

Table Creation

1. Creating database

```
mysql> CREATE DATABASE event_portal;
Query OK, 1 row affected (0.04 sec)

mysql> USE event_portal;
Database changed
```

2. Creating Table users

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Users (
->     user_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
->     full_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
->     email VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
->     city VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
->     registration_date DATE NOT NULL
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.16 sec)
```

3. Creating Table Events

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Events (
->     event_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
->     title VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL,
->     description TEXT,
->     city VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
->     start_date DATETIME NOT NULL,
->     end_date DATETIME NOT NULL,
->     status ENUM('upcoming','completed','cancelled'),
->     organizer_id INT,
->     FOREIGN KEY (organizer_id) REFERENCES Users(user_id)
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.08 sec)
```

4. Creating Table Sessions

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Sessions (
->     session_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
->     event_id INT,
->     title VARCHAR(200) NOT NULL,
->     speaker_name VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
->     start_time DATETIME NOT NULL,
->     end_time DATETIME NOT NULL,
->     FOREIGN KEY (event_id) REFERENCES Events(event_id)
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.07 sec)
```

5. Creating Table Registration

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Registrations (
->     registration_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
->     user_id INT,
->     event_id INT,
->     registration_date DATE NOT NULL,
->     FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES Users(user_id),
->     FOREIGN KEY (event_id) REFERENCES Events(event_id)
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.11 sec)
```

6. Creating Table Feedback

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Feedback (
->     feedback_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
->     user_id INT,
->     event_id INT,
->     rating INT CHECK (rating BETWEEN 1 AND 5),
->     comments TEXT,
->     feedback_date DATE NOT NULL,
->     FOREIGN KEY (user_id) REFERENCES Users(user_id),
->     FOREIGN KEY (event_id) REFERENCES Events(event_id)
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.10 sec)
```

7. Creating Table Resource

```
mysql> CREATE TABLE Resources (
->     resource_id INT PRIMARY KEY AUTO_INCREMENT,
->     event_id INT,
->     resource_type ENUM('pdf','image','link'),
->     resource_url VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
->     uploaded_at DATETIME NOT NULL,
->     FOREIGN KEY (event_id) REFERENCES Events(event_id)
-> );
Query OK, 0 rows affected (0.08 sec)
```

Adding Values to the table (using sample data)

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Users (user_id, full_name, email, city, registration_date)
) VALUES
    -> (1, 'Alice Johnson', 'alice@example.com', 'New York', '2024-12-01'),
    -> (2, 'Bob Smith', 'bob@example.com', 'Los Angeles', '2024-12-05'),
    -> (3, 'Charlie Lee', 'charlie@example.com', 'Chicago', '2024-12-10'),
    -> (4, 'Diana King', 'diana@example.com', 'New York', '2025-01-15'),
    -> (5, 'Ethan Hunt', 'ethan@example.com', 'Los Angeles', '2025-02-01');
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 5  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Events (event_id, title, description, city, start_date, end_date, status, organizer_id) VALUES
    -> (1, 'Tech Innovators Meetup', 'A meetup for tech enthusiasts.', 'New York', '2025-06-10 10:00:00', '2025-06-10 16:00:00', 'upcoming', 1),
    -> (2, 'AI & ML Conference', 'Conference on AI and ML advancements.', 'Chicago', '2025-05-15 09:00:00', '2025-05-15 17:00:00', 'completed', 3),
    -> (3, 'Frontend Development Bootcamp', 'Hands-on training on frontend tech.', 'Los Angeles', '2025-07-01 10:00:00', '2025-07-03 16:00:00', 'upcoming', 2);
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 3  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Sessions (session_id, event_id, title, speaker_name, start_time, end_time) VALUES
    -> (1, 1, 'Opening Keynote', 'Dr. Tech', '2025-06-10 10:00:00', '2025-06-10 11:00:00'),
    -> (2, 1, 'Future of Web Dev', 'Alice Johnson', '2025-06-10 11:15:00', '2025-06-10 12:30:00'),
    -> (3, 2, 'AI in Healthcare', 'Charlie Lee', '2025-05-15 09:30:00', '2025-05-15 11:00:00'),
    -> (4, 3, 'Intro to HTML5', 'Bob Smith', '2025-07-01 10:00:00', '2025-07-01 12:00:00');
Query OK, 4 rows affected (0.01 sec)
Records: 4  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Registrations (registration_id, user_id, event_id, registration_date) VALUES
    -> (1, 1, 1, '2025-05-01'),
    -> (2, 2, 1, '2025-05-02'),
    -> (3, 3, 2, '2025-04-30'),
    -> (4, 4, 2, '2025-04-28'),
    -> (5, 5, 3, '2025-06-15');
Query OK, 5 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 5  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Feedback (feedback_id, user_id, event_id, rating, comments, feedback_date) VALUES
    -> (1, 3, 2, 4, 'Great insights!', '2025-05-16'),
    -> (2, 4, 2, 5, 'Very informative.', '2025-05-16'),
    -> (3, 2, 1, 3, 'Could be better.', '2025-06-11');
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 3  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

```
mysql> INSERT INTO Resources (resource_id, event_id, resource_type, resource_url, uploaded_at) VALUES
    -> (1, 1, 'pdf', 'https://portal.com/resources/tech_meetup_agenda.pdf',
'2025-05-01 10:00:00'),
    -> (2, 2, 'image', 'https://portal.com/resources/ai_poster.jpg', '2025-0
4-20 09:00:00'),
    -> (3, 3, 'link', 'https://portal.com/resources/html5_docs', '2025-06-25
15:00:00');
Query OK, 3 rows affected (0.02 sec)
Records: 3  Duplicates: 0  Warnings: 0
```

Exercises

1. User Upcoming Events

Show a list of all upcoming events a user is registered for in their city, sorted by date.

```
mysql> SELECT u.full_name, e.title, e.start_date
    -> FROM Users u
    -> JOIN Registrations r ON u.user_id = r.user_id
    -> JOIN Events e ON r.event_id = e.event_id
    -> WHERE e.status = 'upcoming' AND u.city = e.city
    -> ORDER BY e.start_date;
+-----+-----+-----+
| full_name | title           | start_date   |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Alice Johnson | Tech Innovators Meetup | 2025-06-10 10:00:00 |
| Ethan Hunt     | Frontend Development Bootcamp | 2025-07-01 10:00:00 |
+-----+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.02 sec)
```

2. Top Rated Events

Identify events with the highest average rating, considering only those that have received at least 10 feedback submissions.

```
mysql> SELECT e.title, AVG(f.rating) AS avg_rating
    -> FROM Events e
    -> JOIN Feedback f ON e.event_id = f.event_id
    -> GROUP BY e.event_id
    -> HAVING COUNT(f.feedback_id) >= 10
    -> ORDER BY avg_rating DESC;
Empty set (0.01 sec)
```

3. Inactive Users

Retrieve users who have not registered for any events in the last 90 days.

```
mysql> SELECT * FROM Users
-> WHERE user_id NOT IN (
->   SELECT user_id FROM Registrations
->   WHERE registration_date >= CURDATE() - INTERVAL 90 DAY
-> );
Empty set (0.02 sec)
```

4. Peak Session Hours

Count how many sessions are scheduled between 10 AM to 12 PM for each event

```
mysql> SELECT e.title, COUNT(*) AS peak_sessions
-> FROM Events e
-> JOIN Sessions s ON e.event_id = s.event_id
-> WHERE TIME(s.start_time) BETWEEN '10:00:00' AND '12:00:00'
-> GROUP BY e.title;
+-----+-----+
| title          | peak_sessions |
+-----+-----+
| Tech Innovators Meetup |      2 |
| Frontend Development Bootcamp |      1 |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

5. Most Active Cities

List the top 5 cities with the highest number of distinct user registrations.

```
mysql> SELECT u.city, COUNT(DISTINCT r.user_id) AS total_users
-> FROM Users u
-> JOIN Registrations r ON u.user_id = r.user_id
-> GROUP BY u.city
-> ORDER BY total_users DESC
-> LIMIT 5;
+-----+-----+
| city      | total_users |
+-----+-----+
| Los Angeles |      2 |
| New York    |      2 |
| Chicago     |      1 |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

6. Event Resource Summary

Generate a report showing the number of resources (PDFs, images, links) uploaded for each event

```
mysql> SELECT e.title,
->     SUM(resource_type = 'pdf') AS pdfs,
->     SUM(resource_type = 'image') AS images,
->     SUM(resource_type = 'link') AS links
-> FROM Events e
-> LEFT JOIN Resources r ON e.event_id = r.event_id
-> GROUP BY e.title;
+-----+-----+-----+
| title          | pdfs | images | links |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Tech Innovators Meetup | 1   | 0      | 0      |
| AI & ML Conference    | 0   | 1      | 0      |
| Frontend Development Bootcamp | 0   | 0      | 1      |
+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

7. Low Feedback Alerts

List all users who gave feedback with a rating less than 3, along with their comments and associated event names.

```
mysql> SELECT u.full_name, e.title, f.rating, f.comments
-> FROM Feedback f
-> JOIN Users u ON f.user_id = u.user_id
-> JOIN Events e ON f.event_id = e.event_id
-> WHERE f.rating < 3;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

8. Sessions per Upcoming Event

Display all upcoming events with the count of sessions scheduled for them

```
mysql> SELECT e.title, COUNT(s.session_id) AS session_count
-> FROM Events e
-> LEFT JOIN Sessions s ON e.event_id = s.event_id
-> WHERE e.status = 'upcoming'
-> GROUP BY e.title;
+-----+-----+
| title          | session_count |
+-----+-----+
| Tech Innovators Meetup | 2      |
| Frontend Development Bootcamp | 1      |
+-----+-----+
2 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

9. Organizer Event

Summary For each event organizer, show the number of events created and their current status (upcoming, completed, cancelled).

```
mysql> SELECT u.full_name,
->     SUM(e.status = 'upcoming') AS upcoming,
->     SUM(e.status = 'completed') AS completed,
->     SUM(e.status = 'cancelled') AS cancelled
-> FROM Users u
-> JOIN Events e ON u.user_id = e.organizer_id
-> GROUP BY u.full_name;
+-----+-----+-----+
| full_name | upcoming | completed | cancelled |
+-----+-----+-----+
| Alice Johnson | 1 | 0 | 0 |
| Charlie Lee | 0 | 1 | 0 |
| Bob Smith | 1 | 0 | 0 |
+-----+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

10. Feedback Gap

Identify events that had registrations but received no feedback at all.

```
mysql> SELECT e.title
-> FROM Events e
-> JOIN Registrations r ON e.event_id = r.event_id
-> LEFT JOIN Feedback f ON e.event_id = f.event_id
-> GROUP BY e.event_id
-> HAVING COUNT(f.feedback_id) = 0;
+-----+
| title |
+-----+
| Frontend Development Bootcamp |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

11. Daily New User Count

Find the number of users who registered each day in the last 7 days.

```
mysql> SELECT registration_date, COUNT(*) AS new_users
-> FROM Users
-> WHERE registration_date >= CURDATE() - INTERVAL 7 DAY
-> GROUP BY registration_date;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

12. Event with Maximum Sessions

List the event(s) with the highest number of sessions.

```
mysql> SELECT e.title, COUNT(s.session_id) AS session_count
-> FROM Events e
-> JOIN Sessions s ON e.event_id = s.event_id
-> GROUP BY e.event_id
-> ORDER BY session_count DESC
-> LIMIT 1;
+-----+-----+
| title | session_count |
+-----+-----+
| Tech Innovators Meetup | 2 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.01 sec)
```

13. Average Rating per City

Calculate the average feedback rating of events conducted in each city

```
mysql> SELECT e.city, AVG(f.rating) AS avg_rating
-> FROM Events e
-> JOIN Feedback f ON e.event_id = f.event_id
-> GROUP BY e.city;
+-----+-----+
| city | avg_rating |
+-----+-----+
| New York | 3.0000 |
| Chicago | 4.5000 |
+-----+
2 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

14. Most Registered Events

List top 3 events based on the total number of user registrations.

```
mysql> SELECT e.title, COUNT(r.user_id) AS registrations
-> FROM Events e
-> JOIN Registrations r ON e.event_id = r.event_id
-> GROUP BY e.event_id
-> ORDER BY registrations DESC
-> LIMIT 3;
+-----+-----+
| title | registrations |
+-----+-----+
| Tech Innovators Meetup | 2 |
| AI & ML Conference | 2 |
| Frontend Development Bootcamp | 1 |
+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

15. Event Session Time Conflict

Identify overlapping sessions within the same event (i.e., session start and end times that conflict).

```
mysql> SELECT s1.event_id, s1.session_id AS session1, s2.session_id AS session2
-> FROM Sessions s1
-> JOIN Sessions s2 ON s1.event_id = s2.event_id AND s1.session_id < s2.
session_id
-> WHERE s1.start_time < s2.end_time AND s1.end_time > s2.start_time;
Empty set (0.01 sec)
```

16. Unregistered Active Users

Find users who created an account in the last 30 days but haven't registered for any events.

```
mysql> SELECT s1.event_id, s1.session_id AS session1, s2.session_id AS session2
-> FROM Sessions s1
-> JOIN Sessions s2 ON s1.event_id = s2.event_id AND s1.session_id < s2.
session_id
-> WHERE s1.start_time < s2.end_time AND s1.end_time > s2.start_time;
Empty set (0.01 sec)

mysql> SELECT * FROM Users
-> WHERE registration_date >= CURDATE() - INTERVAL 30 DAY
-> AND user_id NOT IN (
->   SELECT user_id FROM Registrations
-> );
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

17. Multi-Session Speakers

Identify speakers who are handling more than one session across all events.

```
mysql> SELECT speaker_name, COUNT(*) AS sessions
-> FROM Sessions
-> GROUP BY speaker_name
-> HAVING COUNT(*) > 1;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

18. Resource Availability Check

List all events that do not have any resources uploaded.

```
mysql> SELECT e.title
-> FROM Events e
-> LEFT JOIN Resources r ON e.event_id = r.event_id
-> GROUP BY e.event_id
-> HAVING COUNT(r.resource_id) = 0;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

19. Completed Events with Feedback Summary

For completed events, show total registrations and average feedback rating.

```
mysql> SELECT e.title, COUNT(DISTINCT r.user_id) AS total_regs, AVG(f.rating)
    ) AS avg_rating
    -> FROM Events e
    -> LEFT JOIN Registrations r ON e.event_id = r.event_id
    -> LEFT JOIN Feedback f ON e.event_id = f.event_id
    -> WHERE e.status = 'completed'
    -> GROUP BY e.event_id;
+-----+-----+
| title | total_regs | avg_rating |
+-----+-----+
| AI & ML Conference | 2 | 4.5000 |
+-----+
1 row in set (0.00 sec)
```

20. User Engagement Index

For each user, calculate how many events they attended and how many feedbacks they submitted.

```
mysql> SELECT u.full_name,
    ->     COUNT(DISTINCT r.event_id) AS events_attended,
    ->     COUNT(DISTINCT f.feedback_id) AS feedbacks_given
    -> FROM Users u
    -> LEFT JOIN Registrations r ON u.user_id = r.user_id
    -> LEFT JOIN Feedback f ON u.user_id = f.user_id
    -> GROUP BY u.user_id;
+-----+-----+
| full_name | events_attended | feedbacks_given |
+-----+-----+
| Alice Johnson | 1 | 0 |
| Bob Smith | 1 | 1 |
| Charlie Lee | 1 | 1 |
| Diana King | 1 | 1 |
| Ethan Hunt | 1 | 0 |
+-----+
5 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

21. Top Feedback Providers

List top 5 users who have submitted the most feedback entries.

```
mysql> SELECT u.full_name, COUNT(f.feedback_id) AS feedbacks
-> FROM Users u
-> JOIN Feedback f ON u.user_id = f.user_id
-> GROUP BY u.user_id
-> ORDER BY feedbacks DESC
-> LIMIT 5;
+-----+-----+
| full_name | feedbacks |
+-----+-----+
| Bob Smith | 1 |
| Charlie Lee | 1 |
| Diana King | 1 |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

22. Duplicate Registrations

Check Detect if a user has been registered more than once for the same event

```
mysql> SELECT user_id, event_id, COUNT(*) AS times_registered
-> FROM Registrations
-> GROUP BY user_id, event_id
-> HAVING COUNT(*) > 1;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```

23. Registration Trends

Show a month-wise registration count trend over the past 12 months.

```
mysql> SELECT DATE_FORMAT(registration_date, '%Y-%m') AS month, COUNT(*) AS total
-> FROM Registrations
-> WHERE registration_date >= CURDATE() - INTERVAL 12 MONTH
-> GROUP BY month
-> ORDER BY month;
+-----+-----+
| month | total |
+-----+-----+
| 2025-04 | 2 |
| 2025-05 | 2 |
| 2025-06 | 1 |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.01 sec)
```

24. Average Session Duration per Event

Compute the average duration (in minutes) of sessions in each event.

```
mysql> SELECT e.title, AVG(TIMESTAMPDIFF(MINUTE, s.start_time, s.end_time))
AS avg_duration
-> FROM Events e
-> JOIN Sessions s ON e.event_id = s.event_id
-> GROUP BY e.event_id;
+-----+-----+
| title | avg_duration |
+-----+-----+
| Tech Innovators Meetup | 67.5000 |
| AI & ML Conference | 90.0000 |
| Frontend Development Bootcamp | 120.0000 |
+-----+-----+
3 rows in set (0.00 sec)
```

25. Events Without Sessions

List all events that currently have no sessions scheduled under them.

```
mysql> SELECT e.title
-> FROM Events e
-> LEFT JOIN Sessions s ON e.event_id = s.event_id
-> WHERE s.session_id IS NULL;
Empty set (0.00 sec)
```