# gnumaker

Version: 0.0.0.9002

### Overview

gnumaker makes if easy to create and use GNU Makefiles to aid a reproducible work flow for data analysis projects.

GNU Make is the defacto standard for efficiently rerunning appropriate steps in the data analysis or reporting process if a particular file is changed. Only the necessary steps are rerun.

Rather than creating a new system for setting up and building output from statistical software syntax files, **gnumaker** leverages off existing GNU Make rules. These rules, for R, Sweave, R Markdown, Stata, SAS and other syntax files are available at r-makefile-definitions on Github. These are described in P Baker (2019) Using GNU Make to Manage the Workflow of Data Analysis Projects, *Journal of Statistical Software* (Accepted).

For those not familiar with GNU Make, **gnumaker** allows simple dependencies between files to be specified to produce a working Makefile and the associated directed acyclic graph (DAG). I'd welcome Github issues containing error reports or feature requests. Alternatively, you can email the package maintainer at drpetebaker at gmail dot com.

#### Installation

You can install the development version of **gnumaker** from GitHub with:

```
## if you don't have devtools installed, first run:
## install.packages("devtools")
devtools::install_github("petebaker/gnumaker")
```

### Usage

There are three key functions in **gnumaker**. These are:

- create\_makefile() creates a gnu\_makefile object given dependencies between syntax, data and output files.
- write\_makefile() writes a Makfile to disk.
- plot() plots a DAG for a gnu\_makefile object and

## Examples

Suppose we have a data file simple.csv and use read.R to read and clean the data. After storing the cleaned data in a .RData file, we then employ linmod.R to plot and analyse the data. Next, using the stored results two reports, report1.pdf and report2.docx are produced from report1.Rmd and report2.Rmd. The workflow may be encapsulated in a Makefile which is then employed to manage the process and generate or regenerate any intermediate files when the data or syntax changes.

Here we assume the default target file extension for running an R file is Rout (default) but instead specify the output types for the .Rmd files targets 'read' depends on read.r and simple.csv, 'linmod' on linmod.R and 'read' etc. Note that we can change the default target file extension using the 'default.exts' argument and specify say a HTML target file with default.exts = list(R = "html").

```
library(gnumaker)
gm1 <-
  create_makefile(targets = list(read = c("read.R", "simple.csv"),
                                 linmod = c("linmod.R", "read"),
                                 rep1 = c("report1.Rmd", "linmod"),
                                 rep2 = c("report2.Rmd", "linmod")),
    comments = list(linmod = "plots and analysis using 'linmod.R'"),
                      file.exts = list(rep1 = "pdf", rep2 = "docx"))
A Makefile Makefile.demo is produced with write makefile(gm1)
write makefile(gm1, file = "Makefile.demo")
#> File: Makefile.demo written at Tue Apr 2 13:58:27 2019
cat Makefile.demo
# File: Makefile.demo
# Created at: Tue Apr 2 13:58:27 2019
# Produced by qnumaker: 0.0.0.9002 on R version 3.5.3 (2019-03-11)
# Before running make, please check file and edit if necessary
# .PHONY all target which is run when make is invoked
.PHONY: all
all: report1.pdf report2.docx
# report1.pdf depends on report1.Rmd, linmod.Rout
report1.pdf: report1.Rmd linmod.Rout
# report2.docx depends on report2.Rmd, linmod.Rout
report2.docx: report2.Rmd linmod.Rout
# plots and analysis using 'linmod.R'
linmod.Rout: linmod.R read.Rout
# read.Rout depends on read.R, simple.csv
read.Rout: read.R simple.csv
```

The DAG of the gnu\_makefile object can be produced with plot(gm1).
plot(gm1)

rm -f \*~ \*.Rout \*.RData \*.docx \*.pdf \*.html \*-syntax.R \*.RData

For more examples, see the gnumaker vignette (under construction).

# include GNU Makfile rules. Most recent version available at

# https://qithub.com/petebaker/r-makefile-definitions

# remove all target, output and extraneous files

### Notes

include~/lib/r-rules.mk

.PHONY: cleanall

cleanall:

gnumaker is under construction and should change (and improve) rapidly over the next few months.

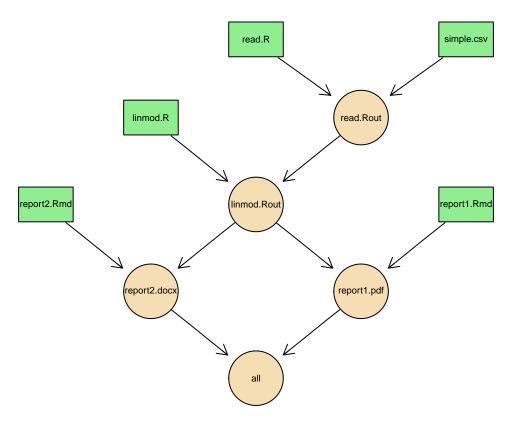


Figure 1: DAG of Makefile for simple example. The DAG of the <code>gnu\_makefile</code> object can be produced with <code>plot(gm1)</code>. Using the minimal set of files (shown in green rectangles), then GNU Make allows us to (re)generate all other files shown as wheat coloured circles)

## To do

- add all dependency and target file extensions in r-rules.mk, preferably by parsing the included file
- add testthat unit testing for more complicated examples
- allow for target file extensions and dependency files to be set as user specified variables which would make the Makefiles produced more flexible but less easy to read
- allow specification of global options in zzz.R so that it is easier to customise defaults
- either incorporate makefile2graph as a way of plotting Makefiles not made with **gnumaker** or write own functions. (See makefile2graph on github)