

CESS Course Week 4 - Episode 7

Storage Miner



CESS Official Website

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Two Types of Miner in CESS



- Storage miner and Consensus miner
- There are two decentralized layers in CESS, that miners can participate
 - Storage layer: A peer-to-peer network that each peer node is contributing part of the node storage to the network.
 - **Consensus layer**: A Substrate-based chain storing all miner information, CESS platform metadata, and user file metadata.

In this module we will focus on the **Storage layer**. Next module we will discuss about the **Consensus layer**.

Why Be a Storage Miner?



- Web3 movement, so run a validator node to empower the network and CESS community.
- The economics and being rewarded by running a storage node

CESS Tokenomics



- 1st year, **1.59 bil** CESS will be minted, so **4.36 mil** CESS minted per day.
- Currently block time = 6 sec, so **302.5** CESS will be minted per block.
- Annual mint growth decay = 0.841. Newly minted tokens will be halved every 4 yrs. Eventually reaching **10 bil CESS** (sum of GP: 1.59 bil / (1-.841)) circulating.
- 30% is rewarded to storage miners, 15% rewarded to consensus miners.
- So about **1.31 mil** CESS per day is rewarded to storage miners, or **90.8** CESS per block to storage miners.

Reward Mechanism - 1



The reward of a storage miner in k-th round is determined based on:

- TotalReward: the total reward across the CESS network in k-th round.
- ServiceSpace: the utilized space of the storage miner in k-th round.
- IdleSpace: the idle space of the storage miner in k-th round.
- TotalStoragePower: sum of all storage miner power in k-th round.

$$StoragePower_k = IdleSpace_k * 0.3 + ServiceSpace_k * 0.7$$

$$RewardOrder_k = TotalReward_k * \frac{StoragePower_k}{TotalStoragePower_k}$$

Reward Mechanism - 2



Reward order is the reward for the storage miner in that round. Once the reward is determined, 20% of the reward order is distributed right away and the rest is distributed in the subsequent 180 rounds, each time 1/180 of the remaining amount.

The available reward for a storage miner in k-th round is computed below:

$$AvailableReward_k = (RewardOrder_k * 20\%) + \sum_{t=k-180}^{k-1} \frac{RewardOrder_t}{180}$$

A reward order will be removed after fully distributed. So a storage miner can receive rewards from at most 181 orders.

Reward Mechanism - 3



Slash Mechanism - 1



- A storage challenge is issued every one min. (10 blocks), toward a single randomly chosen storage node.
- Each day there are 1,440 challenges being issued.
- If there are **200 storage nodes** running within the network, a node is very likely to be challenged **at least once** within 919 challenges (>99%)

Slash Mechanism - 2



Minimum Deposit: 4,000 CESS per TB (in testnet)

Slashing:

Before service space is allocated

- Fail for **one challenge**: **500 CESS** slashed
- Fail consecutively for three challenges, deposit slashed and excluded from storage group.

After service space is allocated

- Fail for one challenge: 5% staking deposit slashed
- Fail consecutively for **three challenges**, deposit slashed and excluded from storage group.

When drop below the min deposit, miner need to refill back the deposit to claim rewards.

Preparation



- A CESS staking account, with its mnemonic
- 4,000 TCESS in the staking account
- A linux server with a certain amount of storage. For demo purpose, we are using Ubuntu v22, with 50 GB storage space allocated to CESS testnet.

Demo: Running a Storage Node



- Download <u>cess-nodeadm</u>
- Account Preparation
- Run the cess config
- Start the cess program
- Review log and status on the console
- Review status on-chain



End