

### List of supporting files

1. **data2.txt**: input data file;
2. **nodedata.h** and **nodedata.cpp**: NodeData class;
3. **lab2.cpp**: containing main(), to help clarify the functional requirements;
4. **lab2output**: correct output in using **lab2.cpp**;
5. **classAndSideway.txt**: structure of BinTree class and 2 functions for helping display a binary tree as if you are viewing it from the side. NOTE: They will be part of your program. You can adjust this definition to your implementation (although you must have the three pointers in the Node and it must work with **lab2.cpp**). Node could be a class and it doesn't necessarily have to be nested in the BinTree class. If a class, it is acceptable for the BinTree to be a *friend* of Node.

### Submission Requirements:

All the rules, submission requirements, and evaluation criteria are the same as the assignment 1.

**Part 2.** Use as many 8½ by 11 inch pieces of paper, one-sided, to make your work clear.

1. Use Huffman coding to encode these symbols with given frequencies:

a: 0.10 b: 0.25 c: 0.05 d: 0.15 e: 0.30 f: 0.07 g: 0.08

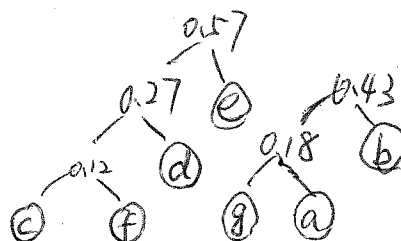
2. Build (draw) a heap (minheap, smallest value at root) by inserting one item at a time with the values:

15 20 3 4 8 10 9 5 14 2 25

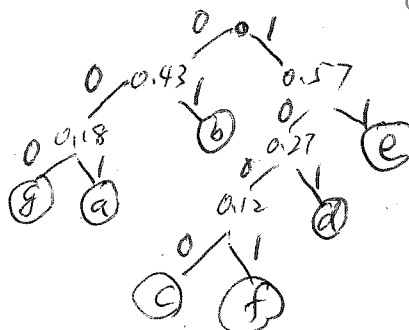
3. Build (draw) a heap (minheap, smallest value at root) using the linear algorithm with the values:

10 2 8 6 20 3 5 12 4 10 15

- 2) ~~a a~~
- 4) ~~b 0.25~~
- 1) ~~c 0.05~~
- 3) ~~d 0.15~~
- 5) ~~e 0.3~~
- 1) ~~f 0.07~~
- 2) ~~g 0.08~~
- 3) ~~c f 0.12~~
- 4) ~~g a 0.18~~
- 5) ~~c f d 0.27~~
- 6) ~~g a b 0.43~~
- 6) ~~c f d e 0.57~~



switch



left small  
right big  
before merge,  
compare

a 0 0 1  
b 0 1  
c 1 0 0 0  
d 1 0 1  
e 1 1  
f 1 0 0 1  
g 0 0 0

