Goals

N coins numbered from 0 to N-1 are lined up with their **heads** side up.

You are given **Q** operations, each of which consists in **flipping** (heads/tails) all the coins between two indices **L** and **R** (inclusive).

How many coins have their **tails** side up after all the operations have been executed?

Input

Line 1: Two space-separated integers N and Q.

Next Q lines: Two space-separated integers L and R.

Output

A single integer corresponding to the number of tails up coins after all the operations.

Constraint

```
1 \le N \le 10^6
```

$$1 \le \mathbf{Q} \le 500$$

For each operation, $0 \le L \le R < N$

Example

Input

```
10 5
0 1
3 4
2 3
1 8
1 9
```

Output

5