

Challenge 1: "Make a barrier using only one mutex lock() and unlock() call!"

"Impossible! Line 2 is a Critical Section, if a thread has locked the mutex..."

But here is an awful solution. (Why is this a 'poor' solution?)

```
01 void barrier() {
02     count ++
03     while( count != N) ?
04
05 }
```

2. When is disabling interrupts a solution to the Critical Section Problem?

```
pthread_mutex_lock    => { disable interrupts on the CPU }
pthread_mutex_unlock => { enable interrupts on the CPU }
```

Are there other limitations to this approach?

3. Challenge II: Create a barrier using each of the following lines once.  
All 5 threads must call barrier before they all continue.

```
int remain =5;  earlier... sem_init(&s,0,___?)
void barrier() { ... Rearrange the following!
    sem_wait(&s);
    sem_post(&s);
    remain --;
    pthread_mutex_lock(&m);
    pthread_mutex_unlock(&m);
    if(remain)
}
```

4. Is there a Race condition?

|                       |                      |
|-----------------------|----------------------|
| pleaseStop = 1        | while(!pleaseStop)   |
| p_cond_broadcast(&cv) | p_cond_wait(&cv, &m) |

5. Challenge III. What is the largest value printed by the following?

```
int fireworks=0;
pthread_cond_t cv = P_COND_INITIALIZER;
pthread_mutex_t m = P_MUTEX_INITIALIZER;
pthread_t tids[5];
int main(argc,argv) {
    for(int i=0;i<5;i++) pthread_create( tids+i , NULL, firework, NULL);
    fireworks = 1;
    p_cond_signal(&cv);
    _____; // wait for all threads to finish
    return 0;
}
void* firework(void*param) {
    p_mutex_lock(&m);
    while(fireworks ==0) {p_cond_wait(&cv, &m); }
    p_cond_broadcast(&cv);
    fireworks ++;
    printf("Oooh ahh %d\n", fireworks);
    fireworks --;
    p_mutex_unlock(&m);
    return NULL;
}
```

6. Deadlock: " \_\_\_\_\_ "

Use two mutex locks and two threads to create an example of deadlock

|          |           |
|----------|-----------|
| Thread1: | Thread 2: |
|----------|-----------|

Use three counting semaphores and three threads to deadlock 3 threads

|            |            |            |
|------------|------------|------------|
| thread #1: | thread #2: | thread #3: |
|            |            |            |

Must deadlock involve threads? What about single-threaded processes?

## 7. The Reader Writer problem

A common problem in many different system applications

|                                   |                                    |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|
| read_database(table, query) {...} | update_row(table, id, value) {...} |
| cache_lookup(id) {...}            | cache_modify(id, value) {...}      |

8. ReaderWriter locks are useful primitives & included in the pthread library!

|                           |                       |
|---------------------------|-----------------------|
| 01 pthread_rwlock_t lock; | 01 cache_lookup(id) { |
| 02 p_rwlock_init          | 02 p...rdlock(...)    |
| 03 p_rwlock_wrlock        | 03 read from resource |
| 04 p_rwlock_rdlock        | 04 p...unlock(...)    |
| 05 p_rwlock_unlock        | 05 return result      |
|                           | 06 }                  |

CS241: synch. skills and the ability to *build* these! Along the way, also learn to reason about, develop and fix multi-threaded code

9. ~~ Welcome to the Reader Writer Game Show! ~~

Contestant #1

|   |   |
|---|---|
| p_mutex_t *readlock,*writelock<br>readlock=malloc(sizeof p_mutex_t)<br>writelock=malloc(sizeof p_mutex_t)<br>p_m_init(readlock,NULL)<br>P_m_init(writelock,NULL)<br><br>read() {<br>lock(readlock)<br>// do read<br>unlock(readlock)<br>} | write() {<br>lock(writelock)<br>lock(readlock)<br>// do writing<br>unlock(readlock)<br>unlock(writelock)<br>} |
|---|---|

Is #1 a Solution? Problems?

Contestant #2

bool reading=0, writing=0

|   |   |
|---|---|
| read() {<br>while(writing) {}<br><br>reading = true<br>// do reading here<br>reading = false<br>} | write() {<br>while(reading  writing)<br>{<br>writing = true<br>// do writing here<br>writing = false<br>} |
|---|---|

Is #2 a Solution? Problems?

Contestant #3

|  |  |
|--|--|
| read(){<br>lock(&m)<br>while (writing)<br>cond_wait(cv,m)<br><br>reading++<br><br>/* Read here! */<br><br>reading--<br>cond_signal(cv)<br>unlock(&m) | write(){<br>lock(&m)<br>while (reading  writing)<br>cond_wait(cv,m)<br><br>writing++<br><br>/* Write here! */<br><br>writing--;<br>cond_signal(cv)<br>unlock(&m) |
|--|--|

Is #3 a Solution? Problems?