	GE23131-ProgrammingUsingC	
Structuras	andUnions	
5ti uctui es	andomons	

Ex.No.: Date:

BoxesthroughaTunnel

ProblemStatement:

Youaretransportingsomeboxesthroughatunnel, where each box is a parallelepiped, and is characterized by its length, width and height.

Theheightofthetunnel41feetandthewidthcanbeassumedtobeinfinite.Aboxcanbe carried through the tunnel only if its height is strictly less than the tunnel's height. Find the volumeofeachboxthatcanbesuccessfullytransportedtotheotherendofthetunnel.

Note: Boxescannotberotated.

InputFormat

The first line contains a single integern, denoting the number of boxes. nlines follow with three integers on each separated by single spaces-length, width in height in feet of the i-th box.

Constraints

1≤n≤100

1≤length_i,width_i,height_i≤100

OutputFormat

For every box from the input which has a height less er than 41 feet, print its volume in a separate line.

SampleInput

4

555

1240

10541

7242

Sample Output

125

80

Explanation

The first box is really low, only 5 feet tall, so it can pass through the tunnel and its volume is $5 \times 5 \times 5 = 125$.

The second box is sufficiently low, its volume is 1x2x4 == 80.

Thethirdboxisexactly41feettall,soitcannotpass. The same can be said about the fourth box.

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
    int main()
 2
 3 +
    {
 4
        int n;
 5
        scanf("%d",&n);
 6
        for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
 7 *
 8
             int len, bre, high;
             scanf("%d %d%d",&len,&bre,&high);
 9
             if(high<41){
10 +
                 int volume=len*bre*high;;
11
                 printf("%d\n",volume);
12
13
14
15
        return 0;
16
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	4 5 5 5 1 2 40 10 5 41 7 2 42	125 80	125 80	~

Passed all tests! <

Ex.No.: Date:

Small Triangles, LargeTriangles

ProblemStatement:

 $You are given ntriangles, specifically, their sides a_{i}, b_{i} and c_{i}. Print them in the same style but sorted by their areas from the smallest one to the largest one. It is guaranteed that all areas are different. \\$

The best way to calculate a volume of the triangle with sides a, band c is Heron's formula: $S = \sqrt{p}$

*
$$(p - a) * (p - b) * (p - c)$$
 where $p = (a + b + c) / 2$.

InputFormat

Firstlineofeachtestfilecontainssingleintegern.nlinesfollowwithai,biandcioneach separated by single spaces.

Constraints

1≤n≤100

 $1 \le a_i, b_i, c_i \le 70$

 $a_i+b_i>c_i,a_i+c_i>biandb_i+c_i>a_i$

OutputFormat

Printexactlynlines.Oneach lineprint3integersseparated bysinglespaces,whichare ai, bi and ci of the corresponding triangle.

SampleInput

3

72425

51213

345

Sample Output

345

51213

72425

Explanation

The square of the first triangle is 84. The square of the second triangle is 30. The square of the third triangle is 6. So, the sorted order is the reverse one.

```
triangle triangles[n];
25
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){</pre>
26 •
27
         int a,b,c;
         scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&b,&c);
28
         triangles[i].a=a;
29
         triangles[i].b=b;
 30
 31
          triangles[i].c=c;
          triangles[i].area=calculate_area(a,b,c);
 32
  33
  34
      qsort(triangles,n,sizeof(triangle),compare);
  35
      for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
  36 ♥
           printf("%d %d %d\n",triangles[i].a,triangles[i].b,triangle
  37
   38
   39
   40
   41
    42
       1}
```

```
triangle triangles[n];
25
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
26 v
         int a,b,c;
27
         scanf("%d %d %d",&a,&b,&c);
28
         triangles[i].a=a;
29
         triangles[i].b=b;
30
31
         triangles[i].c=c;
         triangles[i].area=calculate_area(a,b,c);
32
33
34
    qsort(triangles,n,sizeof(triangle),compare);
35
    for(int i=0;i<n;i++){
36 ₩
         printf("%d %d %d\n",triangles[i].a,triangles[i].b,triangle
37
38
    }
39
40
41
42
```

```
#include<math.h>
    #include<stdlib.h>
 4 ▼ typedef struct{
 5
        int a,b,c;
        double area;
 6
   }triangle;
 7
8 → double calculate area(int a,int b,int c){
        double p=(a+b+c)/2.0;
9
        return sqrt(p*(p-a)*(p-b)*(p-c));
10
11
12 - int compare(const void*t1, const void *t2){
        triangle *tri1=(triangle*)t1;
13
        triangle *tri2=(triangle*)t2;
14
        if(tri1->area < tri2->area)
15
        return -1;
16
        if(tri1->area > tri2->area)
17
        return 1;
18
        return 0;
19
20
    int main()
21
22
        irii ing
23
24
```

	Input	Expected	Got
	7 24 25	3 4 5 5 12 13 7 24 25	3 4 5 / 5 12 13 7 24 25
Passer	d all tests!	V	