

StringHandlingFunction

Ex.No.:**Date:****AliceandStrings****ProblemStatement:**

Two strings A and B comprising of lower-case English letters are compatible if they are equal or can be made equal by following this step any number of times:

- Select a prefix from the string A (possibly empty), and increase the alphabetical value of all the characters in the prefix by the same valid amount. For example, if the string is xyz and we select the prefix xy then we can convert it to yx by increasing the alphabetical value by 1. But if we select the prefix xyz then we cannot increase the alphabetical value.

Your task is to determine if given strings A and B are compatible.

Input format

Firstline:StringA

Nextline:StringB

Output format

For each test case, print YES if string A can be converted to string B, otherwise print NO.

Constraints

$1 \leq \text{len}(A) \leq 1000000$

$1 \leq \text{len}(B) \leq 1000000$

Sample Input

abaca

cdbda

Sample Output

YES

Explanation

The string abaca can be converted to bcbda in one move and to cdbda in the next move.

Program:

```

1  #include<stdio.h>
2  #include<string.h>
3  int main()
4  {
5      char str1[100000],str2[1000000];
6      int flag=1;
7      scanf("%s",str1);
8      scanf("%s",str2);
9      int a=strlen(str1);
10     int b=strlen(str2);
11     if(a==b)
12     {
13         for(int i=a-1;i>=0;i--)
14         {
15             while(str1[i]!=str2[i])
16             {
17                 for(int j=0;j<=i;j++)
18                 {
19                     if(str1[j]<'z')
20                         str1[j]++;
21                 }
22                 else{
23                     flag=0;
24                     break;
25                 }
26             }
27             if(flag==0)
28                 break;
29         }
30     }
31 }
32 }
33 }
34 else
35 flag=0;
36 if(flag==0)
37 printf("NO");
38 else
39 printf("YES");
40 }

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	abaca cdbda	YES	YES	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Ex.No.:**Date:****Pizza Confusion****ProblemStatement:**

Joey loves to eat Pizza. But he is worried as the quality of pizza made by most of the restaurants is deteriorating. The last few pizzas ordered by him did not taste good. (Joey is feeling extremely hungry and wants to eat pizza. But he is confused about the restaurant from where he should order. As always he asks Chandler for help.

Chandler suggests that Joey should give each restaurant some points, and then choose the restaurant having maximum points. If more than one restaurant has same points, Joey can choose the one with lexicographically smallest name.

Joey has assigned points to all the restaurants, but can't figure out which restaurant satisfies Chandler's criteria. Can you help him out?

InputFormat:

First line has N, the total number of restaurants.

Next N lines contain Name of Restaurant and Points awarded by Joey, separated by a space.

Restaurant name has no spaces, all lowercase letters and will not be more than 20 characters.

OutputFormat:

Print the name of the restaurant that Joey should choose.

Constraints:

$1 \leq N \leq 105$

$1 \leq \text{Points} \leq 106$

SampleInput

3

Pizzeria108

Dominos145

Pizzapizza49

Sample Output

Dominos

```

1 #include<stdio.h>
2 #include<string.h>
3 int main()
4 {
5     int n;
6     scanf("%d",&n);
7     char res[n][21];
8     int rate[n];
9     for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
10    {
11        scanf("%s",res[i]);
12        scanf("%d",&rate[i]);
13    }
14    int max=rate[0];
15    char ans[20];
16    strcpy(ans,res[0]);
17    for(int i=1;i<n;i++)
18    {
19        if(rate[i]>max){
20
21            max =rate[i];
22            strcpy(ans,res[i]);
23        }
24
25        else if(rate[i]==max)
26    {
27        if(strcmp(res[i],ans)<0)
28            strcpy(ans,res[i]);
29        }
30    }
31
32    printf("%s",ans);
33 }
34

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	3 Pizzeria 108 Dominos 145 Pizzapizza 49	Dominos	Dominos	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Ex.No.:**Date:****Password****ProblemStatement:**

DannyhasapossiblelistofpasswordsofManny'sfacebookaccount.Allpasswordslength is odd. But Danny knows that Manny is a big fan of palindromes. So, his password and reverse of his password both should be in the list.

You have to print the length of Manny's password and it's middle character.

Note: The solution will be unique.

InputFormat

ThefirstlineofinputcontainstheintegerN,thenumberofpossiblepasswords.

Each of the following N lines contains a single word, its length being an odd number greater than 2 and lesser than 14. All characters are lowercase letters of the English alphabet.

OutputFormat

The first and only line of output must contain the length of the correct password and its central letter.

Constraints

$1 \leq N \leq 100$

SampleInput

```
4
abc
def
feg
cba
```

SampleOutput

```
3 b
```

```

1  #include<stdio.h>
2  #include<string.h>
3  int main()
4  {
5      int n,flag=0;
6      char temp;
7      scanf("%d",&n);
8      char words[n][14];
9      for(int i=0;i<n;i++)
10         scanf("%s",words[i]);
11         char reverse[14];
12         for(int i=0;i<n-1;i++)
13         {
14             strcpy(reverse,words[i]);
15             int size=strlen(reverse);
16             for(int k=0;k<size/2;k++)
17             {
18                 temp=reverse[k];
19                 reverse[k]=reverse[size-k-1];
20                 reverse[size-k-1]=temp;
21             }
22         }
23         for(int j=i+1;j<n;j++)
24         {
25             if(strcmp(reverse,words[j])==0)
26             {
27                 flag=1;
28                 break;
29             }
30         }
31         if(flag==1)
32             break;
33         }
34         int len=strlen(reverse);
35         printf("%d %c ",len,reverse[len/2]);
36
37
38
39
40
41
42
43
44
45
46
47
48
49
50
51     }
52

```

	Input	Expected	Got	
✓	4 abc def feg cba	3 b	3 b	✓

Passed all tests! ✓

Program: