# Regression 3 Ways

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DataPhilly Workshop

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#### About me

- PhD in applied mathematics from University of Southern California
- Post doc in the statistics department of the University of Washington
- Market researcher for 15 years
- Currently at Kantar
- Previously at IQVIA
- Interest in programming languages

#### Outline of the presentation

- 1. Refresher on linear regression
- 2. Do the same simulation, visualization, regression, and analysis 3 times in
  - a. R
  - b. Python
  - c. Julia
- 3. Might not get to logistic regression

Beginner workshop, but we're going to go fast

#### Three statistical programming languages

R

- 1995
  - Graduate class in Splus in 1997 and learned about R
- Scheme with Fortran subroutines

Python

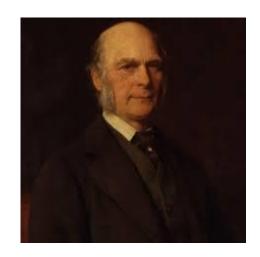
- 1991
  - Programming as a postdoc in 2001. Tried
     Perl and Python
- C scripting language

Julia

- 2009
  - Learned it for this presentation out of curiosity
- ?, but Hadoop is on the scene

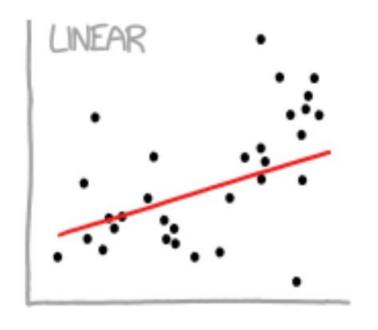
Try to stay away from a discussion of which language is best

### Linear regression refresher



Francis Galton, 1822-1911

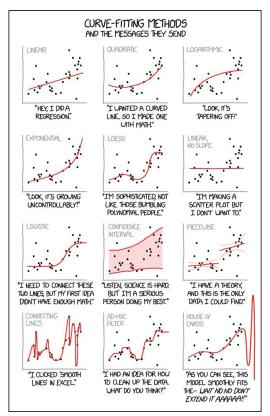
First linear regression



Karl Pearson, 1857-1936

Correlation

#### Xkcd: Curve-Fitting comic



Randall Monroe https://xkcd.com/2048/

#### Refresher on the theory of linear regression

One variable called the response

y

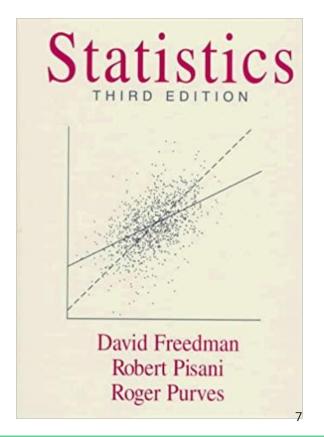
One or more called predictors

$$x_1, \ldots, x_k$$

One or more coefficients

$$\beta_0, \ldots, \beta_k$$

All the numbers are continuous,  $-\infty$  to  $+\infty$ 



#### Data for a linear regression

- n observations
- n responses
- *k+1* coefficients
- n x k predictors

$$y_{1} = \beta_{0} + \beta_{1} x_{11} + \dots + \beta_{k} x_{k1}$$

$$\vdots$$

$$y_{n} = \beta_{0} + \beta_{1} x_{1n} + \dots + \beta_{k} x_{kn}$$

See how the data are represented in the 3 languages

## Desirable properties of a relationship of x to y through $\beta$

Follow Freedman, Pisani, and Purves (one predictor k = 1)

1. Mean of x be at the mean of y

2. Spread of *x* maps to the spread of *y* 

3. Change of x leads to what average change in y

 $\overline{x}$   $\overline{y}$  are on the line

$$SD_y/SD_x$$

$$\frac{n\sum xy - \sum x\sum y}{\sqrt{(n\sum x^2 - (\sum x)^2)(n\sum y^2 - (\sum y)^2)}}$$

#### How do we get these desirable properties?

Find  $\beta$  that minimize the sum of squares between the predictors and response

$$\sum_{1 \le i \le n} \left( y_i - \beta_0 - \beta_1 x_{1i} \right)^2$$

Vector calculus problem. You get this solution

$$\widehat{\beta}_1 = cor(x, y) \frac{SD_y}{SD_x} \qquad \widehat{\beta}_0 = \widehat{\beta}_1 \bar{x} - \bar{y}$$

#### What are the key assumptions of linear regression?

#### LINE

- L Linearity
- I Independence of errors
- N Normality
- E Equality of errors

$$\varepsilon = y - \beta_0 - \beta_1 x$$

Gelman - Statistical Modeling, Causal Inference, and Social Science

- O. Validity. Data should answer research question
- 1. Linearity and additivity
- 2. Independence of errors
- 3. Equal variance of errors
- 4. Normality of errors

Further assumptions if looking for causality

If you are concerned 3 and 4, you should do a hold-out sample as well

# Continue in JupyterLab. . .

#### Observation

R Julia **Python** Amazed at the variety of Disappointed to extract Impressed by the data from Pandas into consistency syntax Scikit-Learn My speed at getting Only one with most things done "Focusing on the object recent version type leads the way" Wonder what Spark.jl is like

> Surprised at how much I liked Jupyter Notebooks. I probably would remove Anacondas from my workflow if I were using Python or Julia more

# Polls

If this were a live presentation, I'd be asking you these polls

### Where are you in your career?

- Academic
- Private industry
- Volunteer / hobby / interest
- Student

#### Which statistical programming language do you use?

- R
- Python
- Julia
- Spark or Hadoop environment (including Java and Scala)
- Closed source statistical (SAS, Stata, Eviews, etc.)
- Mathematical/numerical (Mathematica, Matlab, Octave, etc.)
- Excel
- Other