

Guidelines for Writing a Seminar Report

Firstname Lastname

Abstract—The short abstract (50-80 words) is intended to give the reader an overview of the work. Keep in mind that he does not know the work yet.

I. INTRODUCTION

THIS section introduces the topic and leads the reader on to the main part. Do not forget to mention the papers your seminar work is based on!

II. MAIN PART

The presentation's content is summarized in the report in 4 pages. The author should fill, but not exceed, this space. The report should be a self-contained report, so that it can be understood without studying additional literature.

III. FORMAT

The report can be written in \LaTeX or Microsoft Word, but \LaTeX is definitely preferred. Its appearance should be as close to this document as possible to achieve consistency in the proceedings.

References should be cited as numbers, and should be ordered by their appearance (example: "... as shown in [?], ..."). Only references that are actually cited can be listed in the references section. The references' format should be evident from the examples in this text.

References should be of academic character and should be published and accessible. Your advisor can answer your questions regarding literature research. You must cite all used sources. Examples of good references include text books and scientific journals or conference proceedings. If possible, citing internet pages should be avoided. In particular, Wikipedia is *not* an appropriate reference in academic reports. Avoiding references in languages other than English is recommended.

Figures and tables should be labeled and numbered, such as in Table ?? and Fig. ??.

TABLE I
SIMULATION PARAMETERS

Information message length	$k = 16000$ bit
Radio segment size	$b = 160$ bit
Rate of component codes	$R_{cc} = 1/3$
Polynomial of component encoders	$[1, 33/37, 25/37]_8$

Advisor: Firstname Lastname, M.Sc., Lehrstuhl für Nachrichtentechnik, TUM, WS 2017/2018.

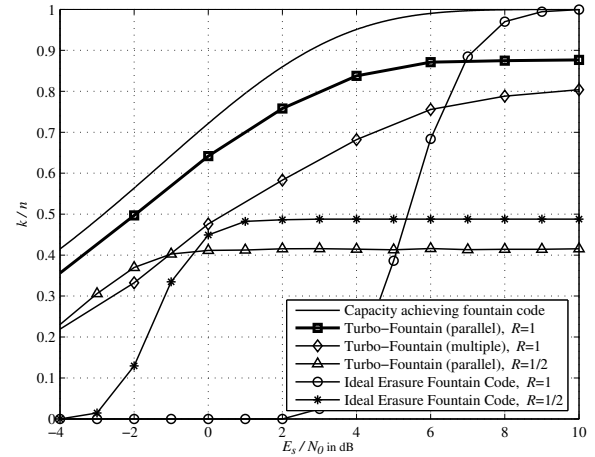


Fig. 1. Simulation results on the AWGN channel. Average throughput k/n vs E_s/N_0 .

IV. FILLING THIS PAGE

Gallia est omnis divisa in partes tres, quarum unam incolunt Belgae, aliam Aquitani, tertiam qui ipsorum lingua Celtae, nostra Galli appellantur. Hi omnes lingua, institutis, legibus inter se differunt. Gallos ab Aquitanis Garumna flumen, a Belgis Matrona et Sequana dividit. Horum omnium fortissimi sunt Belgae, propterea quod a cultu atque humanitate provinciae longissime absunt, minimeque ad eos mercatores saepe comeant atque ea quae ad effeminandos animos pertinent important, proximique sunt Germanis, qui trans Rhenum incolunt, quibuscum continenter bellum gerunt.

V. CONCLUSION

This section summarizes the paper. Now the reader knows your work, you can go into detail a little bit more about the main aspects.

REFERENCES

- [1] J. Hagenauer, E. Offer, and L. Papke. Iterative decoding of binary block and convolutional codes. *IEEE Trans. Inform. Theory*, vol. 42, no. 2, pp. 429–445, Mar. 1996.
- [2] T. Mayer, H. Jenkac, and J. Hagenauer. Turbo base-station cooperation for intercell interference cancellation. *IEEE Int. Conf. Commun. (ICC)*, Istanbul, Turkey, pp. 356–361, June 2006.
- [3] J. G. Proakis. *Digital Communications*. McGraw-Hill Book Co., New York, USA, 3rd edition, 1995.
- [4] P. N. Edwards. How to give a talk: Changing the culture of academic public speaking. <http://www.si.umich.edu/pne/acadtalk.htm>.
- [5] IEEE Transactions \LaTeX and Microsoft Word Style Files. <http://www.ieee.org/web/publications/authors/transjnl/index.html>