deposit(pub(super) fn deposit_event)]
pub enum Event<T: Config> {
    //file upload declaration
    UploadDeclaration { operator: AccountOf<T>, owner: AccountOf<T>, deal_hash: Hash },
    //file uploaded.
    TransferReport { acc: AccountOf<T>, deal_hash: Hash },
    //File deletion event
    DeleteFile { operator:AccountOf<T>, owner: AccountOf<T>, file_hash: Hash },
    // ...
}
```

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src: https://github.com/cessProject/cess/blob/main/pallets/file-bank/src/lib.rs

```
#[pallet::error]
pub enum Error<T> {
    Existed,
    FileExistent,
    //file doesn't exist.
    FileNonExistent,
    //overflow.
    Overflow,
    NotOwner,
    NotQualified,
    //It is not an error message for scheduling operation
    ScheduleNonExistent,
    // ...
}
```

- Pallet Config
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src: https://github.com/cessProject/cess/blob/main/pallets/file-bank/src/lib.rs

```
#[pallet::storage]
#[pallet::getter(fn deal map)]
pub(super) type DealMap<T: Config> = StorageMap<_, Blake2_128Concat, Hash, DealInfo<T>>;
#[pallet::storage]
#[pallet::getter(fn file)]
pub(super) type File<T: Config> =
    StorageMap< , Blake2 128Concat, Hash, FileInfo<T>>;
#[pallet::storage]
#[pallet::getter(fn user hold file list)]
pub(super) type UserHoldFileList<T: Config> = StorageMap<</pre>
    Blake2 128Concat,
    T::AccountId,
    BoundedVec<UserFileSliceInfo, T::UserFileLimit>,
    ValueQuery,
>:
#[pallet::storage]
#[pallet::getter(fn miner_lock)]
pub(super) type MinerLock<T: Config> =
    StorageMap<_, Blake2_128Concat, AccountOf<T>, BlockNumberFor<T>>;
// ...
```

- Pallet Config
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src: https://github.com/cessProject/cess/blob/main/pallets/file-bank/src/lib.rs

```
#[pallet::hooks]
impl<T: Config> Hooks<BlockNumberFor<T>> for Pallet<T> {
   fn on initialize(now: BlockNumberFor<T>) -> Weight {
       let days = T::OneDay::get();
       let mut weight: Weight = Weight::zero();
       // FOR TESTING
       if now % days == 0u32.saturated into() {
           let (temp_weight, acc_list) = T::StorageHandle::frozen_task();
           weight = weight.saturating_add(temp_weight);
           let temp acc list: BoundedVec<AccountOf<T>, ConstU32<5000>> =
                acc_list.try_into().unwrap_or_default();
           ClearUserList::<T>::put(temp_acc_list);
           weight = weight.saturating_add(T::DbWeight::get().writes(1));
       let mut count: u32 = 0;
       let acc list = ClearUserList::<T>::qet();
       weight = weight.saturating_add(T::DbWeight::get().reads(1));
       for acc in acc_list.iter() {
           // todo! Delete in blocks, and delete a part of each block
           if let Ok(mut file_info_list) = <UserHoldFileList<T>>::try_get(&acc) {
                weight = weight.saturating_add(T::DbWeight::get().reads(1));
               while let Some(file_info) = file_info_list.pop() {
                   count = count.checked_add(1).unwrap_or(ONCE_MAX_CLEAR_FILE);
                   if count == ONCE_MAX_CLEAR_FILE {
                        <UserHoldFileList<T>>::insert(&acc, file_info_list);
                       return weight;
                   if let Ok(file) = <File<T>>::try_get(&file_info.file_hash) {
```

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src: https://github.com/cessProject/cess/blob/main/pallets/file-bank/src/lib.rs

```
#[pallet::call]
       impl<T: Config> Pallet<T> {
257
           /// Upload Declaration of Data Storage
258
259
           /// This function allows a user to upload a declaration for data storage, specifying the file's metadata,
260
           /// deal information, and ownership details. It is used to initiate the storage process of a file.
261
           111
262
           /// Parameters:
263
           /// - 'origin': The origin of the transaction.
264
           /// - 'file hash': The unique hash identifier of the file.
265
           /// - 'deal_info': A list of segment details for data storage.
266
           /// - 'user brief': A brief description of the user and the file's ownership.
267
           /// - 'file size': The size of the file in bytes.
268
           #[pallet::call index(0)]
269
           #[transactional]
270
           #[pallet::weight(<T as pallet::Config>::WeightInfo::upload_declaration(deal_info.len() as u32))]
271
           pub fn upload declaration(
272
               origin: OriginFor<T>.
273
               file hash: Hash,
274
               deal info: BoundedVec<SegmentList<T>, T::SegmentCount>,
275
               user_brief: UserBrief<T>,
276
               file size: u128,
277
             -> DispatchResult {
278
               let sender = ensure signed(origin)?;
279
               // Check if you have operation permissions.
280
               ensure!(Self::check_permission(sender.clone(), user_brief.user.clone()), Error::<T>::NoPermission);
281
               // Check file specifications.
282
               ensure!(Self::check_file_spec(&deal_info), Error::<T>::SpecError);
283
               // Check whether the user-defined name meets the rules.
```

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CESS Pallet: file-bank



src: https://github.com/cessProject/cess/blob/main/pallets/file-bank/src/lib.rs

This pallet consists of logics on managing storage space. It allows callers (users) to purchase storage space, expand the purchased space, renew the storage leases. This pallet also implements functions to CRUD (create, read, update, delete) user buckets, a concept similar to user directory. The actual files are segmented and stored in the underlying storage network, but its metadata are stored on-chain.



CESS Pallet: sminer



src: https://github.com/cessProject/cess/blob/main/pallets/file-bank/src/lib.rs

sminer stands for Storage Miner. This pallet contains operations related to storage nodes, allowing them to claim how much space it provides for how long, staking its tokens for its claimed services, and withdrawing the service provision altogether.





Demo

Adding Your Pallet in CESS Node



Demo: Adding Your Pallet in CESS Node



- 1.Fork cess Github repo
- 2.Add a new (template) pallet in the pallets directory
- 3.Add the pallet in the runtime
- 4.Recompile cess node and execute

Example: cess-examples/cess-node





Thank you for watching

Please Join Our Community





CESS Network - Episode 10

Building Custom Pallets



