

# Image Retargeting by Content-Aware Synthesis: Supplemental Materials

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## 1 EVALUATION OF TEXTURE DETECTION

In order to demonstrate the efficiency of our automatic texture detection algorithm, we manually masked the textural regions of the images in our dataset TSRD as the ground truth. Furthermore, we implemented the method of [1] and compared it with ours. However, the method in [1] does not clearly indicate how to judge whether a pixel belongs to a textural region or not according to the feature values of LU transform. Since the recall rate is more important in our image retargeting application, we choose a threshold which minimizes the difference of the recall rate and compare the precision between the two methods. It has been proved that our method has more advantages in terms of precision. As calculated in our experiments, the precision and recall rate of our method is 86.52% and 91.67%, the ones of [1] are 76.48% and 86.35%.

## 2 MORE IMAGE RESIZING RESULTS 1

In Figs. 1 and 2, we show two retargeting examples by using inverse texture synthesis [2], apparently this method is not fit for image retargeting operation. From Fig. 3 to Fig. 88, we show all the stimuli and statistics of our user study as well as the results of texture detection and saliency detection. The original images of Figs. 57-88 are picked from the RetargetMe benchmark [3]. From Fig. 89 to Fig. 91, we show examples of image enlargement by using our synthesis operator to generate the textural regions in the result. Note that for image enlargement, we also use F-MultiOp for initialization and then re-synthesis the T-regions.

## 3 MORE IMAGE RESIZING RESULTS 2

From Fig. 92 to Fig. 138, we show some retargeting results generated by our method and the other six state-of-the-art image retargeting methods. The original images are



Fig. 1. Retargeting by inverse texture synthesis method.



Fig. 2. Retargeting by inverse texture synthesis method.

all selected from the RetargetMe benchmark [3]. Since these original images do not contain any textures or prominent textural regions (e.g., the T-regions are small or there is no obvious textural elements in the T-regions), for most of them our method degenerate to the fast multi-operators method [4] during the retargeting process. We can see that the quality of our results is comparable with the state-of-the-art image retargeting methods. However, it is difficult to use these examples to show the advantages of our method due to the lack of prominent textural regions.

## 4 MORE SALIENCY DETECTION RESULTS

In Figs. 139, 140, and 141, we show three more saliency detection results of texture images. We can see that our algorithm can better mark the visually important areas of a texture image, especially the non-object areas.

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## 5 DEFINITION OF WINDOWED TOTAL MEASURES

In our automatic texture detection algorithm, we use a general pixel-wise *windowed total variation* measure [5], which is written as:

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{D}_x(p) &= \sum_{q \in R(p)} g_{p,q} \cdot |(\partial_x S)_q|, \\ \mathcal{D}_y(p) &= \sum_{q \in R(p)} g_{p,q} \cdot |(\partial_y S)_q|,\end{aligned}\quad (1)$$

where  $q$  belongs to  $R(p)$ , the rectangular region centered at pixel  $p$ .  $\mathcal{D}_x(p)$  and  $\mathcal{D}_y(p)$  are *windowed total variations* in the  $x$  and  $y$  directions for pixel  $p$ , which count the absolute spatial difference within the window  $R(p)$ .  $g_{p,q}$  is a weighting function defined according to spatial affinity, expressed as

$$g_{p,q} \propto \exp\left(-\frac{(x_p - x_q)^2 + (y_p - y_q)^2}{2\sigma^2}\right), \quad (2)$$

where  $\sigma$  controls the spatial scale of the window. In an image with salient textures, both the detail and structure pixels yield large  $\mathcal{D}$ , which indicates that the *windowed total variation* is responsive to visual saliency.

To help distinguish prominent structures from the texture elements, besides  $\mathcal{D}$ , the *windowed inherent variation* is also used

$$\begin{aligned}\mathcal{L}_x(p) &= \left| \sum_{q \in R(p)} g_{p,q} \cdot (\partial_x S)_q \right|, \\ \mathcal{L}_y(p) &= \left| \sum_{q \in R(p)} g_{p,q} \cdot (\partial_y S)_q \right|.\end{aligned}\quad (3)$$

$\mathcal{L}$  captures the overall spatial variation. Different from the expression in Eq. (1), it does not incorporate the modulus. So the sum of  $\partial S$  depends on whether the gradients in a window are coincident or not, in terms of their directions, because  $\partial S$  for one pixel could be either positive or negative.

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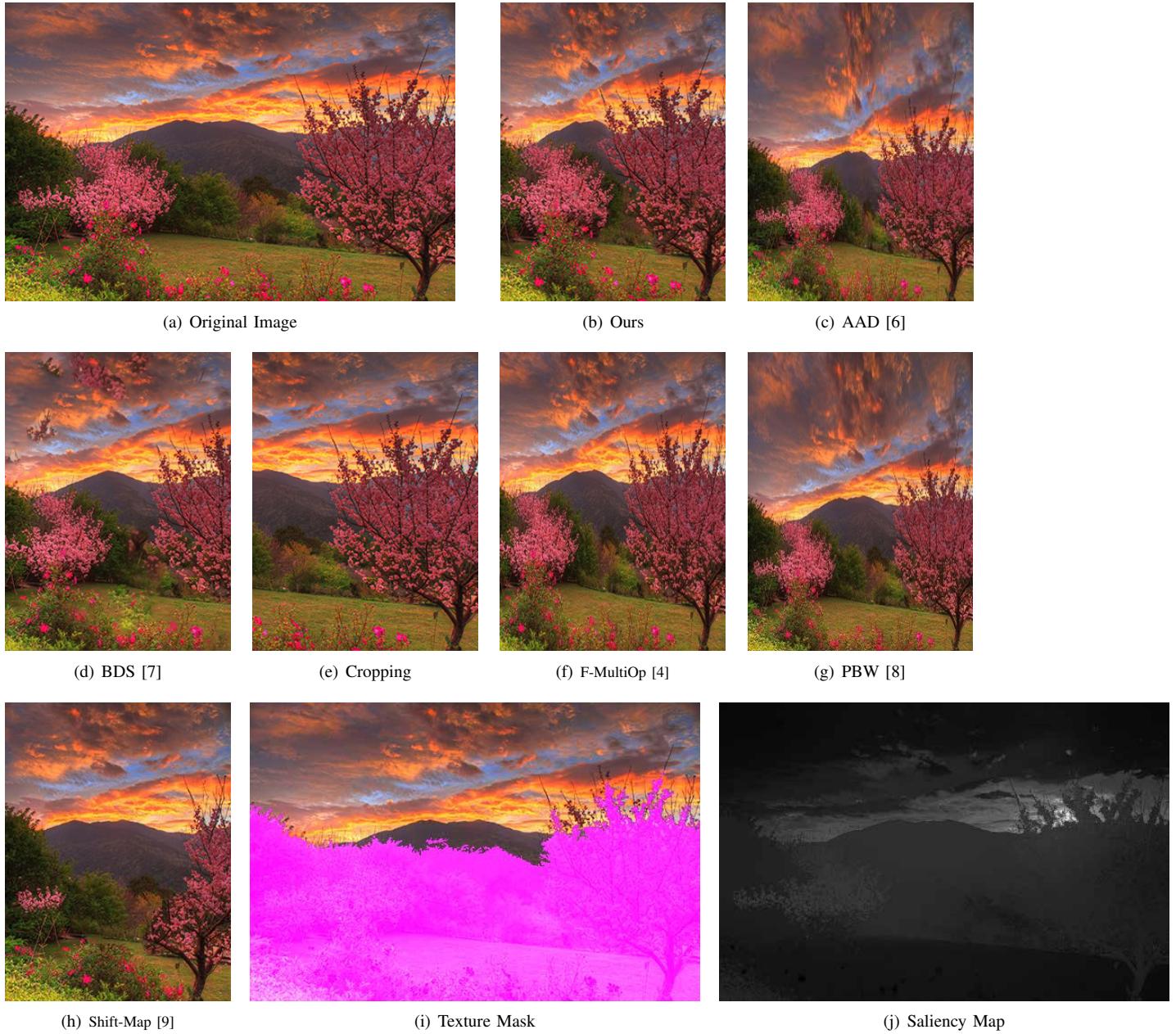
Fig. 3. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 333$ .

TABLE 1

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 3	<b>78.18%</b>	7.27%	9.09%	12.73%	30.91%	5.45%	0.00%

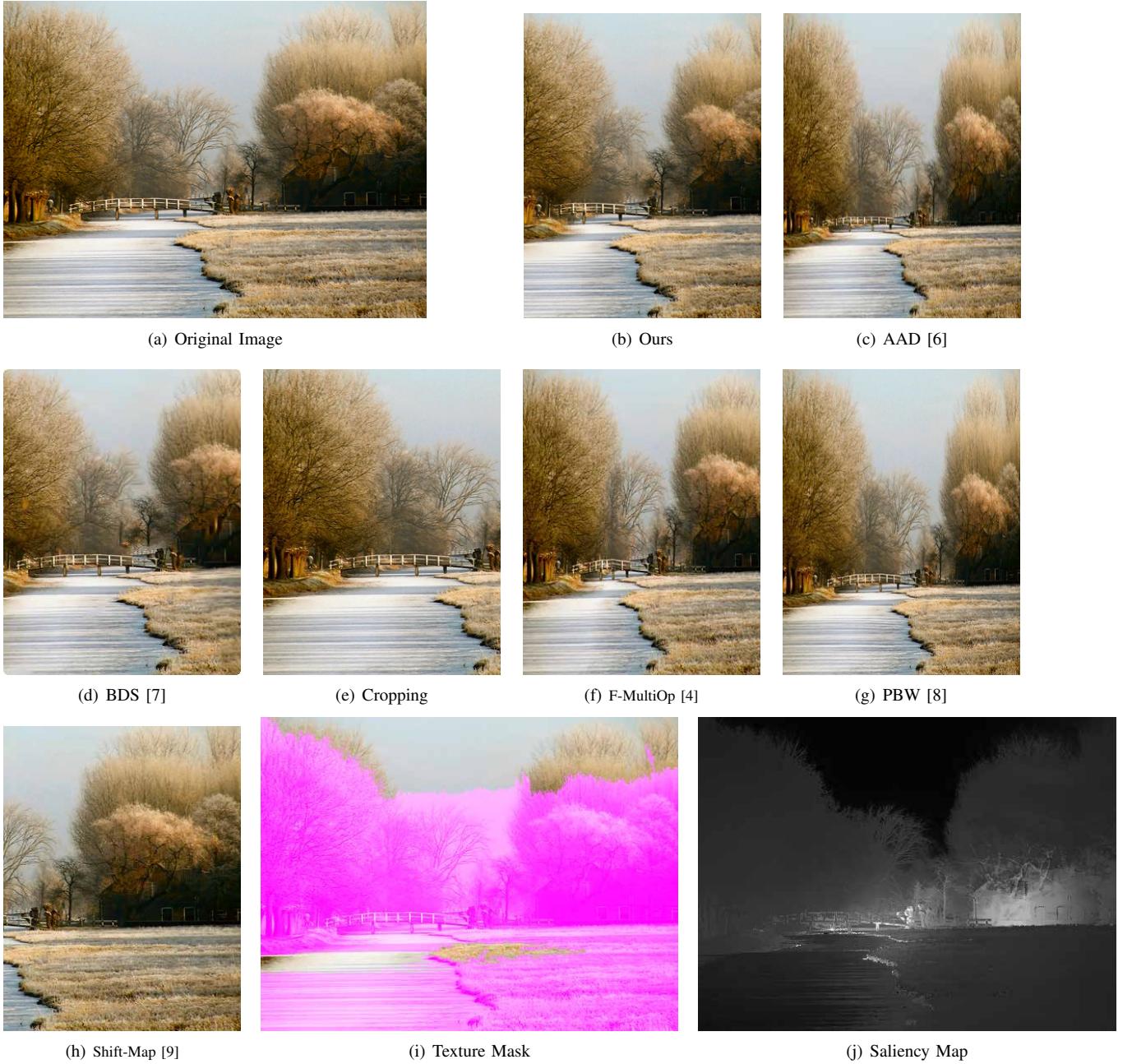
Fig. 4. Input resolution is  $500 \times 375$ , output resolution is  $280 \times 360$ .

TABLE 2

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 4	<b>45.45%</b>	12.73%	25.45%	29.09%	21.82%	20.00%	1.82%

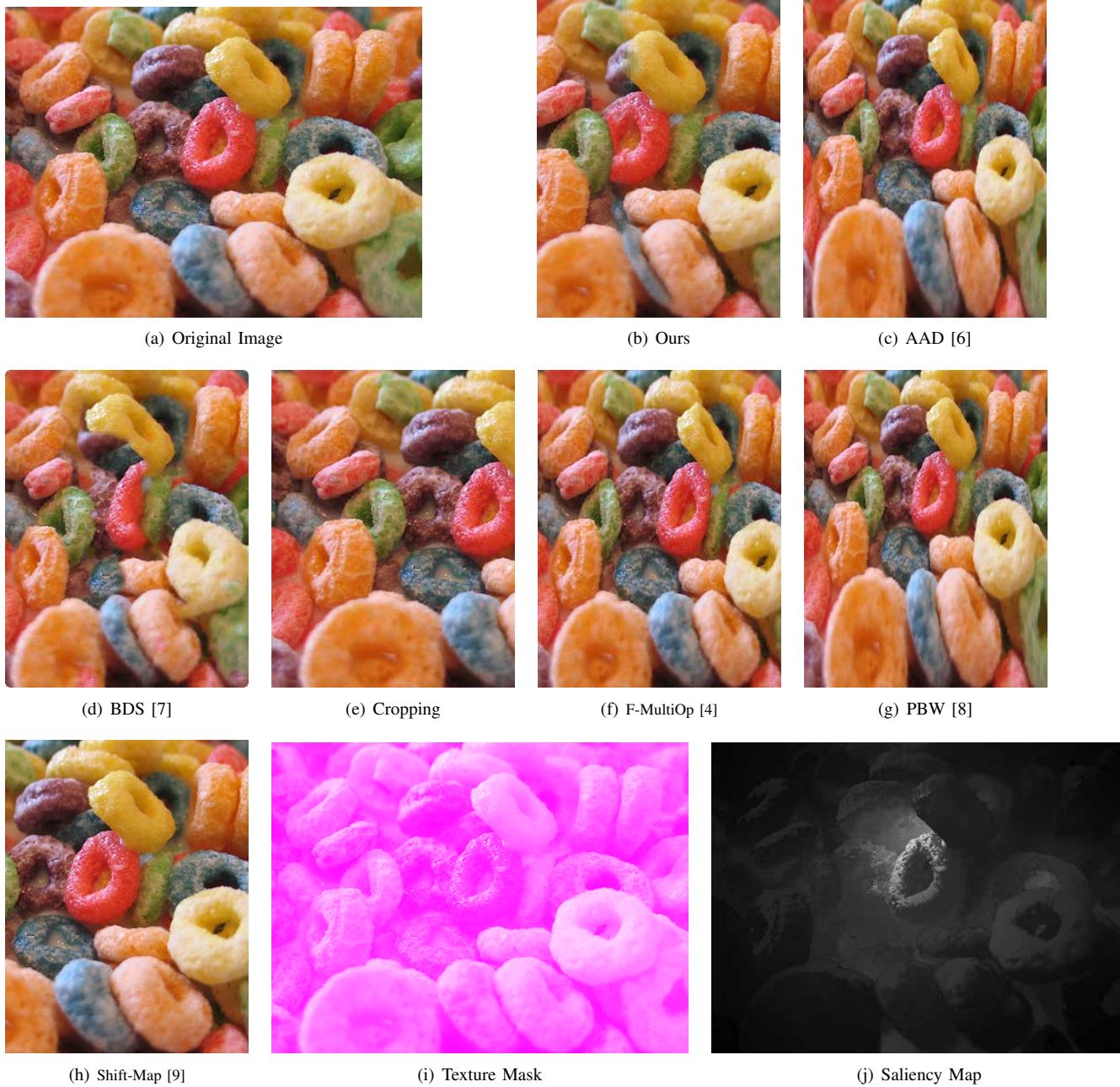
Fig. 5. Input resolution is  $456 \times 340$ , output resolution is  $264 \times 340$ .

TABLE 3

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 5	<b>29.09%</b>	5.45%	5.45%	23.64%	10.91%	7.27%	61.82%

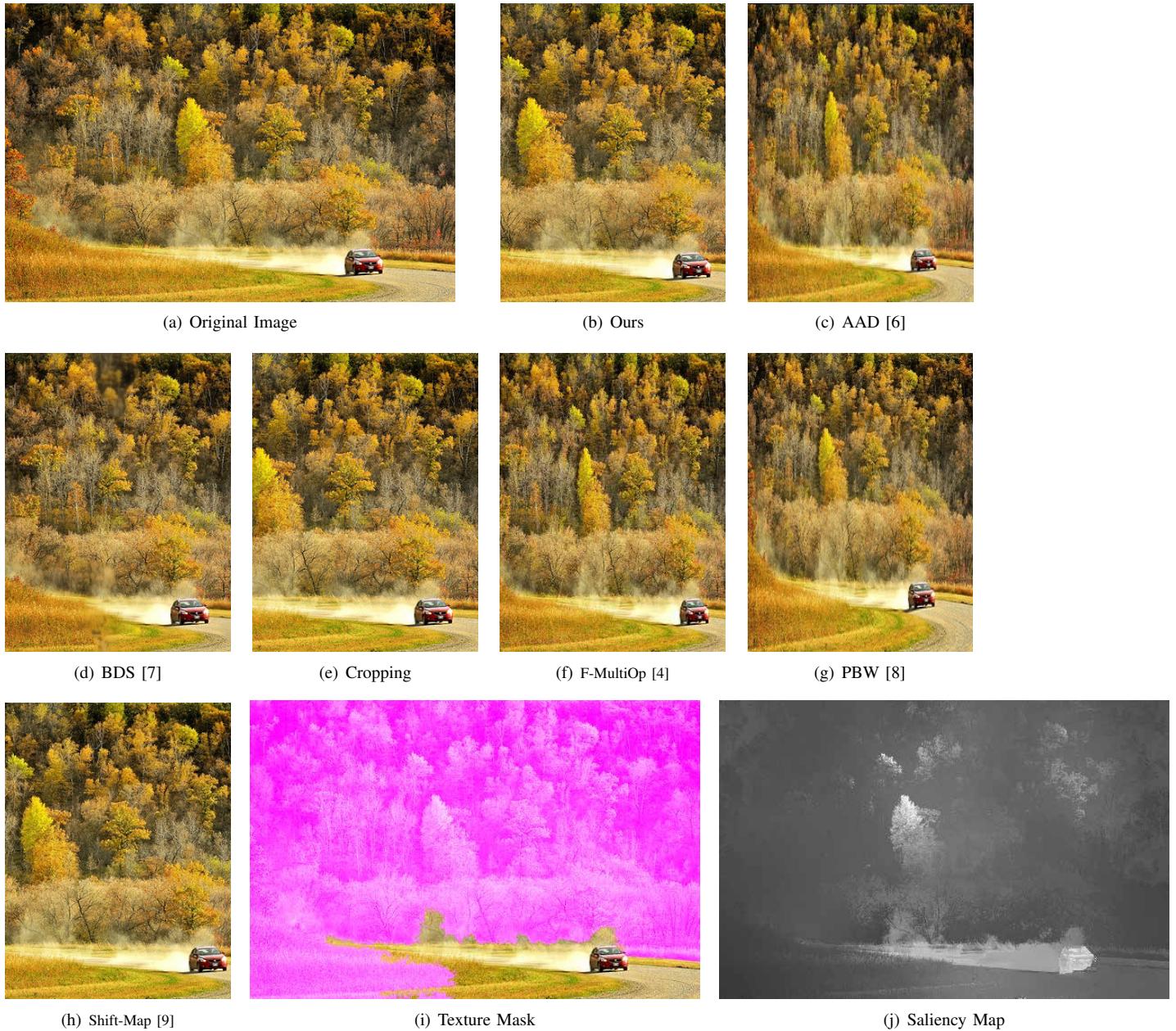
Fig. 6. Input resolution is  $500 \times 332$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 332$ .

TABLE 4

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 6	40.00%	9.09%	14.55%	61.82%	3.64%	12.73%	14.55%

Fig. 7. Input resolution is  $540 \times 322$ , output resolution is  $270 \times 332$ .

TABLE 5

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 7	<b>54.55%</b>	3.64%	23.64%	34.55%	3.64%	7.27%	25.45%

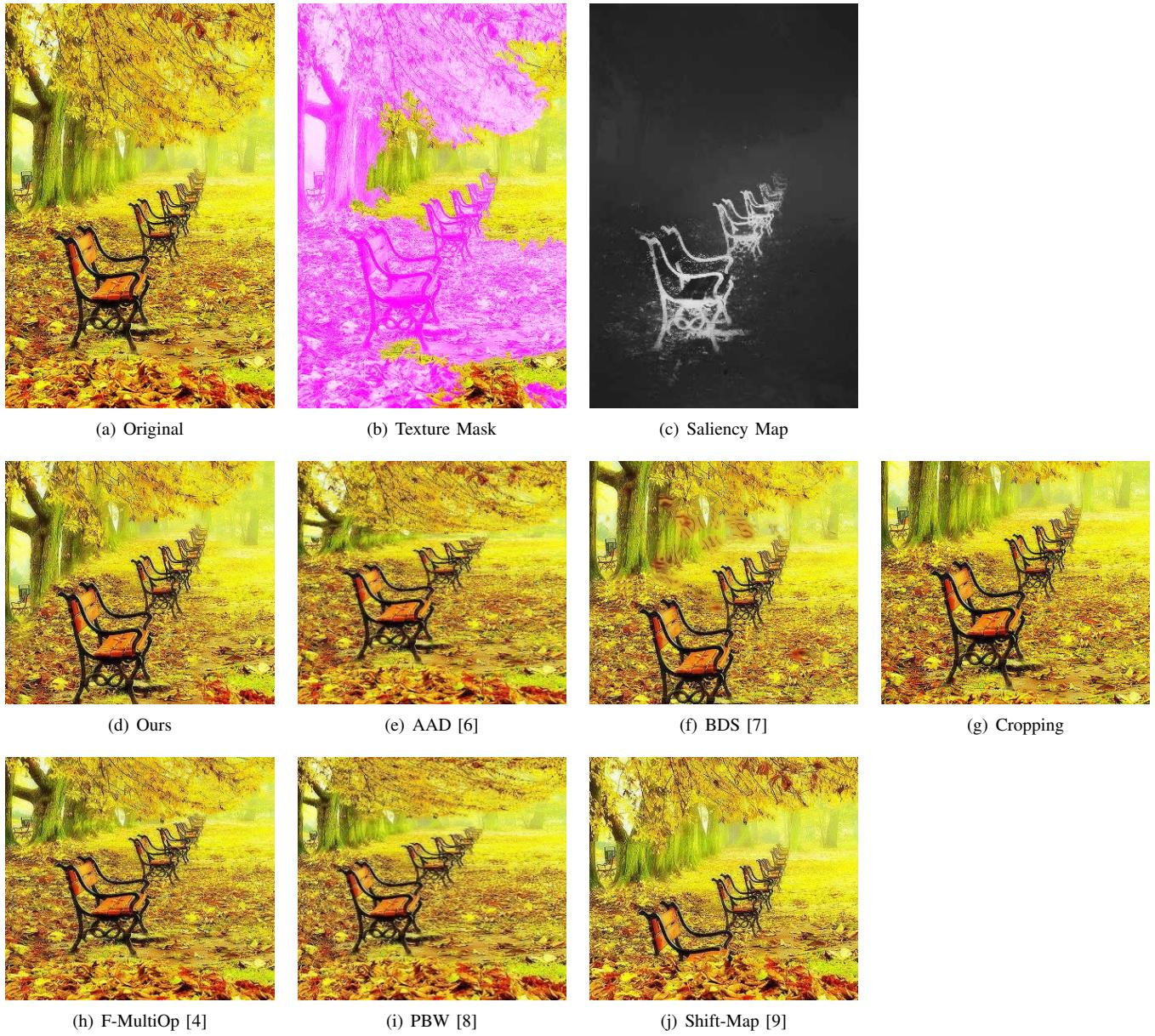


Fig. 8. Input resolution is  $332 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $332 \times 260$ .

TABLE 6

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 8	<b>52.73%</b>	5.45%	12.73%	36.36%	27.27%	16.36%	0.00%

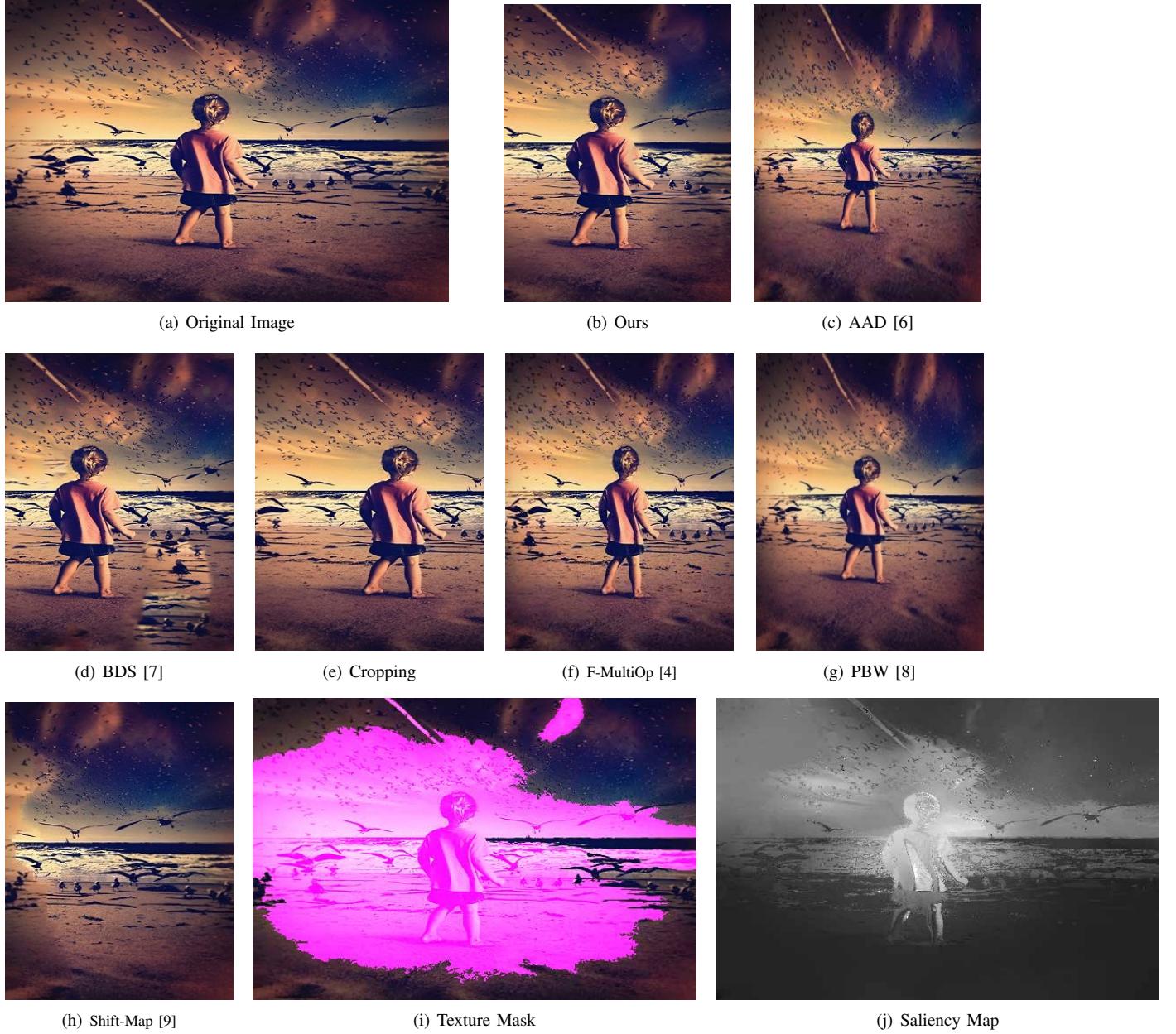
Fig. 9. Input resolution is  $500 \times 340$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 340$ .

TABLE 7

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 9	<b>43.64%</b>	16.36%	14.55%	23.64%	25.45%	27.27%	0.00%

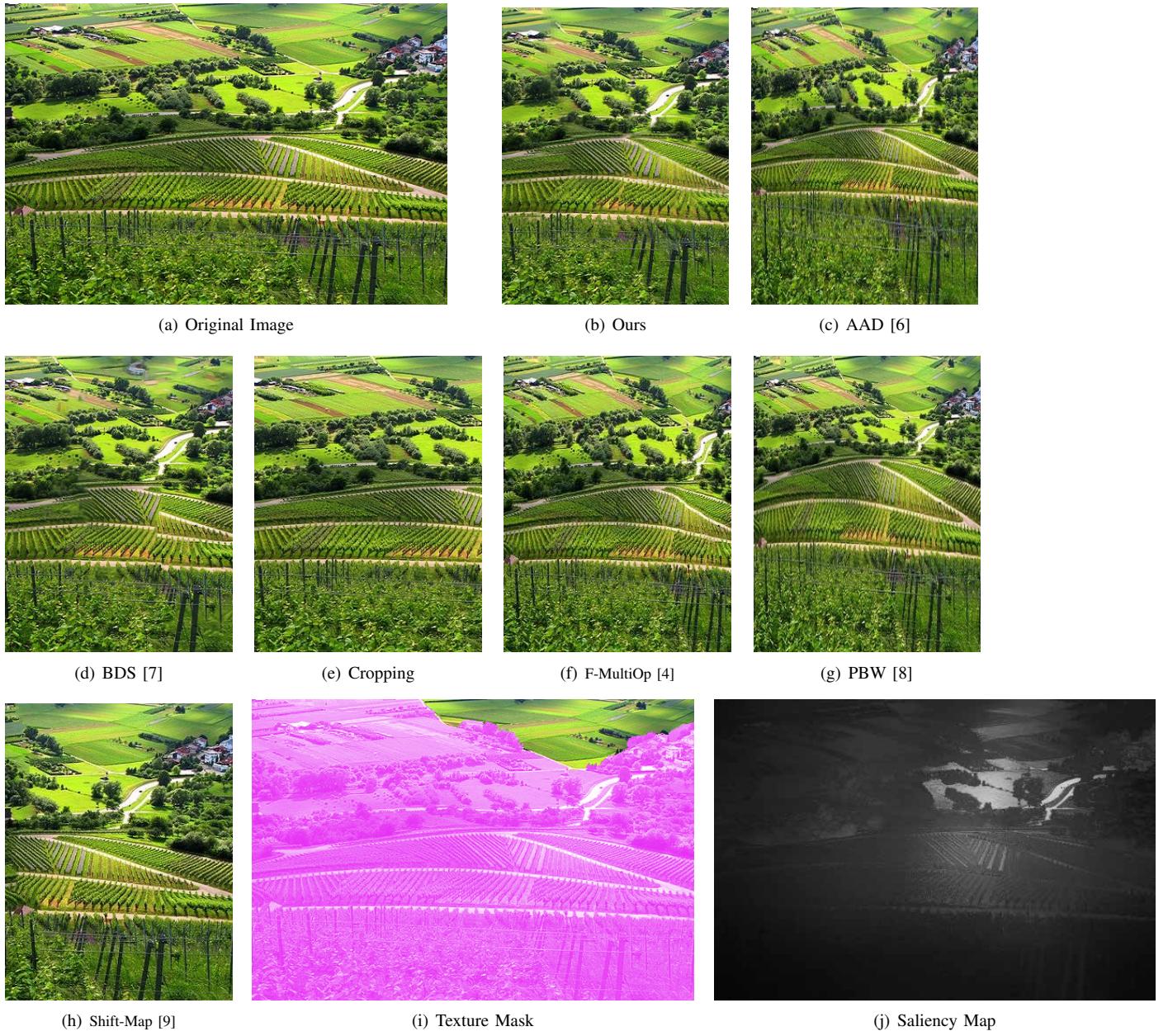
Fig. 10. Input resolution is  $500 \times 340$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 340$ .

TABLE 8

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 10	<b>32.73%</b>	12.73%	27.27%	14.55%	30.91%	10.91%	10.91%

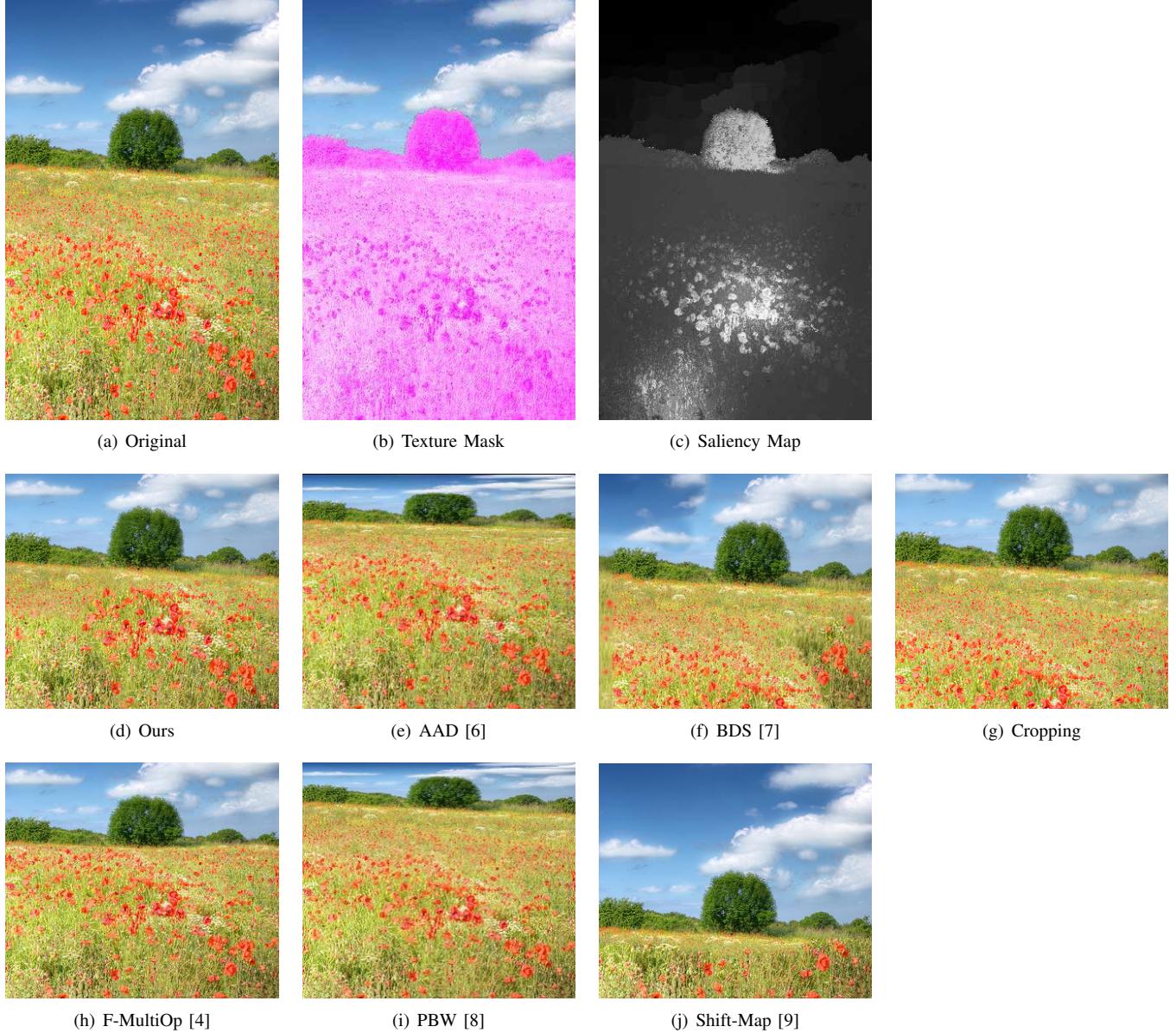
Fig. 11. Input resolution is  $325 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $325 \times 280$ .

TABLE 9

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 11	<b>61.82%</b>	0.00%	27.27%	40.00%	14.55%	0.00%	0.00%

Fig. 12. Input resolution is  $500 \times 358$ , output resolution is  $280 \times 358$ .

TABLE 10

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 12	<b>43.64%</b>	10.91%	9.09%	7.27%	27.27%	14.55%	25.45%

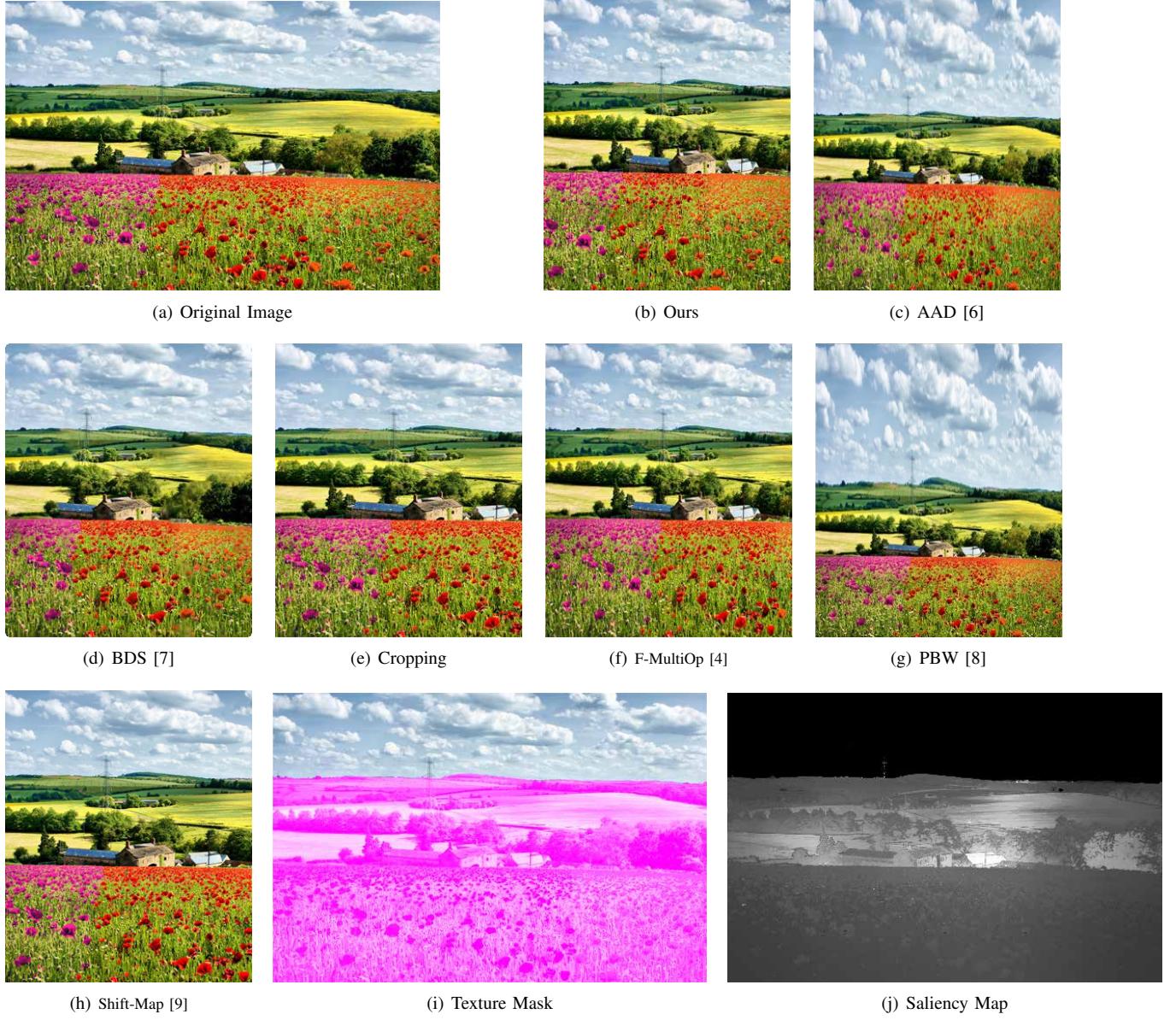
Fig. 13. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $280 \times 332$ .

TABLE 11

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 13	<b>36.36%</b>	7.27%	9.09%	30.91%	18.18%	10.91%	27.27%

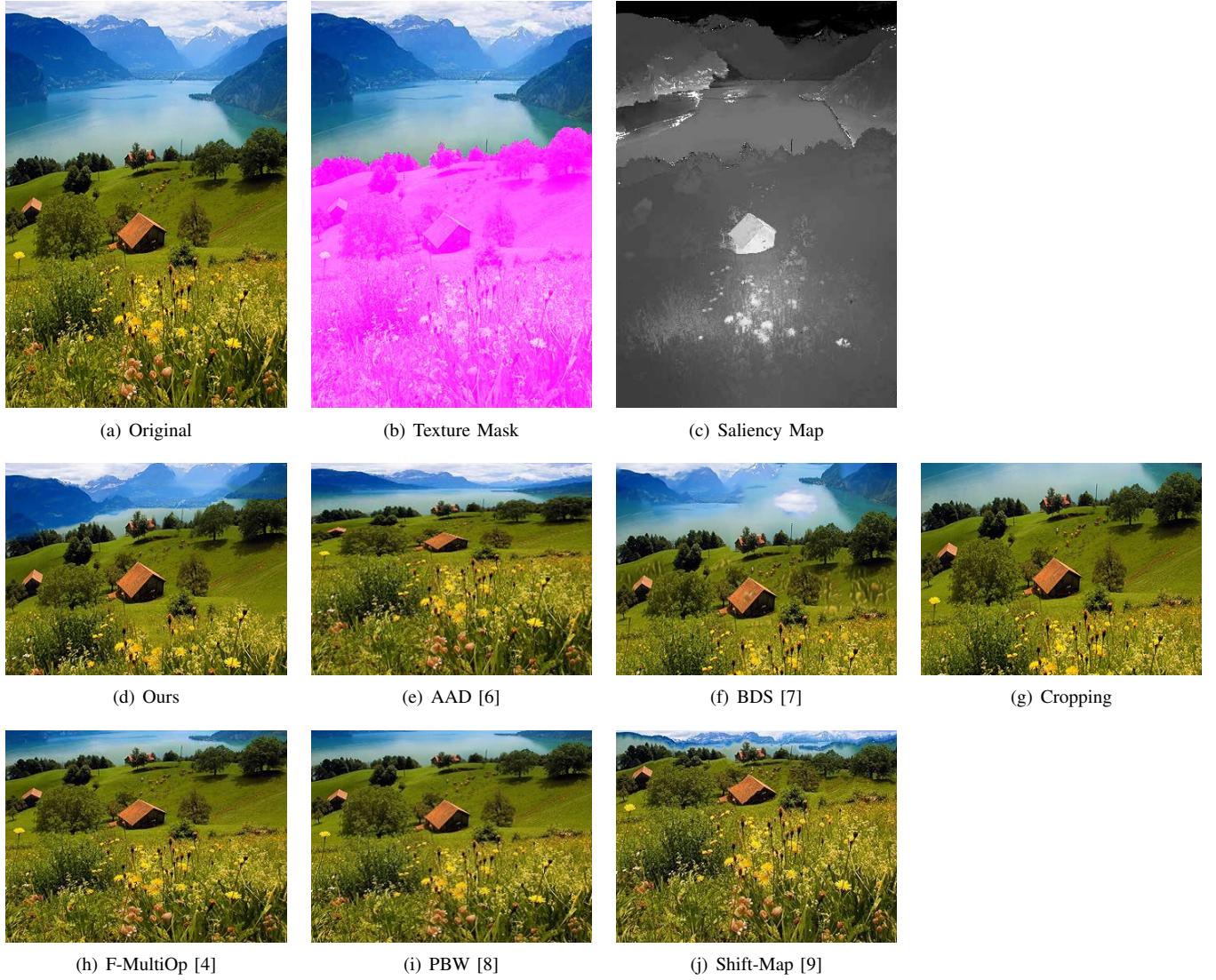
Fig. 14. Input resolution is  $345 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $345 \times 260$ .

TABLE 12

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 14	<b>70.91%</b>	5.45%	20.00%	5.45%	1.82%	1.82%	7.27%

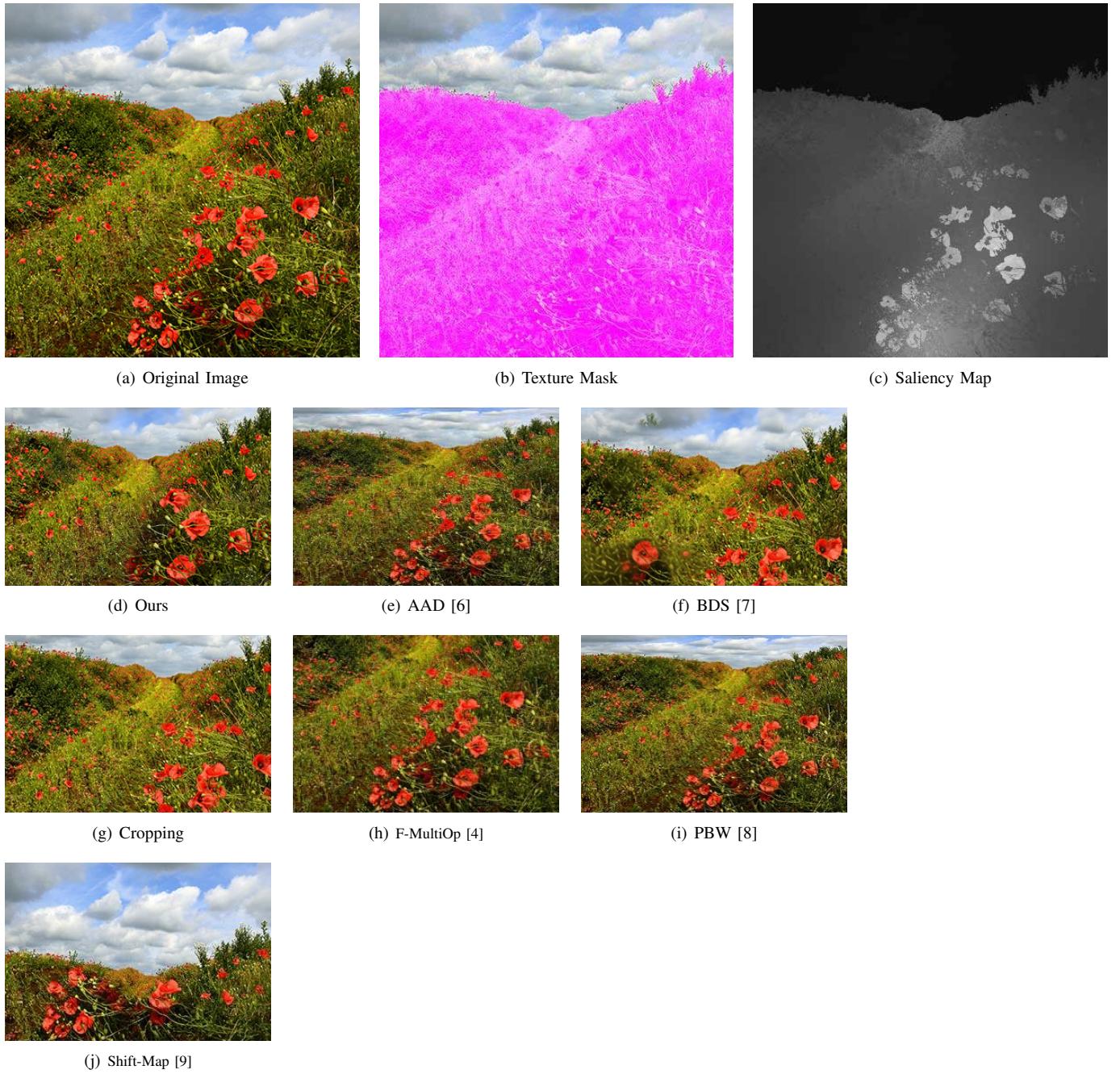
Fig. 15. Input resolution is  $400 \times 400$ , output resolution is  $300 \times 200$ .

TABLE 13

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 15	<b>60.00%</b>	20.00%	27.27%	9.09%	5.45%	10.91%	12.73%

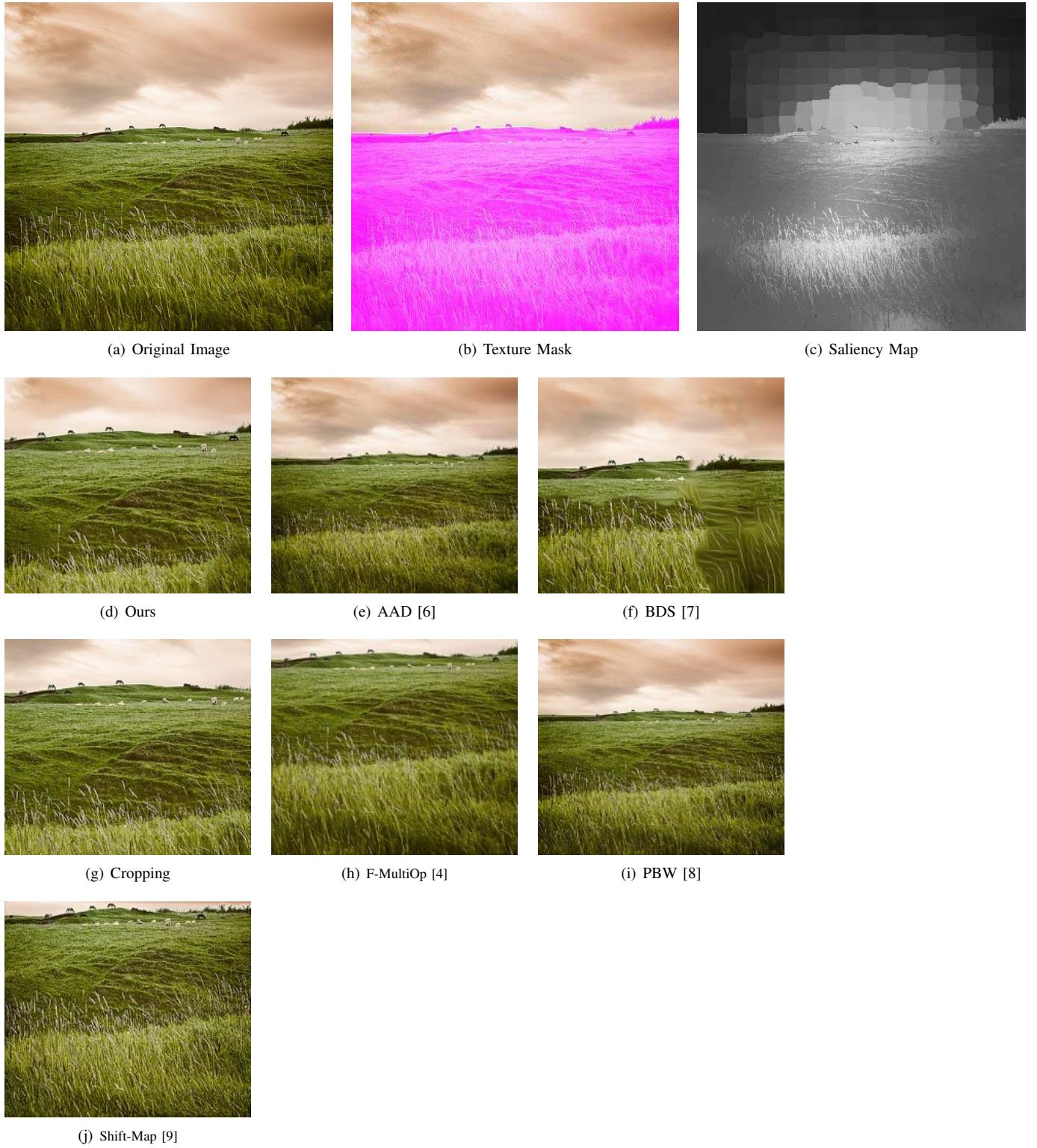
Fig. 16. Input resolution is  $400 \times 400$ , output resolution is  $300 \times 260$ .

TABLE 14

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 16	<b>47.27%</b>	21.82%	23.64%	27.27%	3.64%	18.18%	3.64%

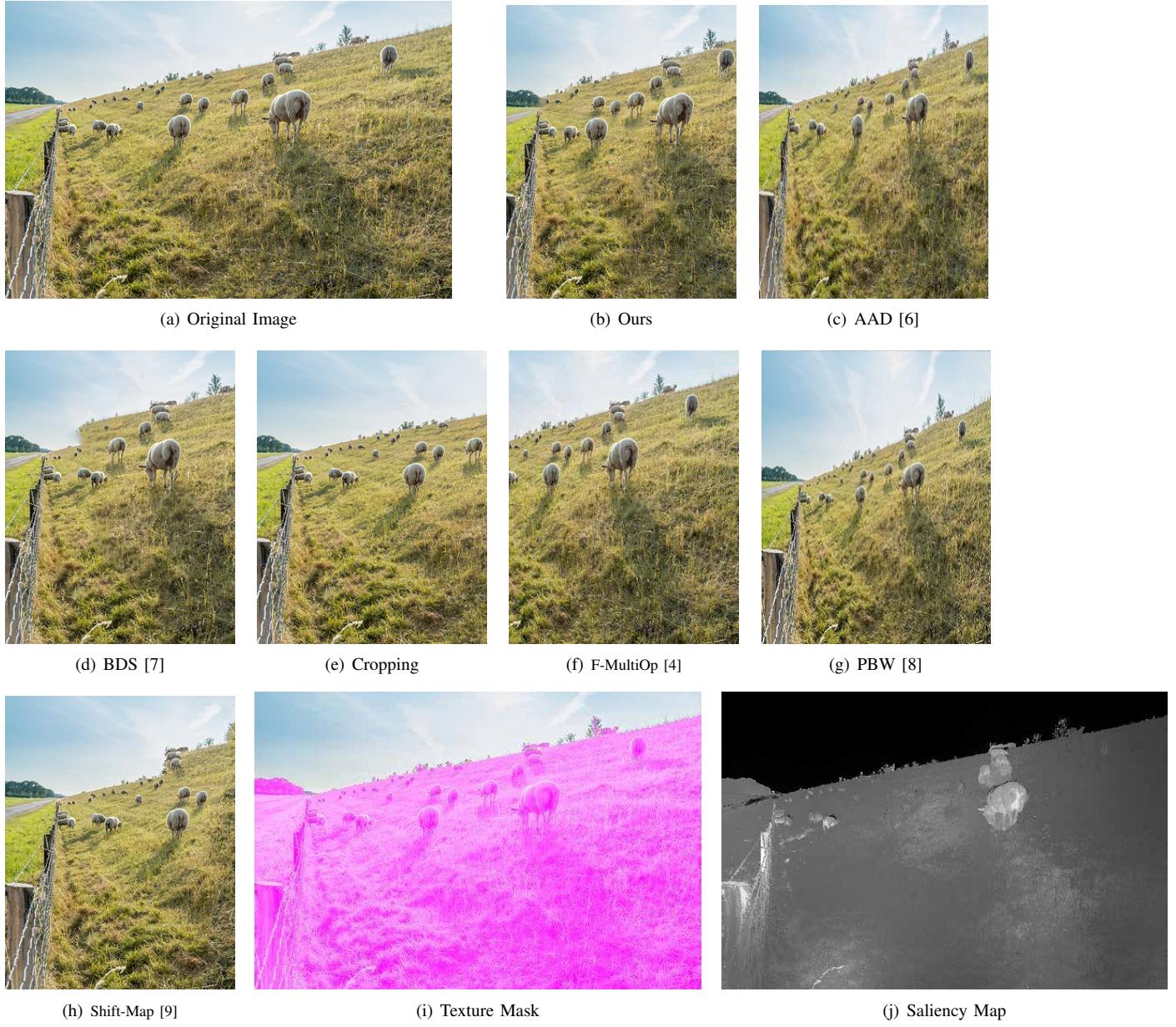
Fig. 17. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 210$ .

TABLE 15

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 17	<b>52.73%</b>	16.36%	32.73%	12.73%	3.64%	18.18%	5.45%

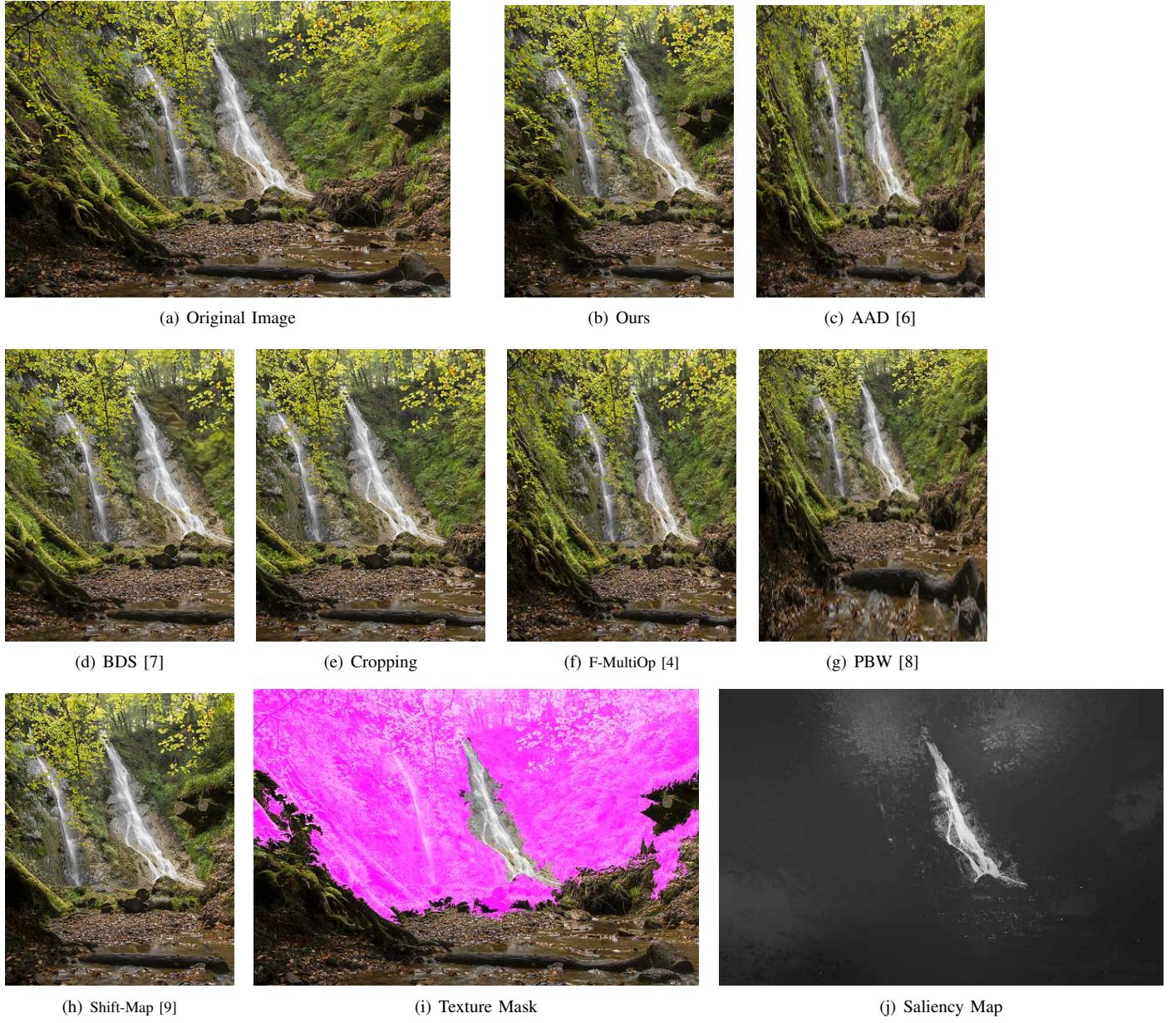
Fig. 18. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 333$ .

TABLE 16

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 18	<b>49.09%</b>	3.64%	21.82%	20.00%	10.91%	5.45%	24.45%

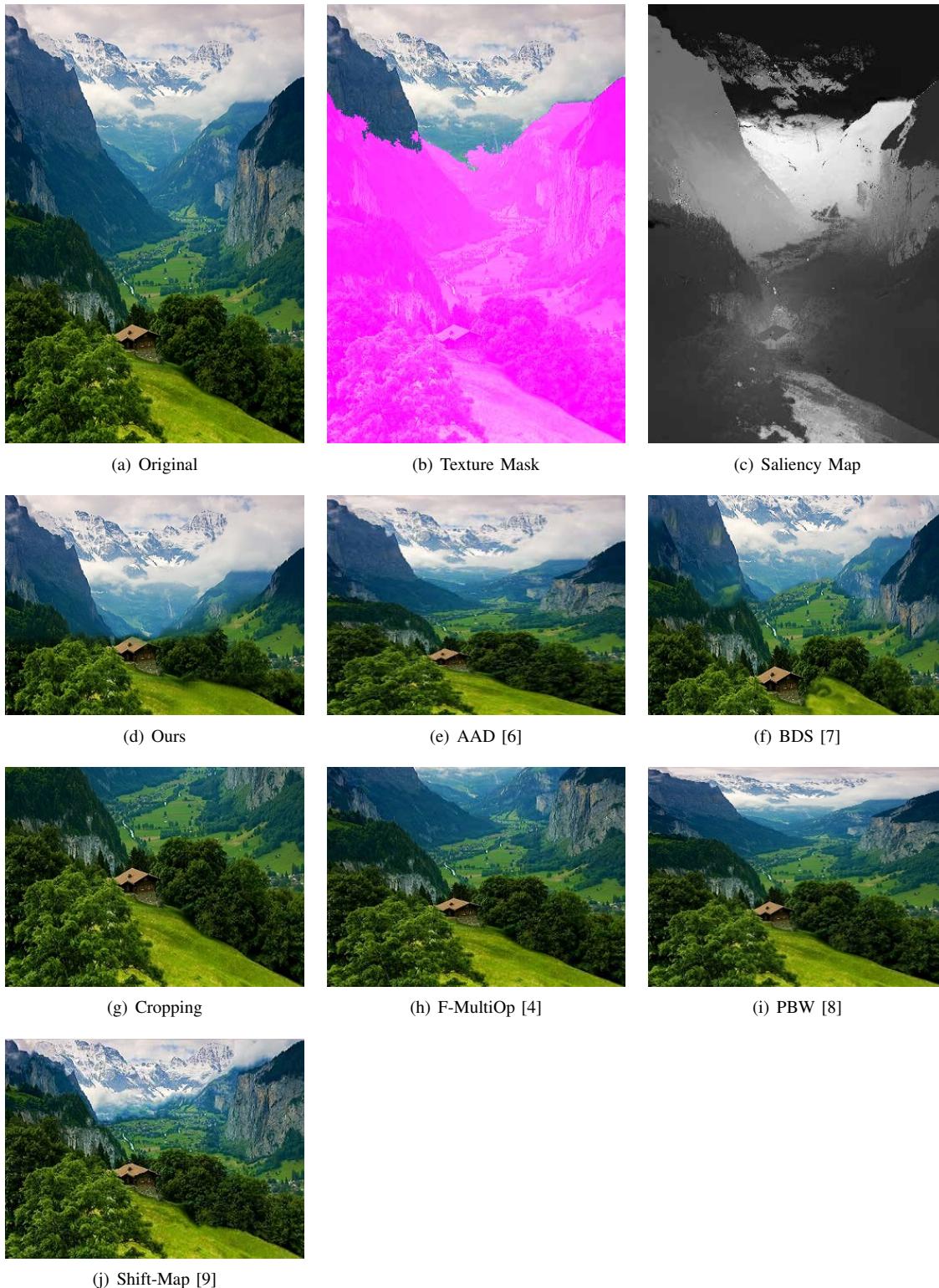


Fig. 19. Input resolution is  $340 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $340 \times 250$ .

TABLE 17

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 19	<b>32.73%</b>	21.82%	29.09%	10.91%	12.73%	16.36%	25.45%

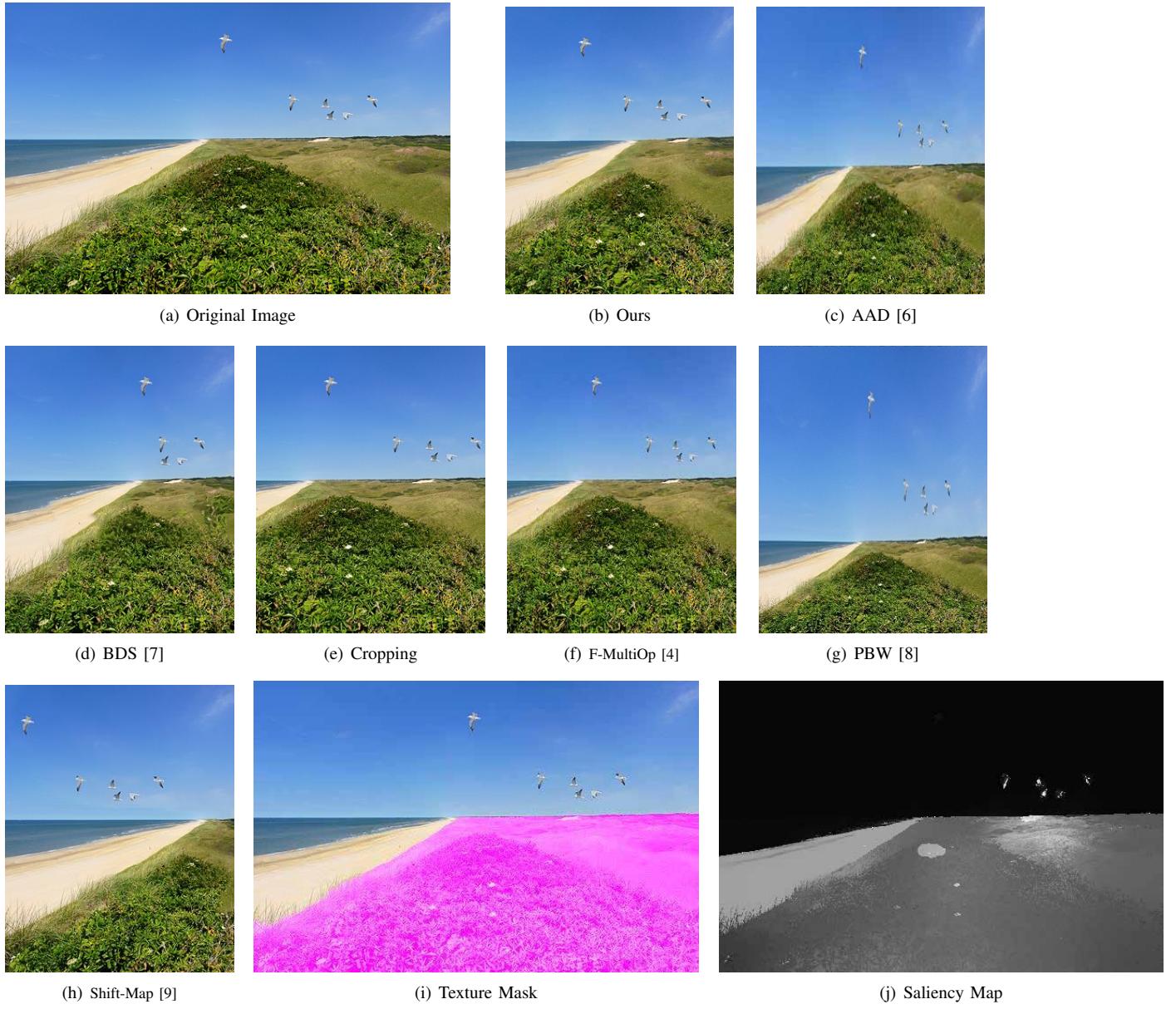
Fig. 20. Input resolution is  $500 \times 327$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 327$ .

TABLE 18

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 20	<b>52.73%</b>	21.82%	10.91%	14.55%	14.55%	14.55%	7.27%



Fig. 21. Input resolution is  $333 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $333 \times 260$ .

TABLE 19

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 21	<b>61.82%</b>	0.00%	3.64%	56.36%	0.00%	21.82%	0.00%

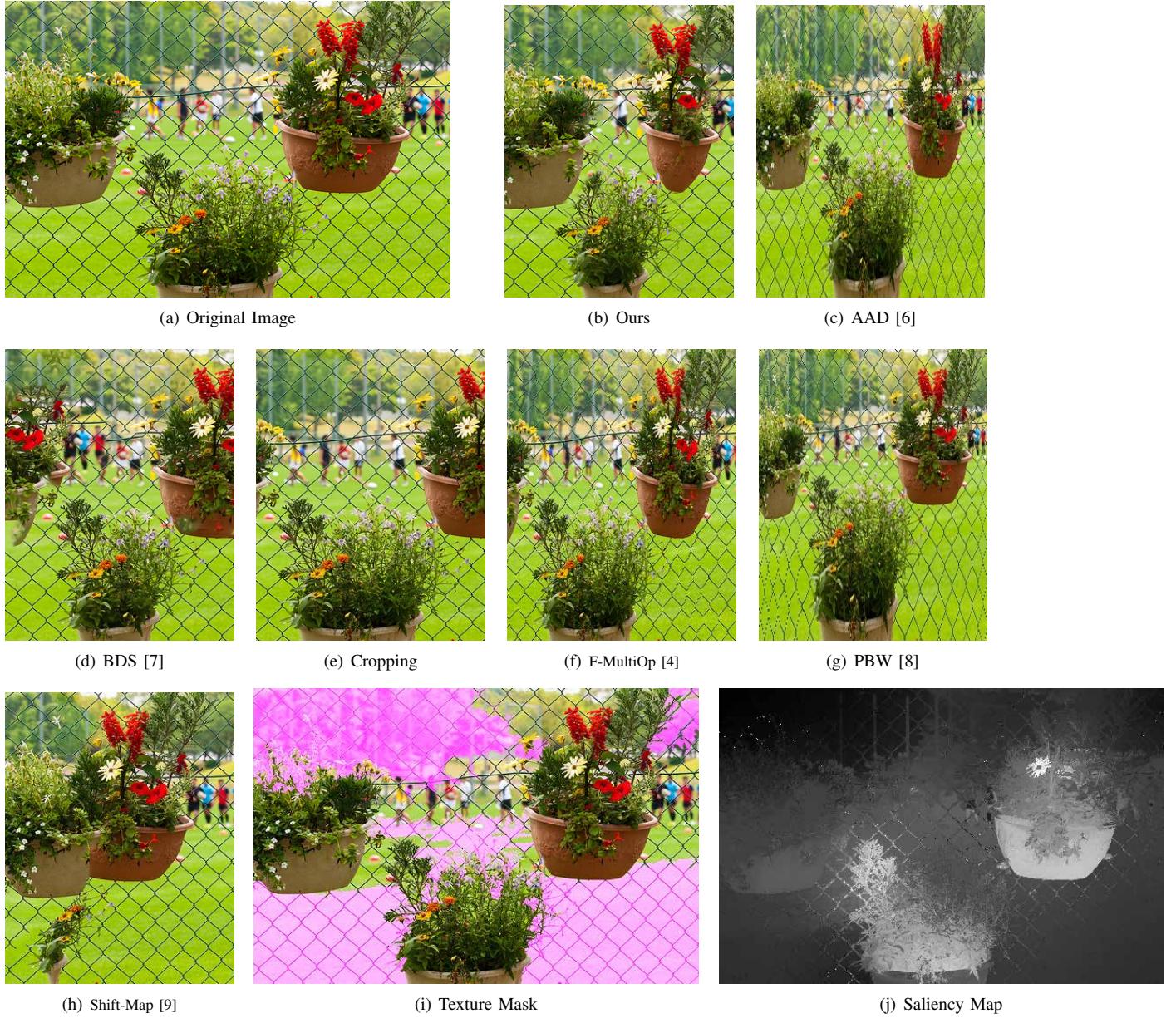
Fig. 22. Input resolution is  $500 \times 332$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 332$ .

TABLE 20

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 22	<b>21.82%</b>	18.18%	20.00%	21.82%	27.27%	18.18%	0.00%

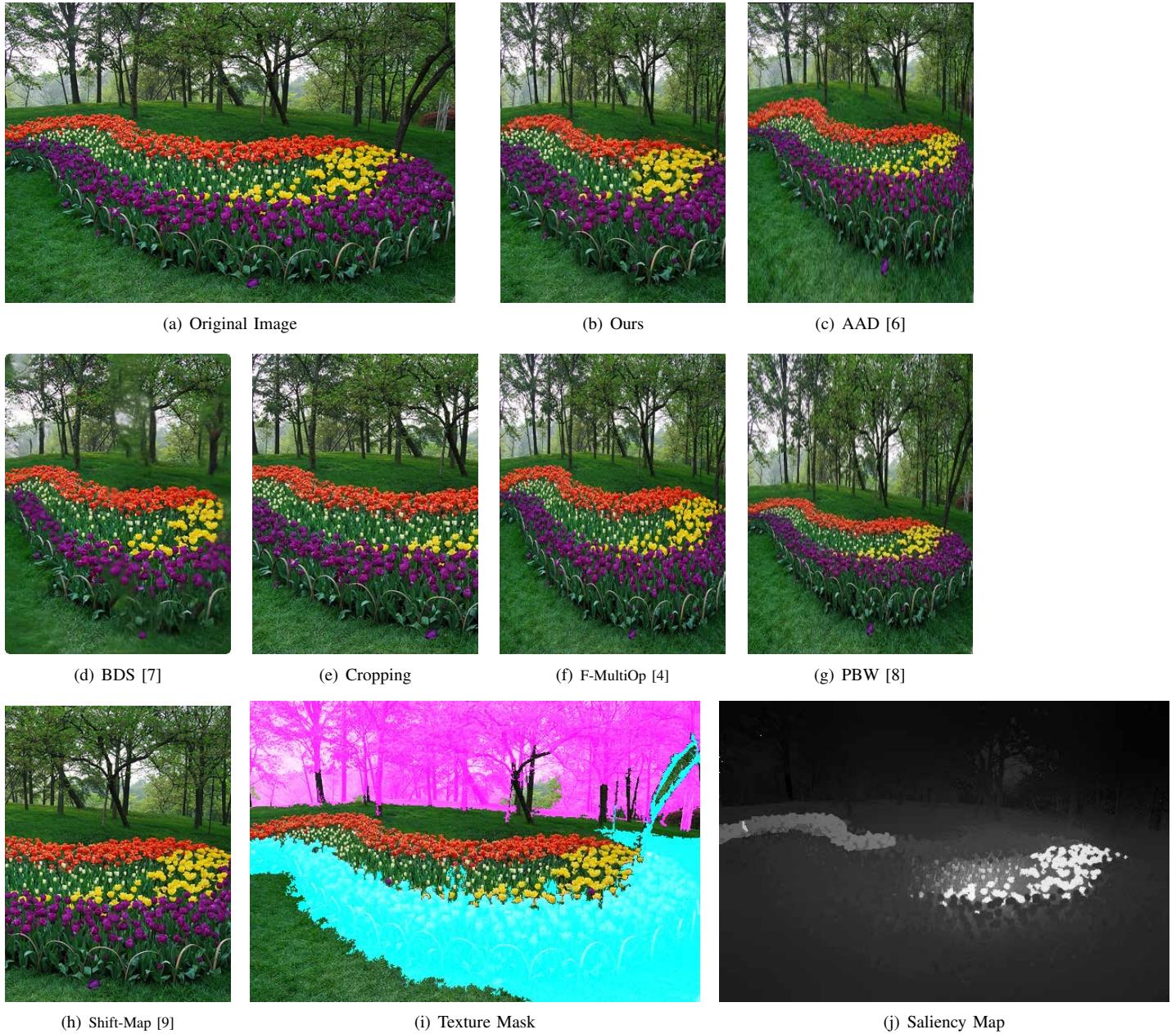
Fig. 23. Input resolution is  $500 \times 334$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 334$ .

TABLE 21

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 23	<b>34.55%</b>	20.00%	12.73%	9.09%	27.27%	29.09%	12.73%

Fig. 24. Input resolution is  $344 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $344 \times 310$ .

TABLE 22

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 24	80.00%	1.82%	14.55%	25.45%	10.91%	3.64%	0.00%

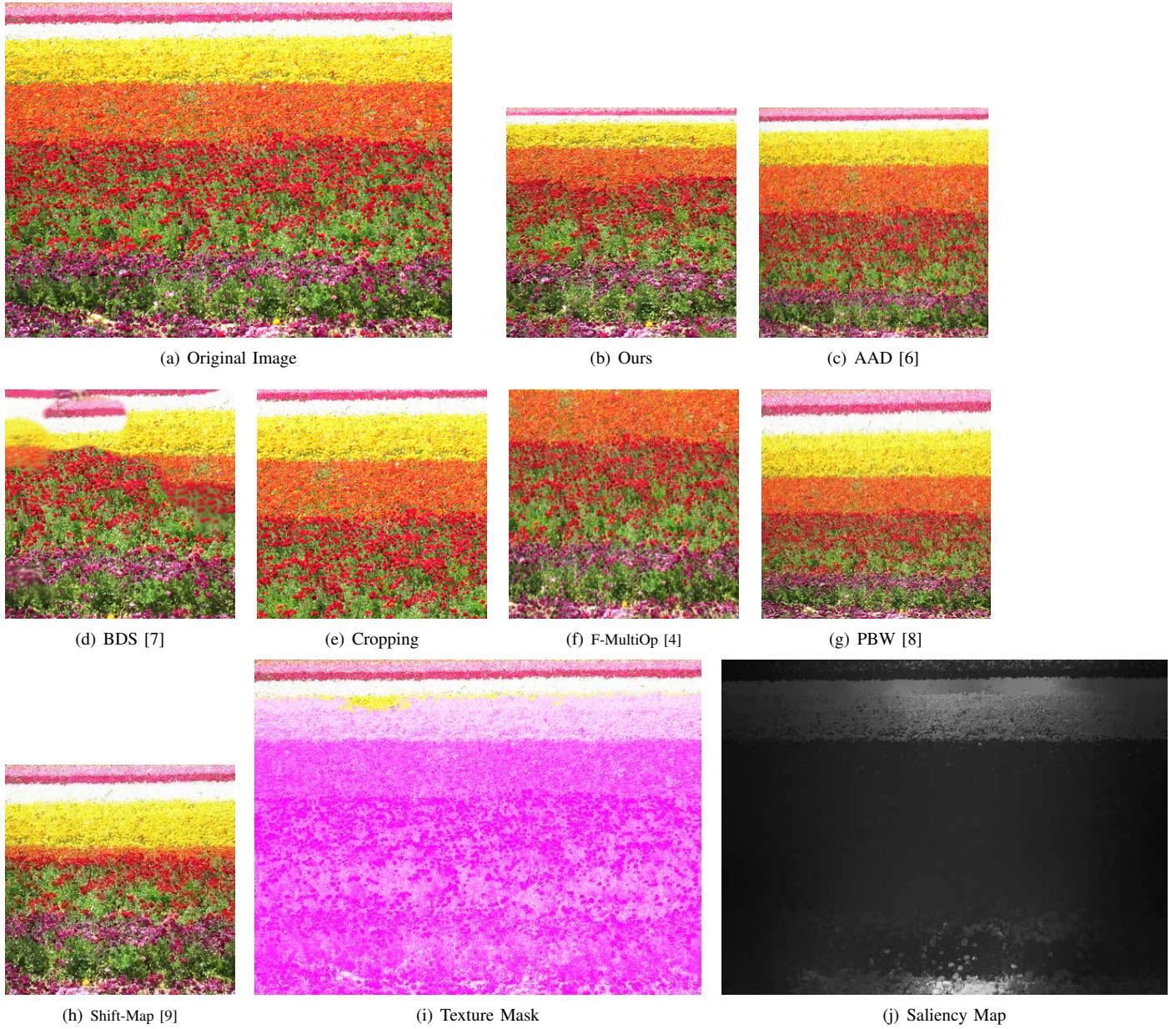
Fig. 25. Input resolution is  $500 \times 375$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 260$ .

TABLE 23

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 25	45.45%	30.91%	0.00%	18.18%	3.64%	34.55%	9.09%

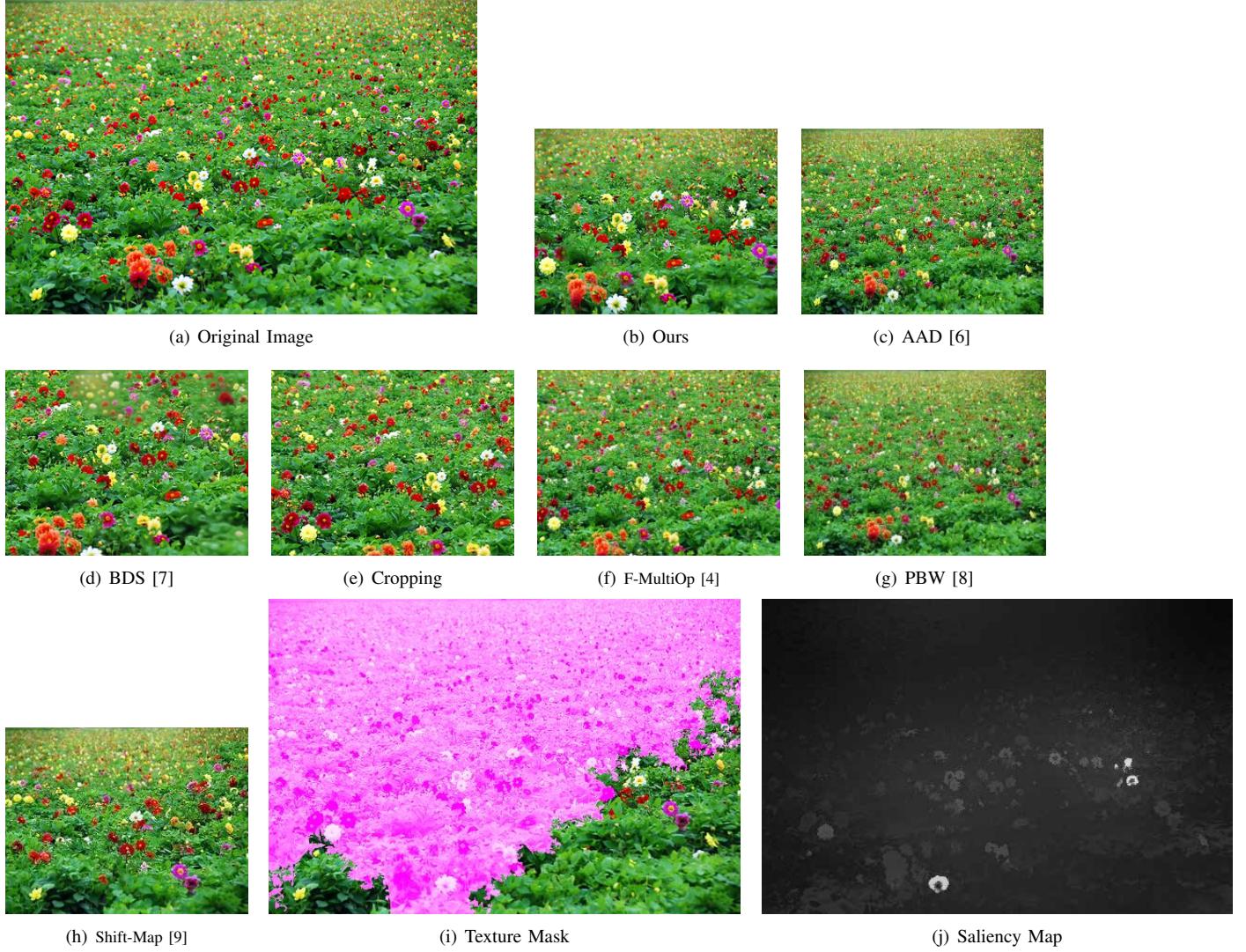
Fig. 26. Input resolution is  $500 \times 334$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 200$ .

TABLE 24

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 26	<b>49.09%</b>	21.82%	16.36%	32.73%	10.91%	5.45%	7.27%

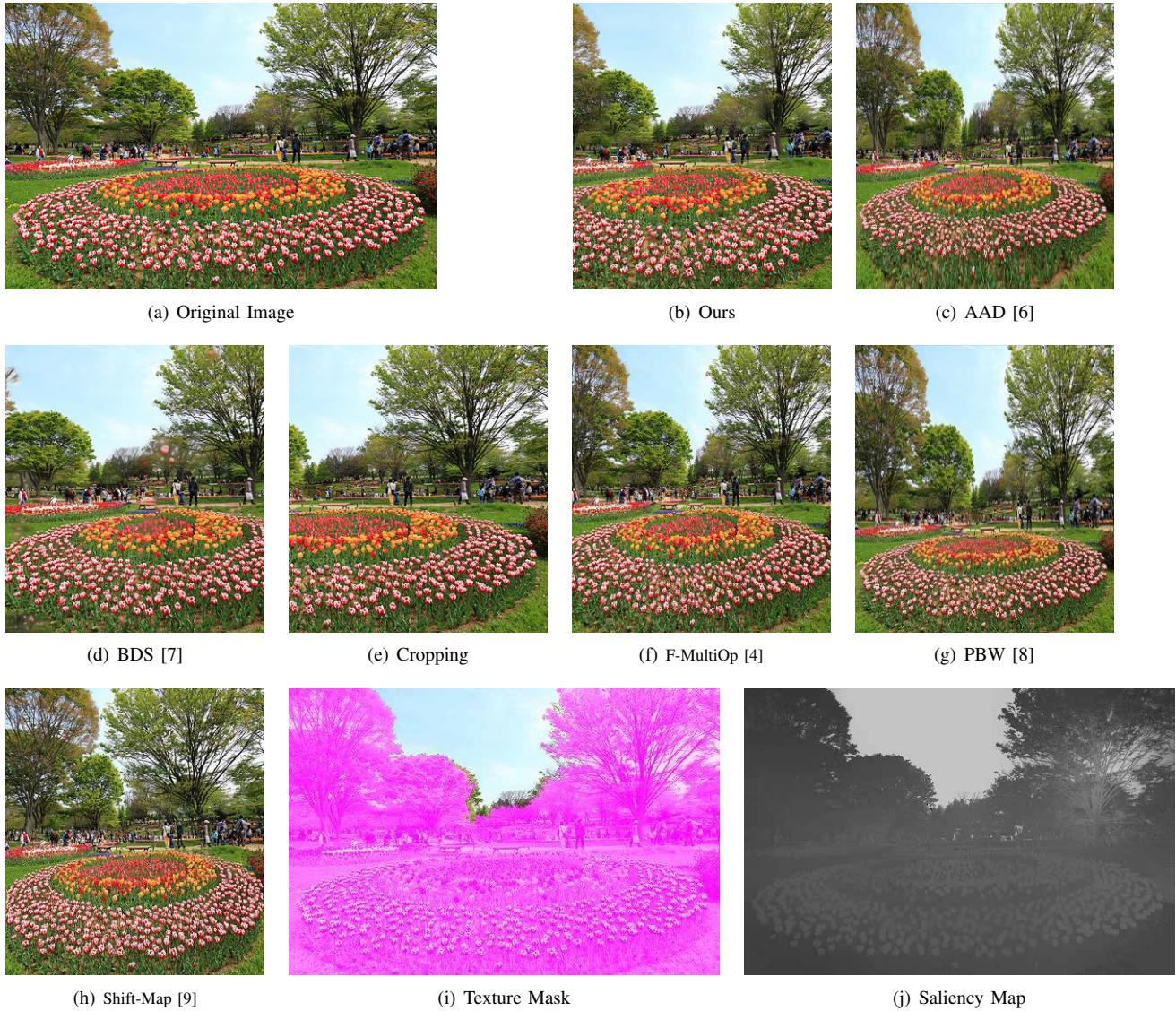
Fig. 27. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $300 \times 333$ .

TABLE 25

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 27	<b>27.27%</b>	14.55%	14.55%	12.73%	34.55%	18.18%	23.64%

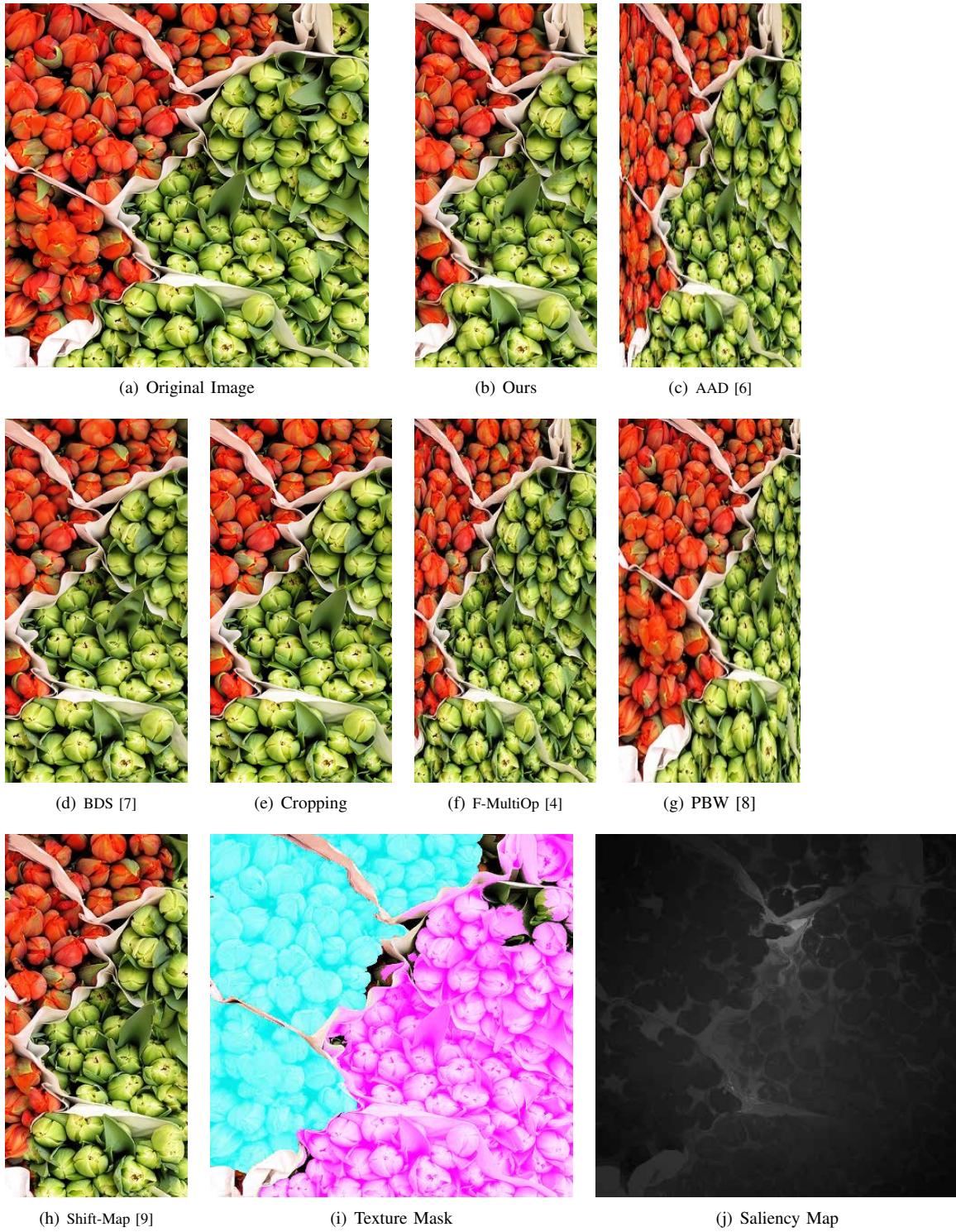
Fig. 28. Input resolution is  $400 \times 400$ , output resolution is  $200 \times 400$ .

TABLE 26

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 28	<b>52.73%</b>	0.00%	18.18%	32.73%	7.27%	9.09%	25.45%

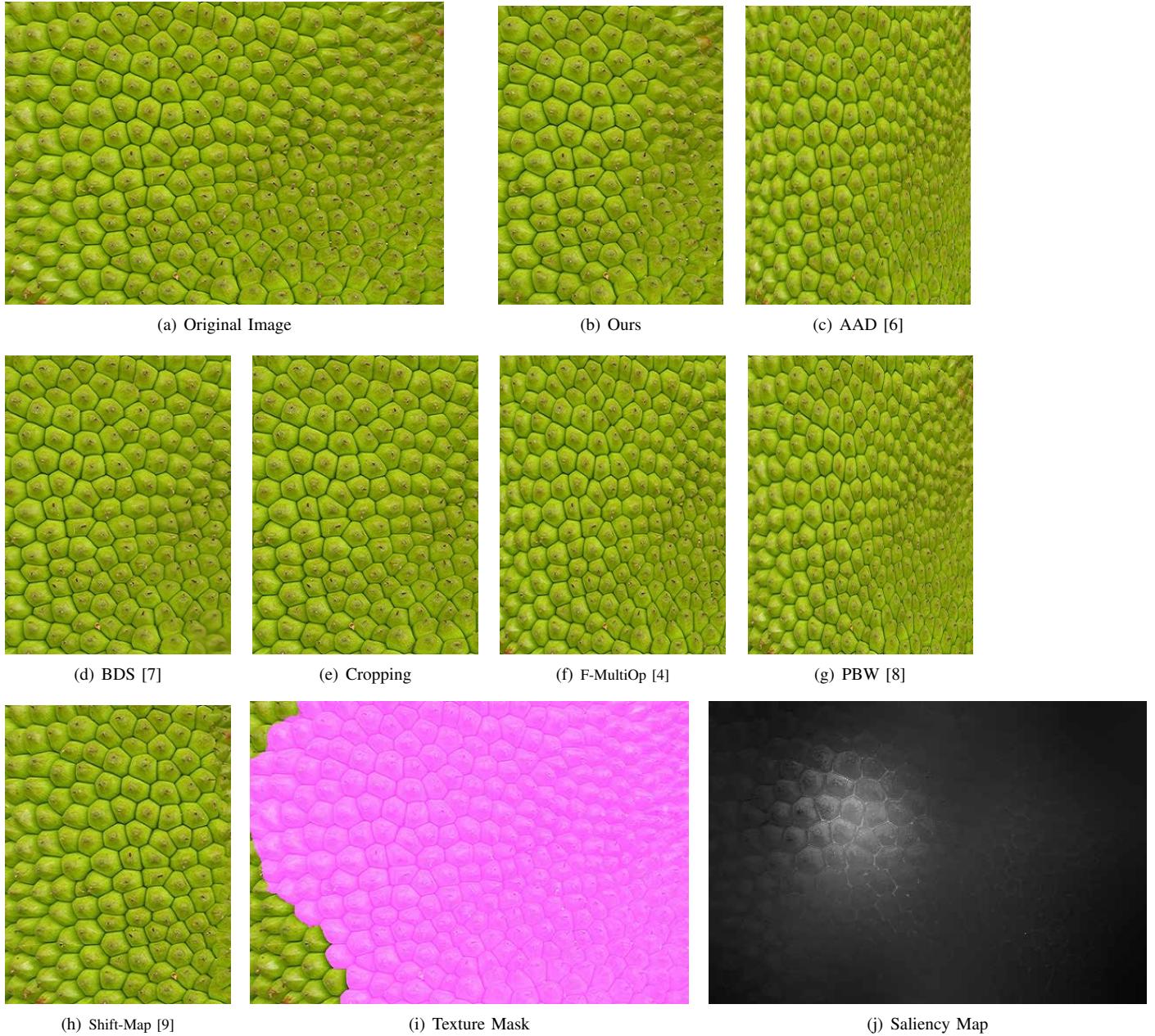
Fig. 29. Input resolution is  $500 \times 345$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 345$ .

TABLE 27

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 29	<b>30.91%</b>	9.09%	25.45%	34.55%	10.91%	0.00%	27.27%

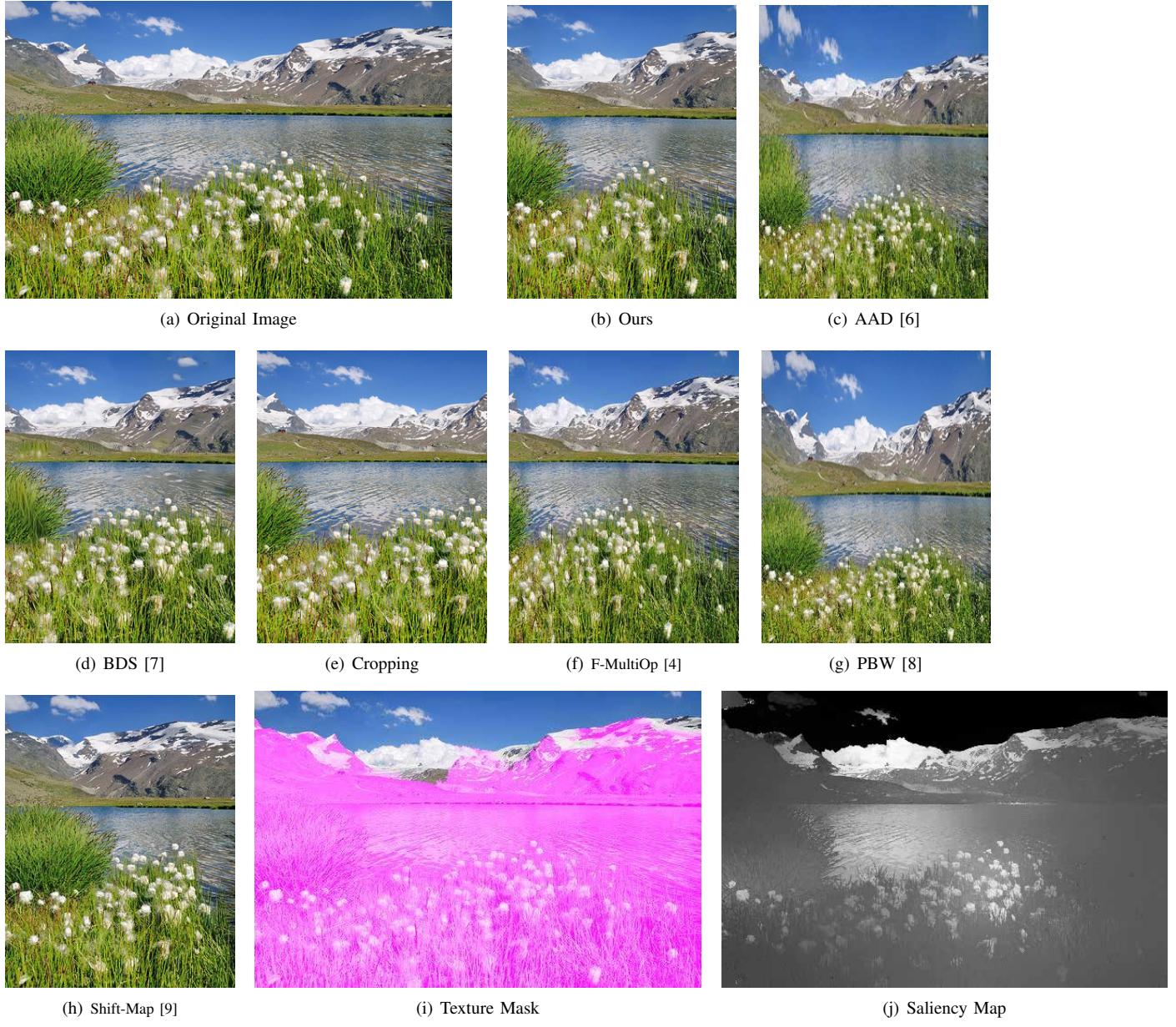
Fig. 30. Input resolution is  $500 \times 332$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 332$ .

TABLE 28

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 30	<b>56.36%</b>	5.45%	23.64%	20.00%	9.09%	7.27%	20.00%

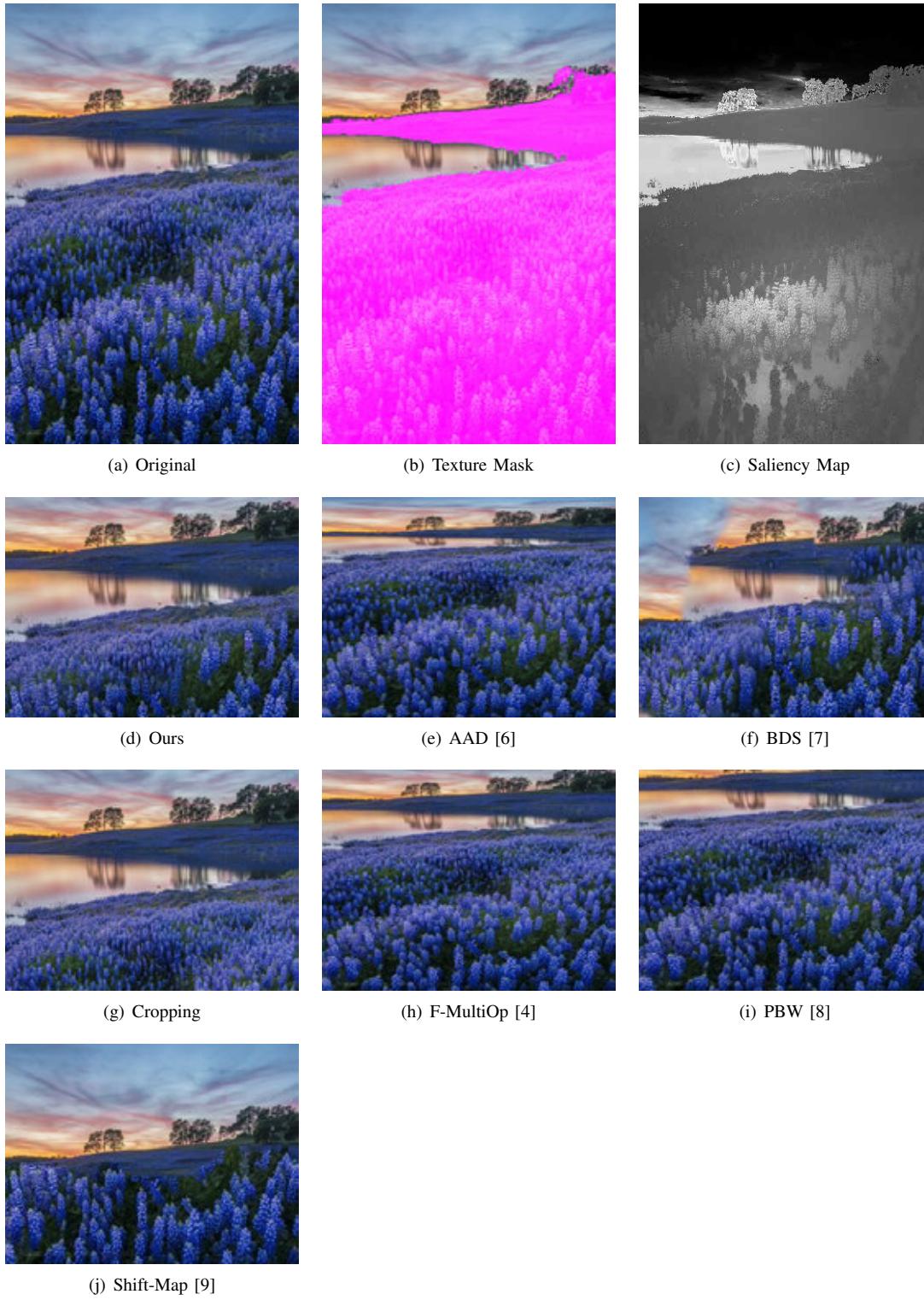
Fig. 31. Input resolution is  $333 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $333 \times 250$ .

TABLE 29

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 31	<b>67.27%</b>	5.45%	3.64%	56.36%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%

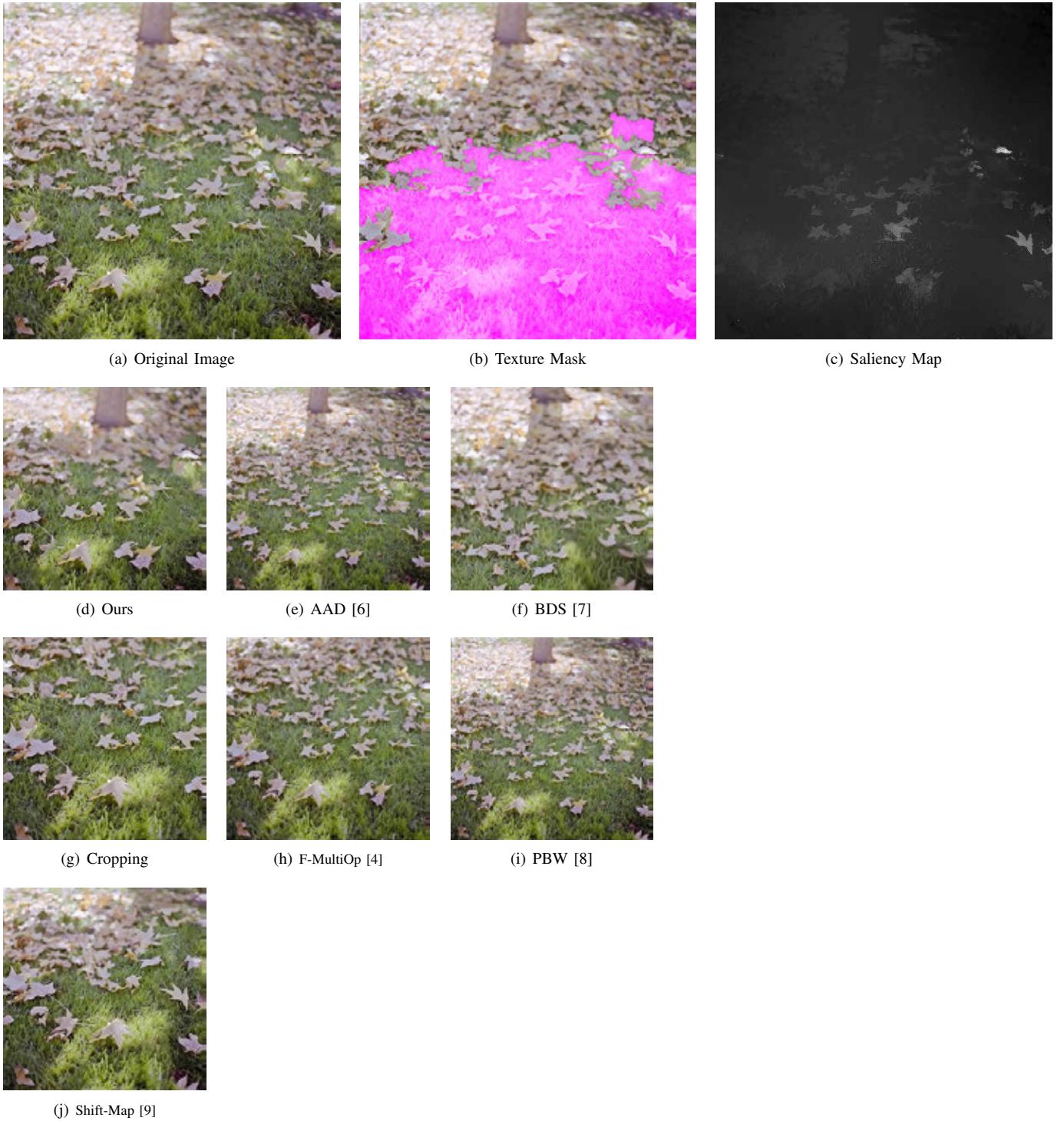
Fig. 32. Input resolution is  $400 \times 400$ , output resolution is  $240 \times 240$ .

TABLE 30

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 32	<b>41.82%</b>	30.91%	3.64%	14.55%	5.45%	41.82%	3.64%

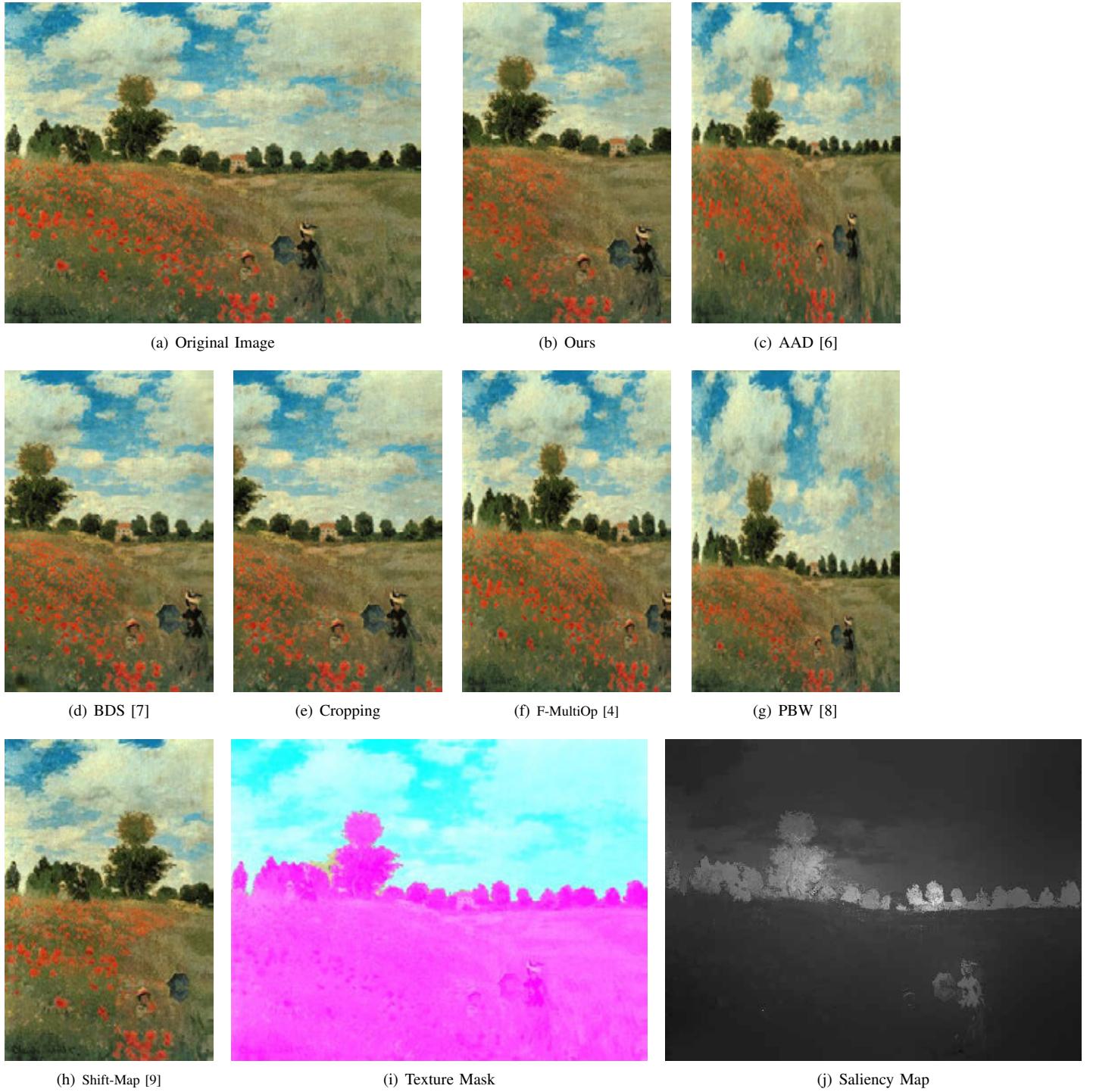
Fig. 33. Input resolution is  $466 \times 360$ , output resolution is  $233 \times 360$ .

TABLE 31

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 33	<b>40.00%</b>	0.00%	36.36%	30.91%	3.64%	7.27%	34.55%

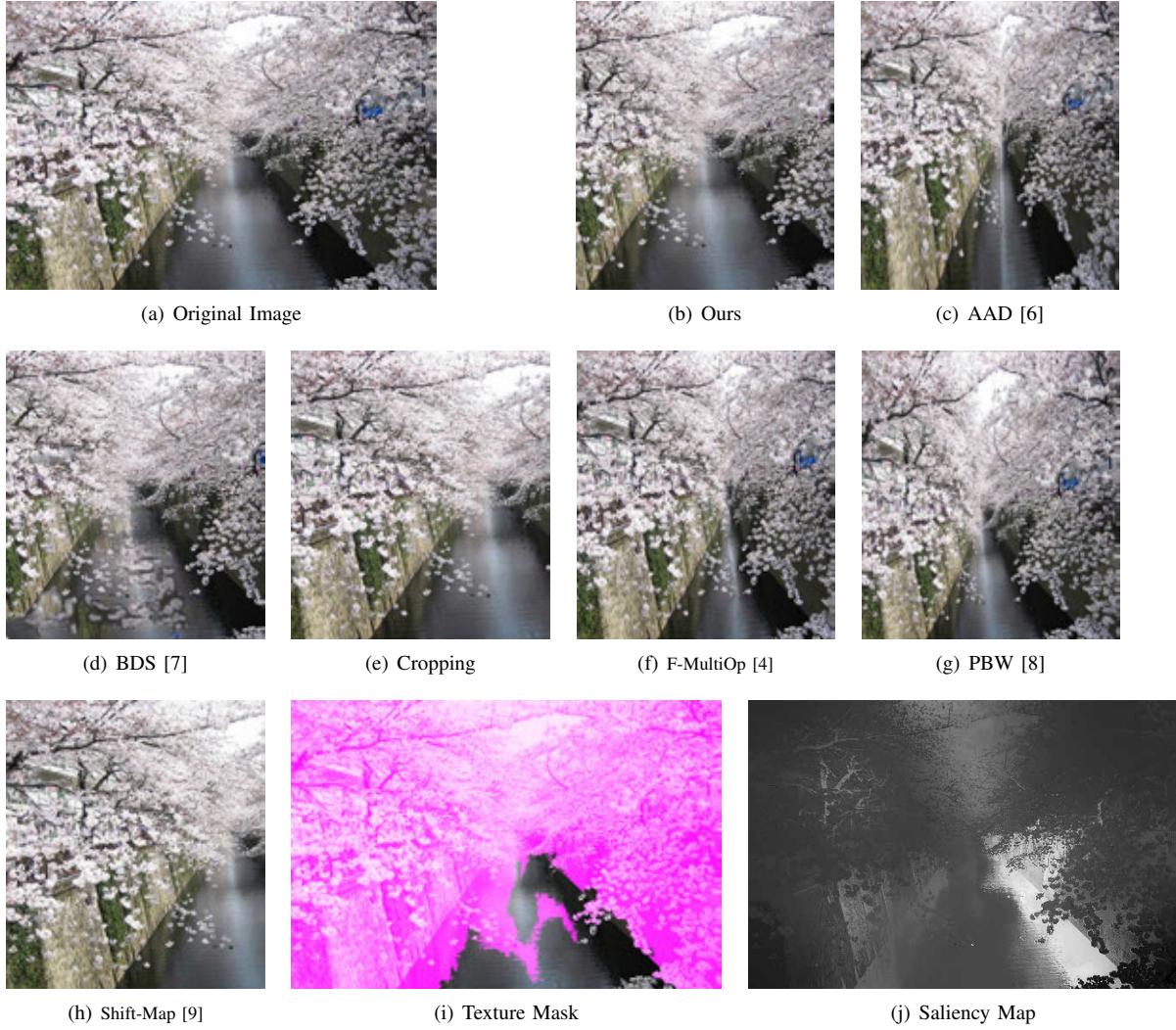
Fig. 34. Input resolution is  $500 \times 335$ , output resolution is  $330 \times 332$ .

TABLE 32

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 34	60.00%	12.73%	10.91%	20.00%	10.91%	12.73%	7.27%

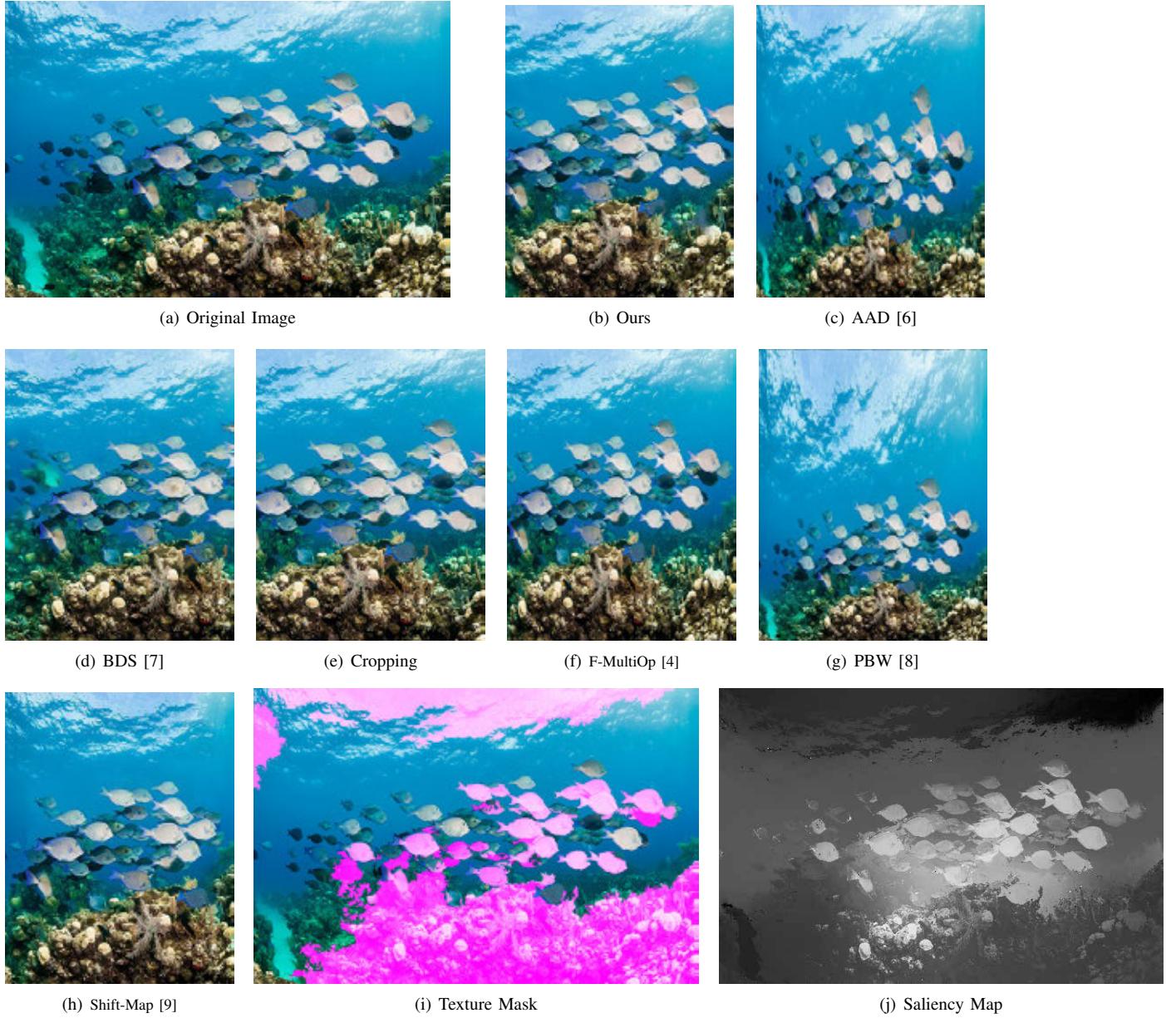
Fig. 35. Input resolution is  $500 \times 332$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 332$ .

TABLE 33

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 35	<b>38.18%</b>	10.91%	18.18%	30.91%	23.64%	1.82%	23.64%

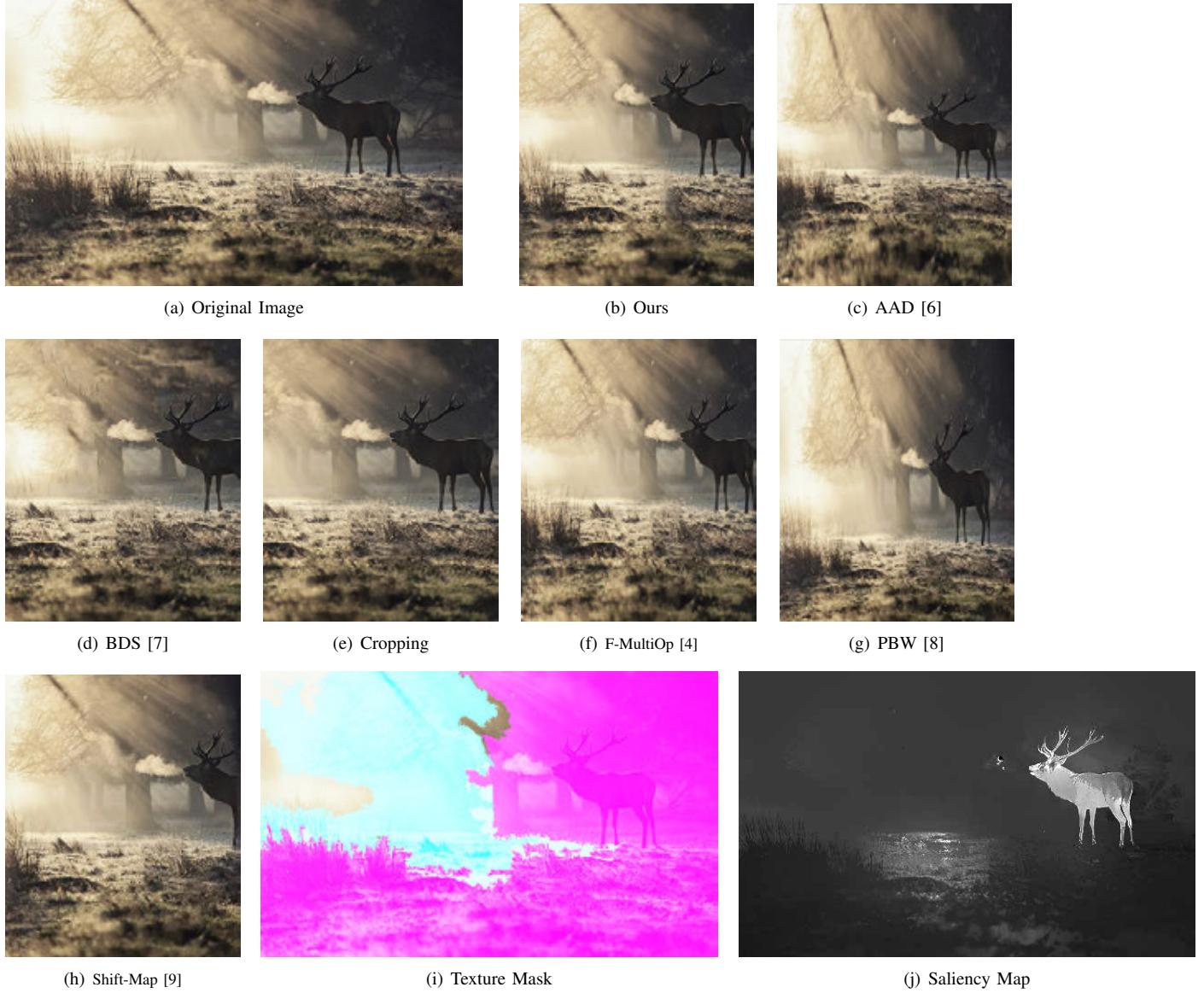


Fig. 36. Input resolution is  $500 \times 313$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 313$ .

TABLE 34

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 36	<b>52.73%</b>	16.36%	16.36%	32.73%	16.36%	5.45%	3.64%

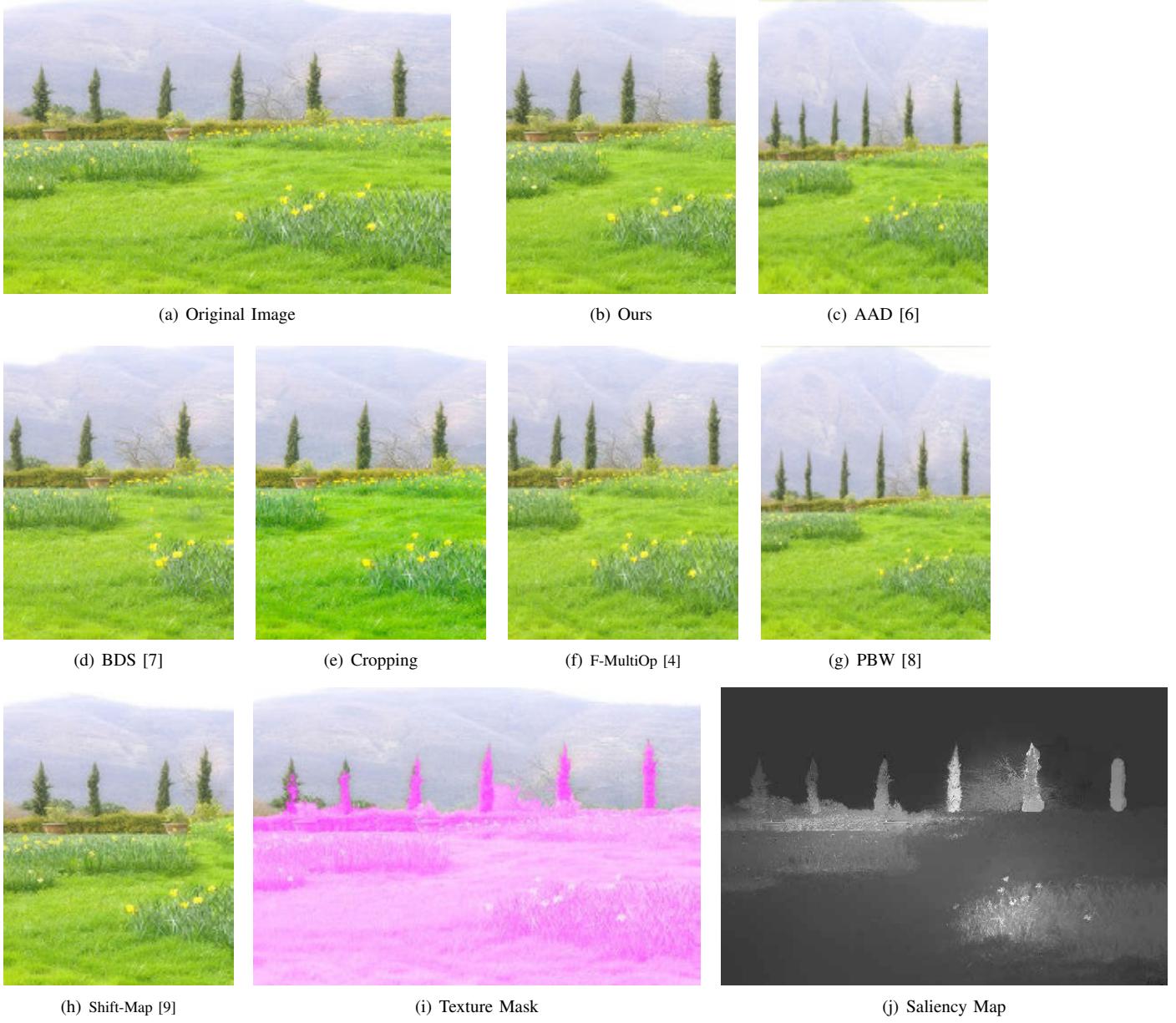
Fig. 37. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 333$ .

TABLE 35

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 37	<b>41.82%</b>	21.82%	7.27%	16.36%	5.45%	9.09%	36.36%

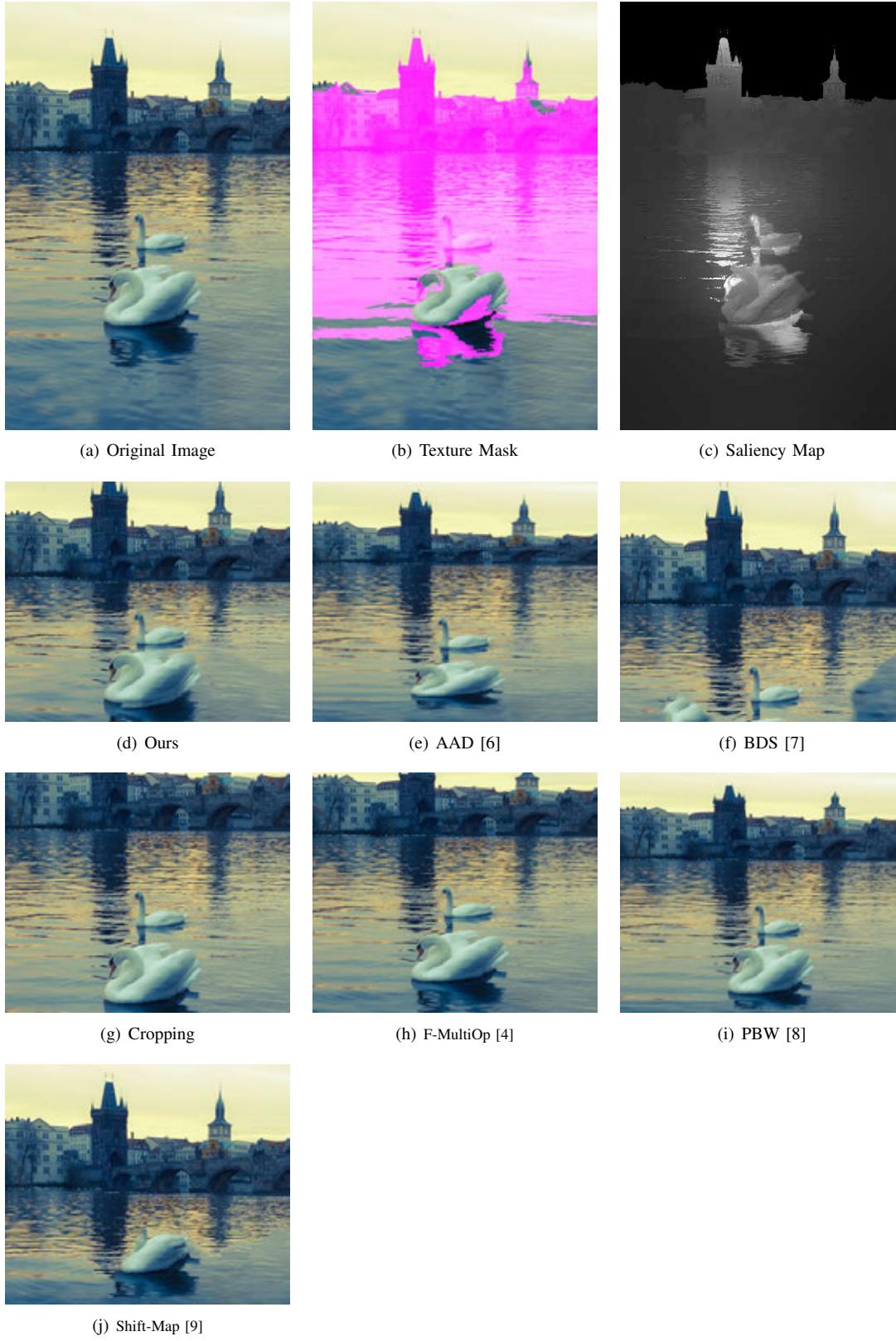
Fig. 38. Input resolution is  $332 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $280 \times 332$ .

TABLE 36

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 38	54.55%	23.64%	9.09%	9.09%	5.45%	29.09%	0.00%

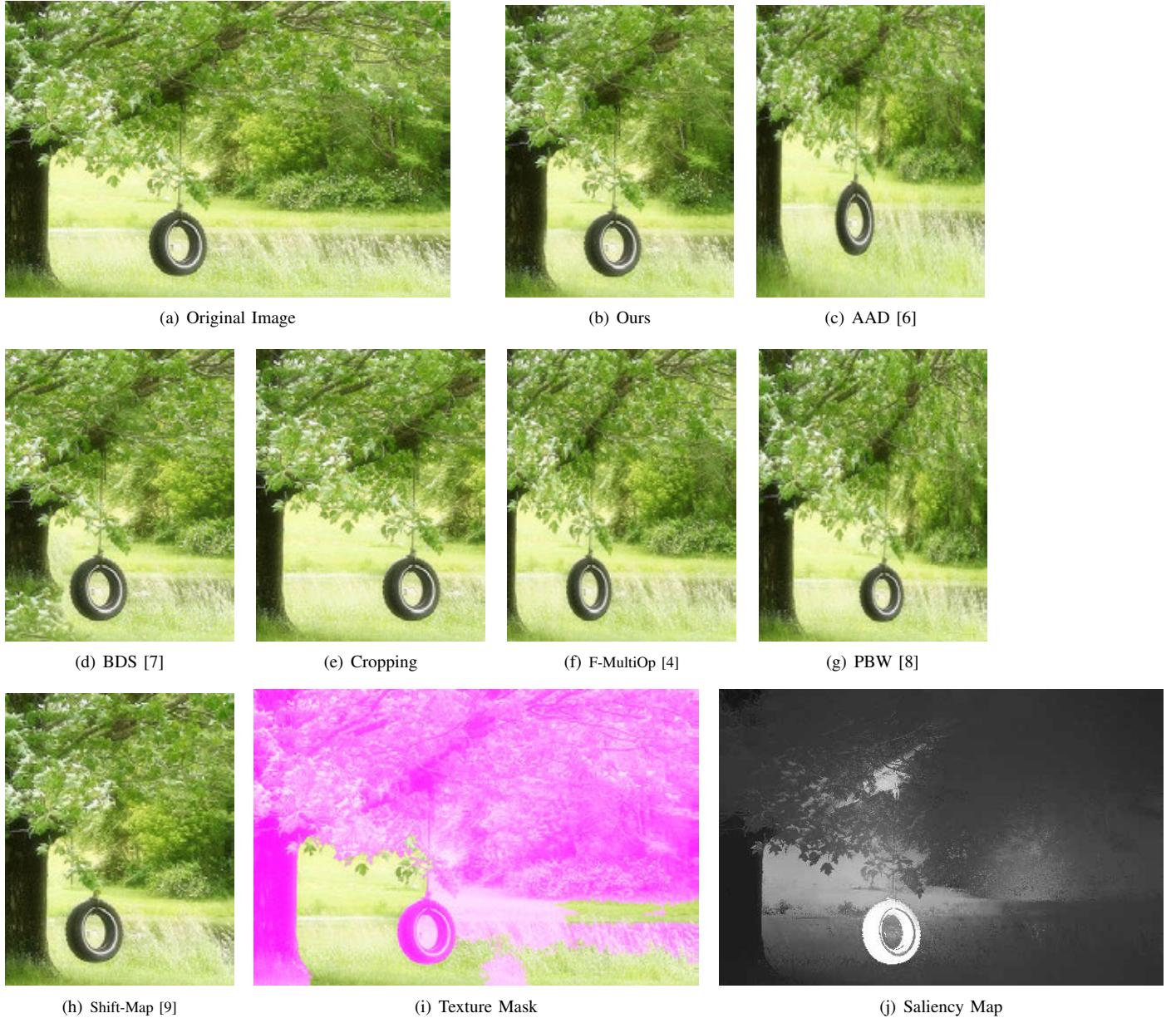
Fig. 39. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 330$ .

TABLE 37

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 39	<b>63.64%</b>	0.00%	0.00%	34.55%	10.91%	18.18%	5.45%

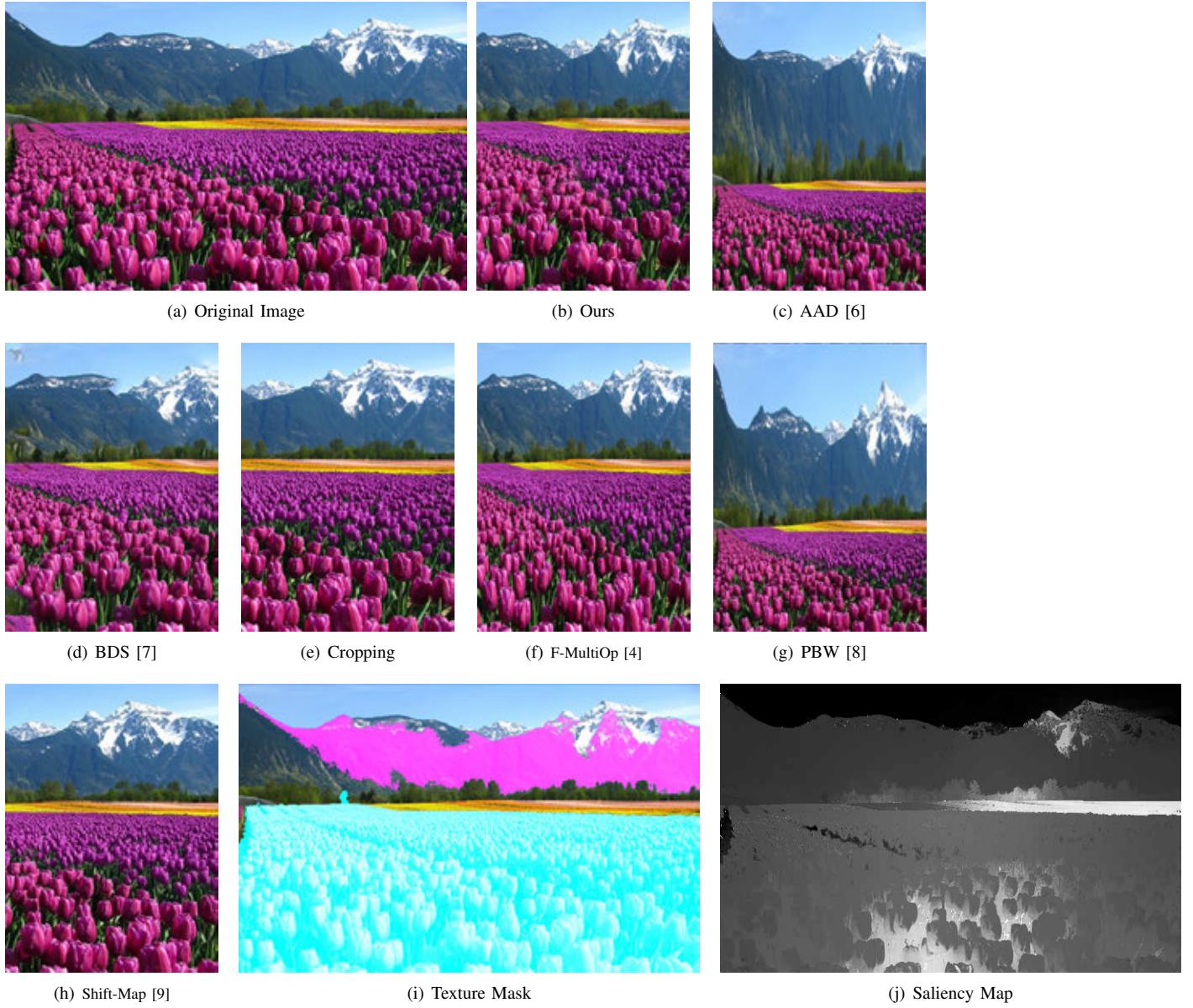
Fig. 40. Input resolution is  $555 \times 347$ , output resolution is  $256 \times 347$ .

TABLE 38

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 40	<b>65.45%</b>	1.82%	16.36%	23.64%	21.82%	3.64%	25.45%

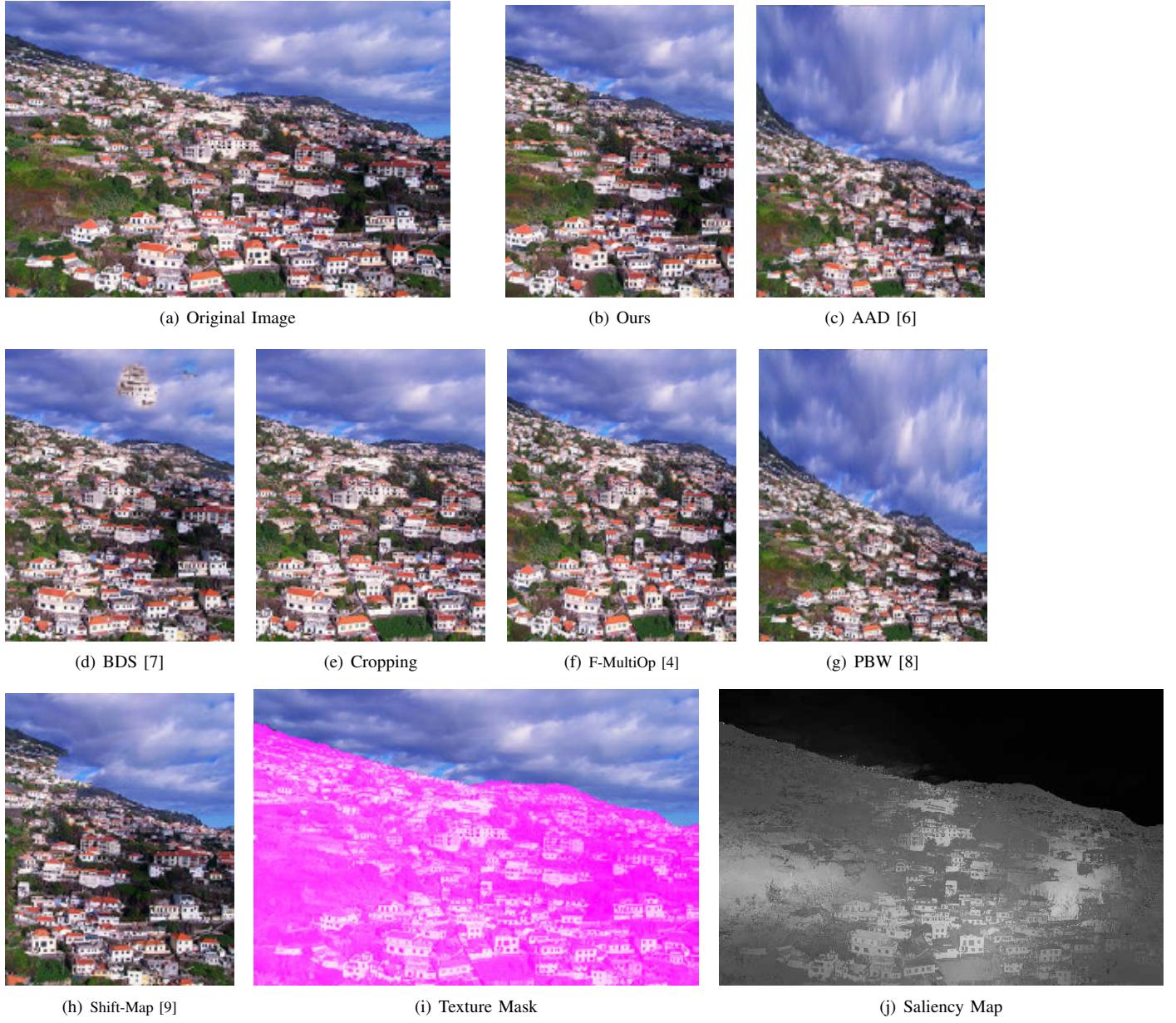
Fig. 41. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $260 \times 333$ .

TABLE 39

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 41	<b>52.73%</b>	1.82%	0.00%	36.36%	38.18%	0.00%	5.45%

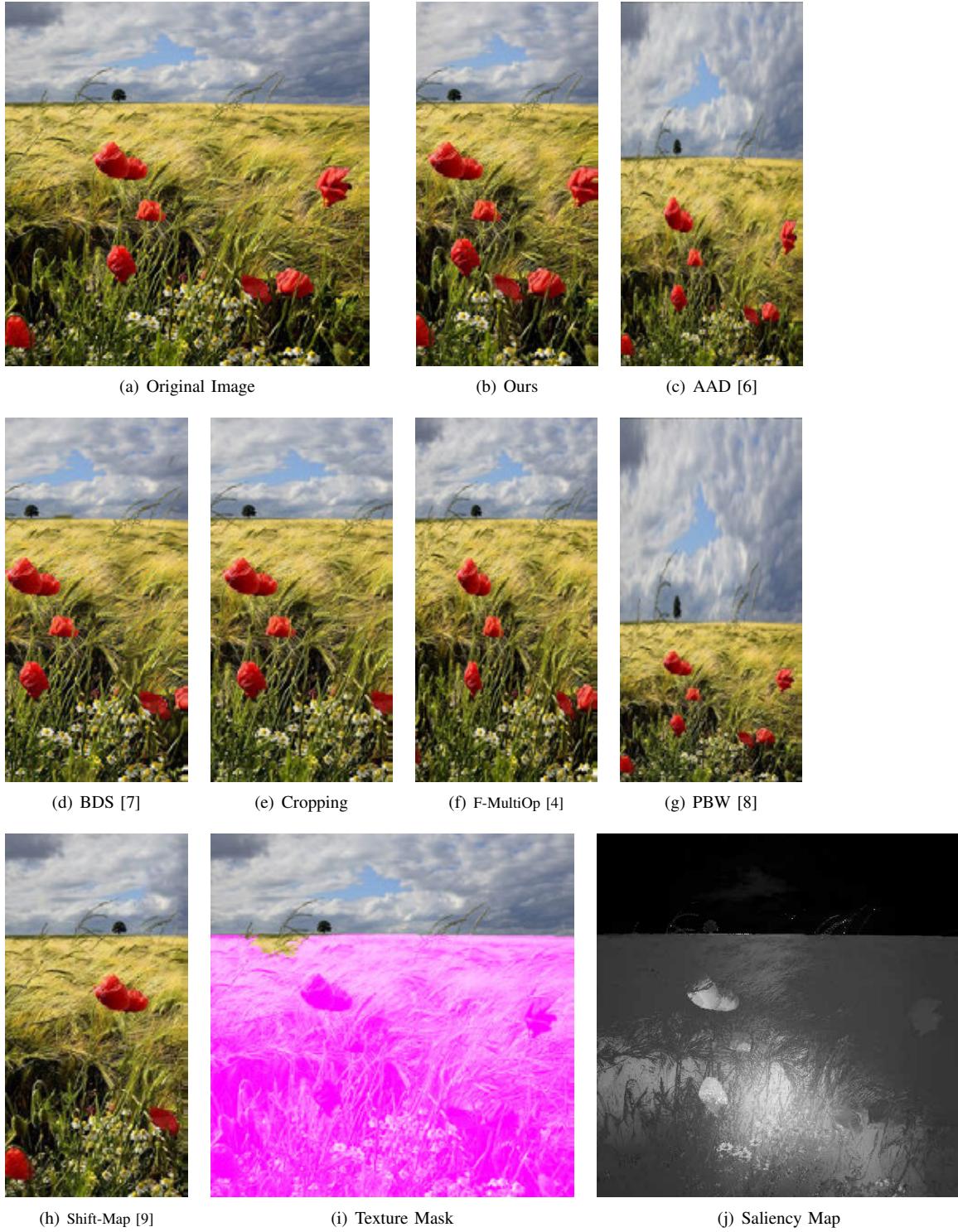
Fig. 42. Input resolution is  $400 \times 400$ , output resolution is  $200 \times 400$ .

TABLE 40

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 42	<b>69.09%</b>	1.82%	29.09%	20.00%	16.36%	0.00%	3.64%

Fig. 43. Input resolution is  $340 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $340 \times 300$ .

TABLE 41

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 43	<b>47.27%</b>	5.45%	14.55%	49.09%	7.27%	0.00%	30.91%



Fig. 44. Input resolution is  $500 \times 313$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 313$ .

TABLE 42

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 44	<b>69.09%</b>	0.00%	30.91%	21.82%	9.09%	5.45%	12.73%

Fig. 45. Input resolution is  $500 \times 331$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 331$ .

TABLE 43

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 45	<b>61.82%</b>	0.00%	23.64%	29.09%	14.55%	1.82%	14.55%

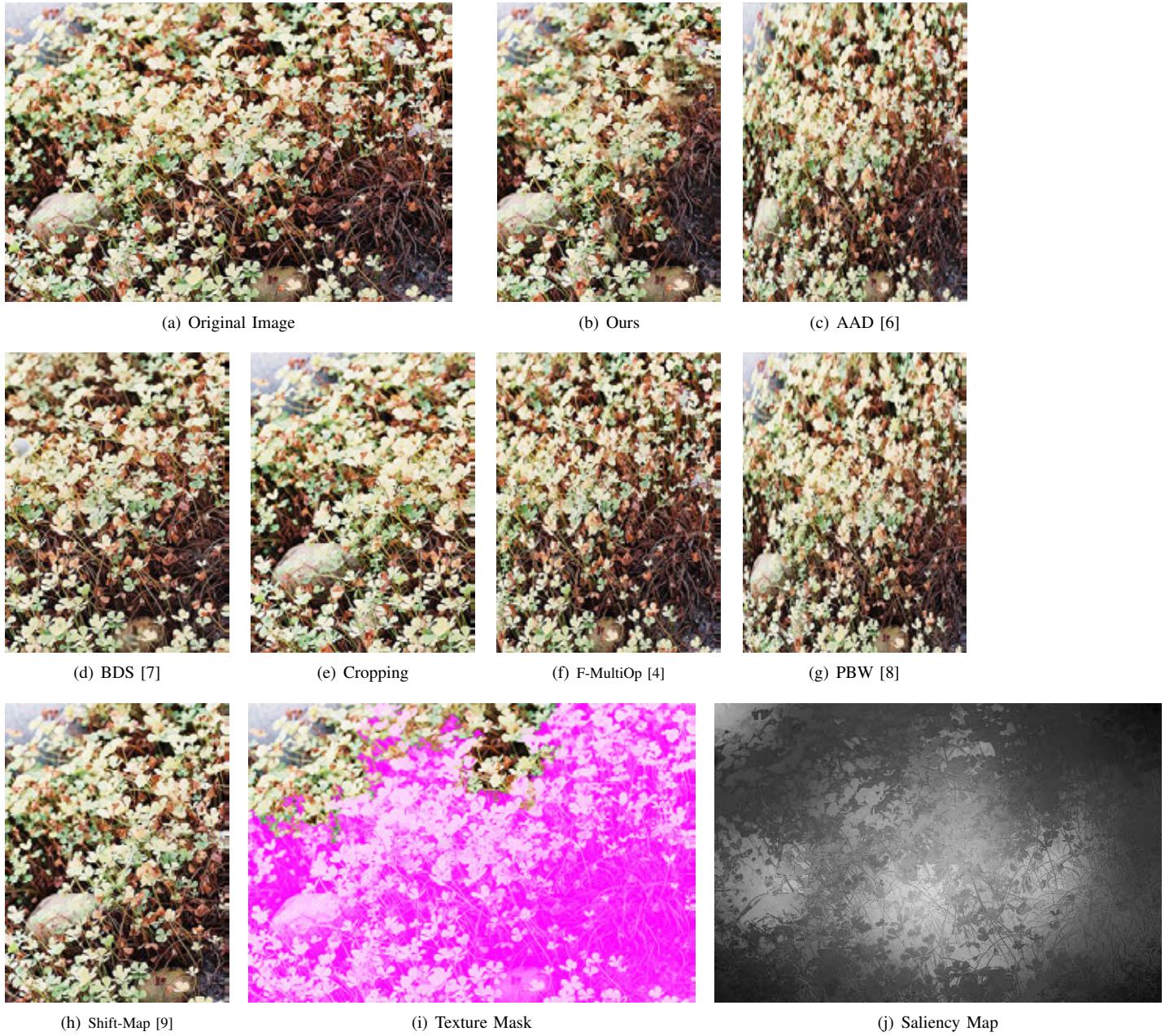
Fig. 46. Input resolution is  $500 \times 335$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 335$ .

TABLE 44

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 46	<b>54.55%</b>	5.45%	7.27%	23.64%	0.00%	9.09%	50.91%

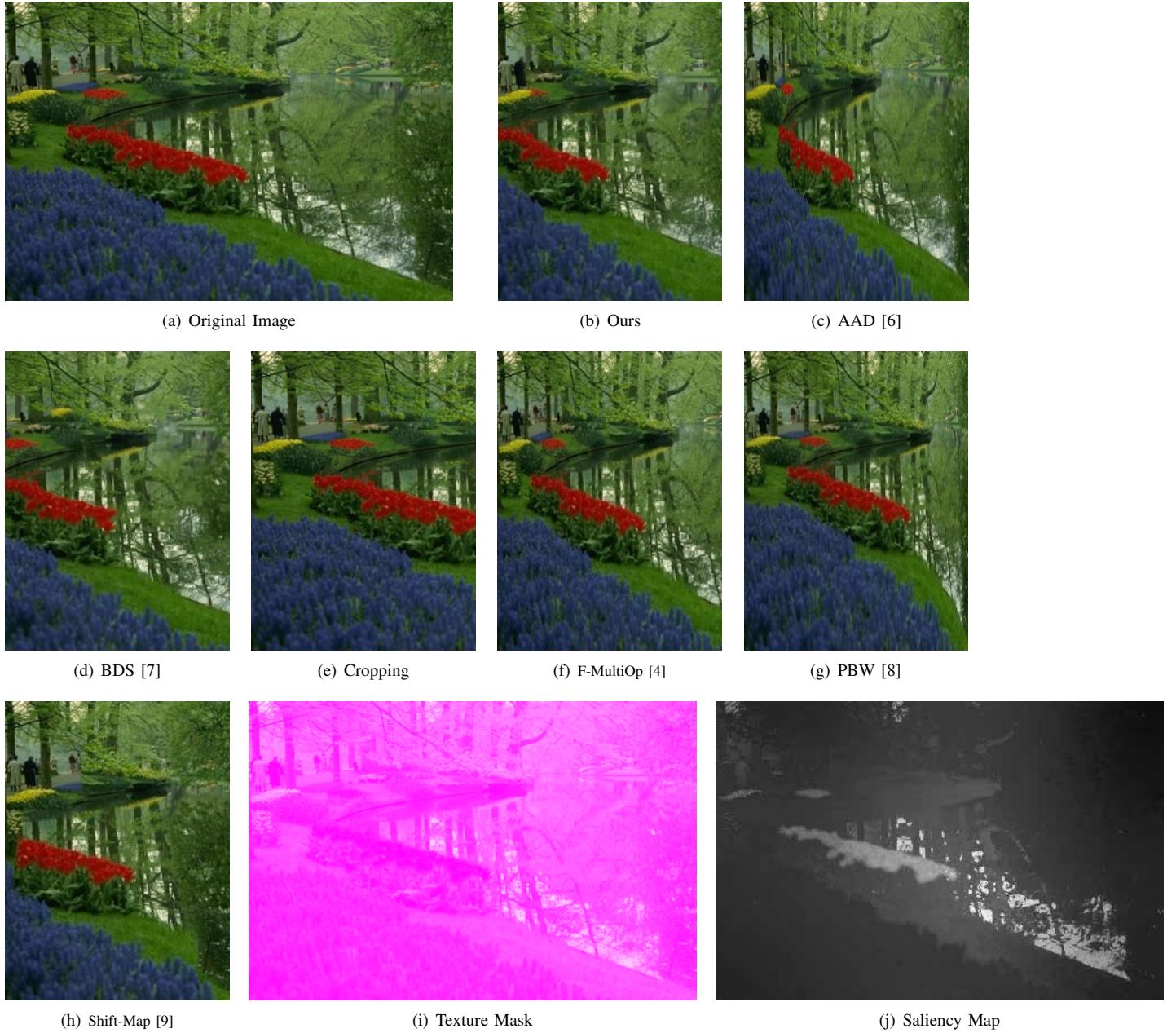
Fig. 47. Input resolution is  $400 \times 267$ , output resolution is  $200 \times 267$ .

TABLE 45

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 47	<b>43.64%</b>	18.18%	14.55%	20.00%	38.18%	37.27%	16.36%

Fig. 48. Input resolution is  $500 \times 332$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 332$ .

TABLE 46

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 48	<b>58.18%</b>	25.45%	3.64%	41.82%	1.82%	20.00%	9.09%

Fig. 49. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 333$ .

TABLE 47

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 49	60.00%	16.36%	14.55%	21.82%	29.09%	3.64%	5.45%

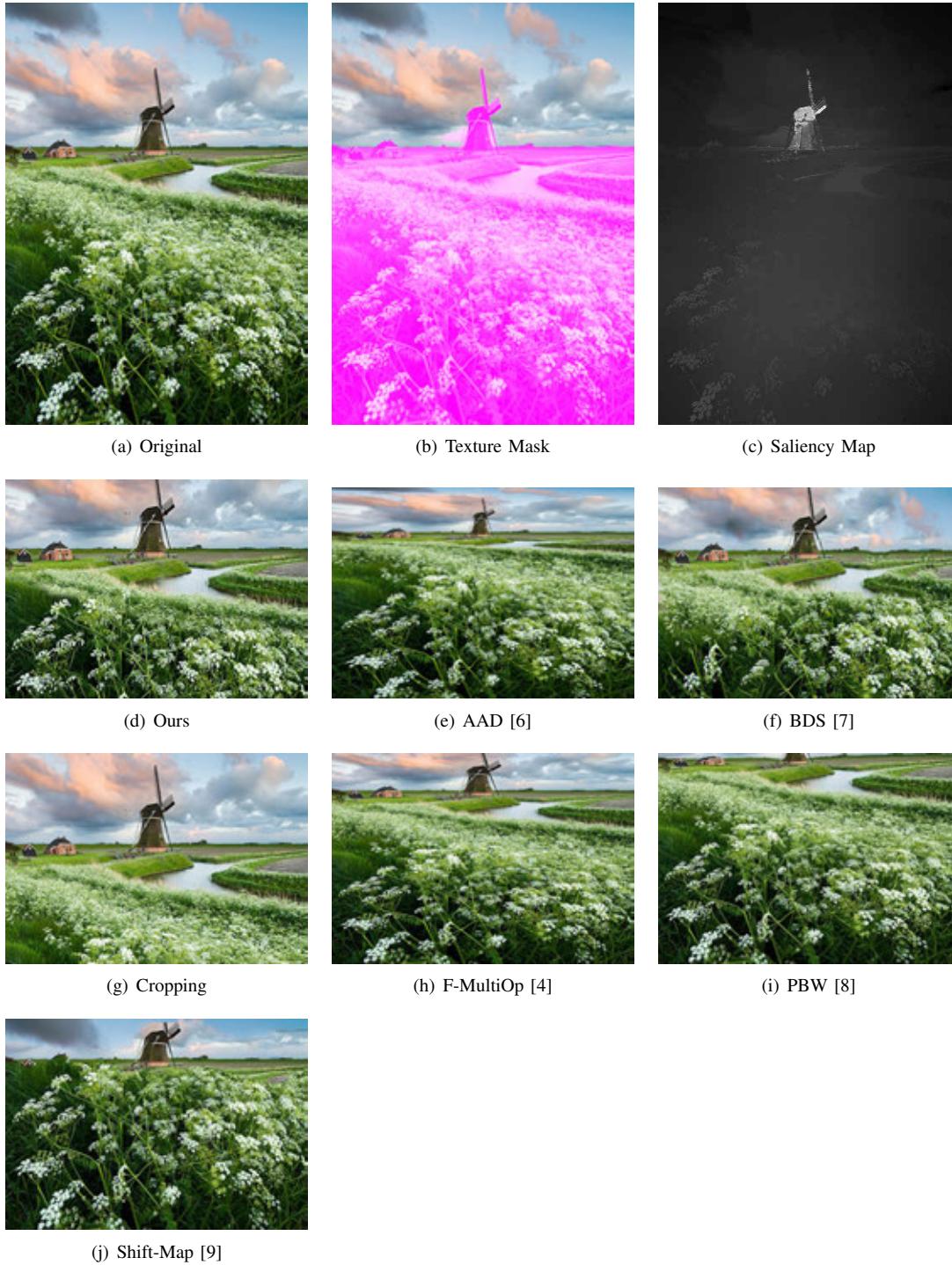


Fig. 50. Input resolution is  $358 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $358 \times 300$ .

TABLE 48

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 50	<b>65.45%</b>	7.27%	30.91%	20.00%	5.45%	0.00%	0.00%

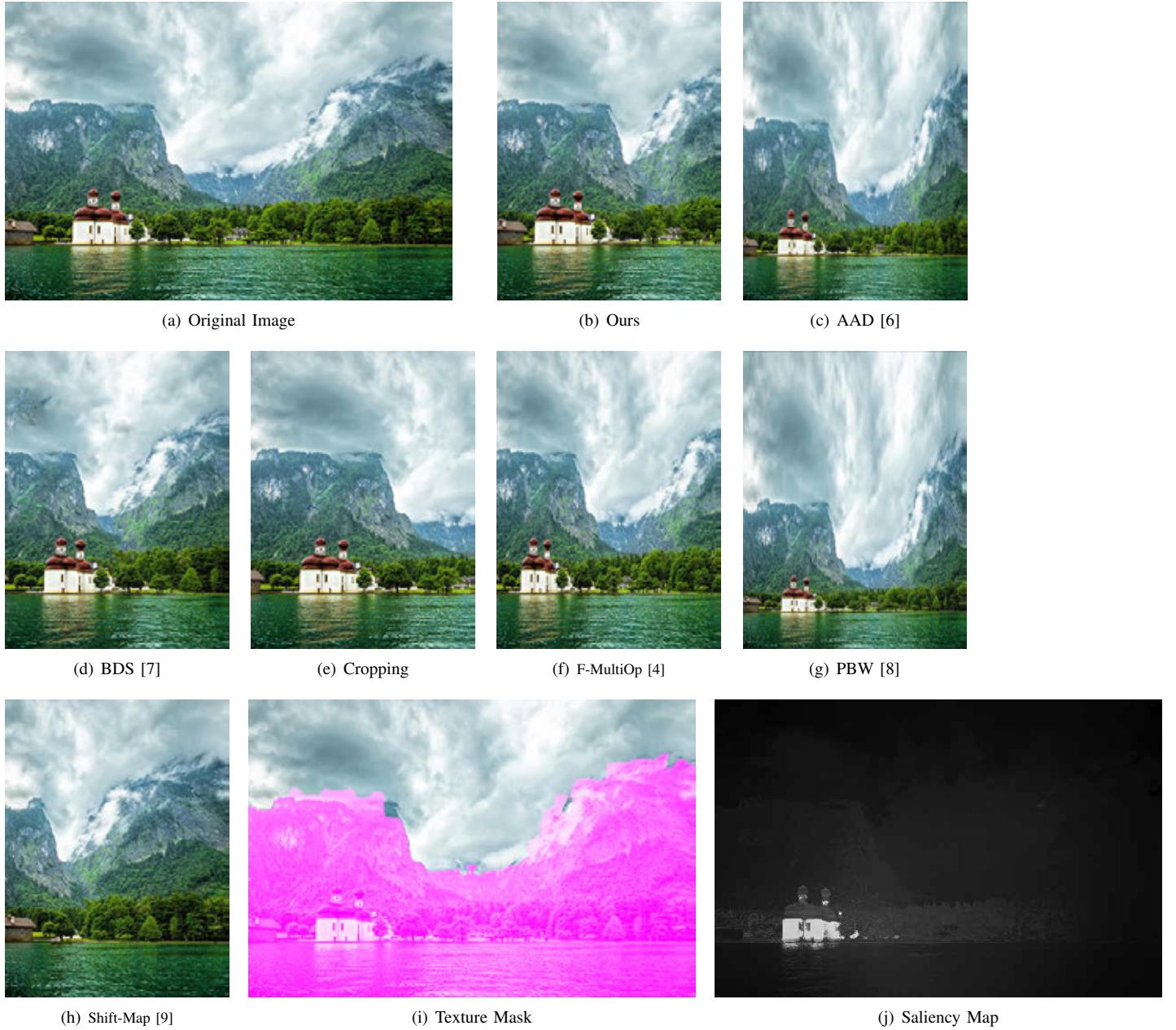
Fig. 51. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 333$ .

TABLE 49

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 51	<b>58.18%</b>	21.82%	38.18%	9.09%	3.64%	18.18%	0.00%

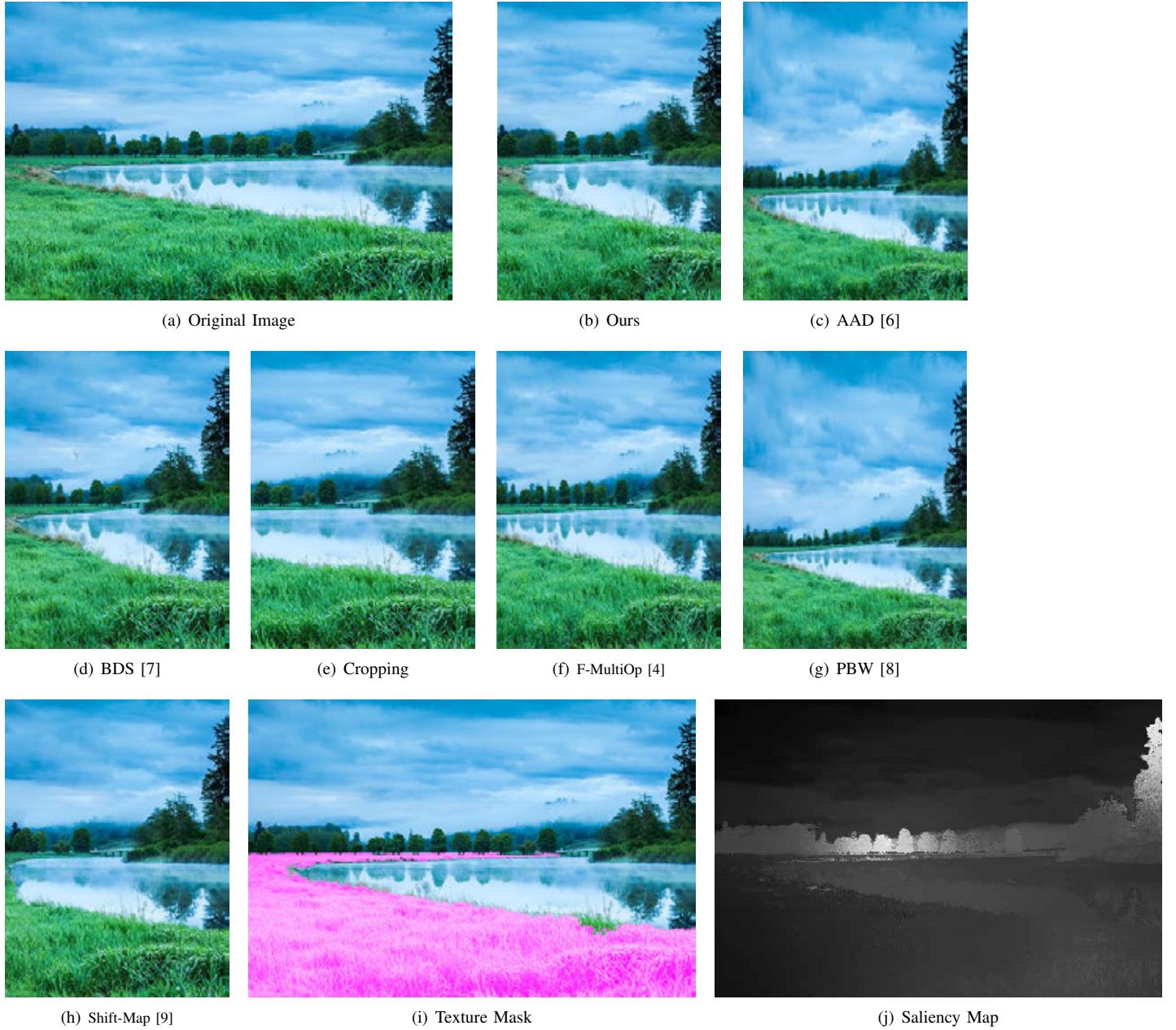
Fig. 52. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 333$ .

TABLE 50

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 52	<b>49.09%</b>	29.09%	14.55%	10.91%	38.18%	12.73%	1.82%

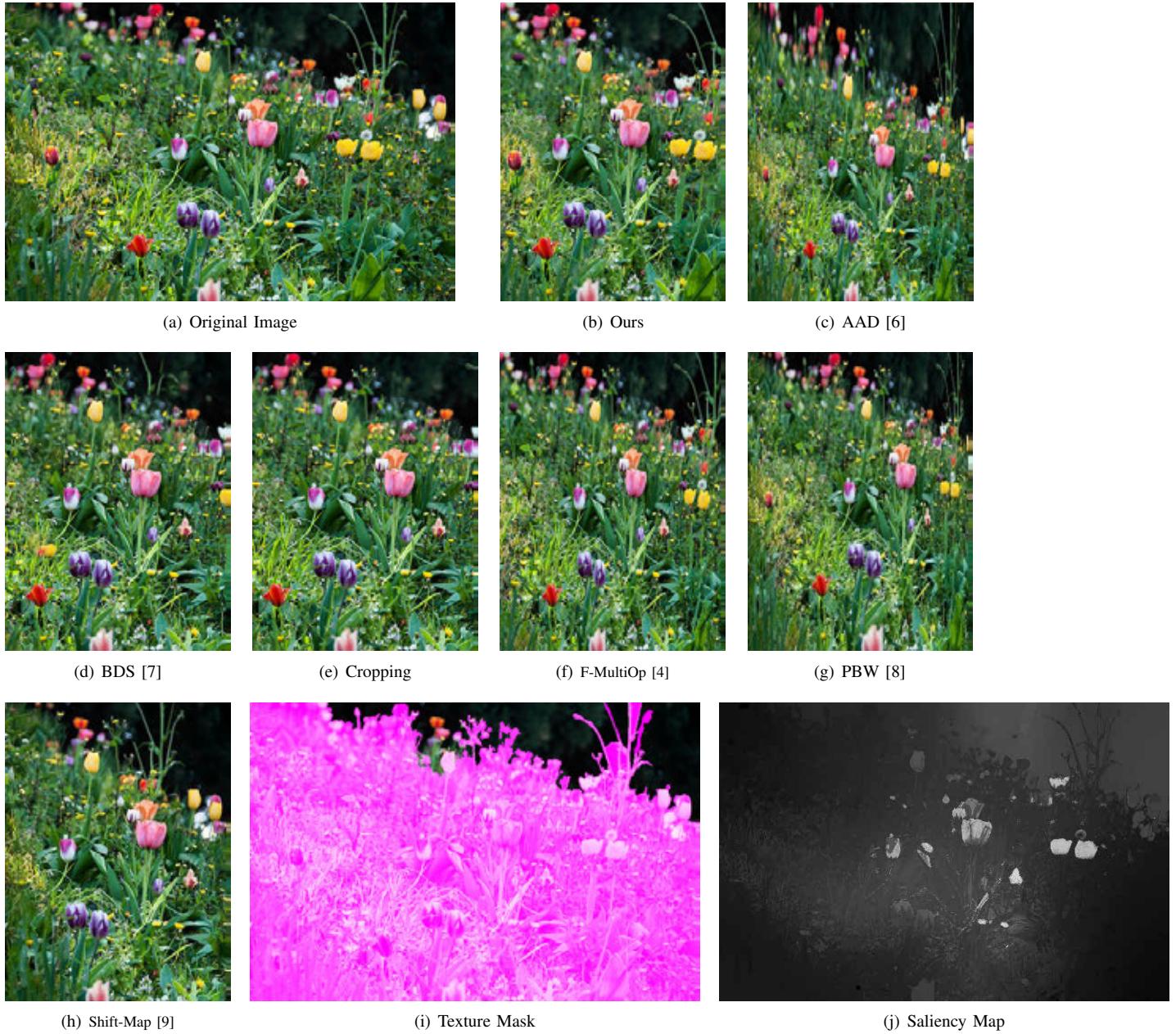
Fig. 53. Input resolution is  $500 \times 332$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 333$ .

TABLE 51

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 53	<b>56.36%</b>	5.45%	18.18%	21.82%	10.91%	5.45%	27.27%

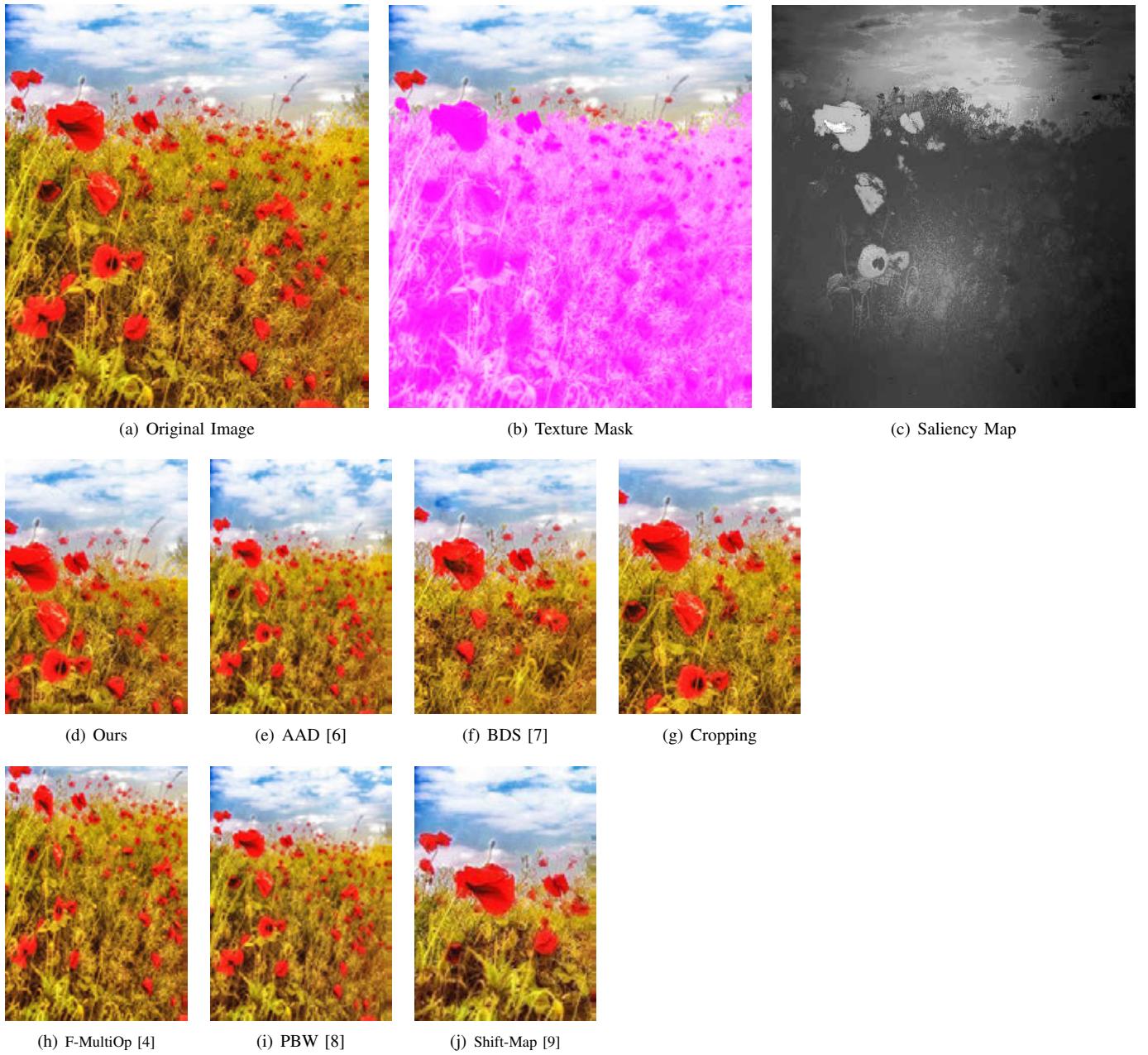
Fig. 54. Input resolution is  $360 \times 400$ , output resolution is  $180 \times 252$ .

TABLE 52

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 54	<b>41.82%</b>	20.00%	10.91%	34.55%	0.00%	32.73%	3.64%

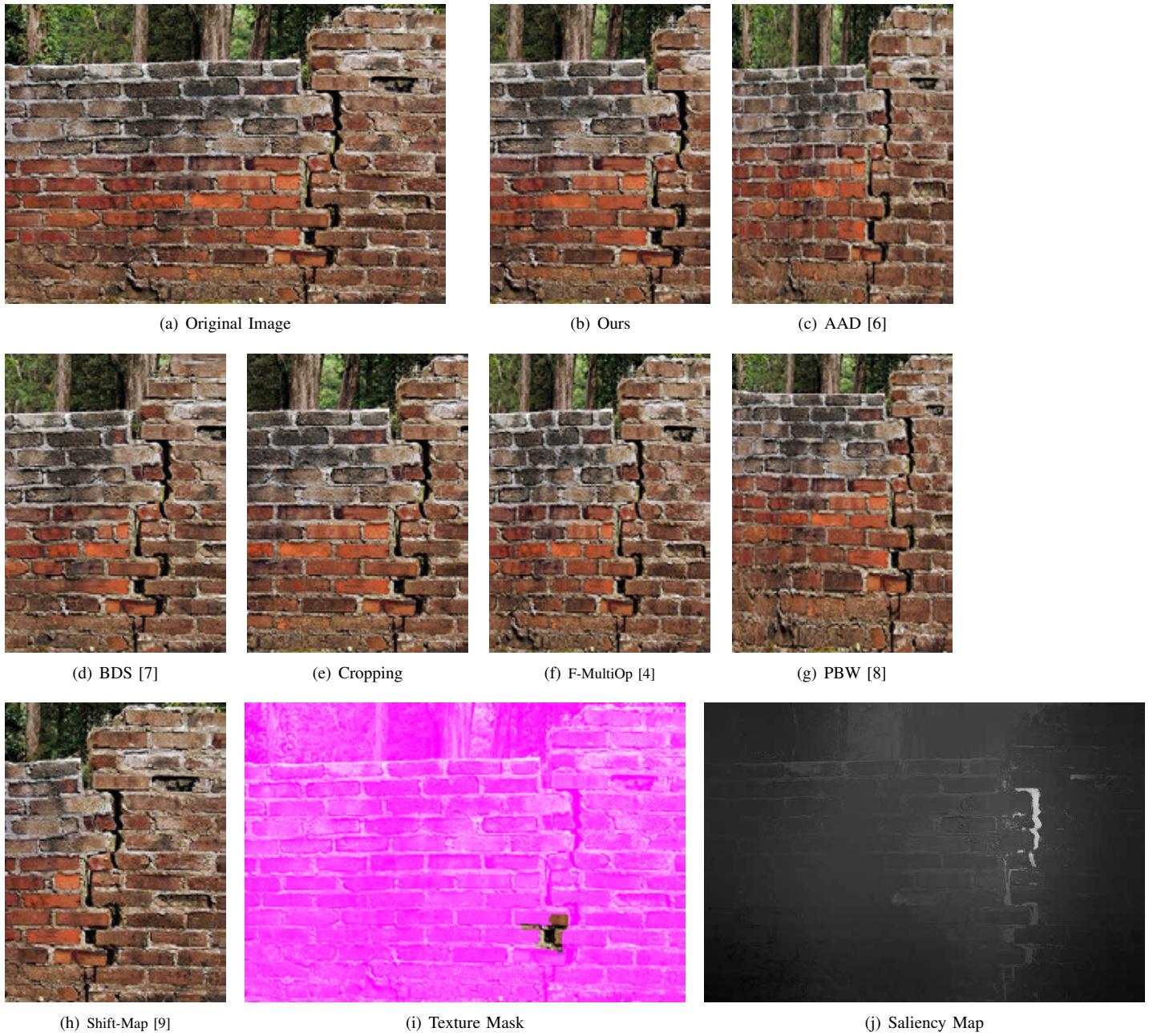


Fig. 55. Input resolution is  $500 \times 340$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 340$ .

TABLE 53

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 55	45.45%	20.00%	5.45%	29.09%	23.64%	3.64%	1.82%

Fig. 56. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 333$ .

TABLE 54

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 56	<b>60.00%</b>	0.00%	10.91%	38.18%	0.00%	9.09%	14.55%

Fig. 57. Input resolution is  $460 \times 300$ , output resolution is  $230 \times 300$ .

TABLE 55

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 57	<b>43.64%</b>	7.27%	38.18%	29.09%	23.64%	16.36%	1.82%

Fig. 58. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 333$ .

TABLE 56

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 58	<b>81.82%</b>	30.91%	0.00%	16.36%	29.09%	34.55%	0.00%

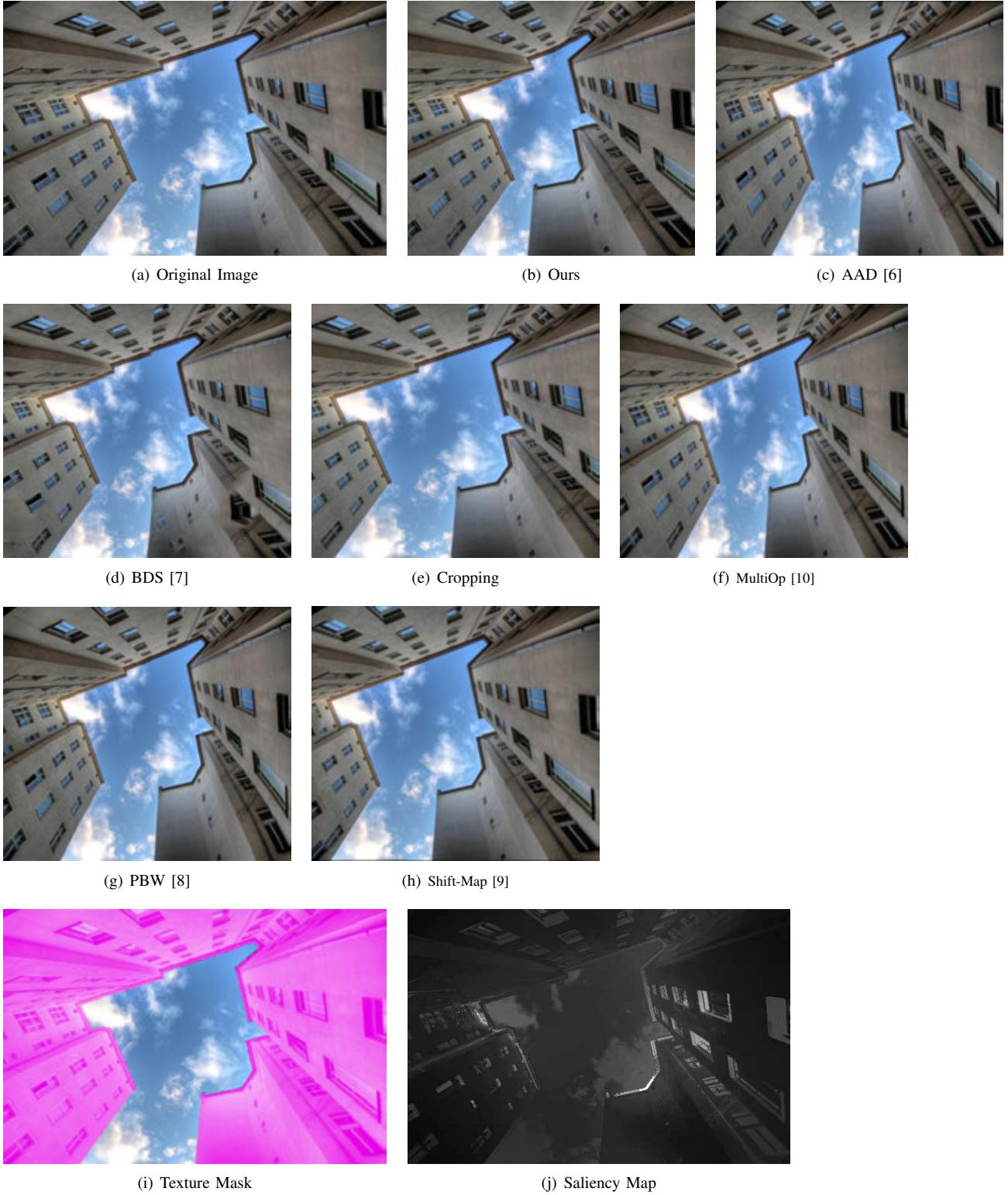
Fig. 59. Input resolution is  $500 \times 332$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 332$ .

TABLE 57

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 59	38.18%	<b>41.82%</b>	0.00%	5.45%	25.45%	38.18%	0.00%

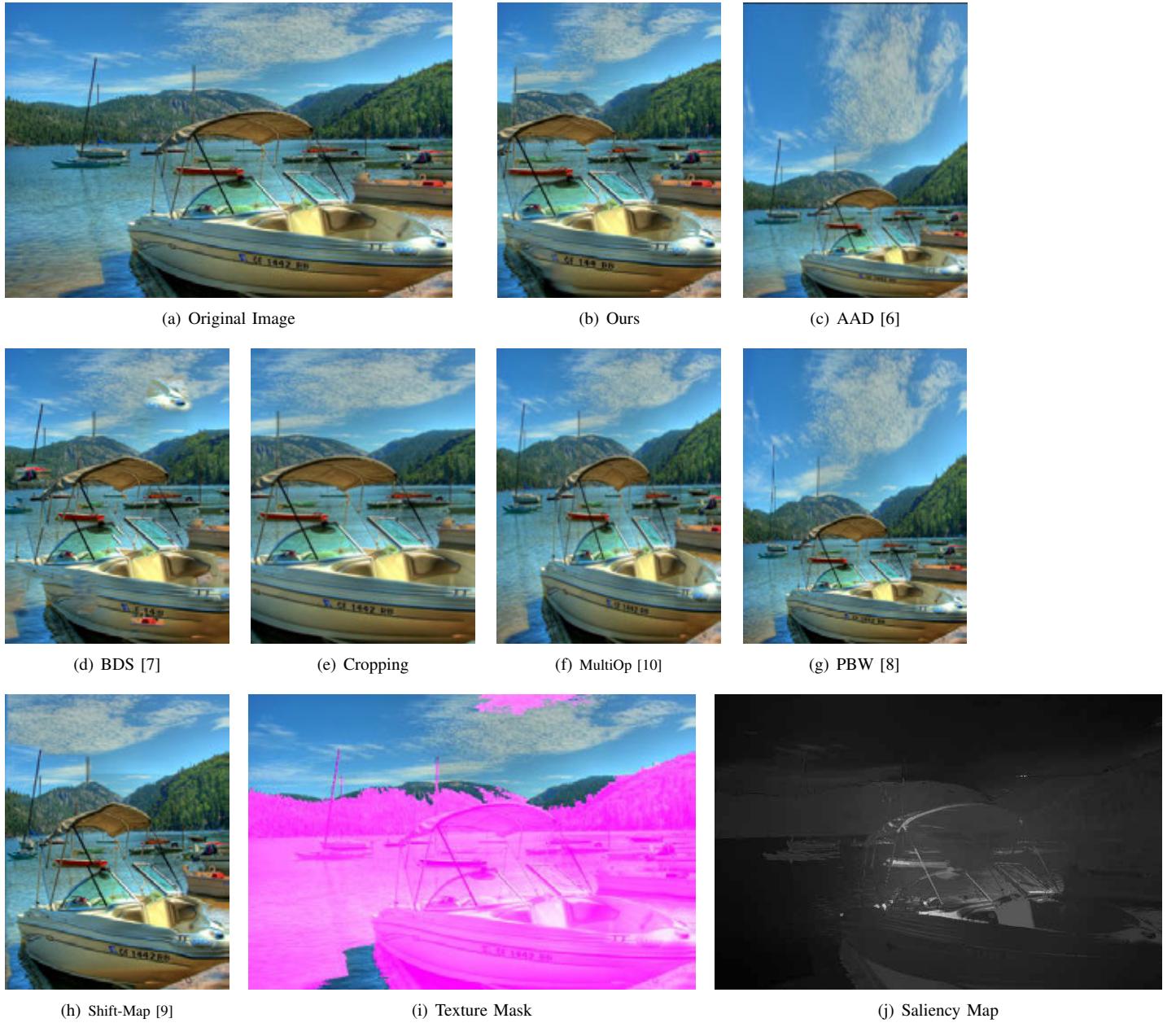
Fig. 60. Input resolution is  $500 \times 330$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 330$ .

TABLE 58

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 60	32.73%	16.36%	0.00%	<b>43.64%</b>	29.09%	34.55%	20.00%

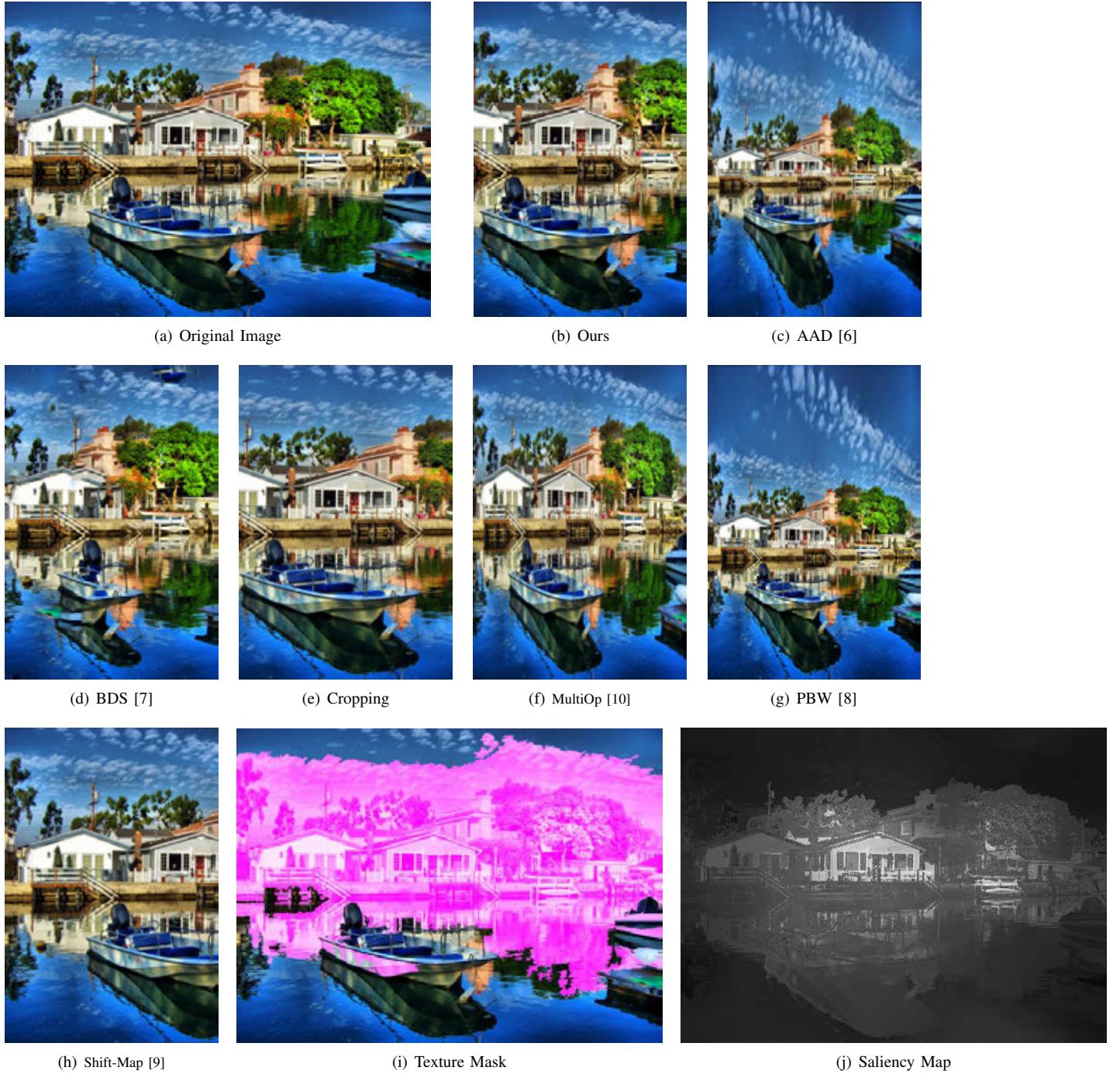
Fig. 61. Input resolution is  $460 \times 340$ , output resolution is  $230 \times 340$ .

TABLE 59

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 61	<b>52.73%</b>	23.64%	0.00%	40.00%	27.27%	21.82%	3.64%

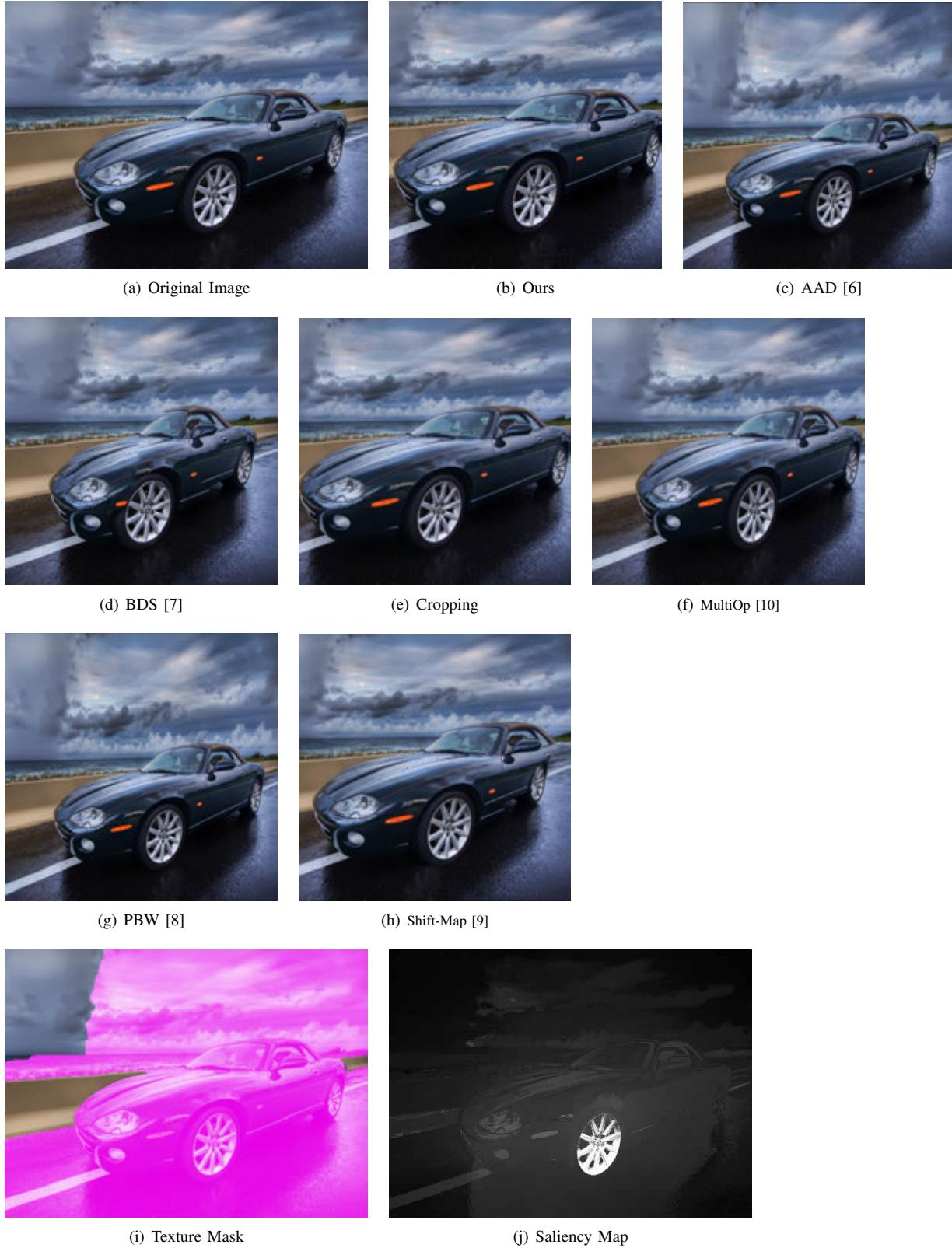
Fig. 62. Input resolution is  $472 \times 348$ , output resolution is  $354 \times 348$ .

TABLE 60

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 62	<b>56.36%</b>	25.45%	0.00%	16.36%	43.64%	30.91%	0.00%

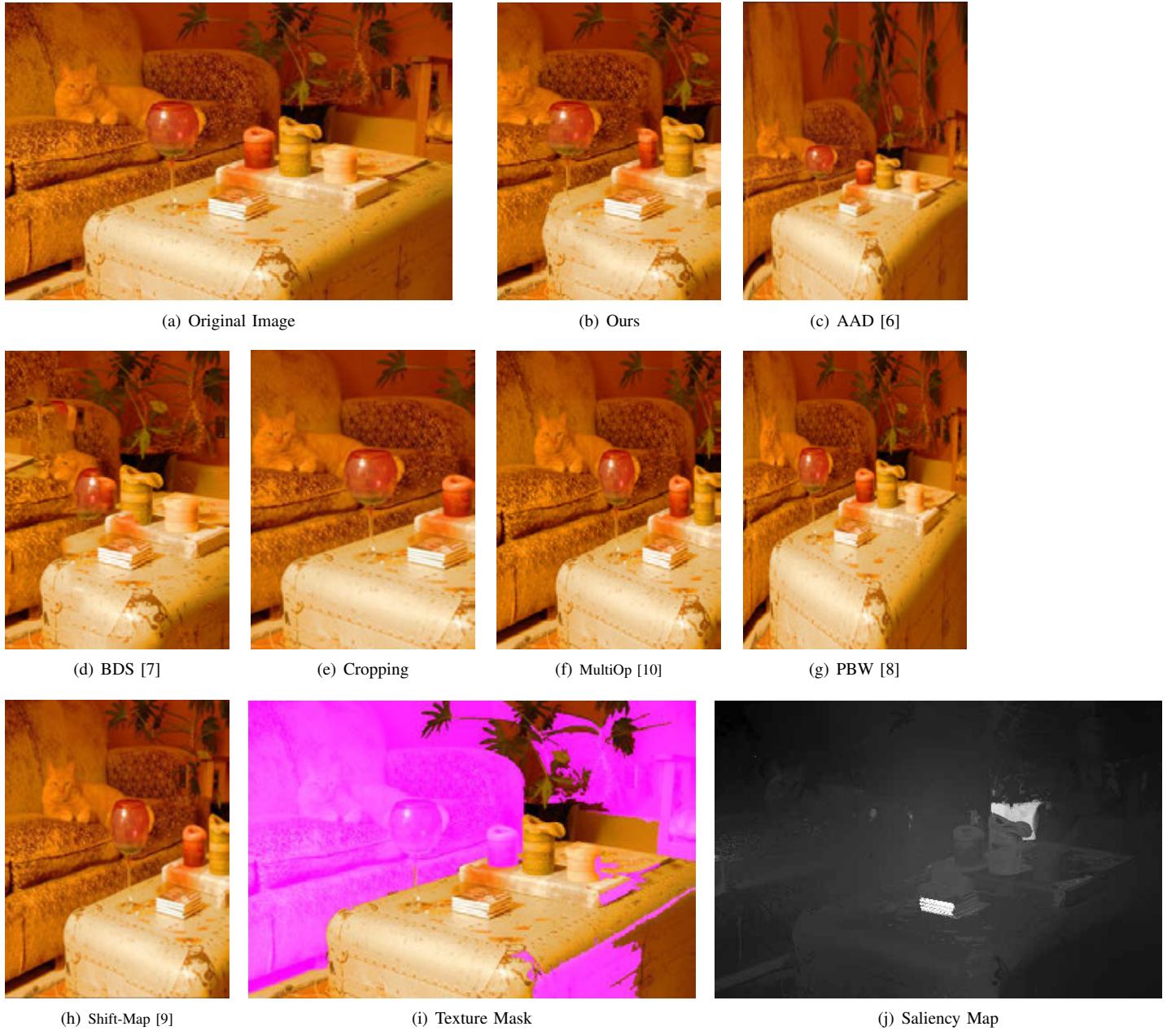
Fig. 63. Input resolution is  $472 \times 348$ , output resolution is  $354 \times 348$ .

TABLE 61

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 63	30.91%	16.36%	0.00%	<b>38.18%</b>	29.09%	10.91%	32.73%



Fig. 64. Input resolution is  $500 \times 332$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 332$ .

TABLE 62

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 64	<b>45.45%</b>	32.73%	0.00%	9.09%	25.45%	34.55%	38.18%

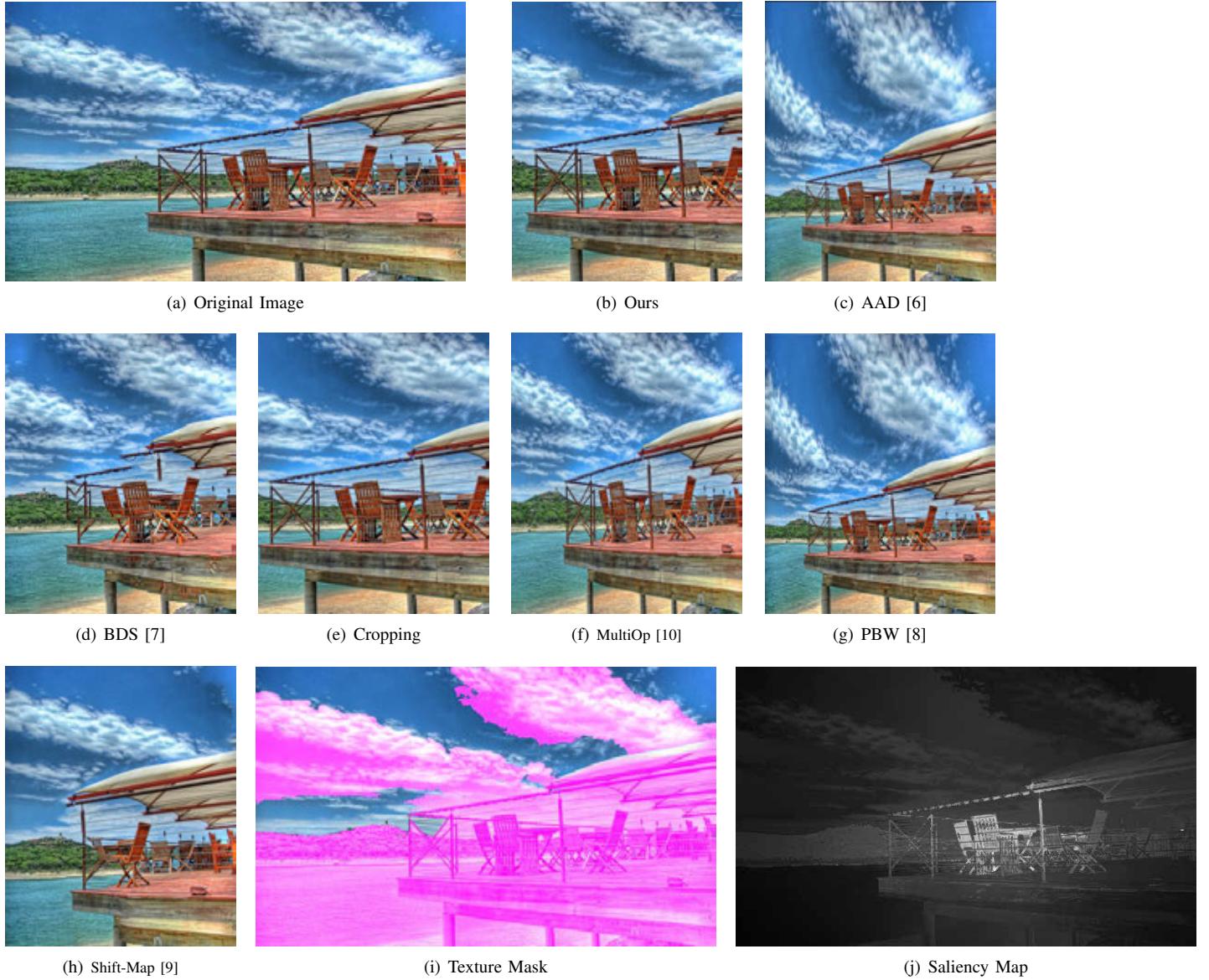
Fig. 65. Input resolution is  $500 \times 304$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 304$ .

TABLE 63

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 65	<b>83.64%</b>	23.64%	0.00%	34.55%	20.00%	27.27%	1.82%

Fig. 66. Input resolution is  $500 \times 313$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 313$ .

TABLE 64

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 66	<b>78.18%</b>	5.45%	0.00%	38.18%	21.82%	5.45%	43.64%

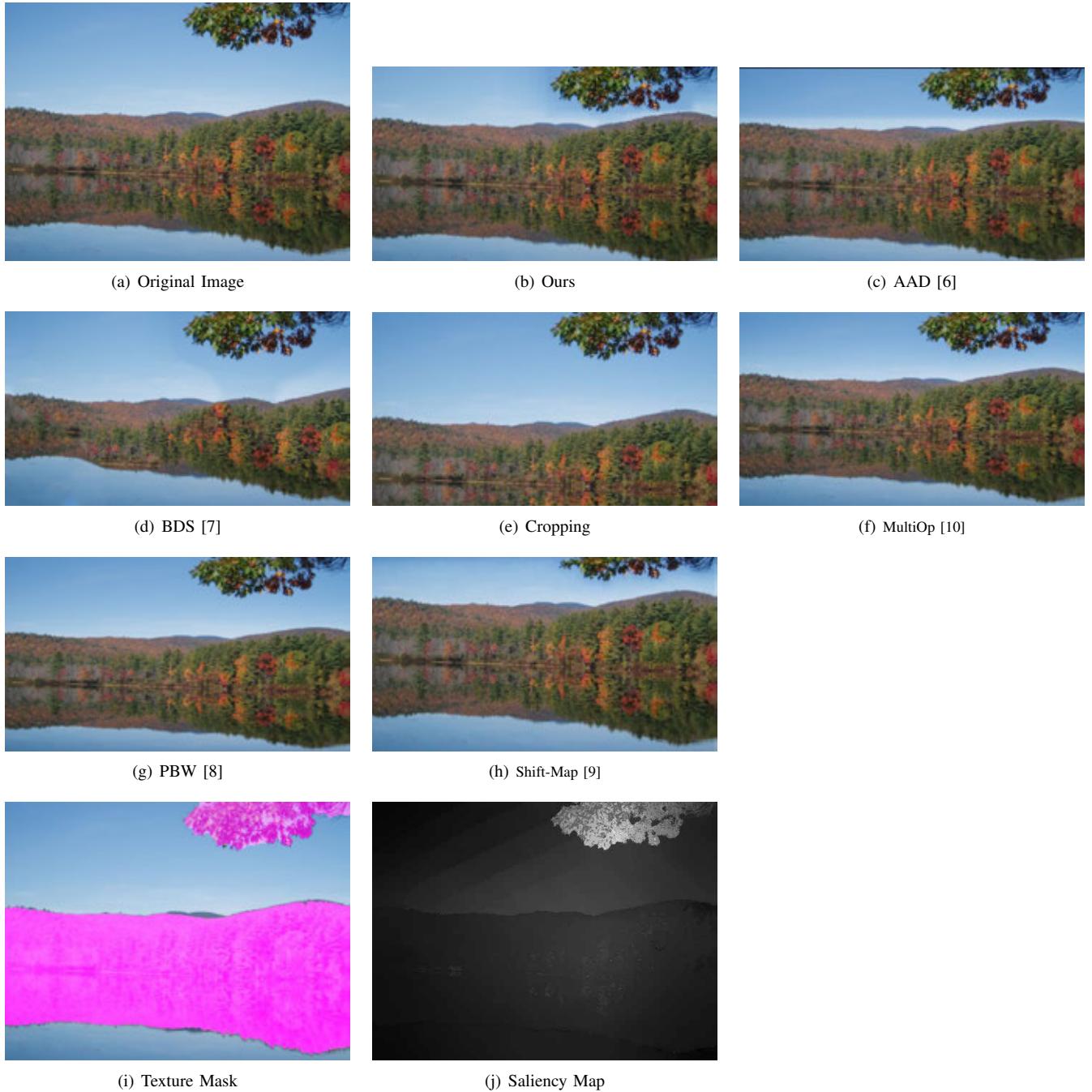
Fig. 67. Input resolution is  $480 \times 360$ , output resolution is  $480 \times 270$ .

TABLE 65

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 67	34.55%	34.55%	0.00%	0.00%	32.73%	<b>36.36%</b>	23.64%

Fig. 68. Input resolution is  $480 \times 360$ , output resolution is  $360 \times 360$ .

TABLE 66

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 68	40.00%	<b>50.91%</b>	0.00%	34.55%	5.45%	3.64%	9.09%

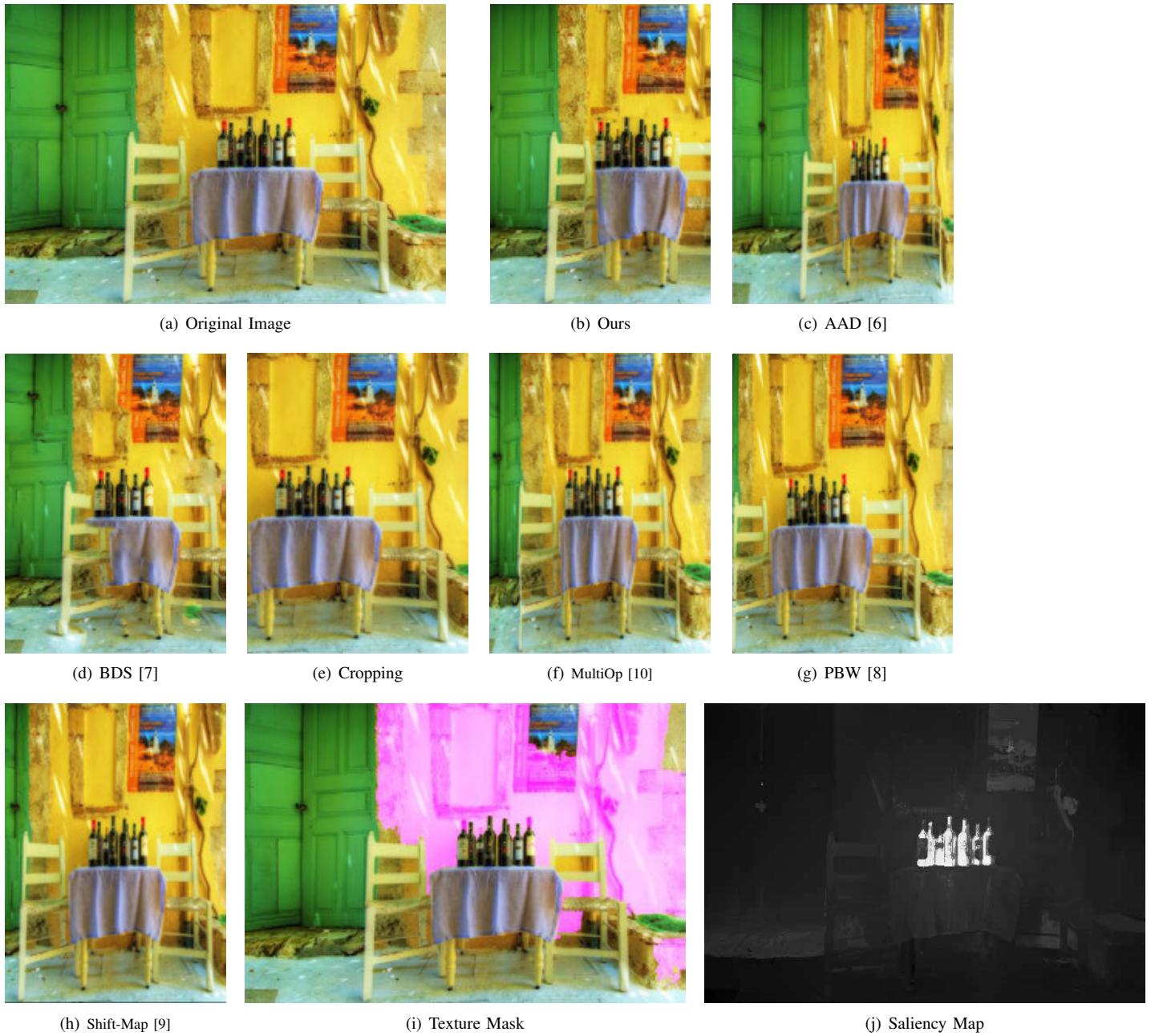
Fig. 69. Input resolution is  $500 \times 340$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 340$ .

TABLE 67

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 69	20.00%	20.00%	0.00%	12.73%	21.82%	29.09%	<b>38.18%</b>

Fig. 70. Input resolution is  $480 \times 360$ , output resolution is  $480 \times 270$ .

TABLE 68

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 70	<b>32.73%</b>	27.27%	0.00%	29.09%	25.45%	21.82%	25.45%

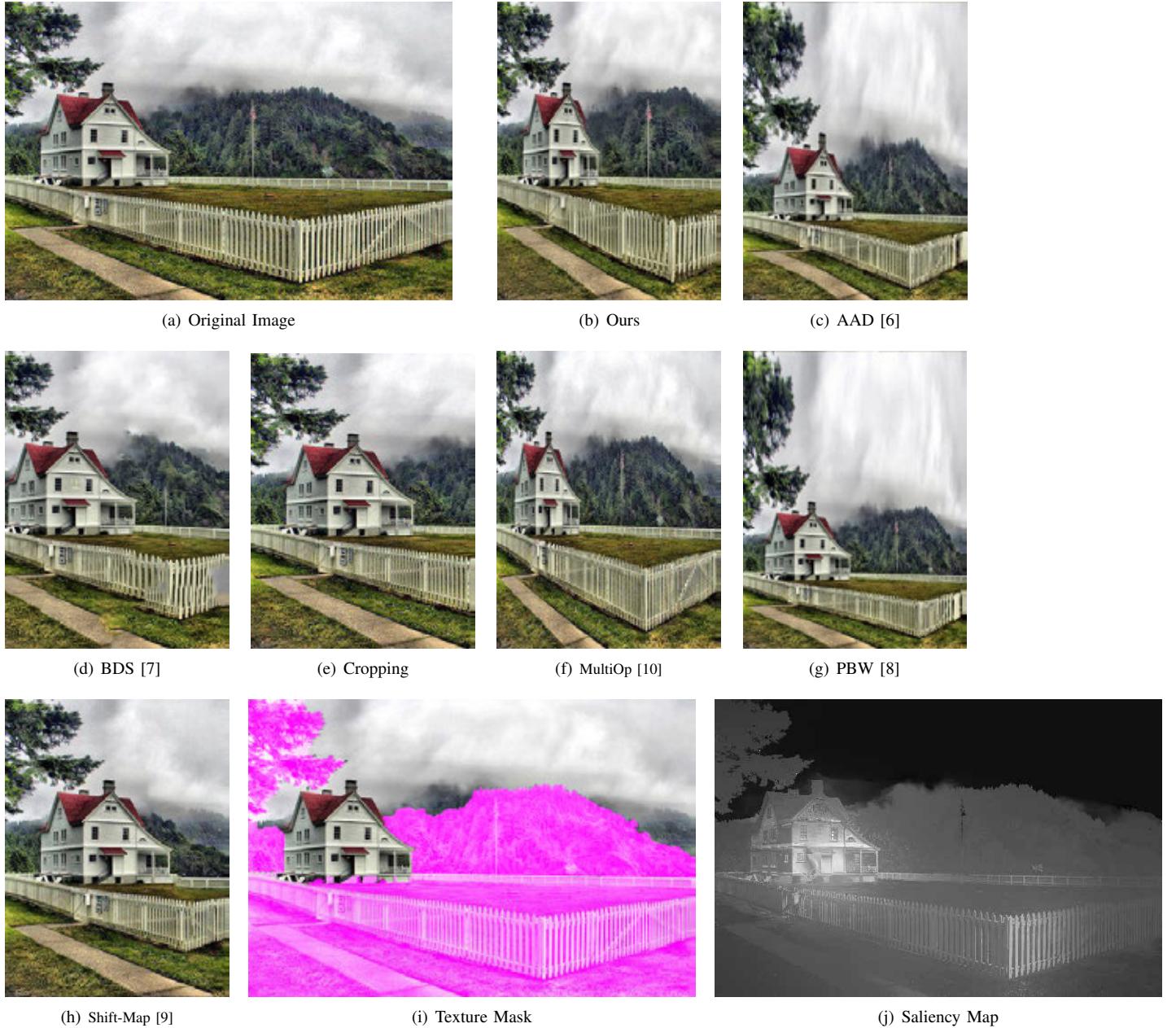
Fig. 71. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 333$ .

TABLE 69

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 71	<b>43.64%</b>	10.91%	0.00%	25.45%	14.55%	9.09%	34.55%

Fig. 72. Input resolution is  $500 \times 344$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 344$ .

TABLE 70

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 72	<b>25.45%</b>	25.45%	21.82%	18.18%	23.64%	21.82%	20.00%

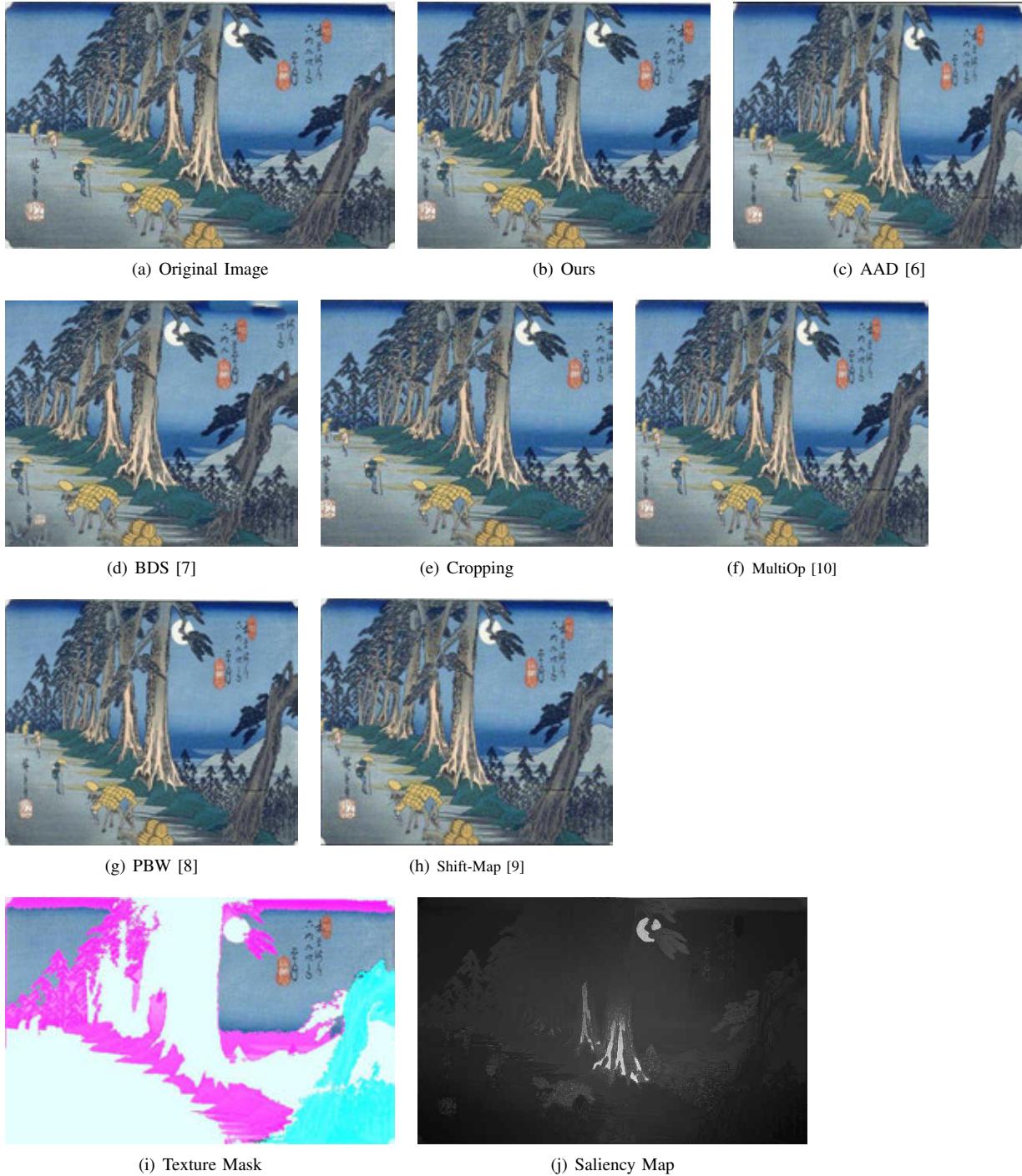
Fig. 73. Input resolution is  $500 \times 316$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 316$ .

TABLE 71

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 73	23.64%	27.27%	0.00%	20.00%	25.45%	<b>29.09%</b>	25.45%

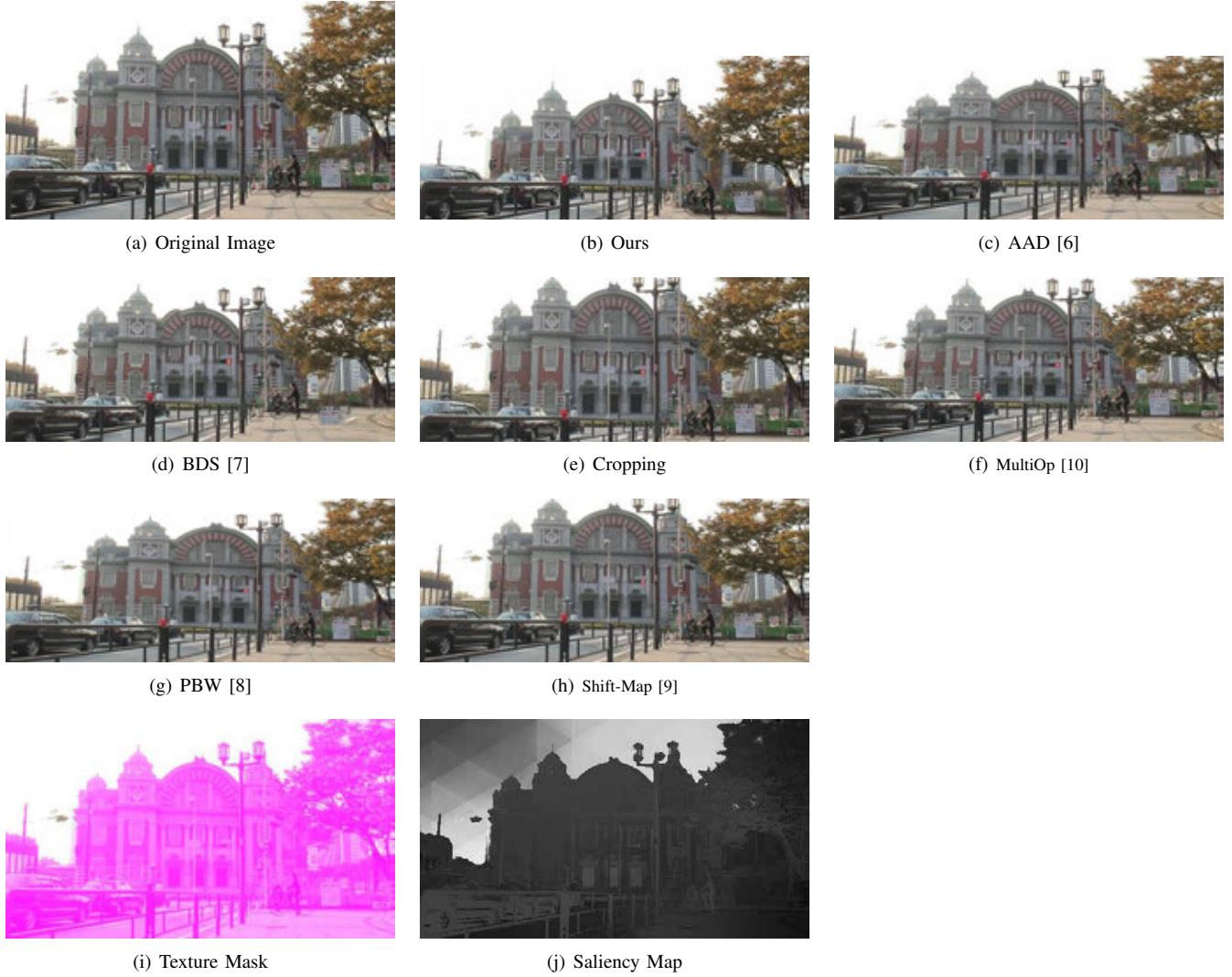
Fig. 74. Input resolution is  $500 \times 281$ , output resolution is  $500 \times 210$ .

TABLE 72

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 74	27.27%	<b>29.09%</b>	0.00%	21.82%	27.27%	25.45%	23.64%

Fig. 75. Input resolution is  $500 \times 374$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 374$ .

TABLE 73

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 75	<b>41.82%</b>	40.00%	34.55%	36.36%	5.45%	7.27%	14.55%

Fig. 76. Input resolution is  $500 \times 351$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 351$ .

TABLE 74

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 76	<b>41.82%</b>	27.27%	0.00%	29.09%	10.91%	27.27%	41.82%

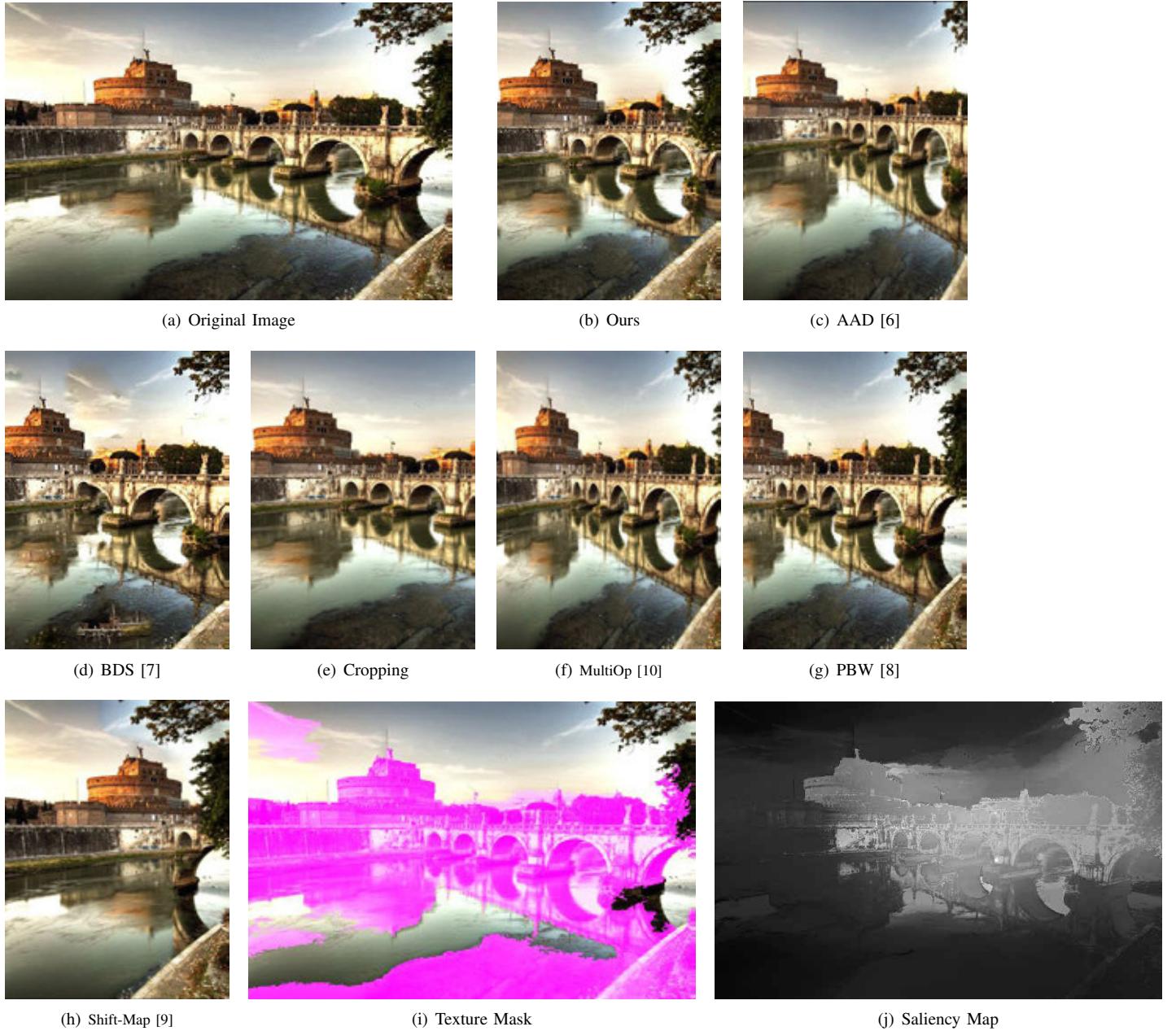
Fig. 77. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 333$ .

TABLE 75

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 77	34.55%	<b>67.27%</b>	0.00%	25.45%	21.82%	27.27%	0.00%

Fig. 78. Input resolution is  $500 \times 329$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 329$ .

TABLE 76

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 78	<b>85.45%</b>	7.27%	43.64%	20.00%	5.45%	0.00%	0.00%

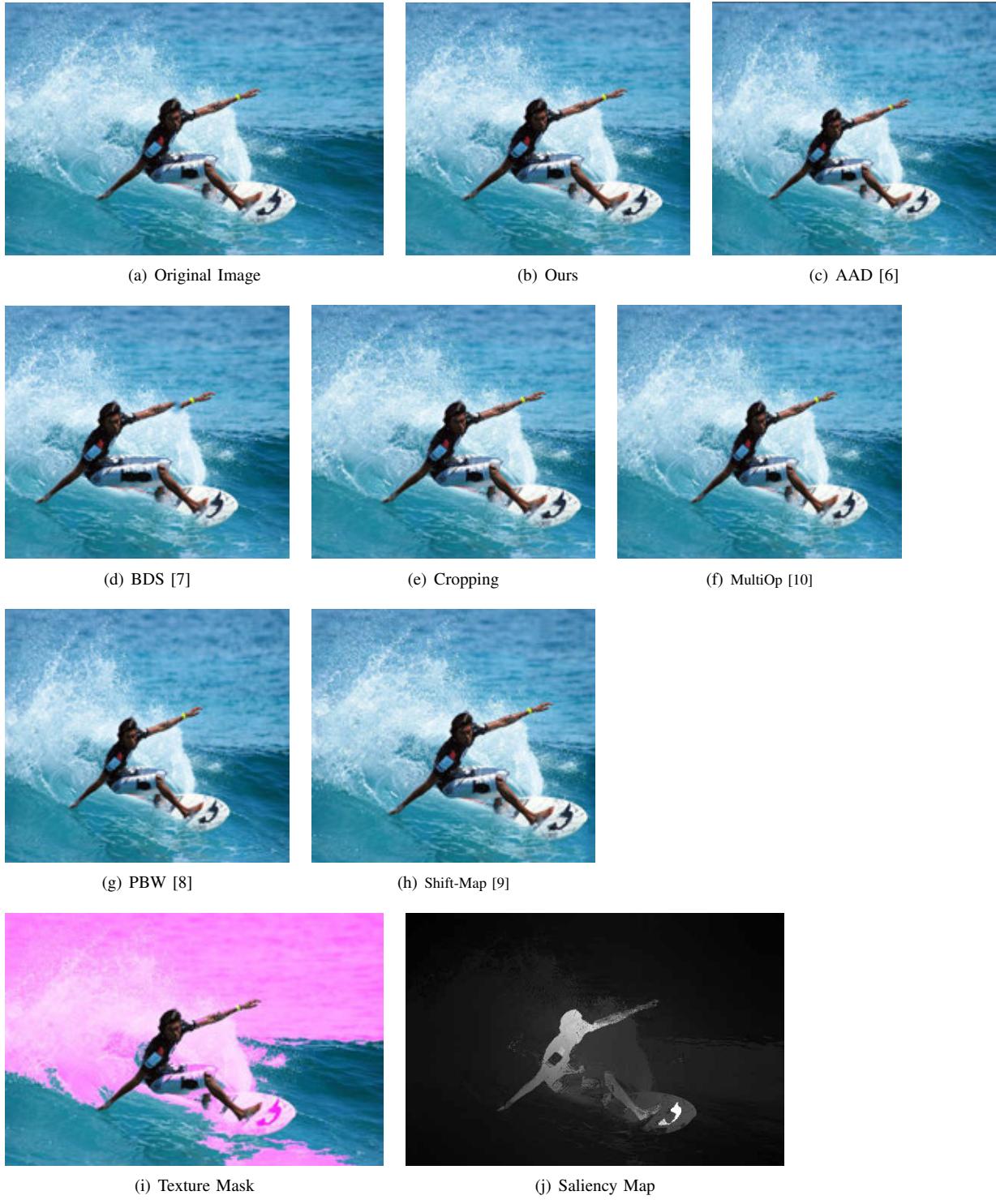
Fig. 79. Input resolution is  $500 \times 334$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 334$ .

TABLE 77

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 79	32.73%	32.73%	0.00%	29.09%	30.91%	<b>34.55%</b>	29.09%

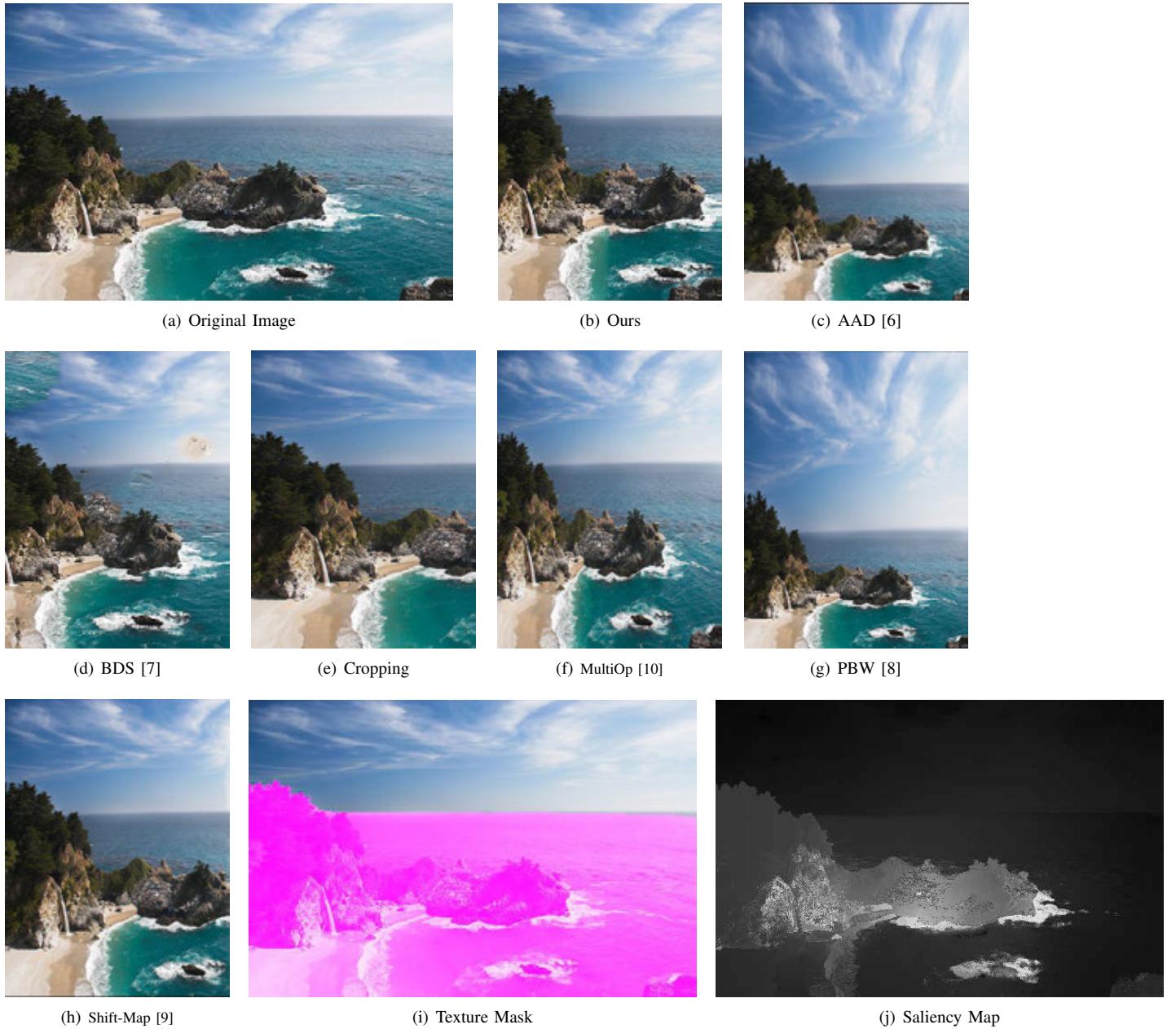
Fig. 80. Input resolution is  $500 \times 332$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 332$ .

TABLE 78

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 80	<b>52.73%</b>	16.36%	0.00%	20.00%	34.55%	29.09%	23.64%

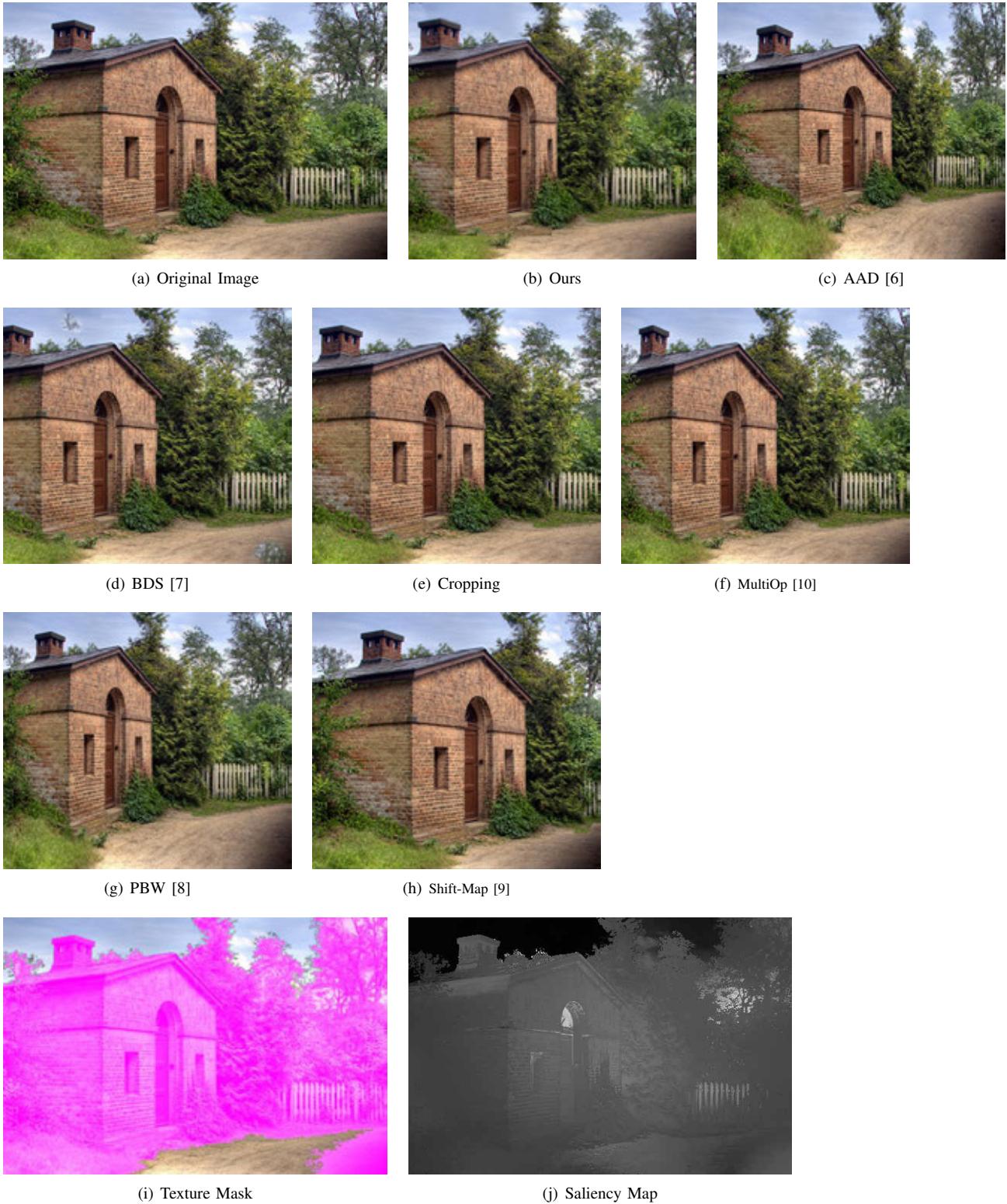
Fig. 81. Input resolution is  $500 \times 334$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 334$ .

TABLE 79

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 81	<b>29.09%</b>	29.09%	27.27%	23.64%	16.36%	12.73%	21.82%

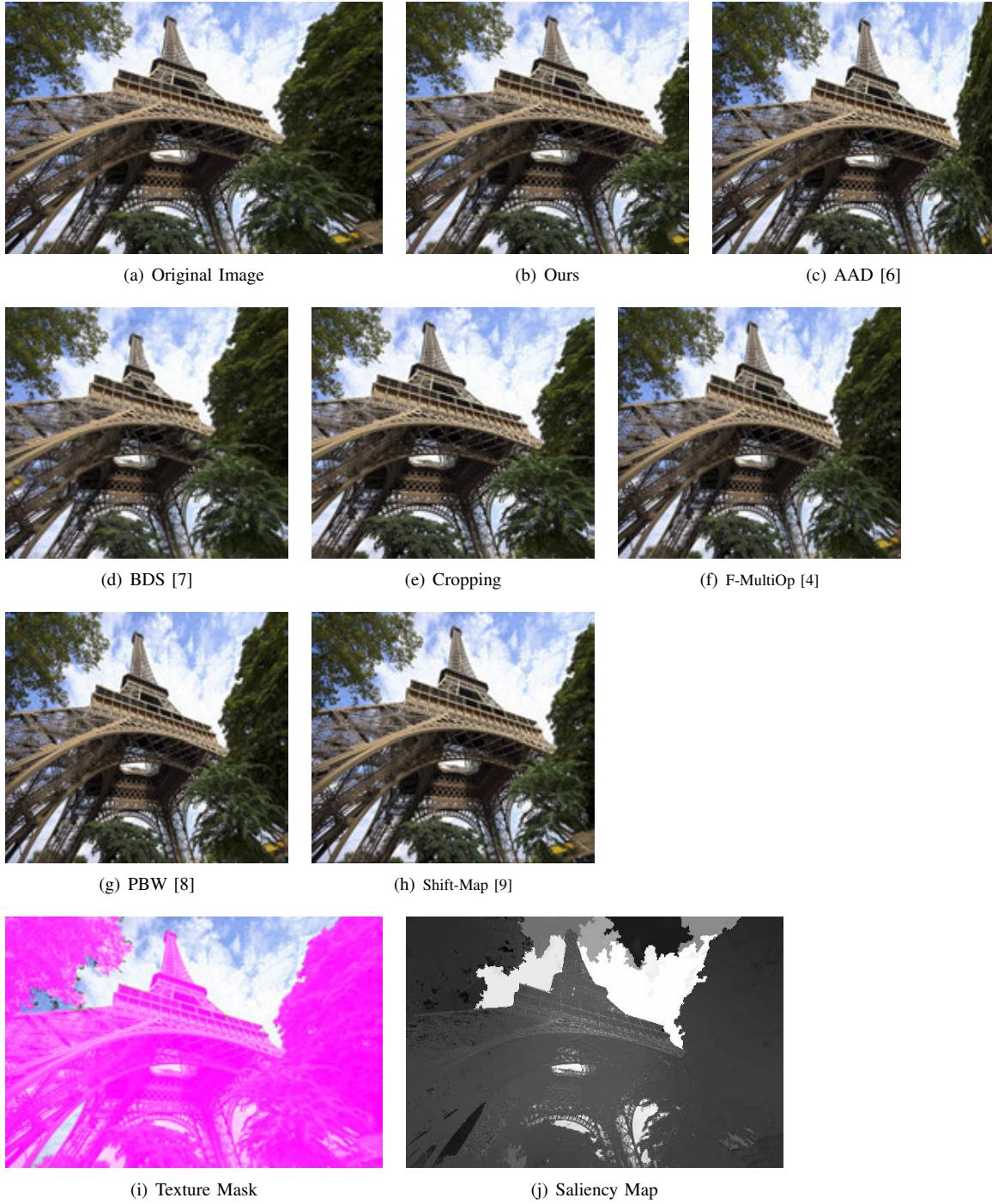
Fig. 82. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 333$ .

TABLE 80

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 82	40.00%	16.36%	0.00%	20.00%	21.82%	25.45%	43.64%

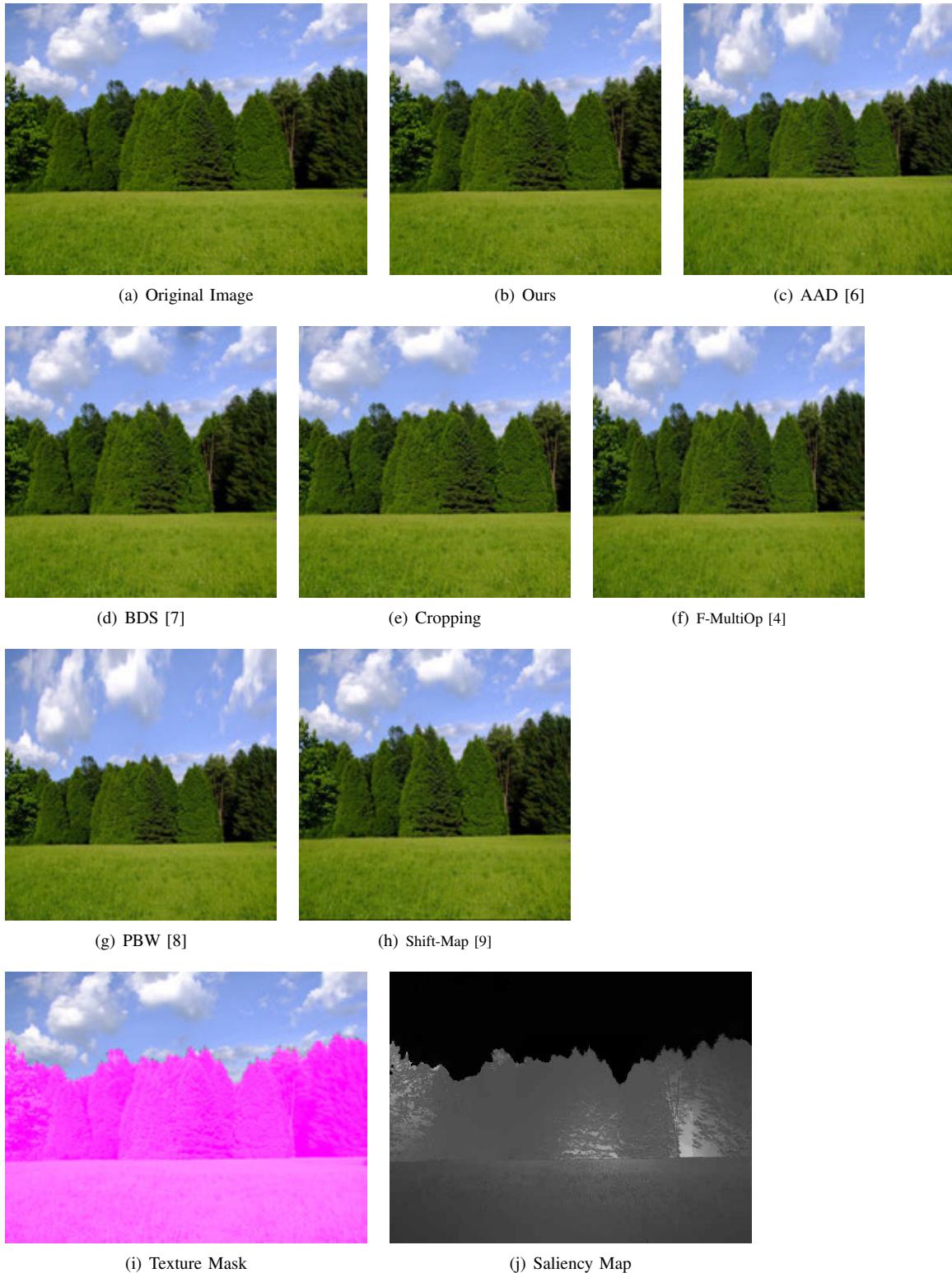
Fig. 83. Input resolution is  $460 \times 345$ , output resolution is  $345 \times 345$ .

TABLE 81

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 83	<b>45.45%</b>	9.09%	18.18%	23.64%	29.09%	5.45%	41.82%

Fig. 84. Input resolution is  $540 \times 312$ , output resolution is  $405 \times 312$ .

TABLE 82

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 84	<b>27.27%</b>	36.36%	3.64%	18.18%	21.82%	30.91%	12.73%

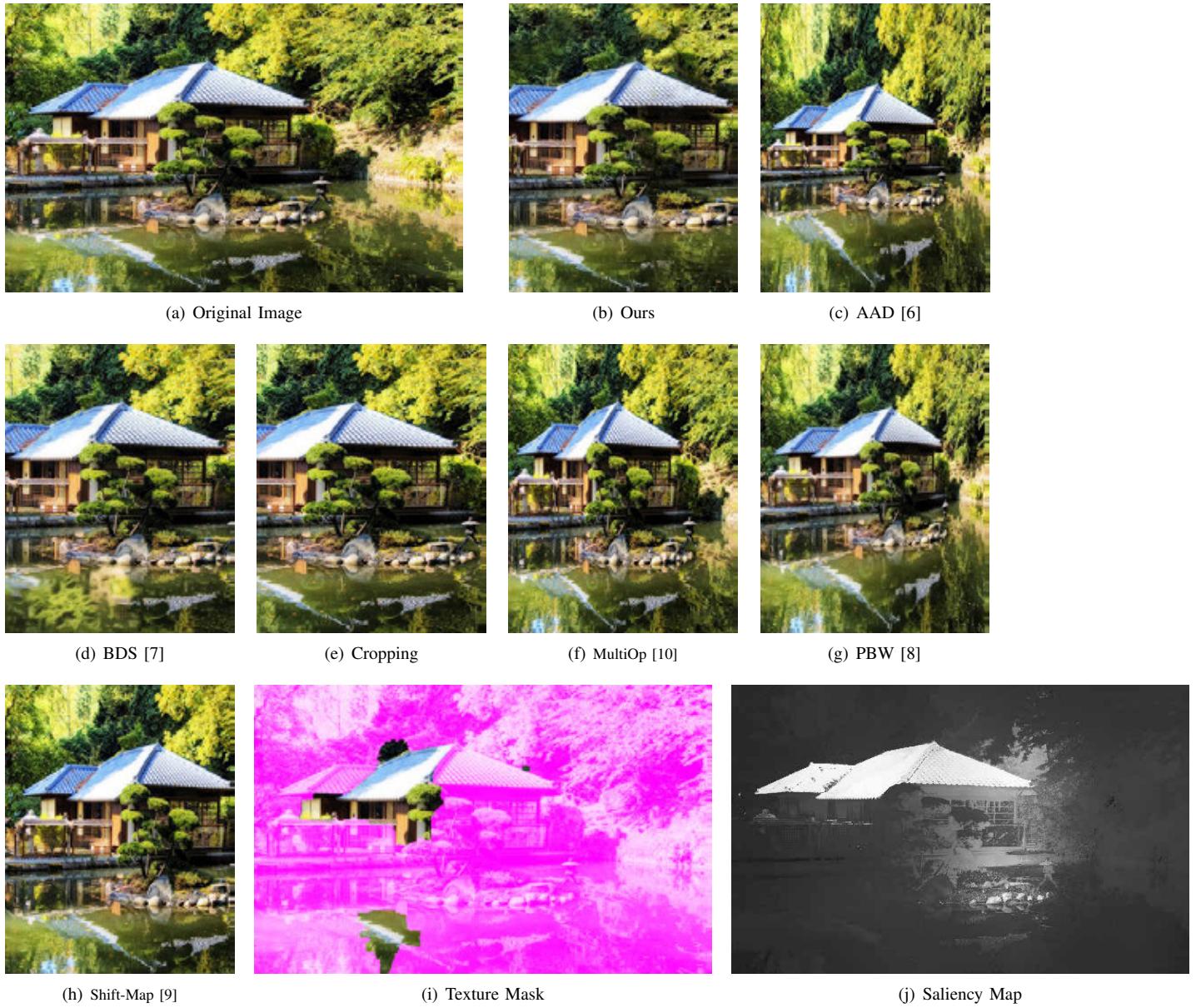
Fig. 85. Input resolution is  $512 \times 323$ , output resolution is  $256 \times 323$ .

TABLE 83

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	<b>Ours</b>	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 85	<b>36.36%</b>	18.18%	23.64%	18.18%	12.73%	16.36%	18.18%

Fig. 86. Input resolution is  $500 \times 367$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 367$ .

TABLE 84

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 86	<b>32.73%</b>	29.09%	0.00%	34.55%	18.18%	9.09%	21.82%

Fig. 87. Input resolution is  $600 \times 429$ , output resolution is  $300 \times 429$ .

TABLE 85

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 87	<b>21.82%</b>	14.55%	23.64%	43.64%	20.00%	3.64%	7.27%

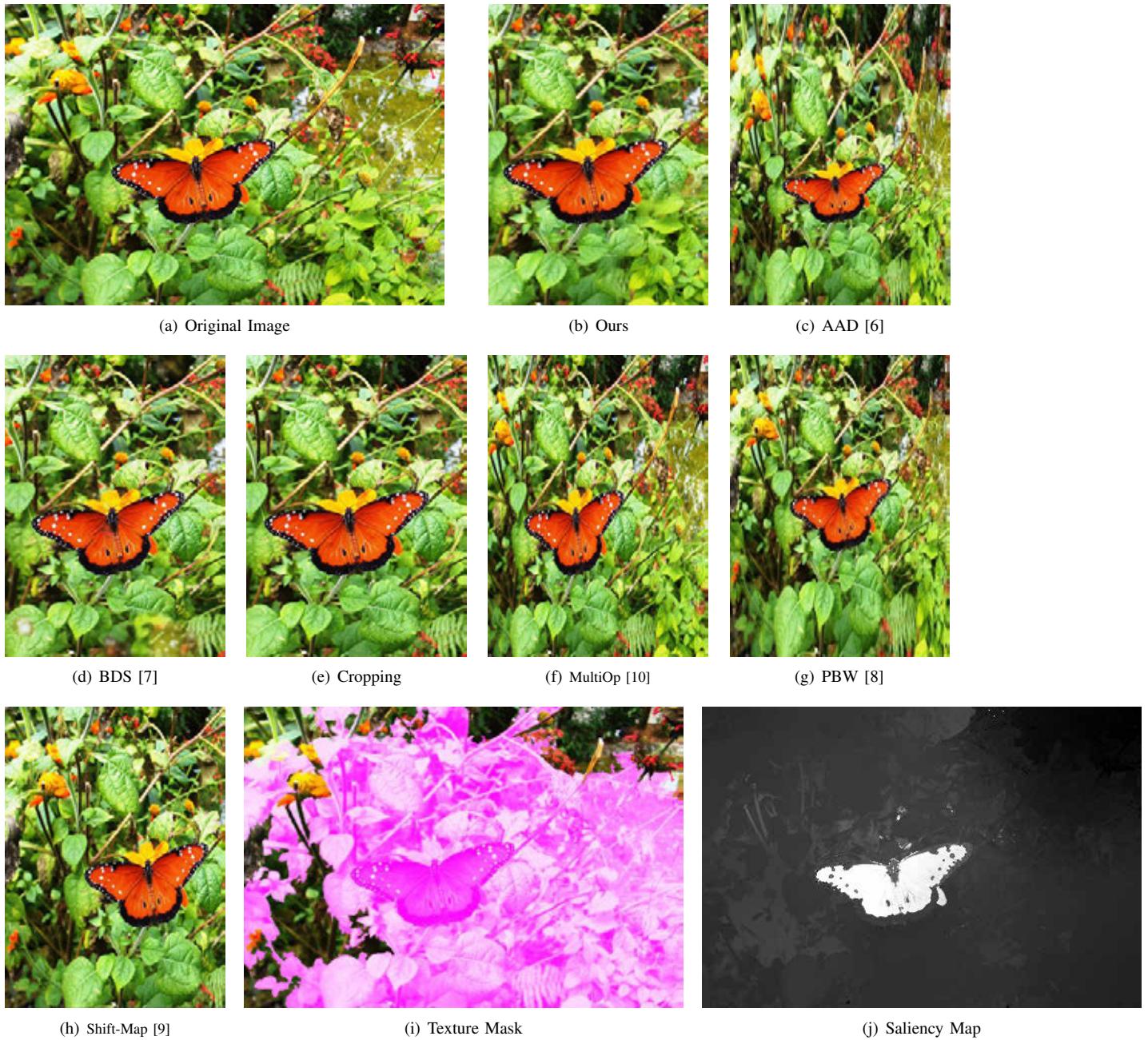
Fig. 88. Input resolution is  $500 \times 343$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 343$ .

TABLE 86

User study. We show the percentages when our method and the competitors have been chosen by the participants.

	Ours	AAD	BDS	Cropping	F-MultiOp	PBW	Shift-Map
Figure 88	49.09%	7.27%	36.36%	50.91%	7.27%	0.00%	5.45%

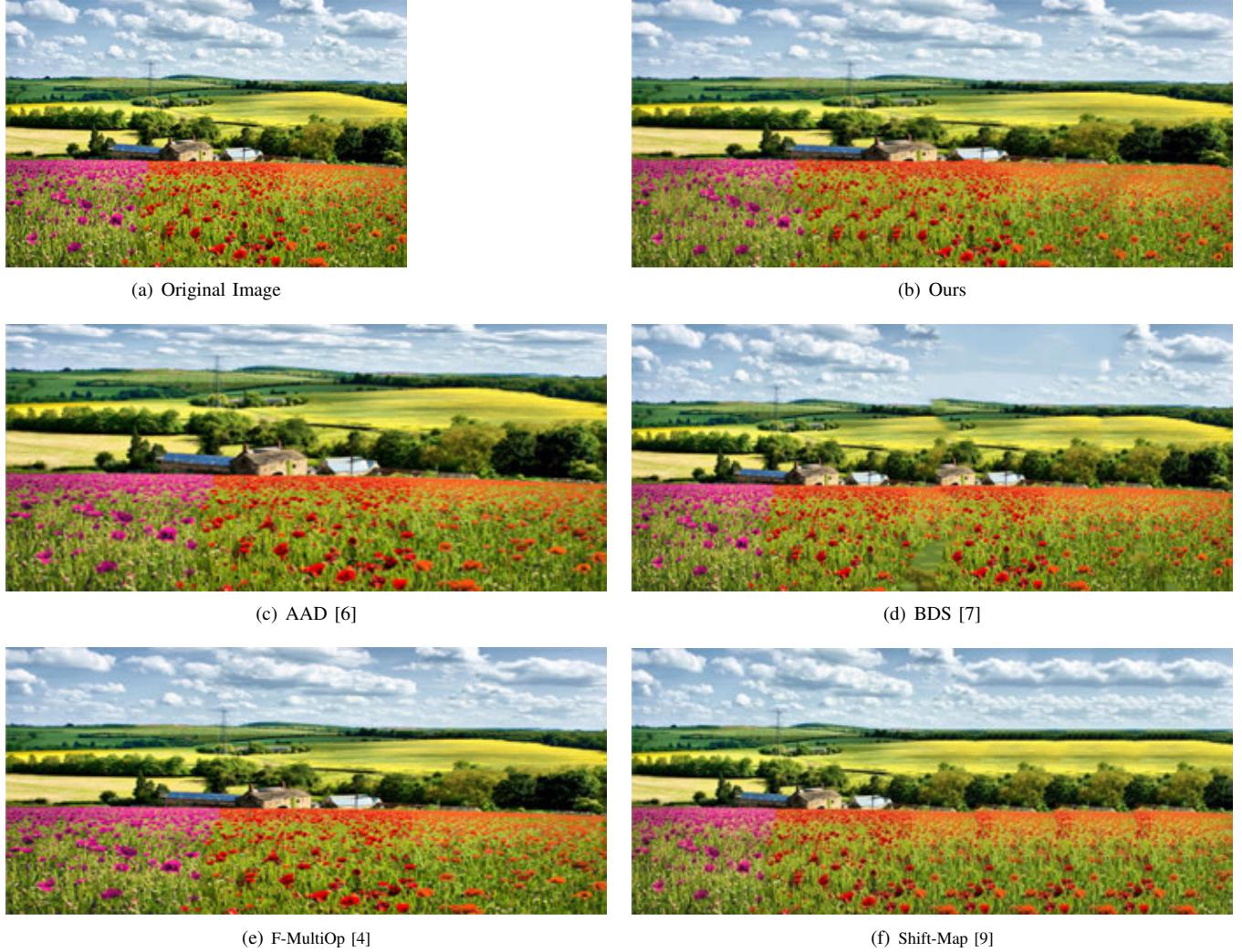


Fig. 89. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $750 \times 332$ . Our method well preserve the DPI of the T-regions in the result, as well as the texel shape and the globally visual effect of T-regions. The quality of the T-regions in AAD and F-MultiOp results are reduced by up-sampling while there are also obvious texel shape distortion. There are over-smoothing areas in BDS result. There is repeat-copying artifact in shift-map result.



(a) Original Image



(b) Ours



(c) AAD [6]



(d) BDS [7]



(e) F-MultiOp [4]

Fig. 90. Input resolution is  $500 \times 375$ , output resolution is  $640 \times 375$ . Our method well preserve the DPI of the T-regions in the result, as well as the texel shape and the globally visual effect of T-regions. The quality of the T-regions in AAD and F-MultiOp results are reduced by up-sampling while there are also obvious texel shape distortion. There are over-smoothing areas in BDS result.



(a) Original Image



(b) Ours



(c) AAD [6]



(d) BDS [7]



(e) F-MultiOp [4]

Fig. 91. Input resolution is  $500 \times 375$ , output resolution is  $750 \times 375$ . Our method well preserve the DPI of the T-regions in the result, as well as the texel shape and the globally visual effect of T-regions. The quality of the T-regions in AAD and F-MultiOp results are reduced by up-sampling while there are also obvious texel shape distortion. There are over-smoothing areas in BDS result.

Fig. 92. Input resolution is  $500 \times 396$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 396$ .

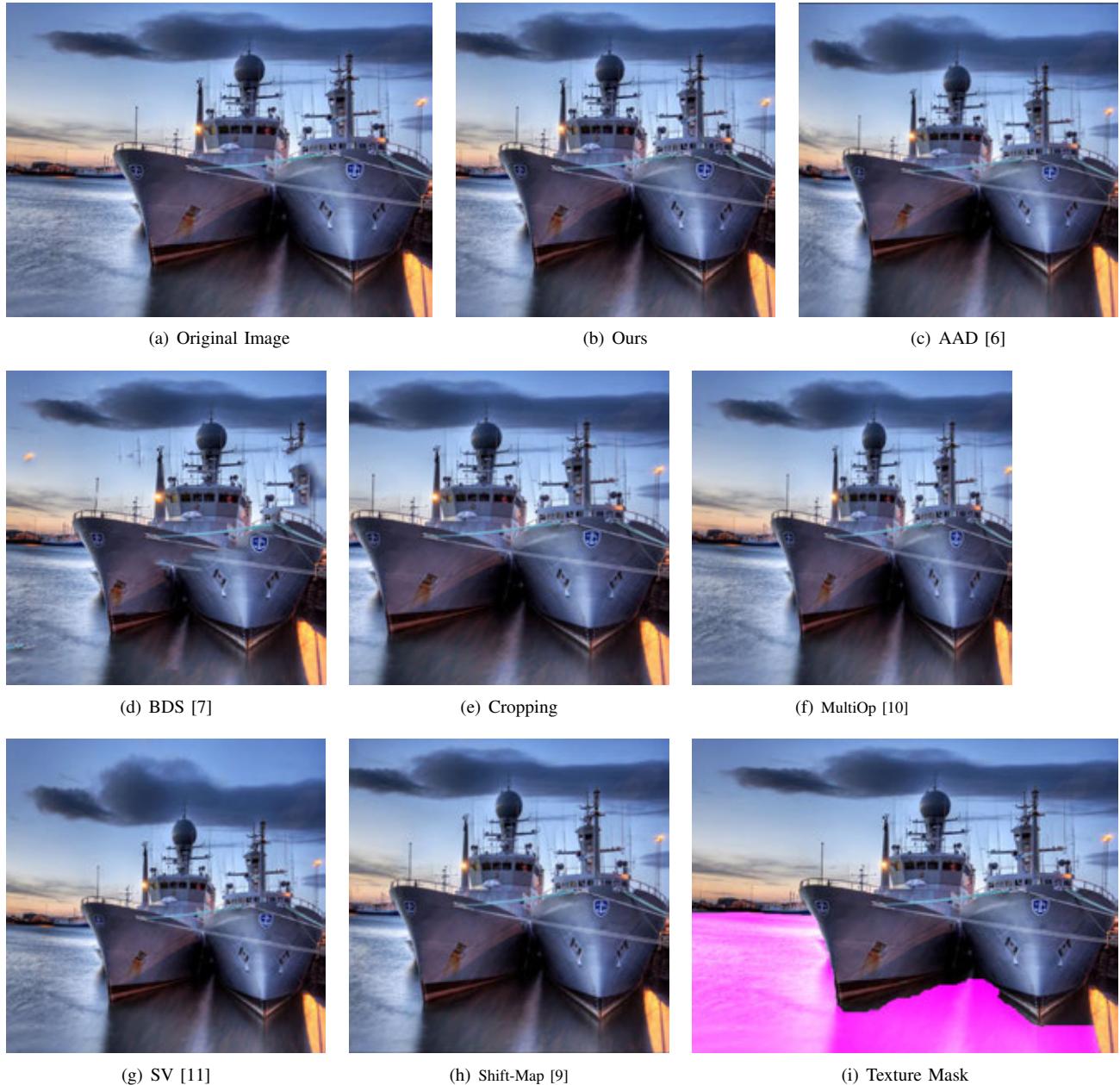


Fig. 93. Input resolution is  $500 \times 369$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 369$ .



Fig. 94. Input resolution is  $500 \times 332$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 332$ .



Fig. 95. Input resolution is  $500 \times 374$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 374$ .

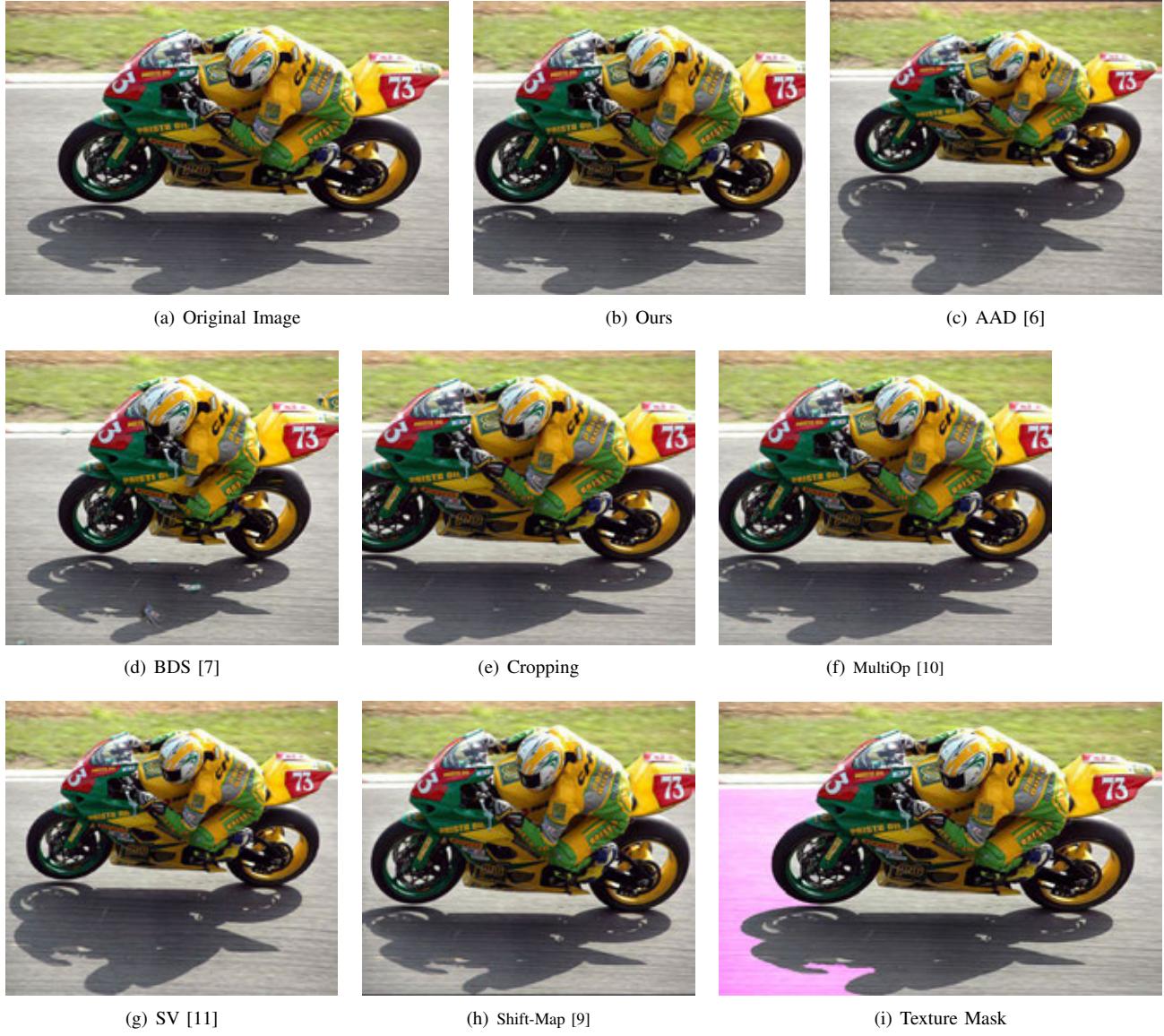


Fig. 96. Input resolution is  $500 \times 332$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 332$ .



Fig. 97. Input resolution is  $500 \times 303$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 303$ .

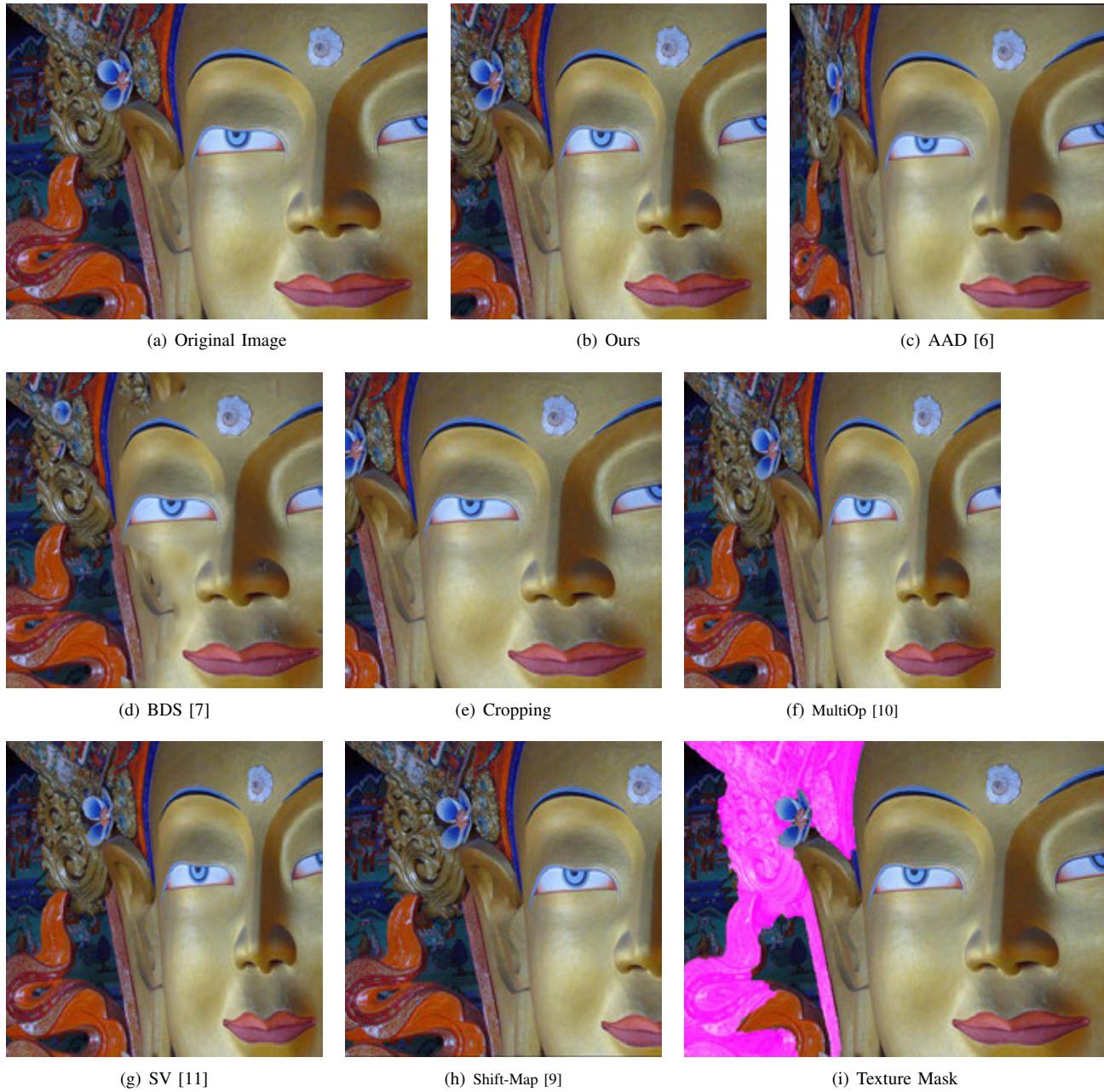


Fig. 98. Input resolution is  $500 \times 375$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 375$ .



Fig. 99. Input resolution is  $500 \times 341$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 341$ .



Fig. 100. Input resolution is  $384 \times 385$ , output resolution is  $288 \times 385$ .



Fig. 101. Input resolution is  $500 \times 375$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 375$ .

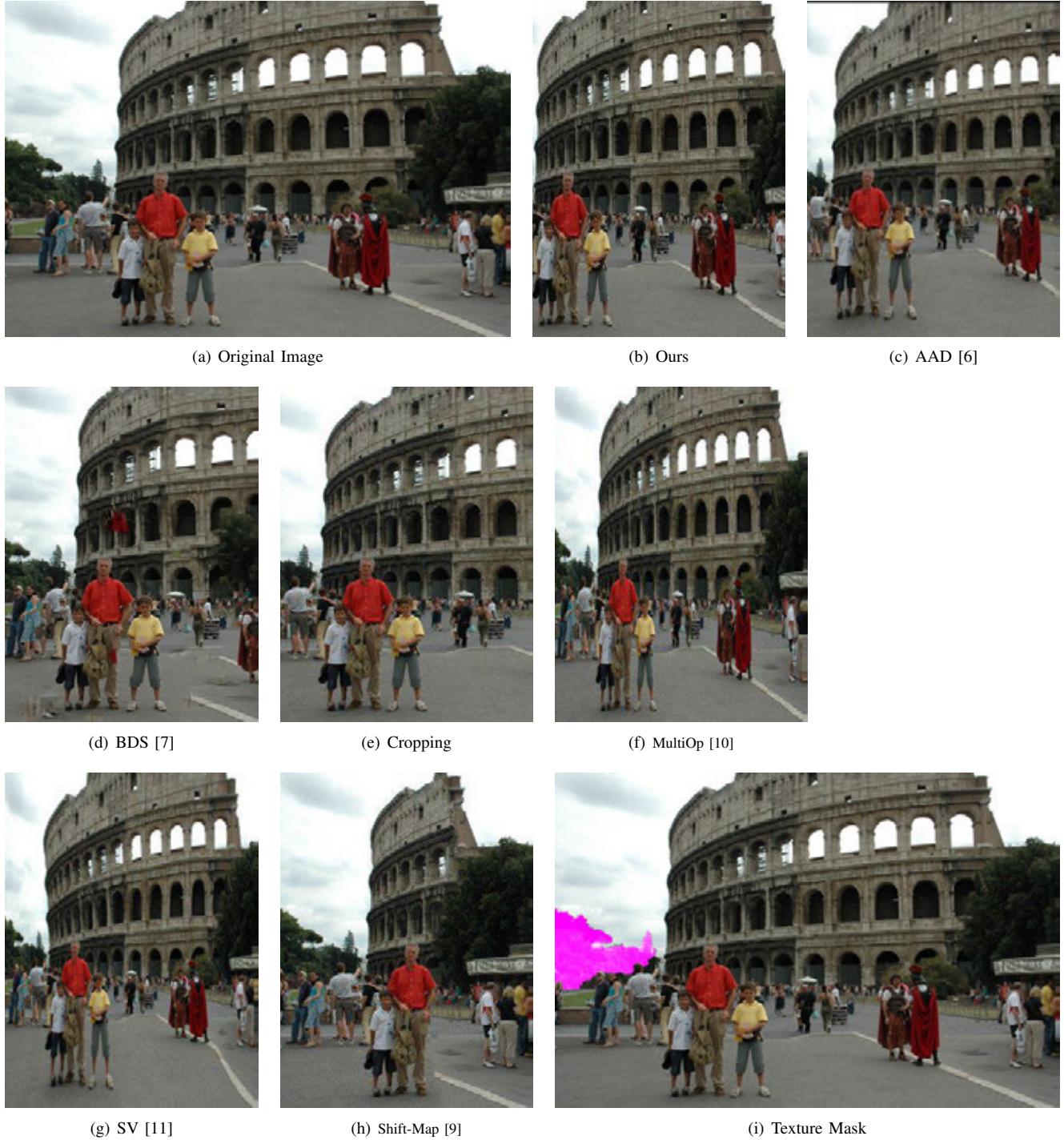


Fig. 102. Input resolution is  $500 \times 332$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 332$ .



Fig. 103. Input resolution is  $500 \times 328$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 328$ .

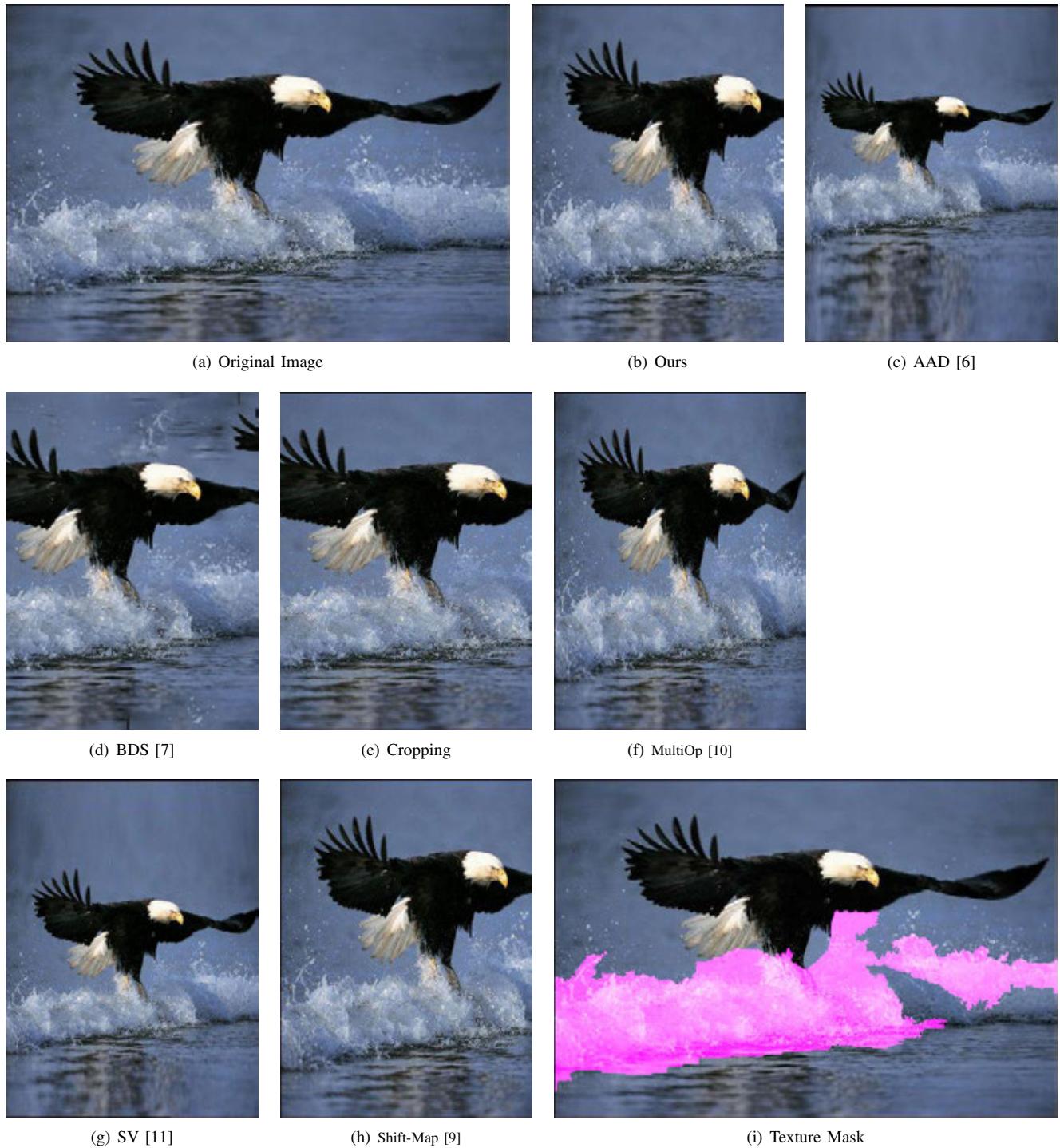


Fig. 104. Input resolution is  $500 \times 335$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 335$ .

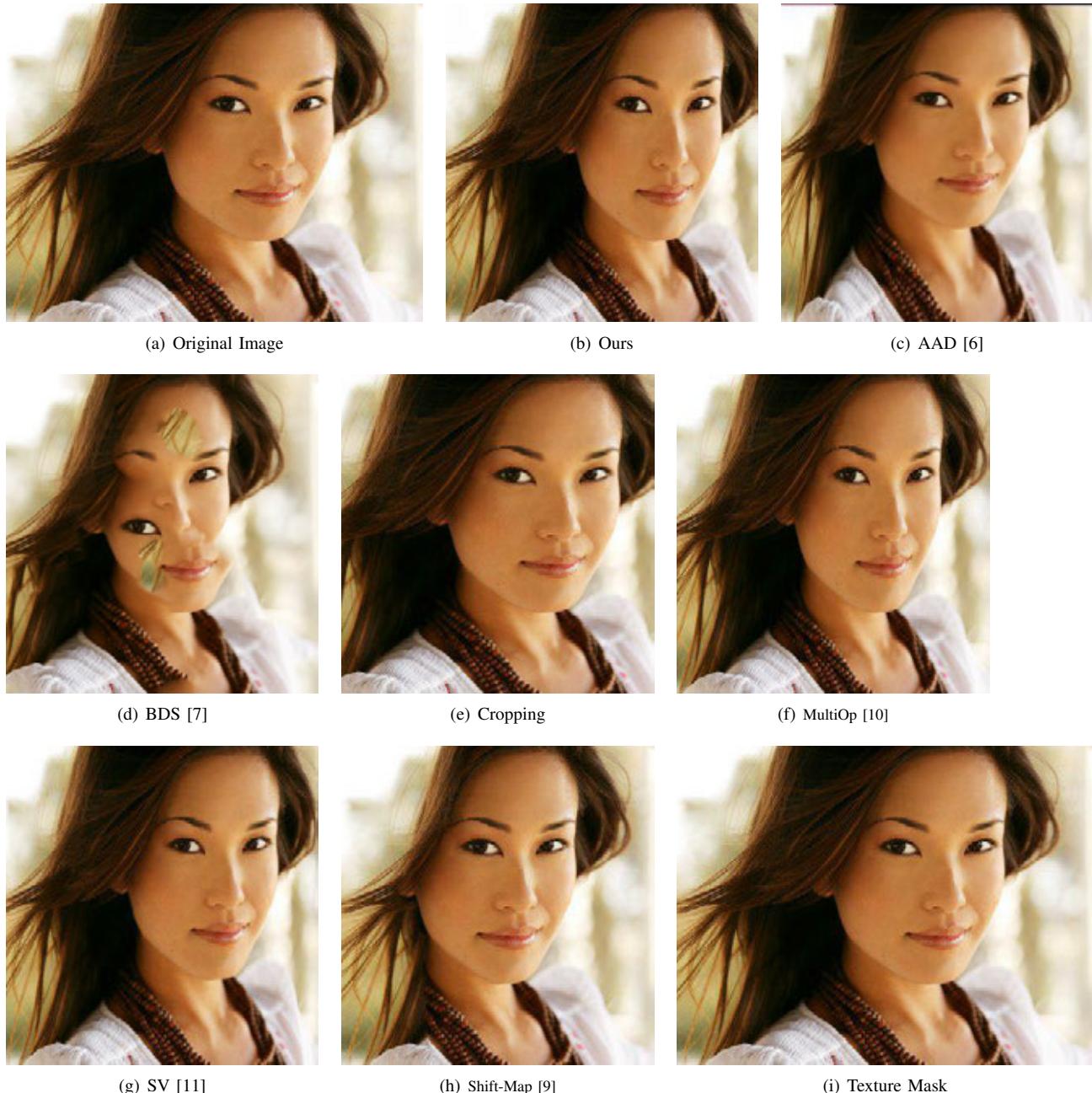


Fig. 105. Input resolution is  $392 \times 300$ , output resolution is  $294 \times 300$ .

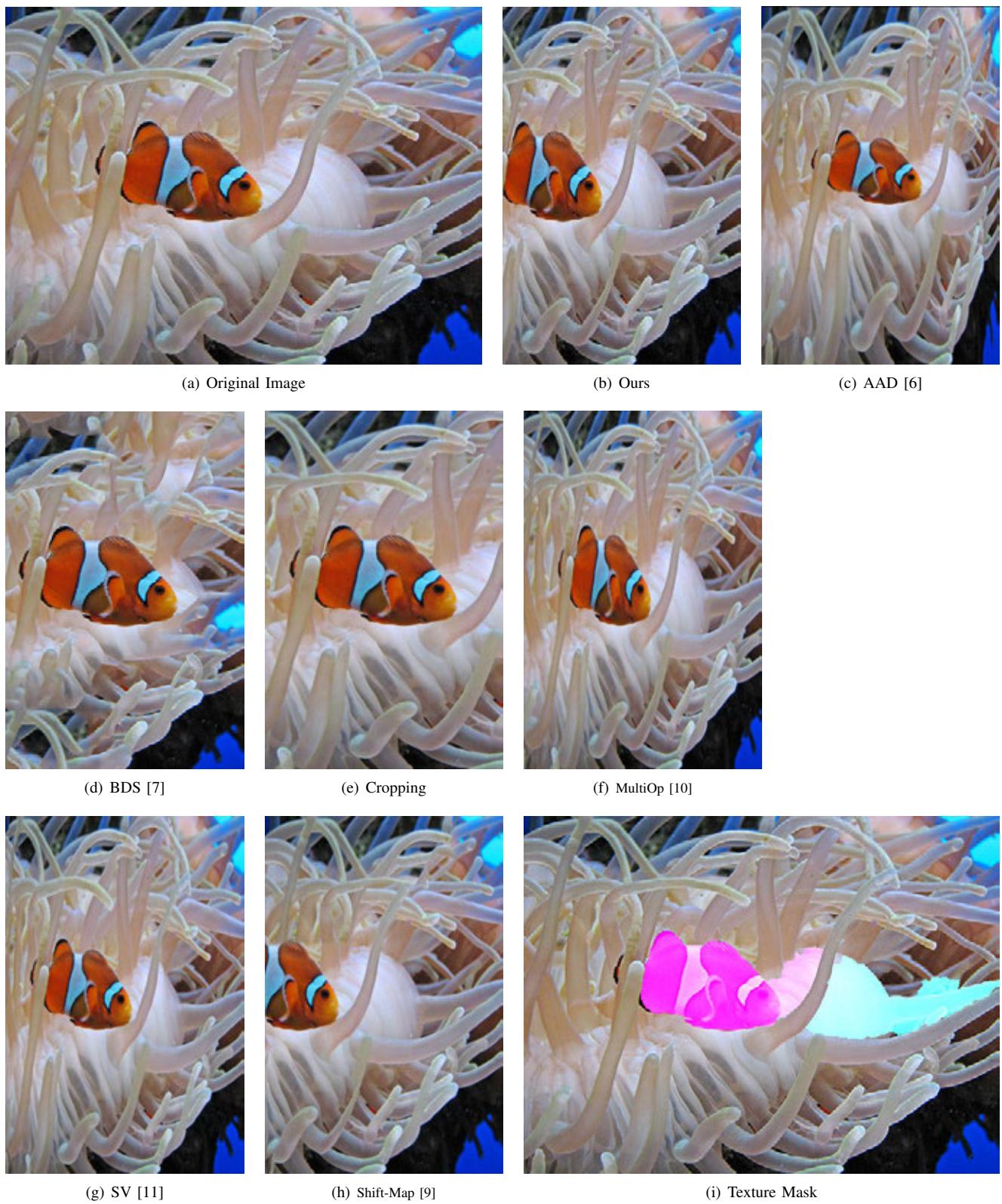


Fig. 106. Input resolution is  $500 \times 375$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 375$ .

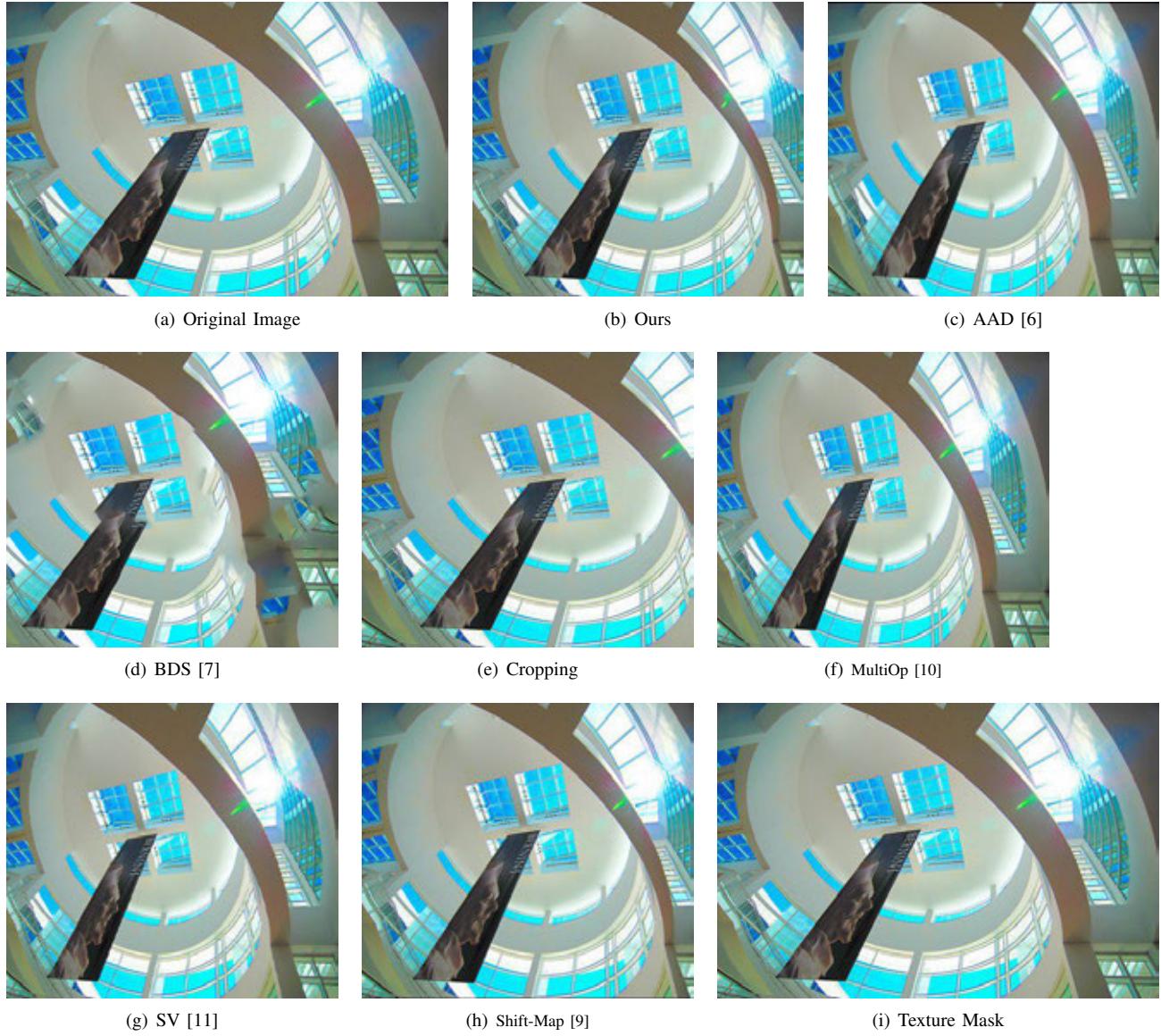


Fig. 107. Input resolution is  $500 \times 334$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 334$ .

Fig. 108. Input resolution is  $500 \times 395$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 395$ .

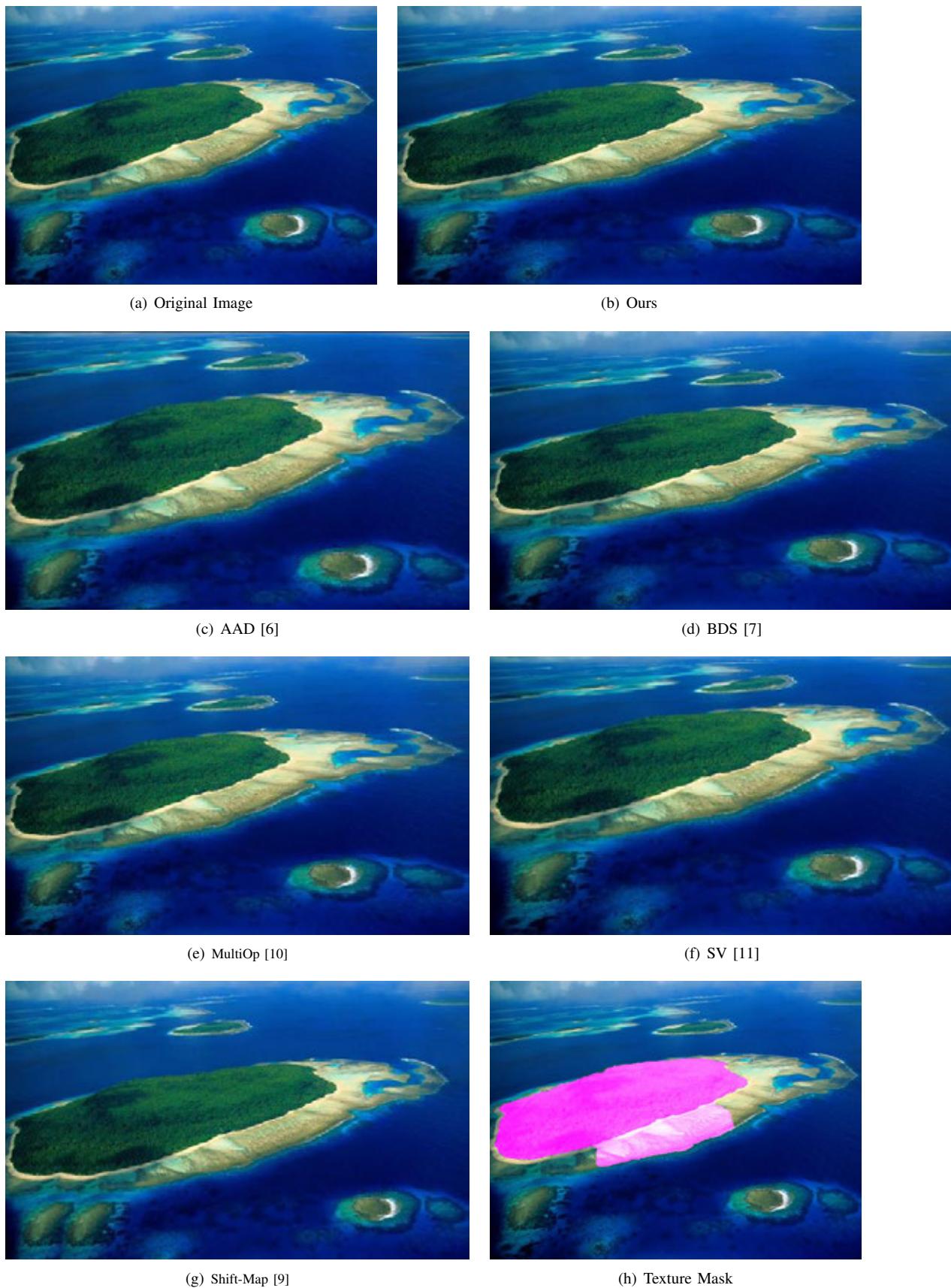


Fig. 109. Input resolution is  $500 \times 375$ , output resolution is  $625 \times 375$ .

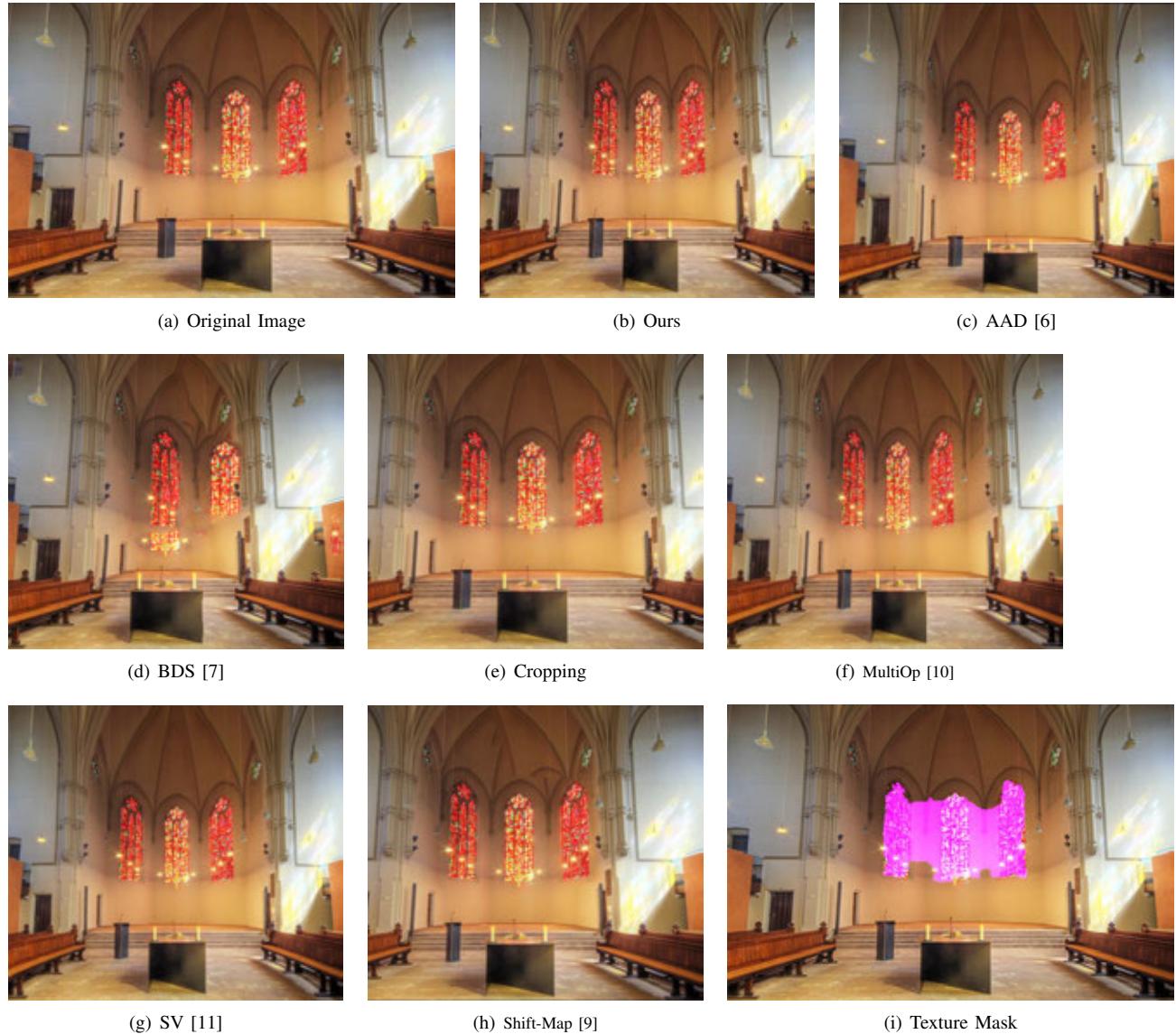


Fig. 110. Input resolution is  $500 \times 330$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 330$ .

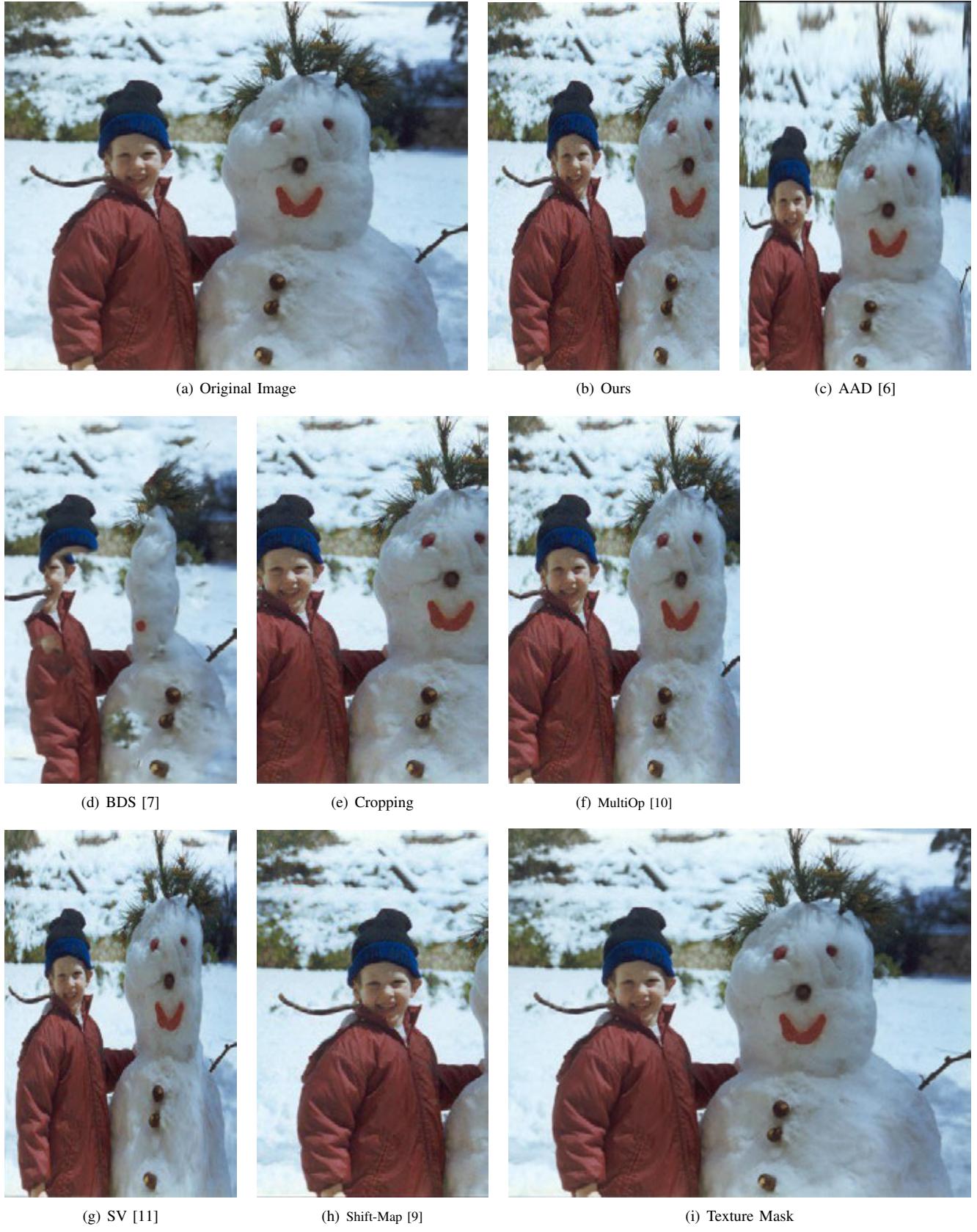
Fig. 111. Input resolution is  $500 \times 397$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 397$ .



Fig. 112. Input resolution is  $500 \times 375$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 375$ .

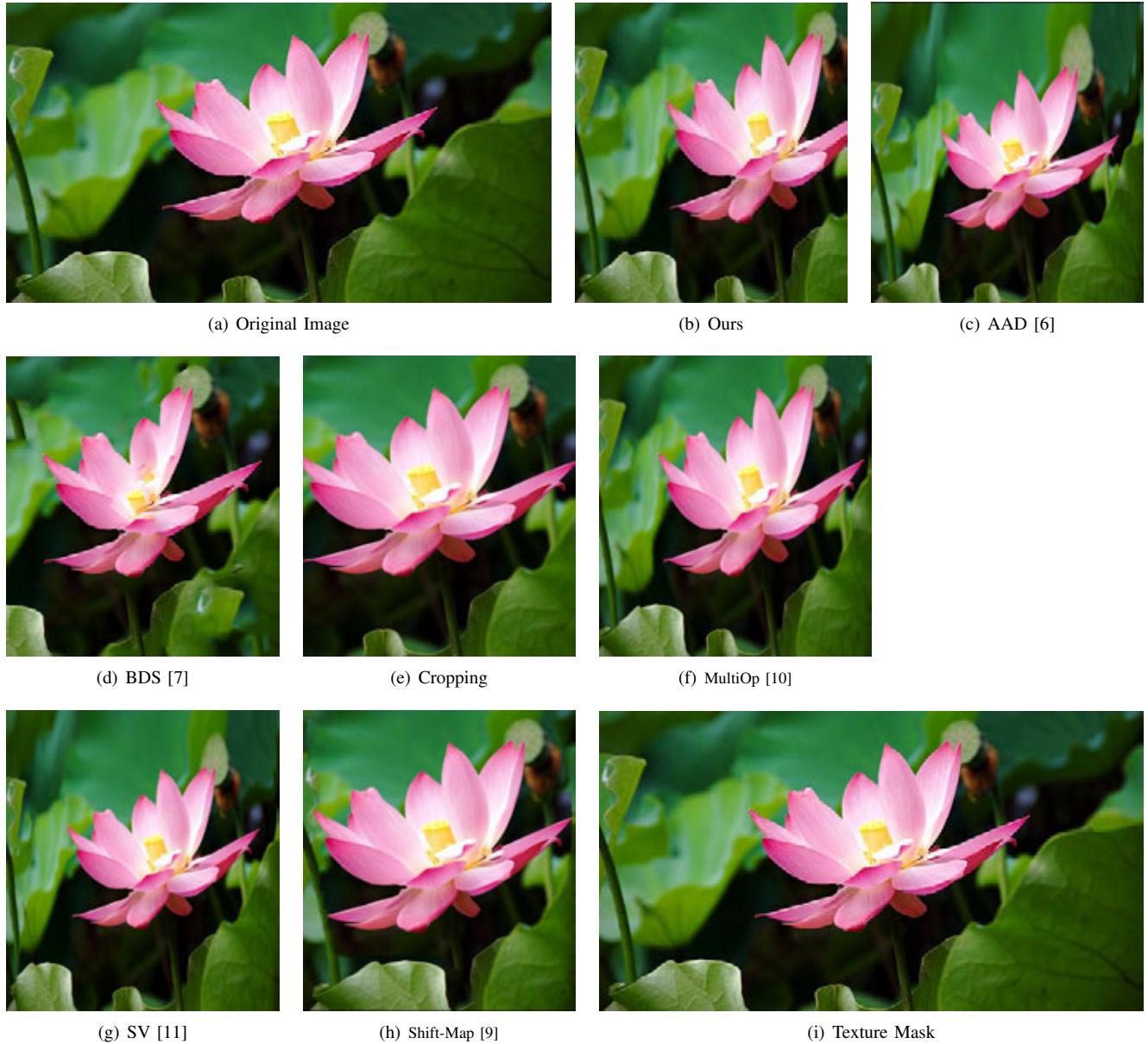


Fig. 113. Input resolution is  $500 \times 275$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 275$ .



Fig. 114. Input resolution is  $500 \times 281$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 281$ .



Fig. 115. Input resolution is  $500 \times 369$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 369$ .

Fig. 116. Input resolution is  $500 \times 435$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 435$ .

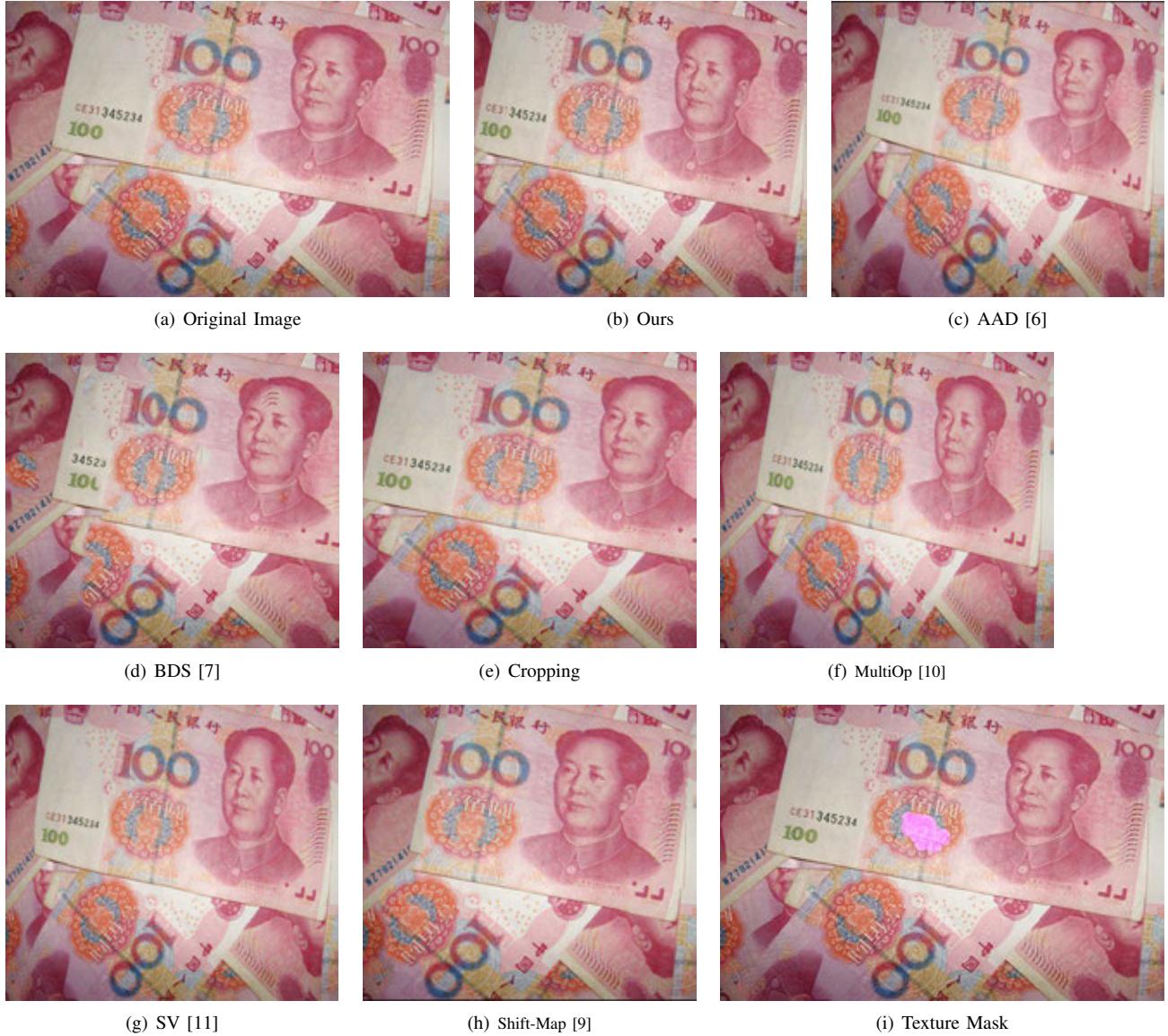


Fig. 117. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 333$ .

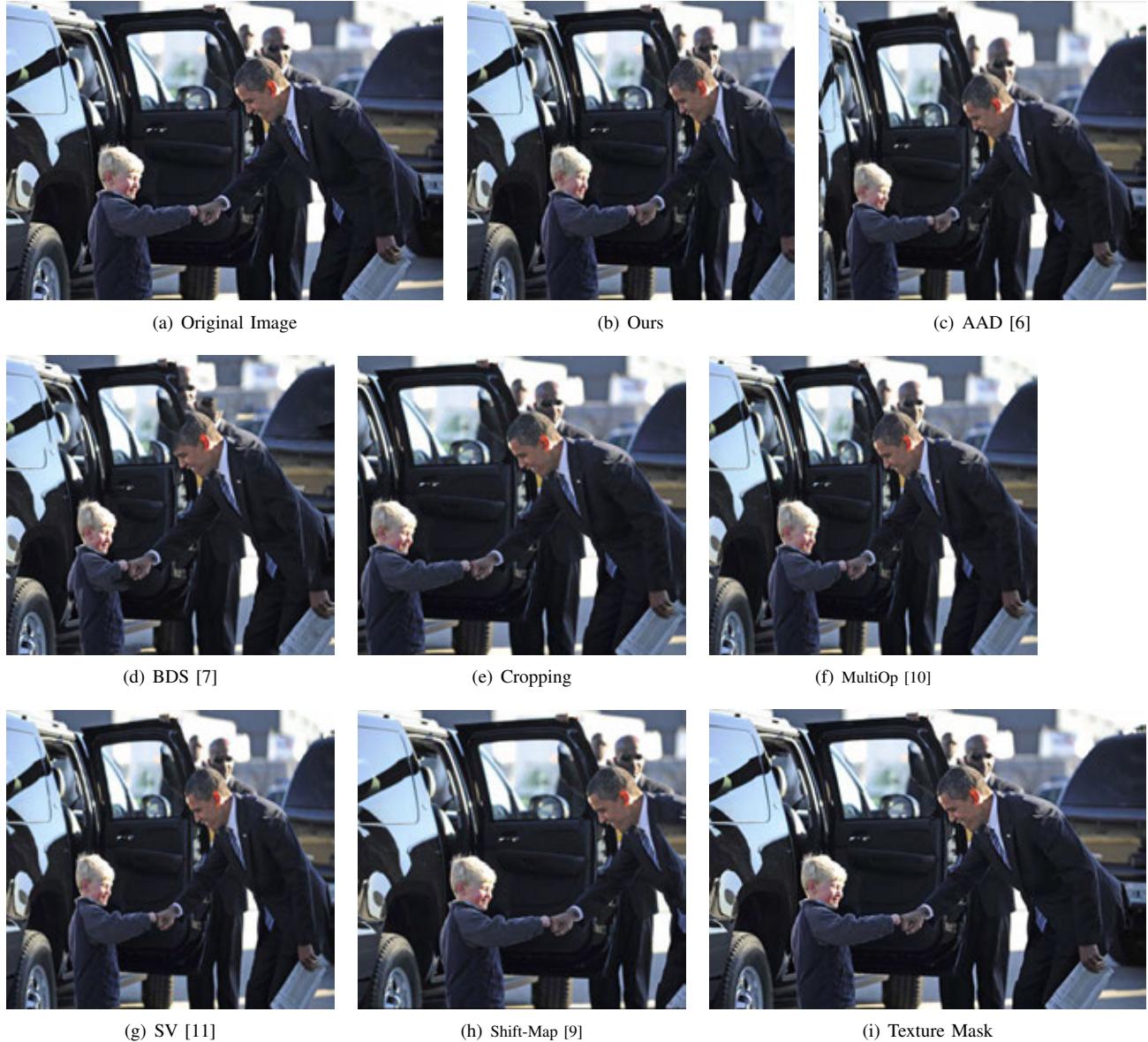


Fig. 118. Input resolution is  $500 \times 342$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 342$ .



Fig. 119. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 333$ .

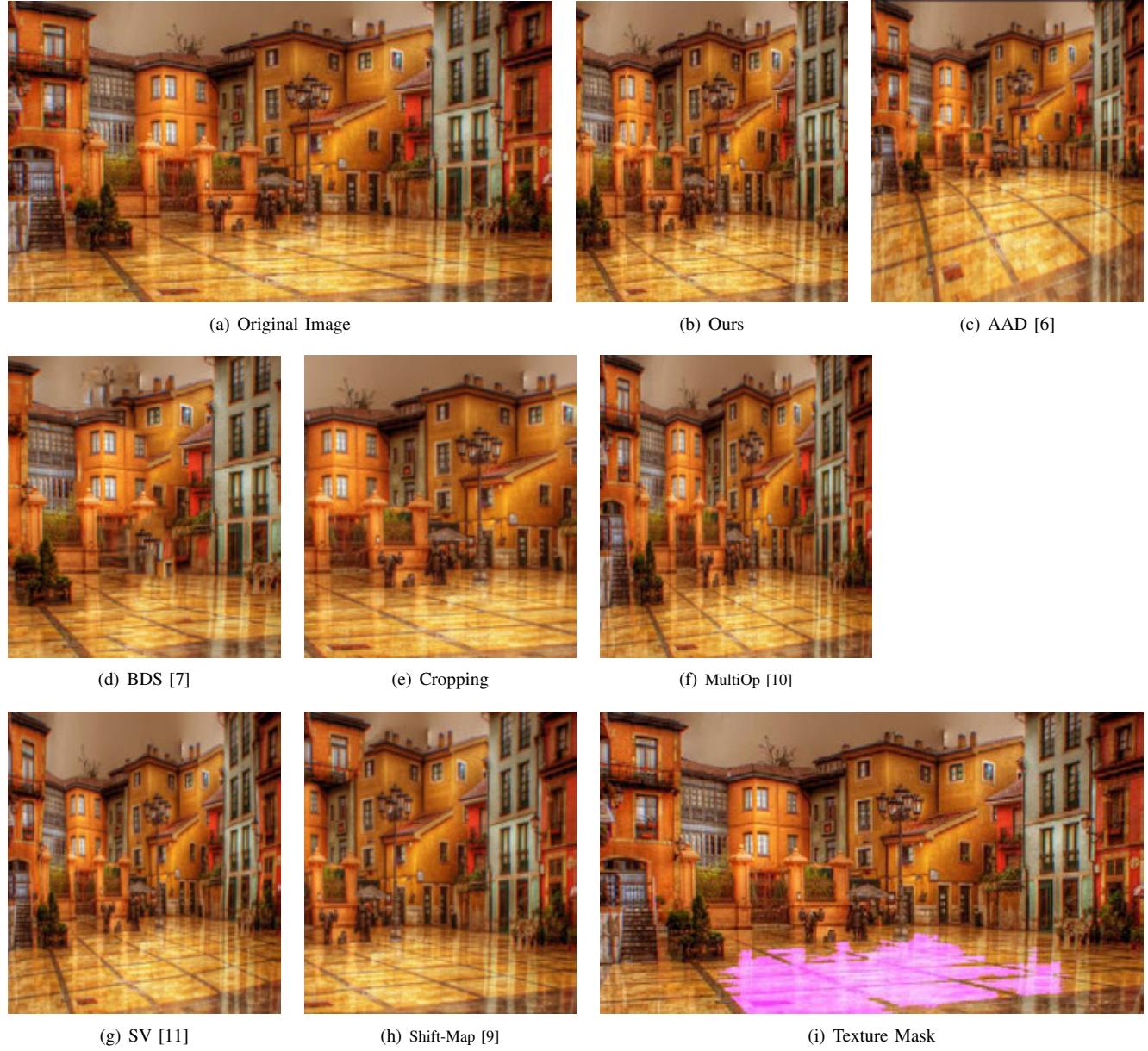


Fig. 120. Input resolution is  $500 \times 277$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 277$ .

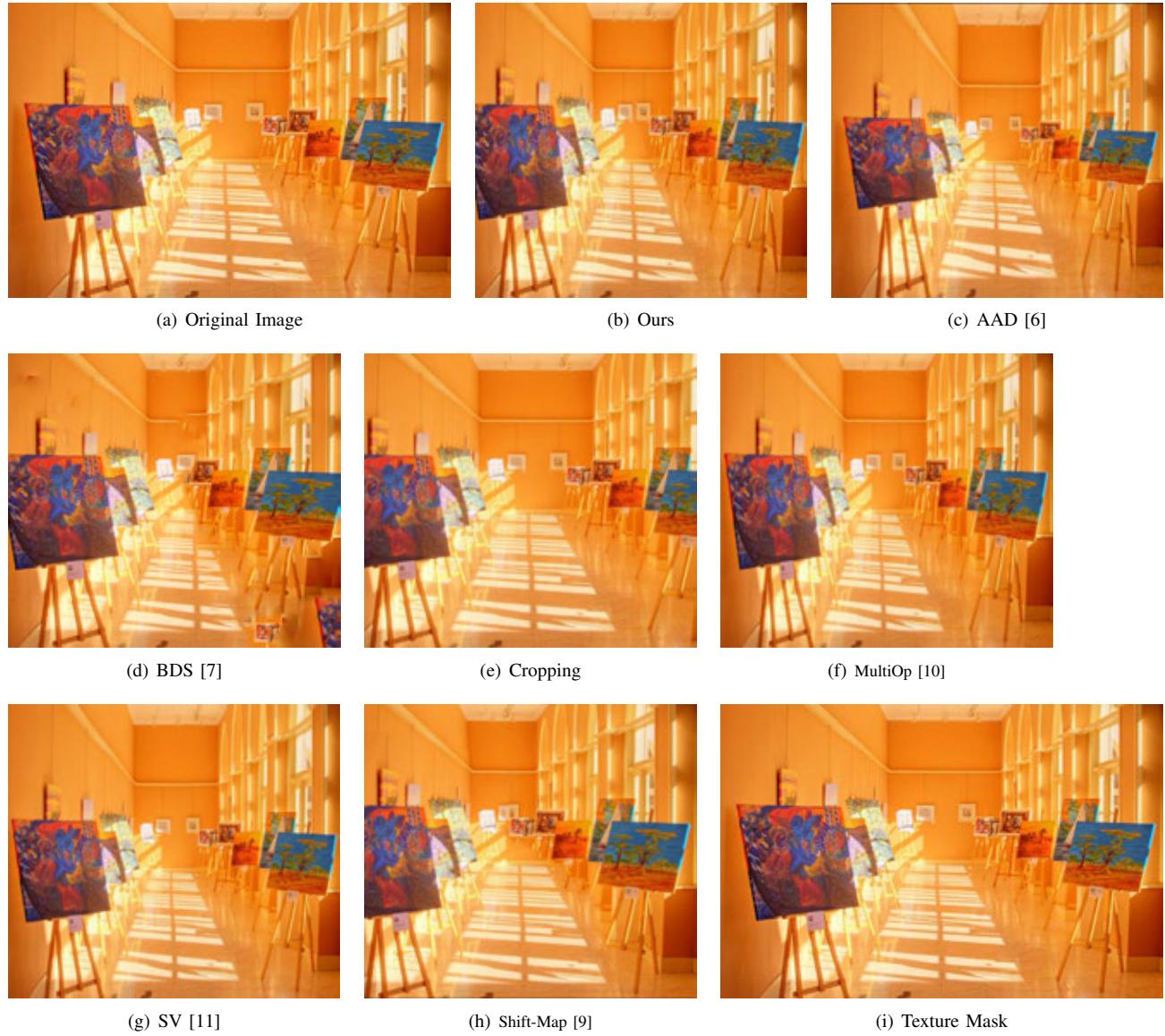


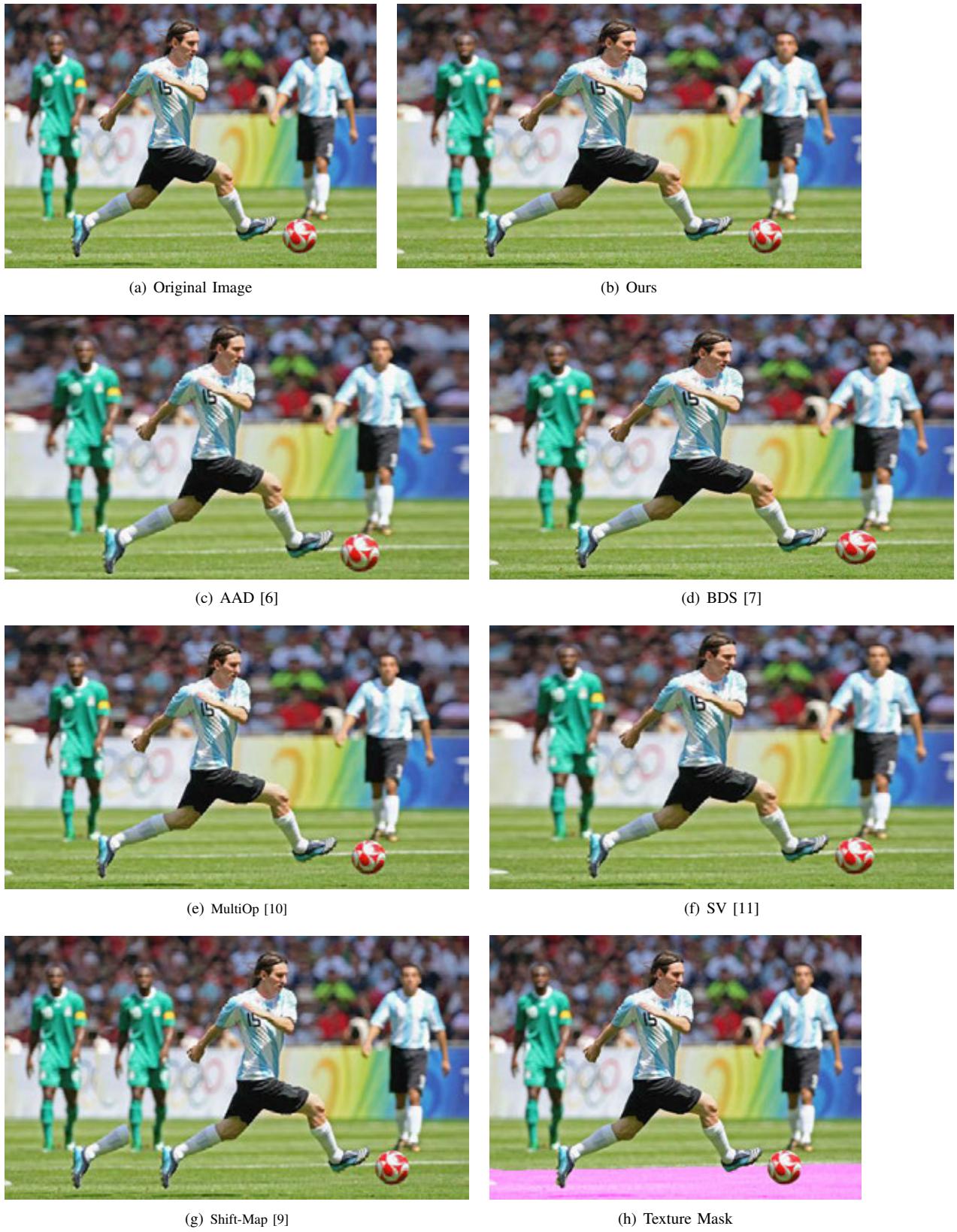
Fig. 121. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 333$ .



Fig. 122. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 333$ .

Fig. 123. Input resolution is  $500 \times 332$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 332$ .

Fig. 124. Input resolution is  $500 \times 375$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 375$ .

Fig. 125. Input resolution is  $500 \times 356$ , output resolution is  $625 \times 356$ .



(a) Original Image



(b) Ours



(c) AAD [6]



(d) BDS [7]



(e) Cropping



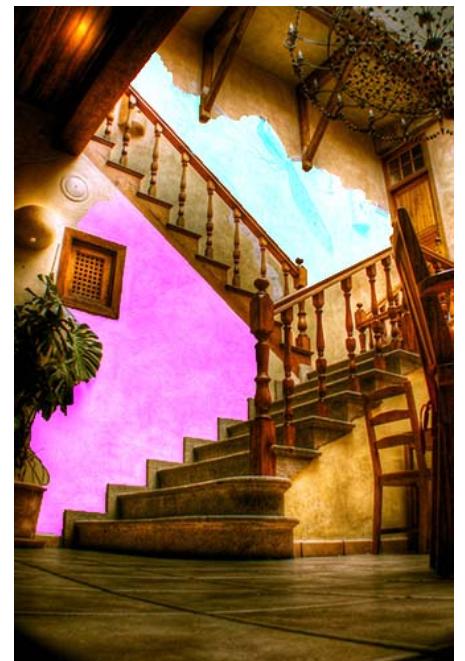
(f) MultiOp [10]



(g) SV [11]



(h) Shift-Map [9]



(i) Texture Mask

Fig. 126. Input resolution is  $333 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $333 \times 250$ .



Fig. 127. Input resolution is  $333 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 500$ .

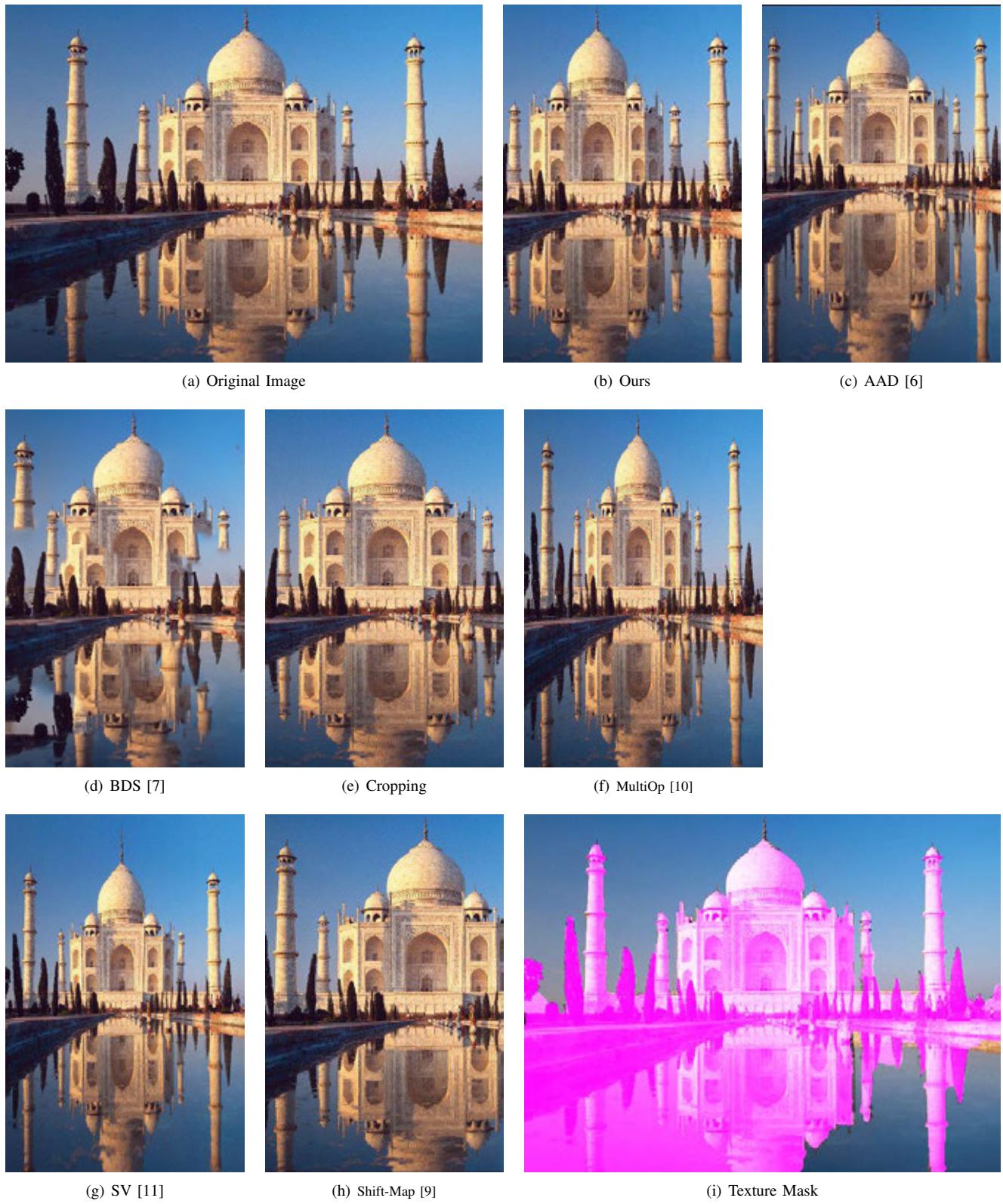


Fig. 128. Input resolution is  $500 \times 375$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 375$ .

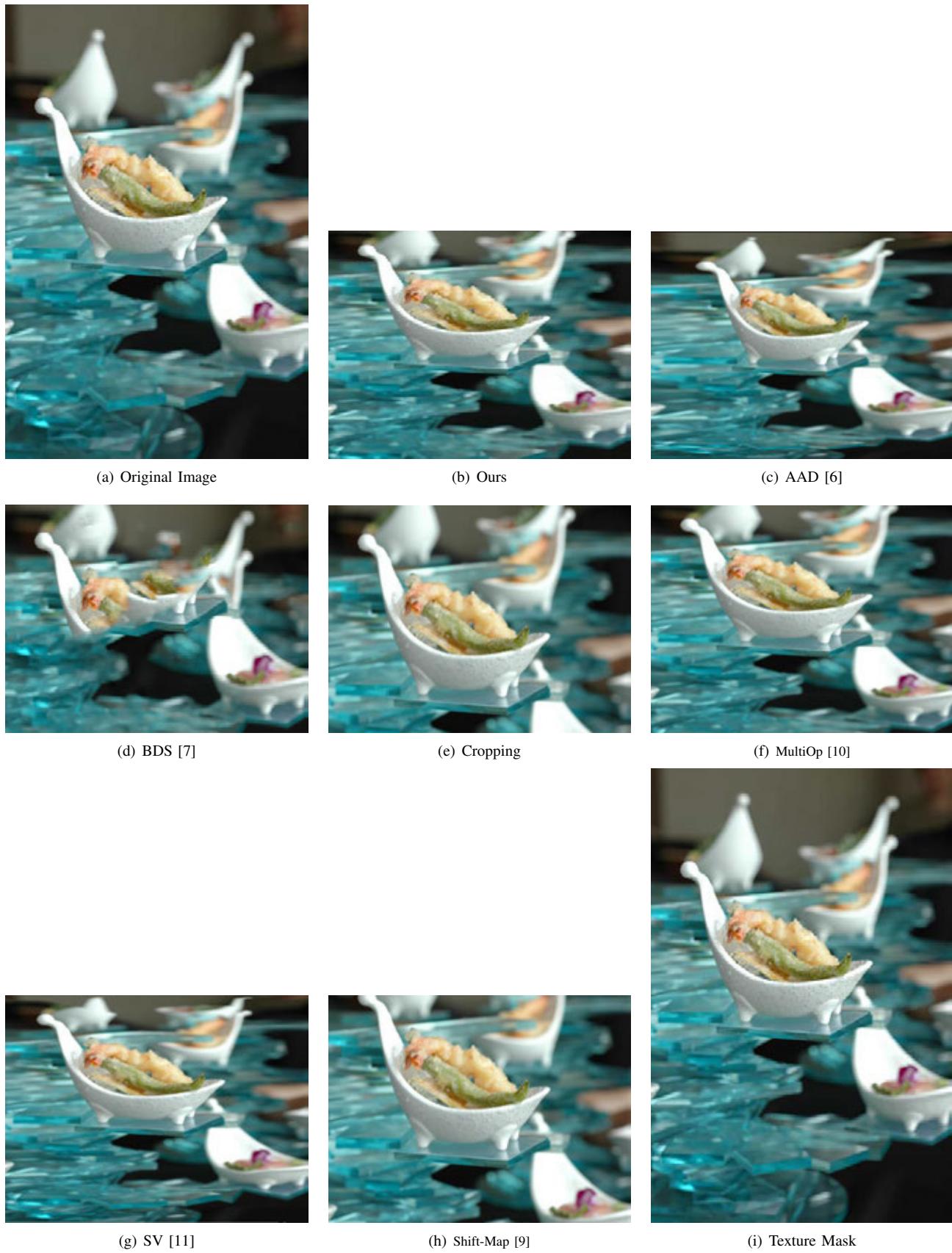


Fig. 129. Input resolution is  $332 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $332 \times 250$ .



Fig. 130. Input resolution is  $500 \times 364$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 364$ .

Fig. 131. Input resolution is  $500 \times 375$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 375$ .

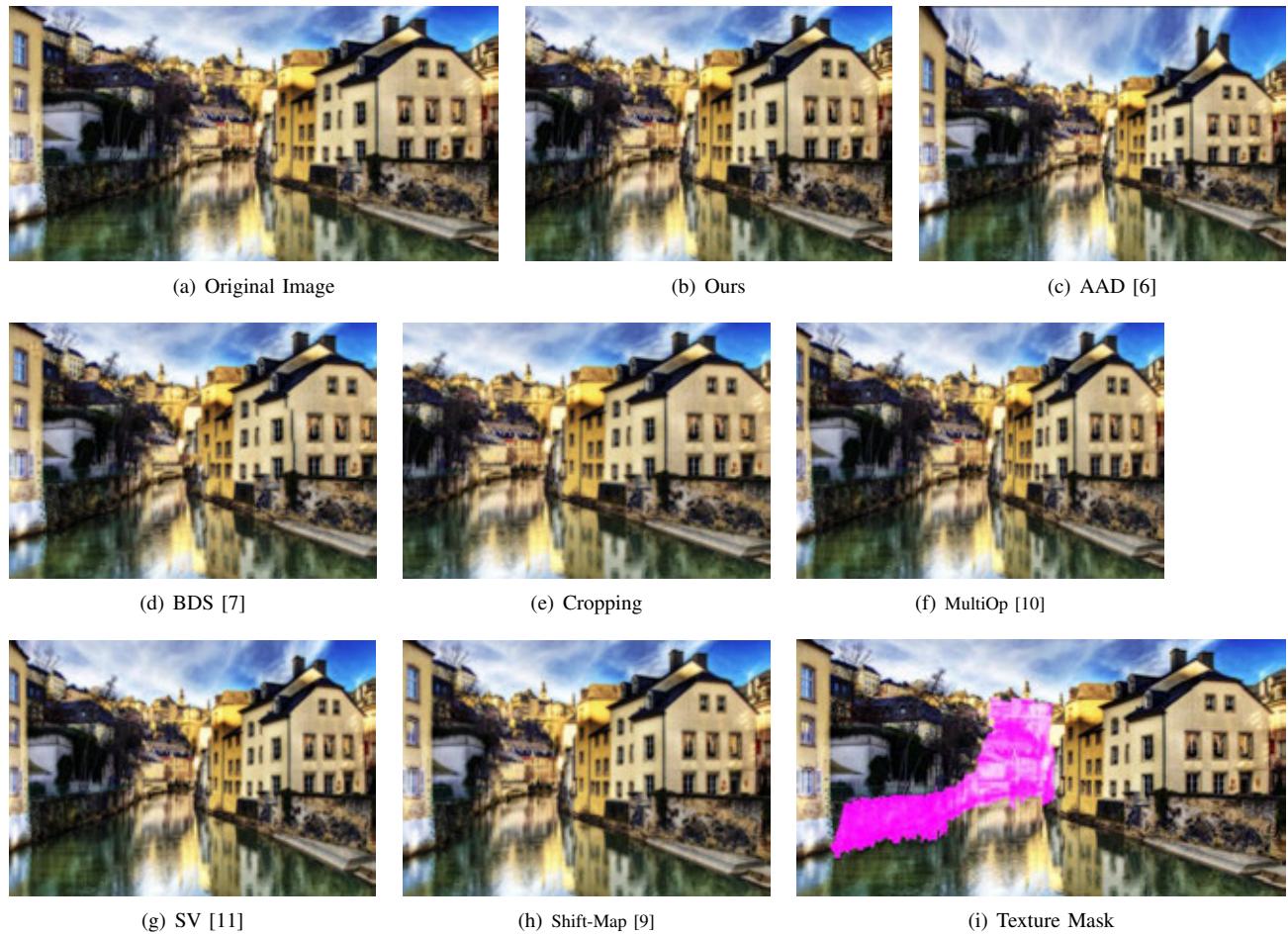


Fig. 132. Input resolution is  $500 \times 261$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 261$ .

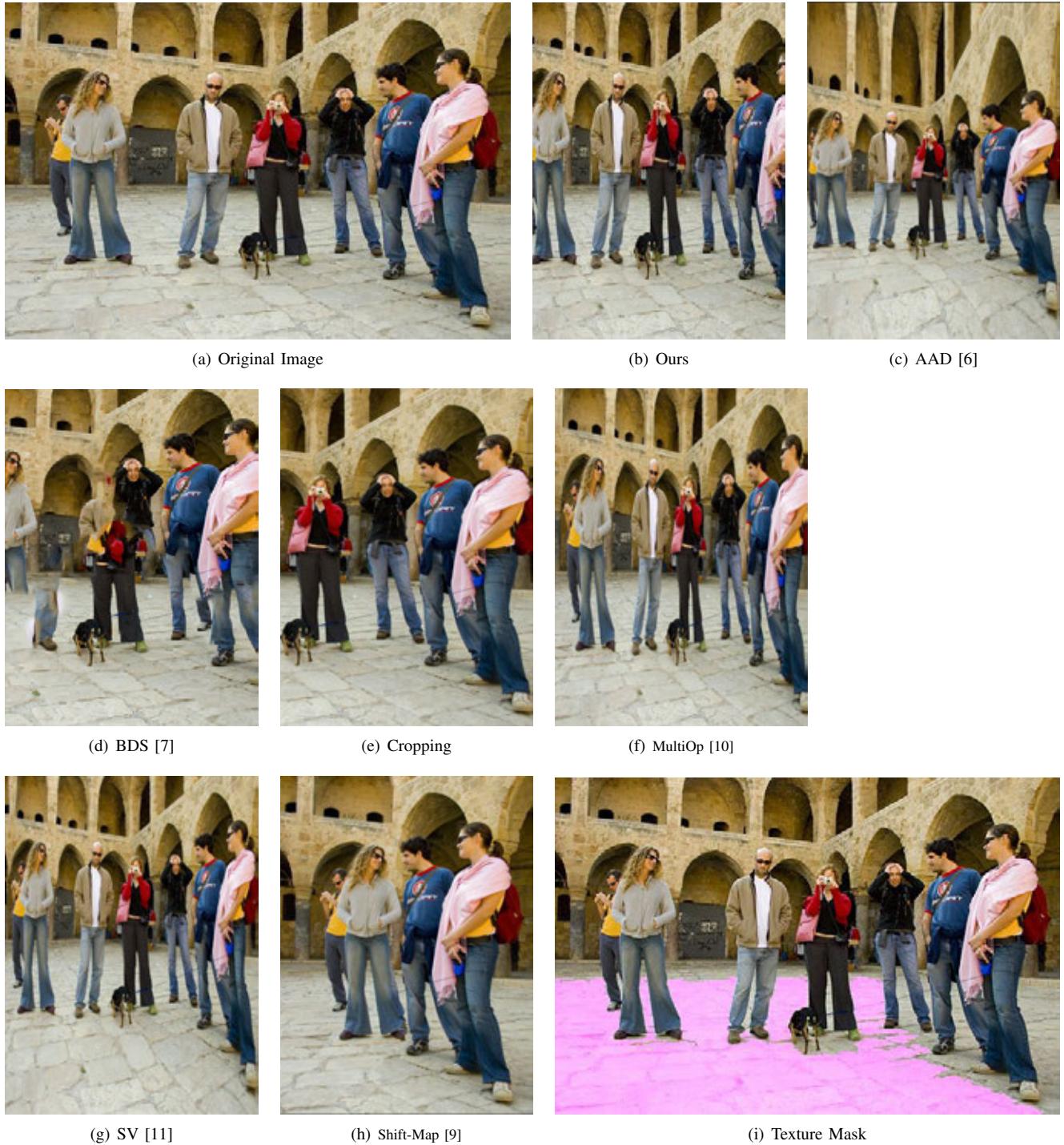


Fig. 133. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $250 \times 333$ .



(a) Original Image



(b) Ours



(c) AAD [6]



(d) BDS [7]



(e) Cropping



(f) MultiOp [10]



(g) SV [11]



(h) Shift-Map [9]



(i) Texture Mask

Fig. 134. Input resolution is  $332 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $332 \times 375$ .



(a) Original Image



(b) Ours



(c) AAD [6]



(d) BDS [7]



(e) Cropping



(f) MultiOp [10]



(g) SV [11]



(h) Shift-Map [9]



(i) Texture Mask

Fig. 135. Input resolution is 333 × 500, output resolution is 333 × 375.

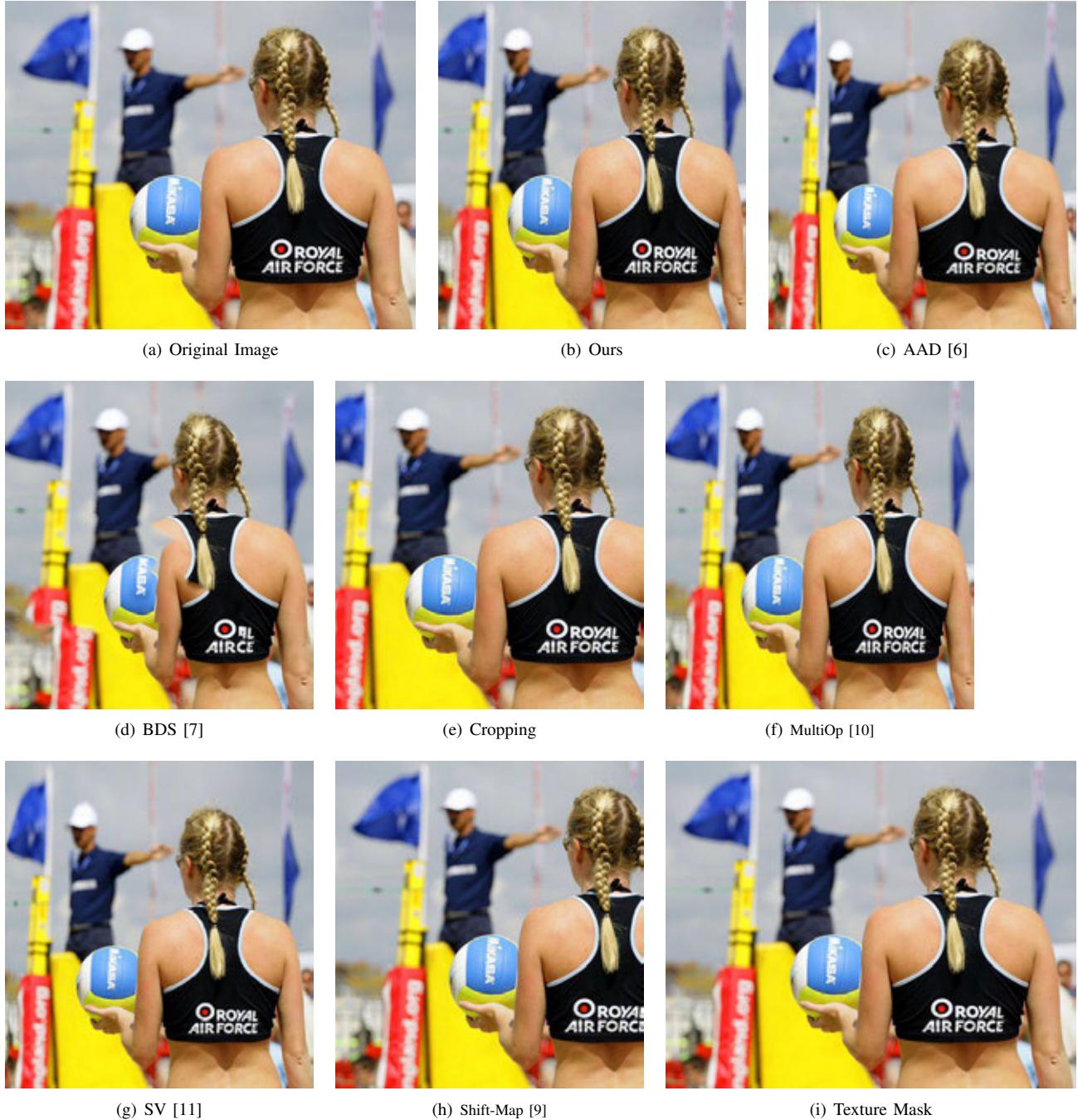
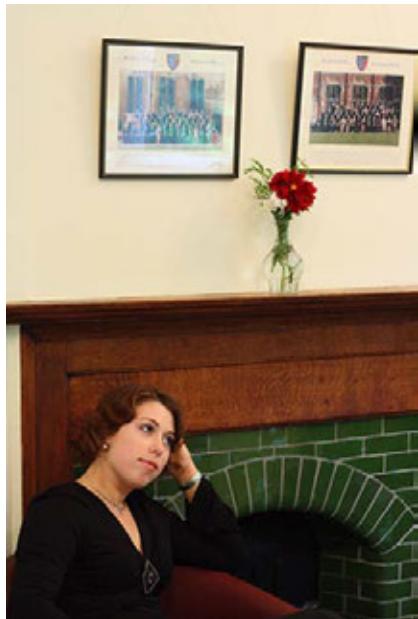
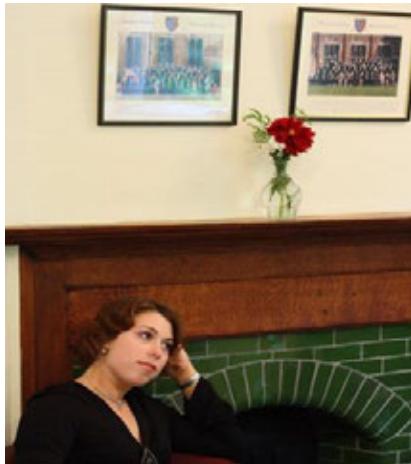
Fig. 136. Input resolution is  $500 \times 400$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 400$ .



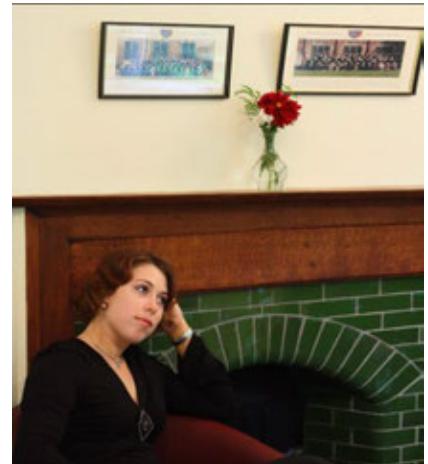
Fig. 137. Input resolution is  $500 \times 333$ , output resolution is  $375 \times 333$ .



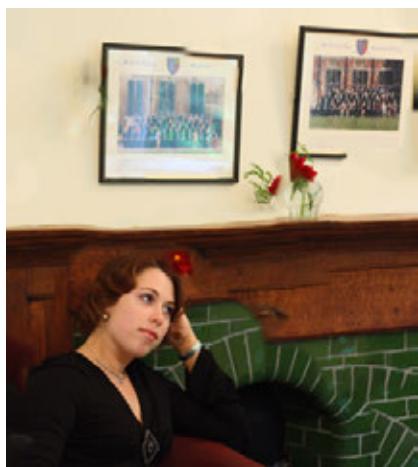
(a) Original Image



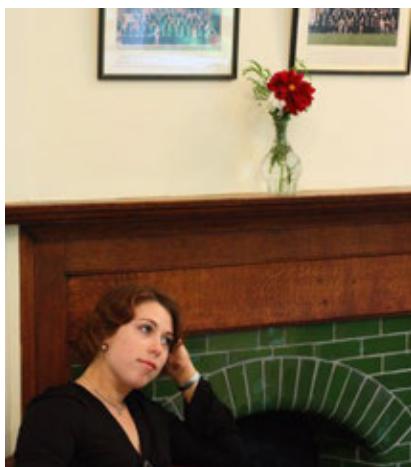
(b) Ours



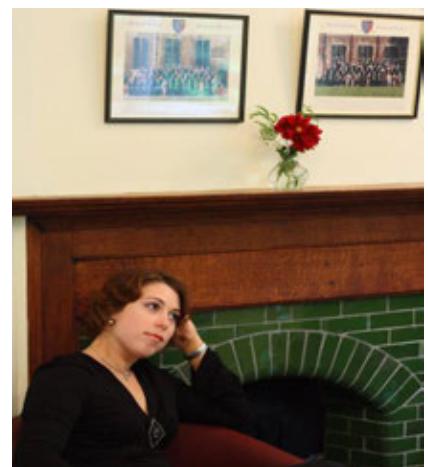
(c) AAD [6]



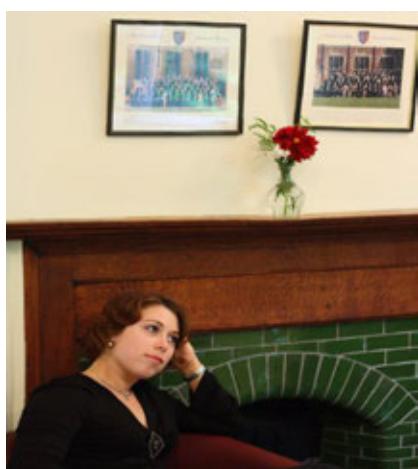
(d) BDS [7]



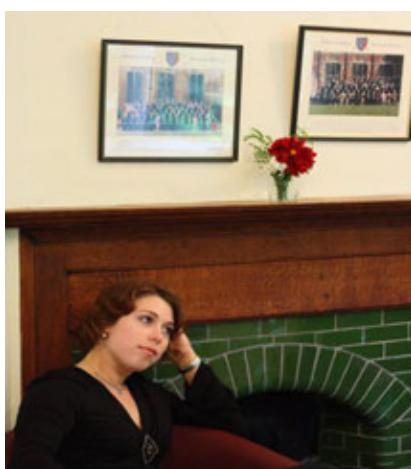
(e) Cropping



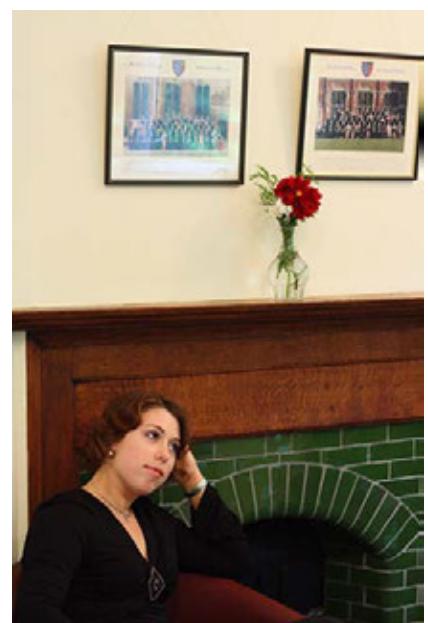
(f) MultiOp [10]



(g) SV [11]



(h) Shift-Map [9]



(i) Texture Mask

Fig. 138. Input resolution is  $333 \times 500$ , output resolution is  $333 \times 375$ .

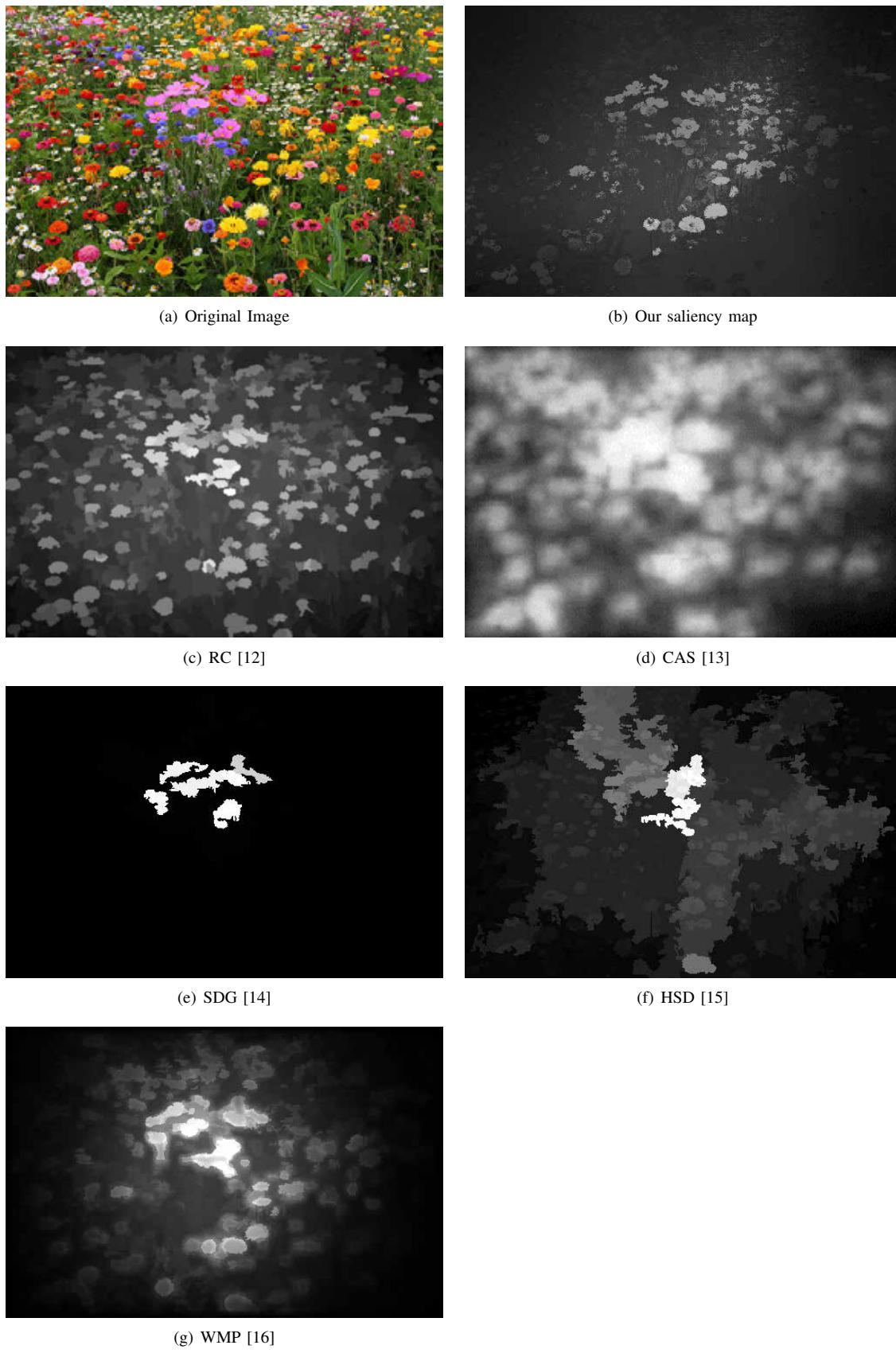


Fig. 139. Comparison of our saliency detection result and the results of some state-of-the-art methods.



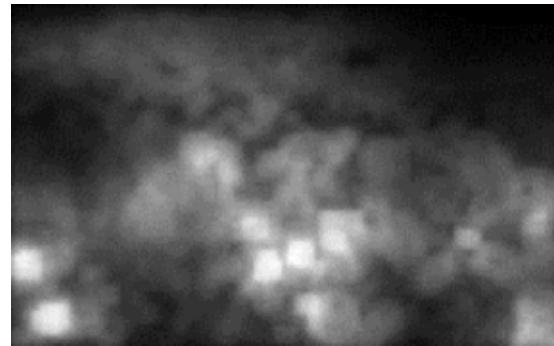
(a) Original Image



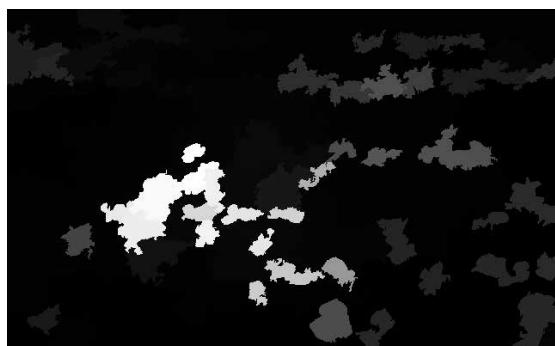
(b) Our saliency map



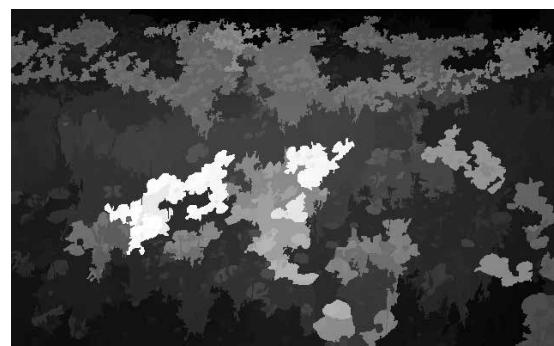
(c) RC [12]



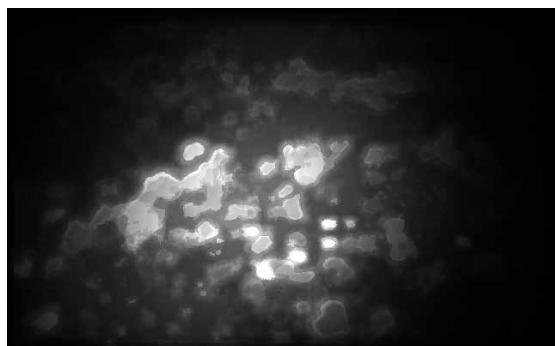
(d) CAS [13]



(e) SDG [14]



(f) HSD [15]



(g) WMP [16]

Fig. 140. Comparison of our saliency detection result and the results of some state-of-the-art methods.

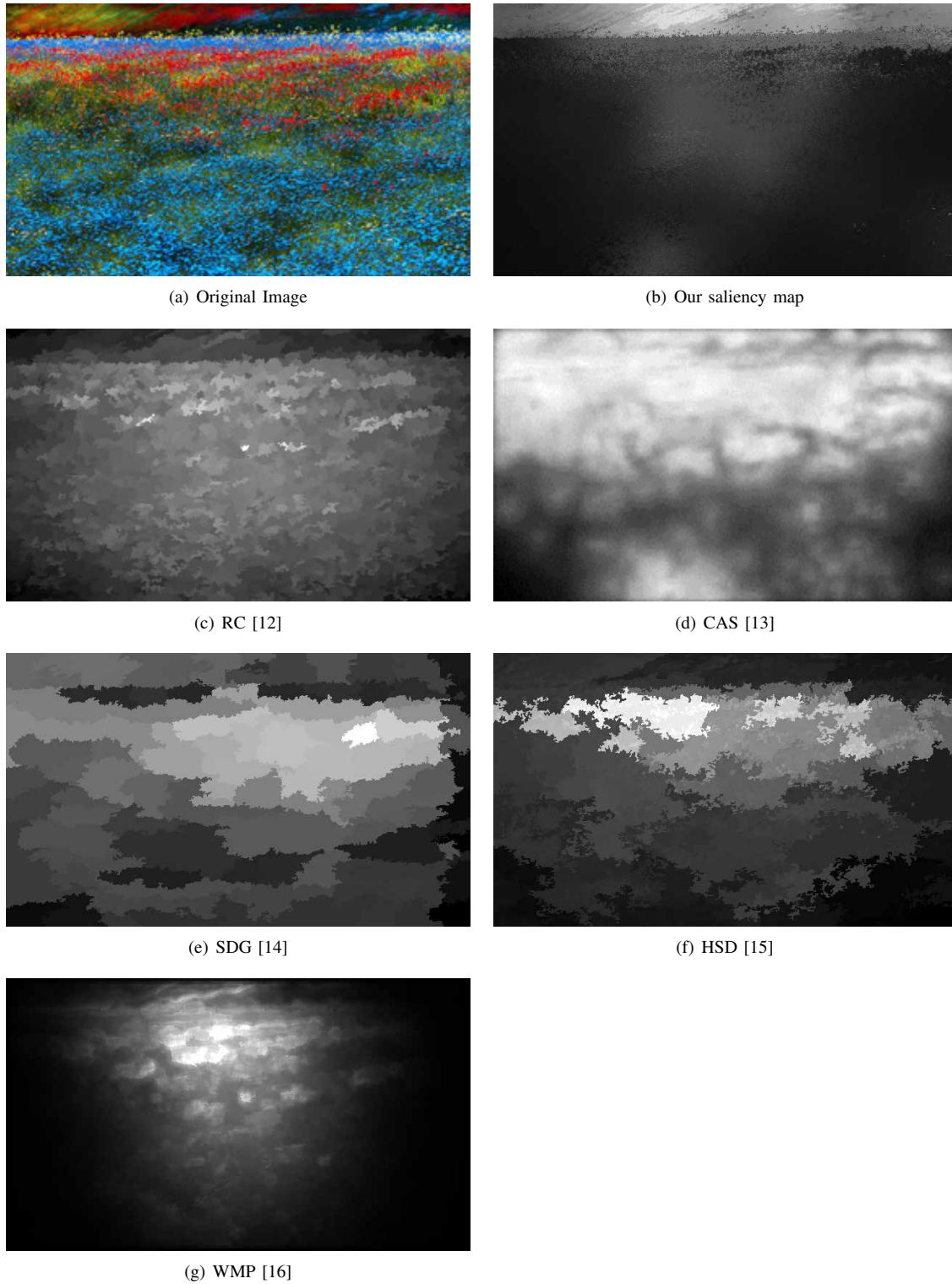


Fig. 141. Comparison of our saliency detection result and the results of some state-of-the-art methods.