GE23131-Programming	UsingO
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CharacterArrays

Ex.No.: Date:

PrintingTokens

ProblemStatement:

Given a sentence, s, printe a chword of the sentence in a new line.

InputFormat

The first and only line contains a sentence, s.

Constraints

 $1 \le \text{len}(s) \le 1000$

OutputFormat

Printeachwordofthesentenceinanewline.

SampleInput

ThisisC

SampleOutput

This

is

C

Explanation

Inthegiven string, there are three words ["This", "is", "C"]. We have to printe a choft hese words in a new line.

Hint

Here, once you have taken the sentence as input, we need to iterate through the input, and keep printing each character one after the other unless you encounter a space. When a spaceisencountered, you know that a token is complete and spaceindicates the start of the next token after this. So, whenever there is a space, you need to move to a new line, so that you can start printing the next token.

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
 2
    int main()
 З ч
    {
 4
        char s[1000];
 5
        scanf("%[^\n]",s);
 6
        for(int i=0;s[i]!=0;i++)
 7 *
             if(s[i]!=' ')
 8
            printf("%c",s[i]);
 9
             else
10
            printf("\n");
11
12
13
```

	Input	Expected	Got	
~	This is C	This is C	This is C	~
~	Learning C is fun	Learning C is fun	Learning C is fun	~
ass	ed all tests! 🗸			

Ex.No.: Date:

DigitFrequency

ProblemStatement:

Givenastring,s,consistingofalphabetsanddigits,findthefrequencyofeachdigitinthe given string.

InputFormat

Thefirstlinecontainsastring,numwhichisthegivennumber.

Constraints

 $1 \le \text{len(num)} \le 1000$

AlltheelementsofnumaremadeofEnglishalphabetsanddigits.

OutputFormat

Print ten space-separated integers in a single line denoting the frequency of each digit from 0 to 9.

Sample Input 0 a11472o5t6

SampleOutput0 0210111100

Explanation0

Inthegivenstring:

- 1 occurstwotimes.
- 2,4,5,6and7occuronetimeeach.
- Theremainingdigits0,3,8and9don'toccuratall.

Hint:

- Declareanarray, freqofsize 10 and initialize it with zeros, which will be used to count the frequencies of each of the digit occurring.
- Givenastring,s,iteratethrougheachofthecharacterinthestring.Checkifthecurrent character is a number or not.
- If the current characterisanumber, increase the frequency of that position in the frequency by 1.
- Oncedonewiththeiterationoverthestring,s,inanewlineprintallthe10frequencies starting from 0 to 9, separated by spaces.

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
 1
    int main()
 2
 3 🔻
    {
         char str[1000];
 4
 5
         scanf("%s",str);
         int hash[10] = \{0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0,0\};
 6
 7
         int temp;
 8
         for(int i=0;str[i]!='\0';i++)
9 *
             temp=str[i]-'0';
10
             if(temp \le 9\&\&temp > = 0)
11
12 -
                  hash[temp]++;
13
14
15
16
17
         for(int i=0;i<=9;i++)
18
19 *
             printf("%d ",hash[i]);
20
21
         }
22
```

	Input	E	кþ	ec	te	d						G	ot									
~	a11472o5t6	0	2	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	~
~	lw4n88j12n1	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	0	2	0	~
~	1v888861256338ar0ekk	1	1	1	2	0	1	2	0	5	0	1	1	1	2	0	1	2	0	5	0	~

Ex.No.: Date:

MonkTakesaWalk

ProblemStatement:

Today, Monk went for a walk in a garden. There are many trees in the garden and each treehasanEnglishalphabetonit.WhileMonkwaswalking,henoticedthatalltreeswith vowelsonitarenotingoodstate.Hedecidedtotakecareofthem.So,heaskedyoutotell him the count of such trees in the garden.

Note: The following letters are vowels: 'A', 'E', 'I', 'O', 'U', 'a', 'e', 'i', 'o' and 'u'.

InputFormat:

The first line consists of an integer T denoting the number of test cases.

Eachtestcaseconsistsofonlyonestring,eachcharacterofstringdenotingthealphabet (may be lowercase or uppercase) on a tree in the garden.

OutputFormat:

Foreachtestcase, printthe countinane wline.

Constraints:

1≤T≤10

1≤lengthofstring≤105

SampleInput

2

nBBZLaosnm

IHkIsnZtTL

Sample Output

2

1

Explanation

Intestcase1,aandoaretheonlyvowels.So,count=2

BriefDescription:GivenastringSyouhavetocountnumberofvowelsinthestring.

Solution1:

For each vowel, count how many times it is appearing in the string S. Final answer will the sum of frequencies of all the vowels.

Solution2:

IterateoverallallthecharactersinthestringSanduseacounter(variable)tokeeptrack ofnumberofvowelsinthestringS.Whileiteratingoverthecharacters,ifweencountera vowel, we will increase the counter by 1.

TimeComplexity:O(N)whereNisthelengthofthestringS.SpaceComplexity:O(N)

Program:

```
#include<stdio.h>
   int main()
 3 . {
       int t;
 4
       scanf("%d",&t);
 6
       while(t--)
 7 .
         char str[1000000];
 8
    int count=0;
    scanf("%s",str);
      for(int i=0;str[i]!=0;i++)
11
12 -
13
    char c=str[i];
if(c=='a'||c=='e'||c=='i'||c=='u'||c=='A'||c=='E'||c=='I'||c=='U')
14
15
              count++;
16
    printf("%d\n",count);
17
18
19
20
21
22
23
```

	Input	Expected	Got	_
~	2 nBBZLaosnm JHkIsnZtTL	2	2	~
~	2 nBBZLaosnm JHkIsnZtTL	2	2	>

Passed all tests! <